

First Light in the Universe & Cosmic Evolution:

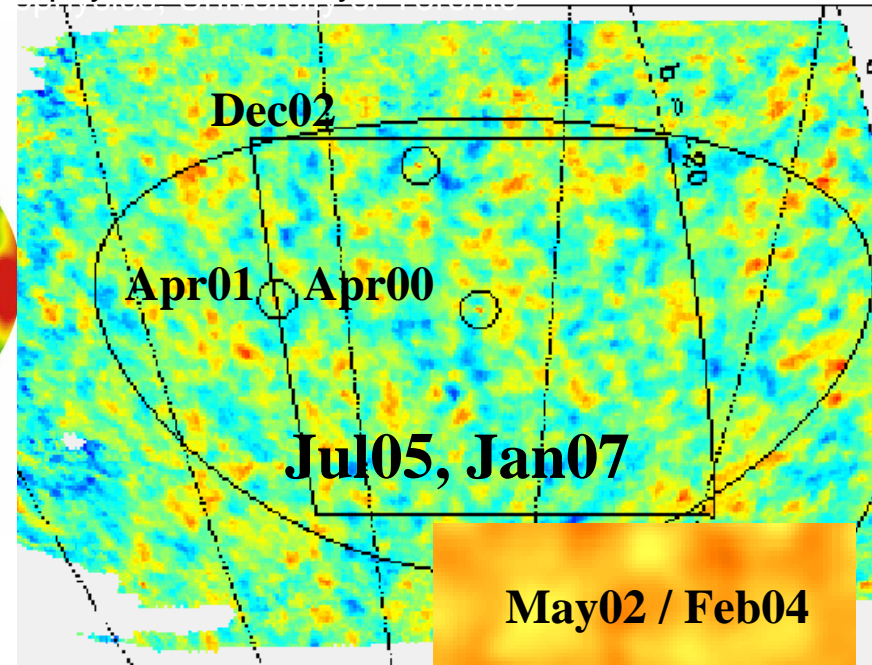
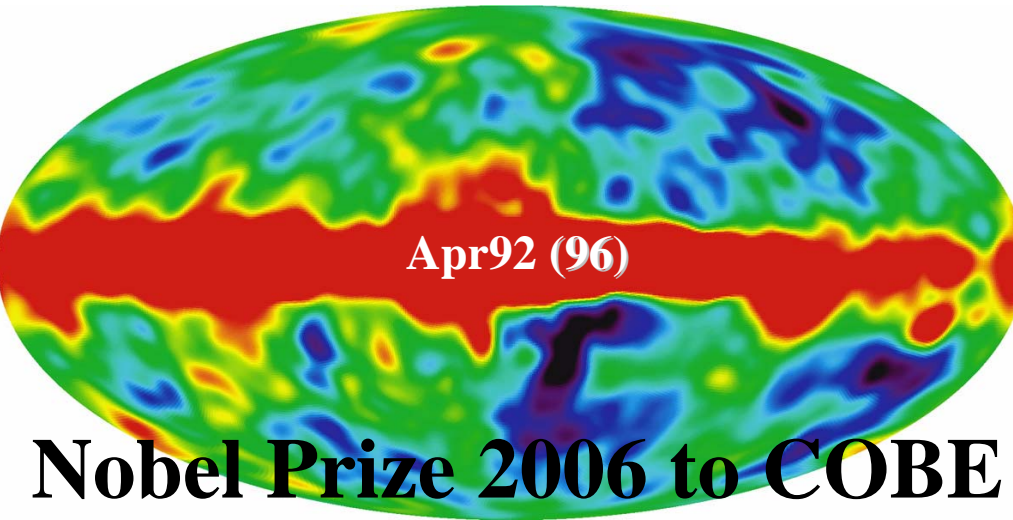
Measuring the Parameters of our Universe

CITA  ICAT

Dick Bond

 CIAR

Canadian Institute for Theoretical Astrophysics, University of Toronto



Nobel Prize 2006 to COBE

Cosmic history: what is U made of?

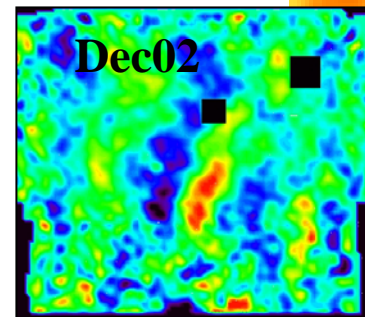
Experiment confronts theory: Parameters

How the Structure of the Universe Arose:

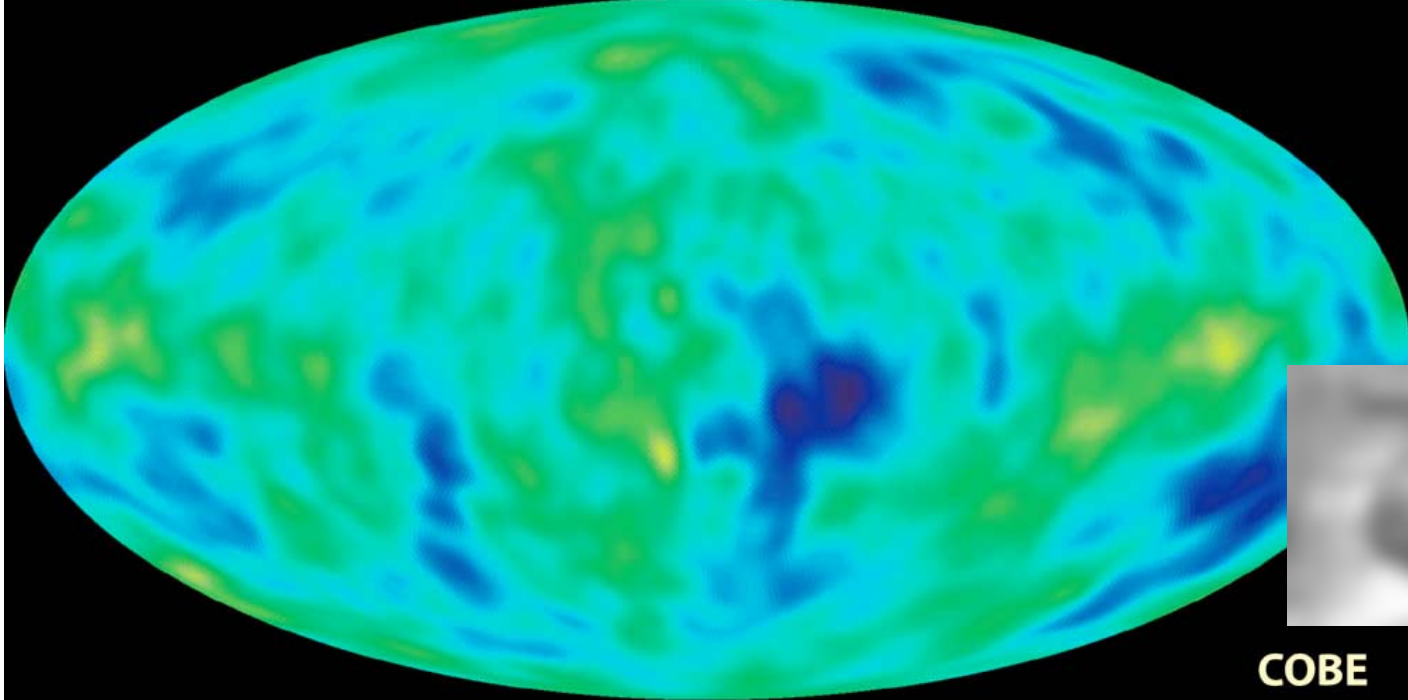
Inflation & the Cosmic Web

(talk link www.cita.utoronto.ca)

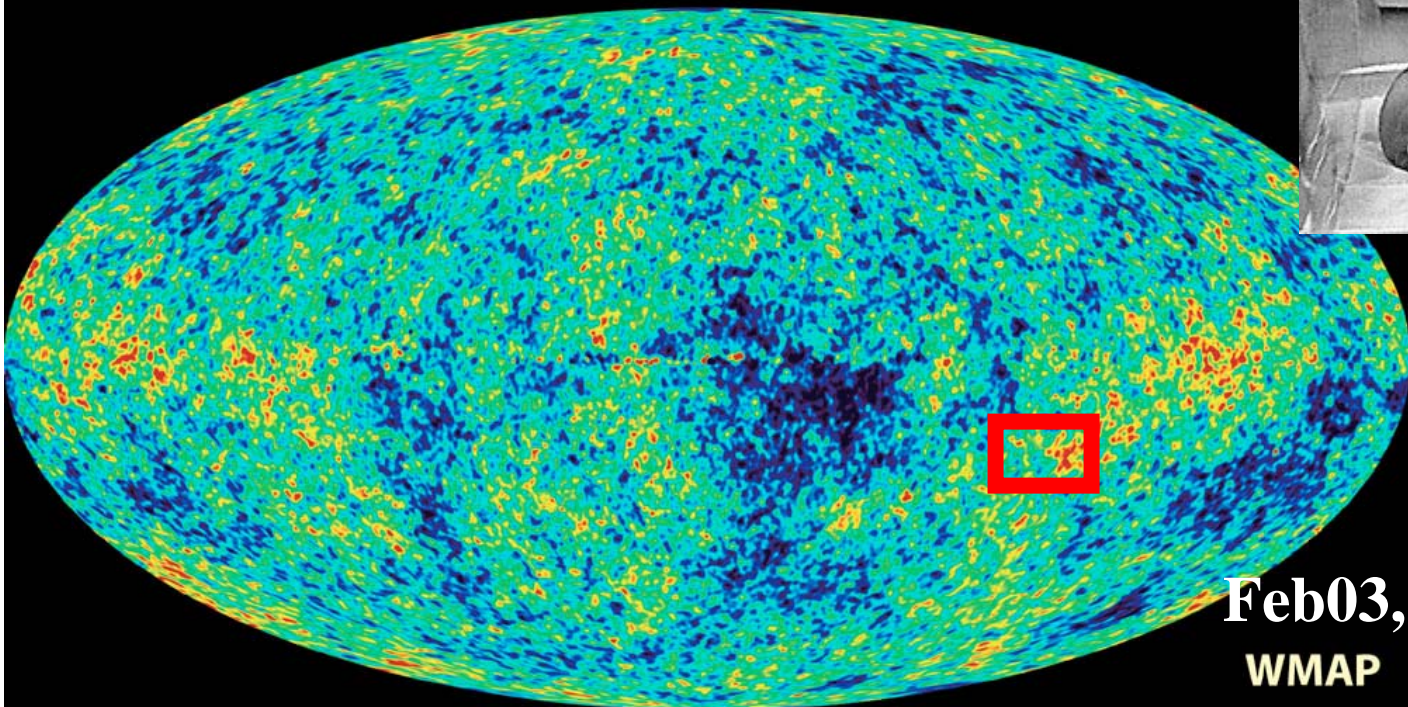
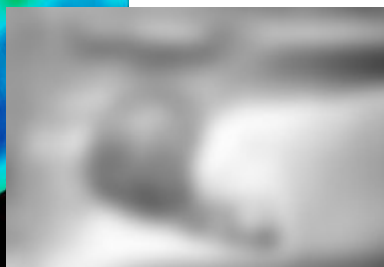
**Oct06,
Mar07**



**Sept05/06
Dec06**



COBE



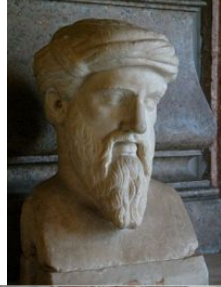
Feb03, Mar06
WMAP



PYTHAGORAS ~ 550 BCE

The THEORIST

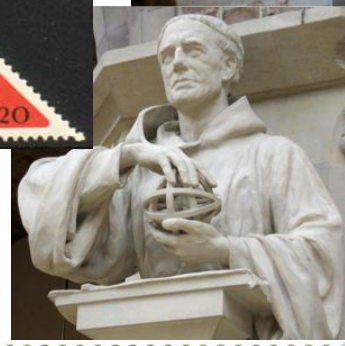
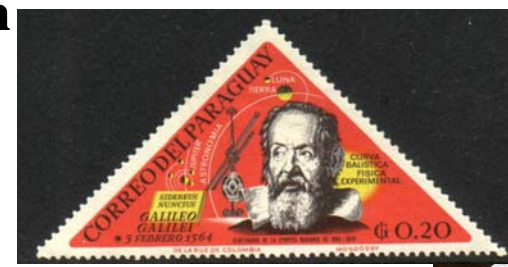
- ✓ Cosmos - The Universe as a Mathematical Entity
- ✓ Music of the Heavens – Frequency/Wavelength



ROGER BACON ~ 1260 AD

MARRIAGE: of Experiment to Theory

COPERNICUS/KEPLER/GALILEO et al. ~1600 AD



NEWTON ~ 1660 - 1690 AD

The PHYSICIST

- ✓ LAW OF GRAVITATION - Mass Attraction
- ✓ Heavenly Objects Arise via Clumping .. *Gravitational Instability*
- ✓ Thus: the Universe is Infinite



KANT ~ 1755 AD Galaxies - 'Island Universes'

YES! (Early 20s)



Milky Way 1953-55

*large halo of dark matter 70s/80s
relics or remnants?*

Sombrero Galaxy • M104



Hubble
Heritage

NASA and The Hubble Heritage Team (STScI/AURA) • Hubble Space Telescope ACS • STScI-PRC03-28

Slipher 1912: redshift, before Hubble expansion, billion solar mass black hole, 9 Mpc away, 0.2 moons across

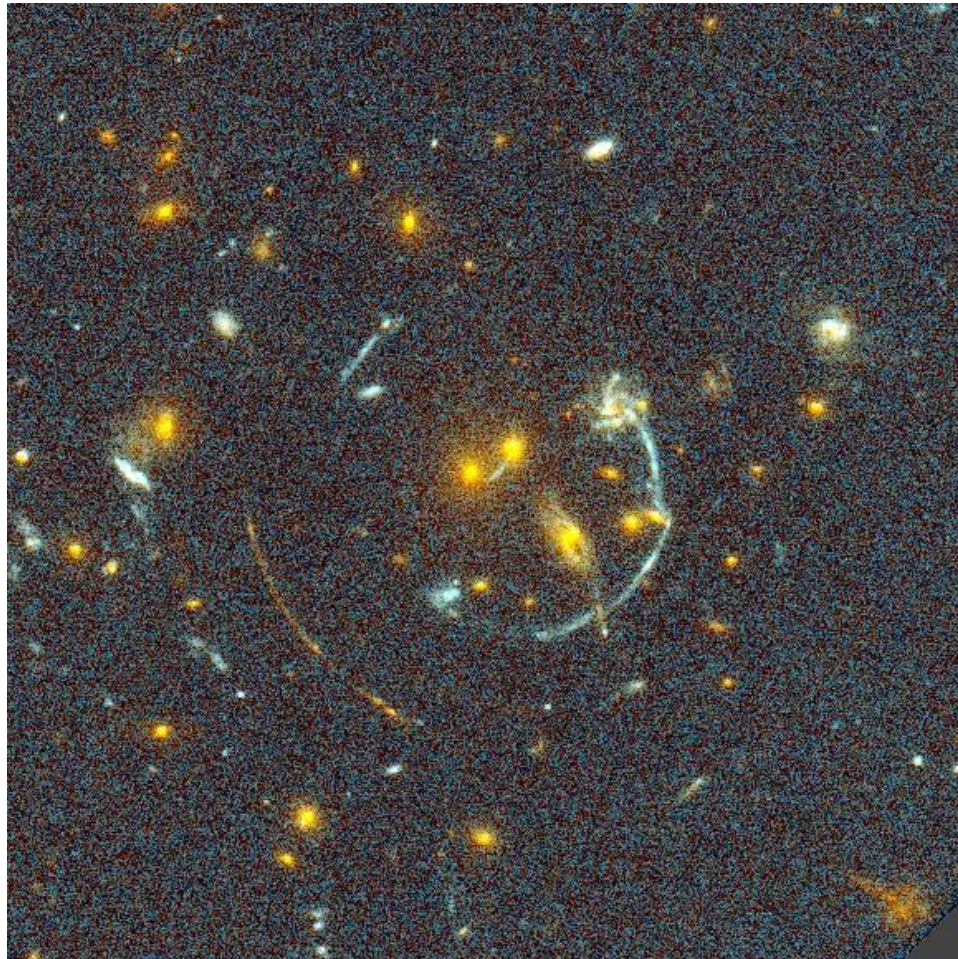
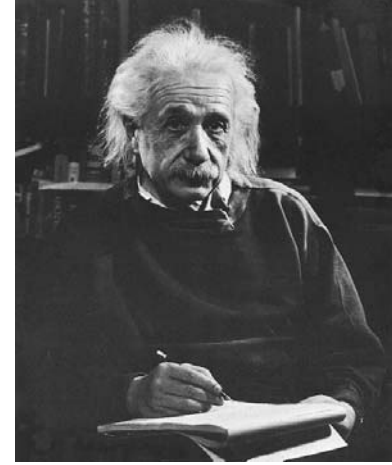
Hubble “Cosmic Evolution Survey”

- 2 deg² Hubble Space Telescope data (largest ever Hubble program)
- > 2 million faint galaxies with measurable shapes



EINSTEIN ... 1905 international year of physics 2005

- ✓ NEW LAW OF GRAVITATION (1916)
- ✓ speed of light is the ultimate speed (**HORIZONS**)
- ✓ Space is curved by mass
- ✓ Lightwaves bend, wavelengths change, under gravity



Gravitational lensing of deep galaxies by clusters

Toronto RCS 2001; RCS2 now



Hoekstra, Gladders, Yee

Weak lensing via Canada

France Hawaii Telescope

Legacy Survey 2002-08



Hoekstra, van
Waerbeke



One of the **most distant galaxies** (Feb 15, 04, very small) amplified (25X) & sheared (**lensed by the dark matter in a distant cluster**)



Distant Galaxy Lensed by Cluster Abell 2218
Hubble Space Telescope • WFPC2 • ACS

ESA, NASA, J.-P. Kneib (Caltech/Observatoire Midi-Pyrénées) and R. Ellis (Caltech)



compression

factors for

arcs: orange 1.7 blue 2-3.5 red 8 & smudge 11

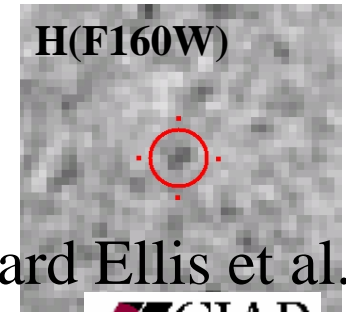
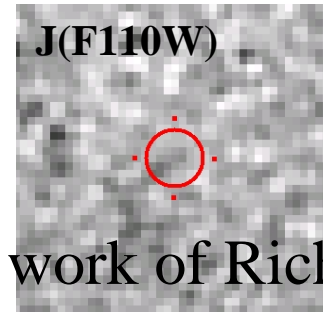
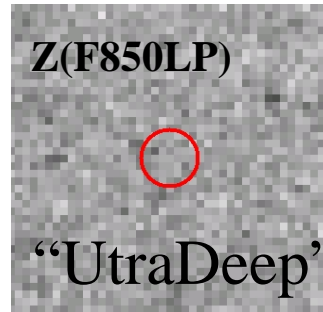
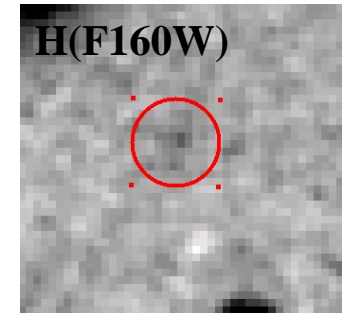
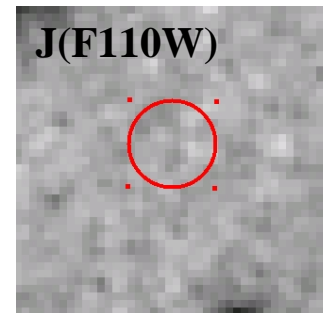
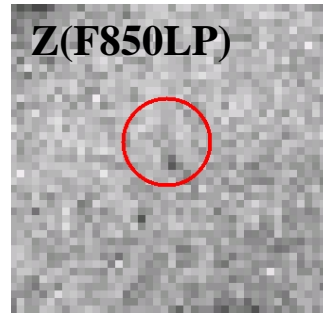


DAVE BARRY

Over the years I have been harshly critical of the scientific community for wasting time researching things nobody cares about, such as the universe. I don't know about you, but I'm tired of reading newspaper stories like this:

“Using a giant telescope, astronomers at the prestigious Crudwinkle Observatory have observed a teensy light smudge that they say is a humongous galaxy cluster 17 jillion light years away, which would make it the farthest-away thing that astronomers have discovered this week. However, astronomers at the rival Fendleman Observatory charged that what the Crudwinkle scientists discovered is actually mayonnaise on the lens. Both groups of astronomers say they plan to use these new findings to obtain even larger telescopes.”

Galaxies at compression 10



“UltraDeep” work of Richard Ellis et al.,



Caltech & CIAR Associate

TMT: Thirty Metre Telescope  CIAR

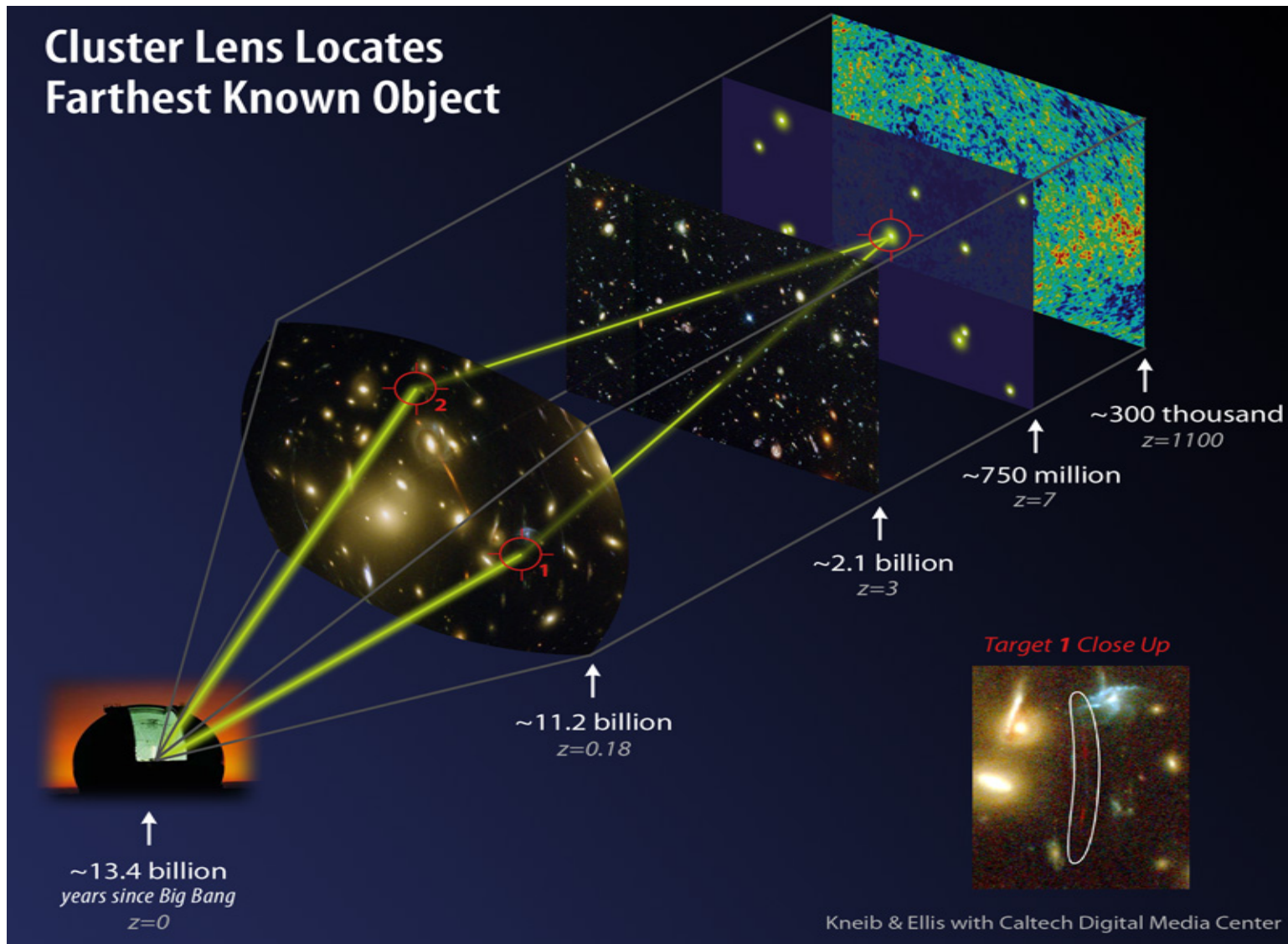
JWST: James Webb Space Telescope

SKA: Square Kilometre Array

a **starless**
“dark age”
before the
most
distant
galaxies

dwarflets &
the 1st stars
form at
compression 13

1st light:
Cosmic
Microwave
Background
released at
compression
1100; formed
at $\sim 10^{30}$



EINSTEIN: SCIENTIFIC COSMOLOGY(1917)

✓ Finite universe without a boundary

✓ “Cosmological Constant” (~ 1895)

Ω_{Λ}

Make the Universe Finite via A Repulsive Force

“My greatest blunder”

Ω_{Λ} = vacuum energy

(Sakharov ~67)



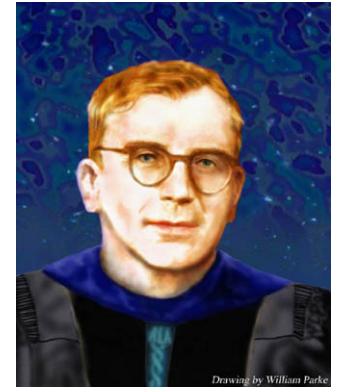
Ω_{cdm} = dark matter

Ω_{b} = ordinary matter



FRIEDMANN (1922) Evolving (Expanding) Universe

- ✓ YES! Hubble (late 20s)
- ✓ the SINGULARITY (30s,60s), infinite density (!!!???)
- ✓ **GAMOW (40s, early 50s) HOT BIG BANG MODEL**
- ✓ Hydrogen (75%) & Helium (25%) (Deuterium/Lithium) from the first minutes
- ✓ **Carbon, Oxygen, Iron, ... from exploding stars (40s-80s)**

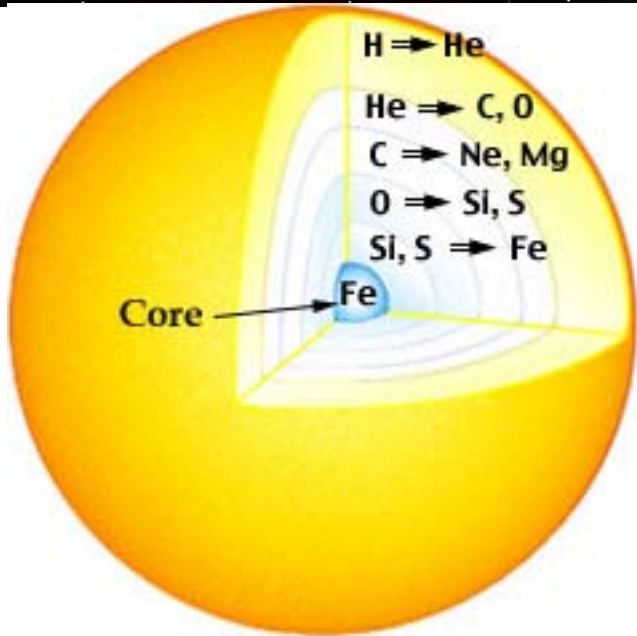


Crab 1054 AD SN + pulsar
i.e. neutron star remnant



SN1987a @LMC

collapse neutrinos,
no neutron star yet



Nobel
Prize 84
Willy
Fowler +
Chandra
-sekhar

Periodic Table for the *Table of Isotopes** (2001)

1 (IA)																		18 (VIIIA)																																			
Hydrogen																		Helium																																			
^1_1H <small>1.00784 91.0%</small>																		^2_2He <small>4.002602 8.9%</small>																																			
2 (IIA)		Group																																																			
Lithium		Beryllium		Element																																																	
^3_3Li <small>6.941 1.86x10⁻⁶%</small>		^4_4Be <small>9.012182 2.38x10⁻⁹%</small>		E_z <small>M.P. B.P. Ox. States At. Weight Abundance%</small>																																																	
Sodium		Magnesium		Key to Table																																																	
$^{11}_{11}\text{Na}$ <small>22.989770 0.000187%</small>		$^{12}_{12}\text{Mg}$ <small>24.3050 0.00350%</small>																																																			
3 (IIIB)			4 (IVB)			5 (VB)			6 (VIB)			7 (VIIB)			8 (VIII)			9 (VIII)			10 (VIII)			11 (IB)			12 (IIB)			13 (IIIA)			14 (IVA)			15 (VA)			16 (VIA)			17 (VIIA)											
Potassium			Calcium			Scandium			Titanium			Vanadium			Chromium			Manganese			Iron			Cobalt			Nickel			Copper			Zinc			Gallium			Germanium			Arsenic			Selenium			Bromine			Krypton		
$^{19}_{19}\text{K}$ <small>39.0983 0.000123%</small>			$^{20}_{20}\text{Ca}$ <small>40.078 0.000199%</small>			$^{21}_{21}\text{Sc}$ <small>44.955910 1.12x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{22}_{22}\text{Ti}$ <small>47.867 7.8x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{23}_{23}\text{V}$ <small>50.9415 9.6x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{24}_{24}\text{Cr}$ <small>51.9961 0.000044%</small>			$^{25}_{25}\text{Mn}$ <small>54.938049 0.000031%</small>			$^{26}_{26}\text{Fe}$ <small>55.845 0.00294%</small>			$^{27}_{27}\text{Co}$ <small>58.933200 7.3x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{28}_{28}\text{Ni}$ <small>58.6934 0.000161%</small>			$^{29}_{29}\text{Cu}$ <small>63.546 1.70x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{30}_{30}\text{Zn}$ <small>65.39 4.11x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{31}_{31}\text{Ga}$ <small>69.723 1.23x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{32}_{32}\text{Ge}$ <small>72.61 3.9x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{33}_{33}\text{As}$ <small>74.92160 2.1x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{34}_{34}\text{Se}$ <small>78.96 2.03x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{35}_{35}\text{Br}$ <small>79.904 1.5x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{36}_{36}\text{Kr}$ <small>83.80 1.5x10⁻⁶%</small>		
Rubidium			Strontium			Yttrium			Zirconium			Niobium			Molybdenum			Technetium			Ruthenium			Rhodium			Palladium			Silver			Cadmium			Indium			Tin			Antimony			Tellurium			Iodine			Xenon		
$^{37}_{37}\text{Rb}$ <small>85.4678 2.31x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{38}_{38}\text{Sr}$ <small>87.62 7.7x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{39}_{39}\text{Y}$ <small>88.90585 3.72x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{40}_{40}\text{Zr}$ <small>91.224 3.72x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{41}_{41}\text{Nb}$ <small>92.90638 2.28x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{42}_{42}\text{Mo}$ <small>95.94 8.3x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{43}_{43}\text{Tc}$ <small>98 [98]</small>			$^{44}_{44}\text{Ru}$ <small>101.07 6.1x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{45}_{45}\text{Rh}$ <small>102.90550 1.22x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{46}_{46}\text{Pd}$ <small>106.42 4.5x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{47}_{47}\text{Ag}$ <small>107.8682 1.58x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{48}_{48}\text{Cd}$ <small>112.411 5.3x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{49}_{49}\text{In}$ <small>114.818 6.0x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{50}_{50}\text{Sn}$ <small>118.710 1.25x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{51}_{51}\text{Sb}$ <small>121.760 1.01x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{52}_{52}\text{Te}$ <small>127.60 1.01x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{53}_{53}\text{I}$ <small>126.90447 2.9x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{54}_{54}\text{Xe}$ <small>131.29 1.5x10⁻⁶%</small>		
Cesium			Barium			Lanthanum			Hafnium			Tantalum			Tungsten			Rhenium			Osmium			Iridium			Platinum			Gold			Mercury			Thallium			Lead			Bismuth			Polonium			Astatine			Radon		
$^{55}_{55}\text{Cs}$ <small>132.90545 1.21x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{56}_{56}\text{Ba}$ <small>137.327 1.46x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{57}_{57}\text{La}$ <small>138.9055 1.45x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{58}_{58}\text{Hf}$ <small>178.49 5.02x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{59}_{59}\text{Ta}$ <small>180.9479 6.75x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{60}_{60}\text{W}$ <small>183.84 4.34x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{75}_{75}\text{Re}$ <small>186.207 1.69x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{76}_{76}\text{Os}$ <small>190.23 2.20x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{77}_{77}\text{Ir}$ <small>192.217 2.16x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{78}_{78}\text{Pt}$ <small>195.078 4.4x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{79}_{79}\text{Au}$ <small>196.96655 6.1x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{80}_{80}\text{Hg}$ <small>200.59 1.1x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{81}_{81}\text{Tl}$ <small>204.3833 6.0x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{82}_{82}\text{Pb}$ <small>207.2 1.03x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{83}_{83}\text{Bi}$ <small>208.98038 4.7x10⁻⁶%</small>			$^{84}_{84}\text{Po}$ <small>[209]</small>			$^{85}_{85}\text{At}$ <small>[210]</small>			$^{86}_{86}\text{Rn}$ <small>[222]</small>		
Francium			Radium			Actinium			Rutherfordium			Dubnium			Seaborgium			Bohrium			Hassium			Meitnerium			Element-110			Element-111			Element-112																				
$^{87}_{87}\text{Fr}$ <small>[223]</small>			$^{88}_{88}\text{Ra}$ <small>[226]</small>			$^{89}_{89}\text{Ac}$ <small>[227]</small>			$^{104}_{104}\text{Rf}$ <small>[261]</small>			$^{105}_{105}\text{Db}$ <small>[262]</small>			$^{106}_{106}\text{Sg}$ <small>[266]</small>			$^{107}_{107}\text{Bh}$ <small>[264]</small>			$^{108}_{108}\text{Hs}$ <small>[269]</small>			$^{109}_{109}\text{Mt}$ <small>[268]</small>			$^{110}_{110}$ <small>[271]</small>			$^{111}_{111}$ <small>[272]</small>			$^{112}_{112}$ <small>[277]</small>																				

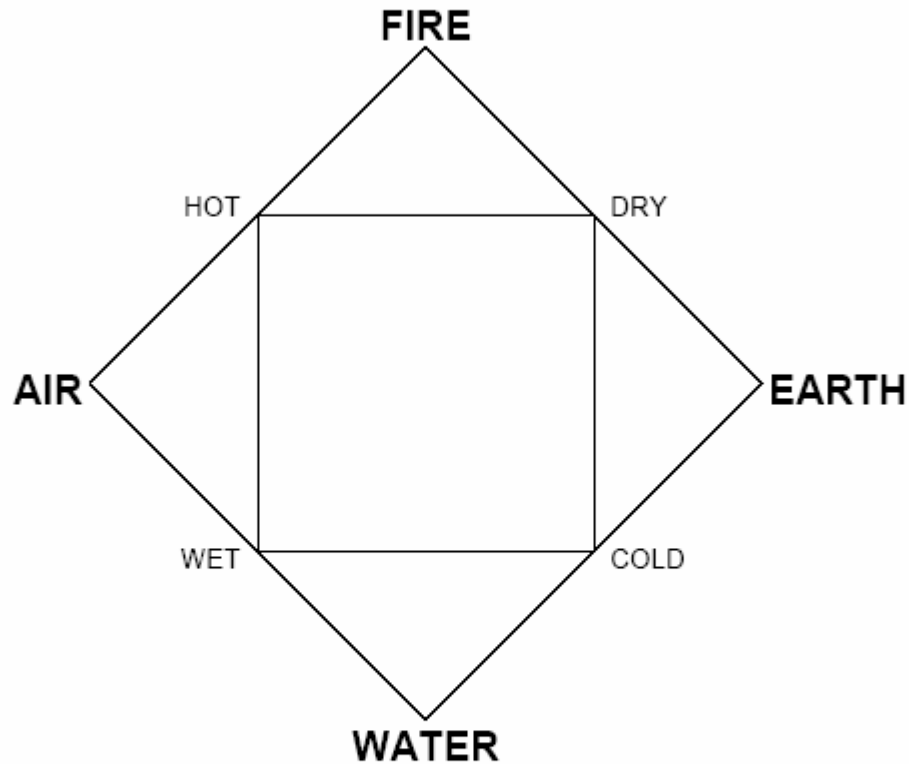
† Lanthanides

Cerium		Praseodymium		Neodymium		Promethium		Samarium		Europium		Gadolinium		Terbium		Dysprosium		Holmium		Erbium		Thulium		Ytterbium		Lutetium					
$^{58}_{58}\text{Ce}$ <small>140.116 3.70x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{59}_{59}\text{Pr}$ <small>140.90765 5.44x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{60}_{60}\text{Nd}$ <small>144.24 2.70x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{61}_{61}\text{Pm}$ <small>[145]</small>		$^{62}_{62}\text{Sm}$ <small>150.36 8.42x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{63}_{63}\text{Eu}$ <small>151.964 3.17x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{64}_{64}\text{Gd}$ <small>157.25 1.076x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{65}_{65}\text{Tb}$ <small>158.92534 1.97x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{66}_{66}\text{Dy}$ <small>162.50 1.286x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{67}_{67}\text{Ho}$ <small>164.93032 2.90x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{68}_{68}\text{Er}$ <small>167.26 8.18x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{69}_{69}\text{Tm}$ <small>168.93421 1.23x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{70}_{70}\text{Yb}$ <small>173.04 8.08x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{71}_{71}\text{Lu}$ <small>174.967 1.197x10⁻⁶%</small>					

‡ Actinides

Thorium		Protactinium		Uranium		Neptunium		Plutonium		Americium		Curium		Berkelium		Californium		Einsteinium		Fermium		Mendelevium		Nobelium		Lawrencium			
$^{90}_{90}\text{Th}$ <small>232.0381 1.09x10⁻⁶%</small>		$^{91}_{91}\text{Pa}$ <small>231.03588</small>		$^{92}_{92}\text{U}$ <small>238.0289 2.94x10⁻¹¹%</small>		$^{93}_{93}\text{Np}$ <small>[237]</small>		$^{94}_{94}\text{Pu}$ <small>[244]</small>		$^{95}_{95}\text{Am}$ <small>[243]</small>		$^{96}_{96}\text{Cm}$ <small>[247]</small>		$^{97}_{97}\text{Bk}$ <small>[247]</small>		$^{98}_{98}\text{Cf}$ <small>[251]</small>		$^{99}_{99}\text{Es}$ <small>[252]</small>		$^{100}_{100}\text{Fm}$ <small>[257]</small>		$^{101}_{101}\text{Md}$ <small>[258]</small>		$^{102}_{102}\text{No}$ <small>[259]</small>		$^{103}_{103}\text{Lr}$ <small>[262]</small>			

Chart of Plato and Aristotle (~400 BC)



Relation of the four elements and the four qualities.

**A fifth element was "ETHER" or material of the heavens.
(Dark Matter in early cosmology!)**



CFHT

SN

Survey

Carlberg,
Pritchett,

et al.

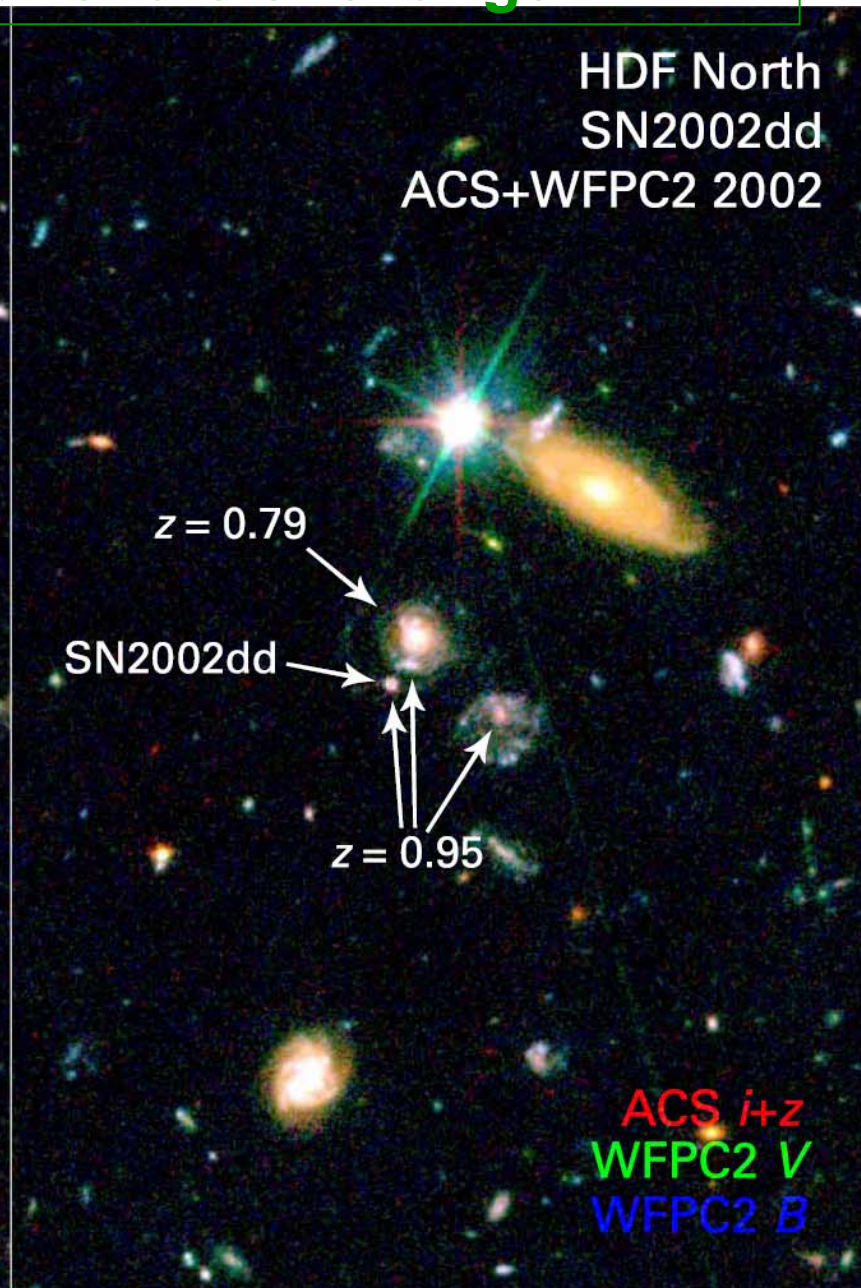
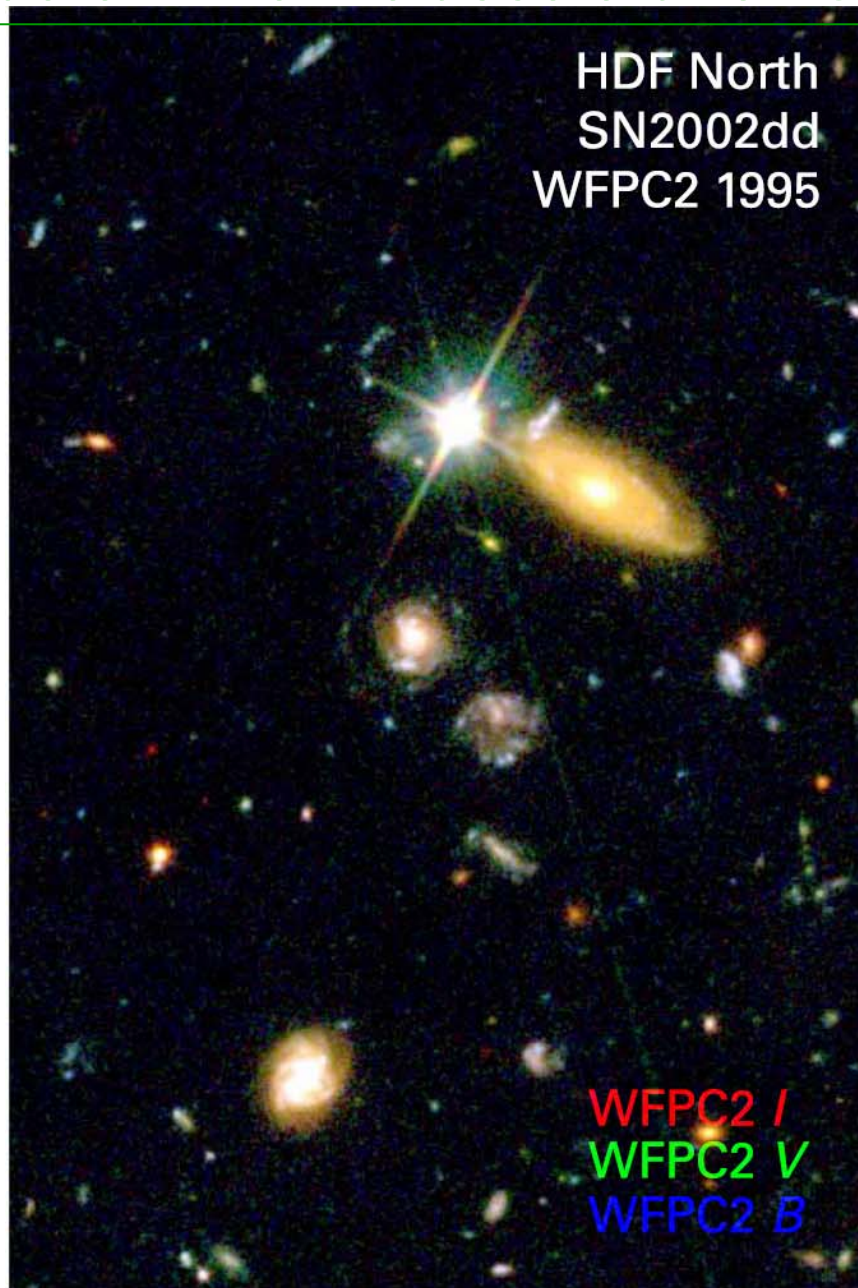


3yr now
300 SN1a

5yr

500

SN determine the acceleration & its rate of change



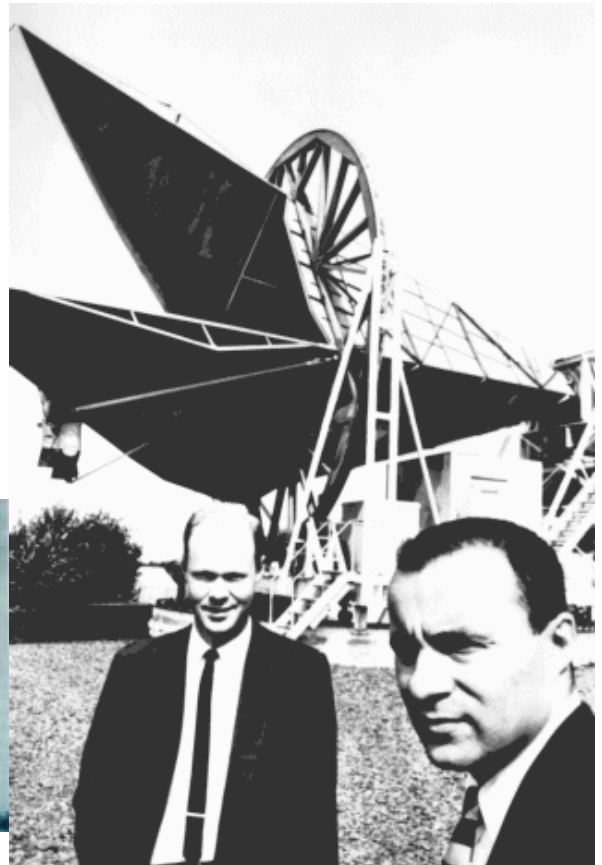
FRIEDMANN (1922) Evolving (Expanding) Universe

- ✓ YES! Hubble (late 20s)
- ✓ the SINGULARITY (30s,60s), infinite density (!!!???)
- ✓ **GAMOW (40s, early 50s) HOT BIG BANG MODEL**
- ✓ Hydrogen (75%) & Helium (25%) (Deuterium/Lithium) from the first minutes
- ✓ Carbon, Oxygen, Iron, ... from exploding stars (40s-80s)

✓ Thus: THE
COSMIC
BACKGROUND
RADIATION
*AFTERGLOW of the
hot period*

✓ YES! Penzias &
Wilson (1964)

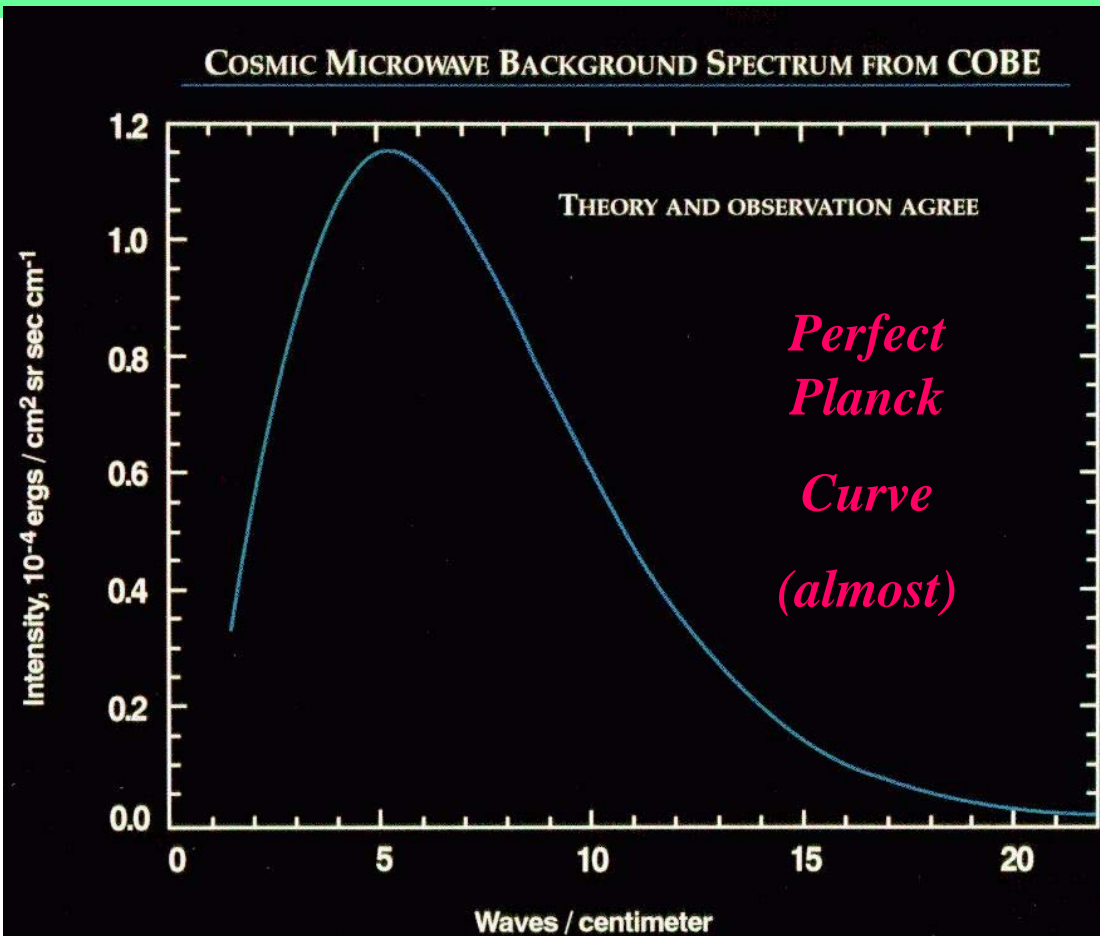
Nobel Prize 1978



Hot Big Bang

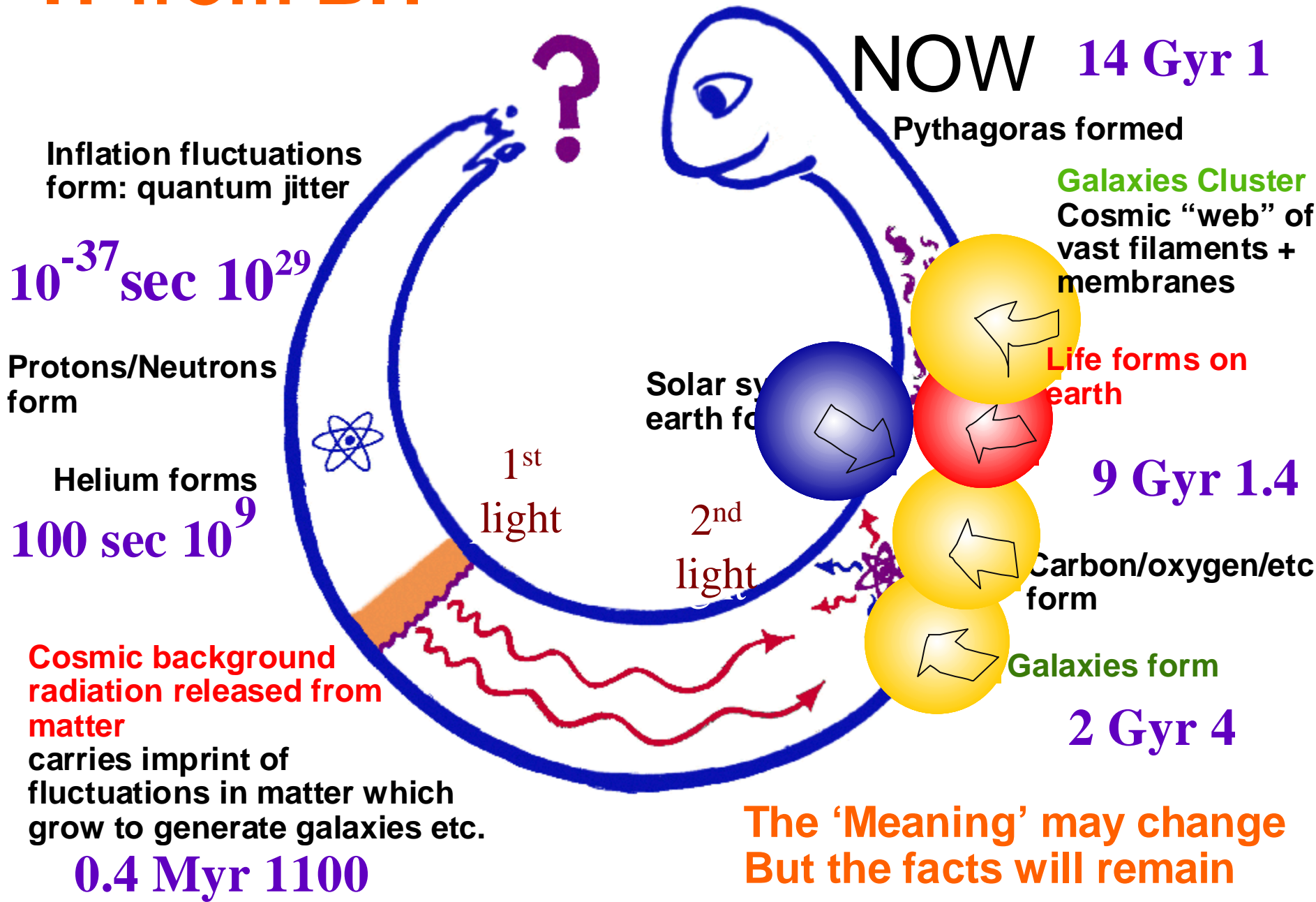
- Picked up as TV ‘snow’ - a few %
- $2.725 \pm .001$ degrees above absolute zero
- 410 photons per cubic centimetre
- Isotropic (smooth) to one part in 100,000

released as red light
400,000 yrs after
the Big Bang,
expansion of
space stretched
the wavelengths to
microwave



“IT from BIT”

FATE



NOW 14 Gyr 1

Pythagoras formed

Galaxies Cluster
Cosmic “web” of vast filaments + membranes

Life forms on earth

9 Gyr 1.4

Carbon/oxygen/etc form

Galaxies form

2 Gyr 4

Inflation fluctuations form: quantum jitter

10⁻³⁷ sec 10²⁹

Protons/Neutrons form

Helium forms
100 sec 10⁹

Cosmic background radiation released from matter
carries imprint of fluctuations in matter which grow to generate galaxies etc.

0.4 Myr 1100

1st light

Solar system earth forms

2nd light

**The ‘Meaning’ may change
But the facts will remain**



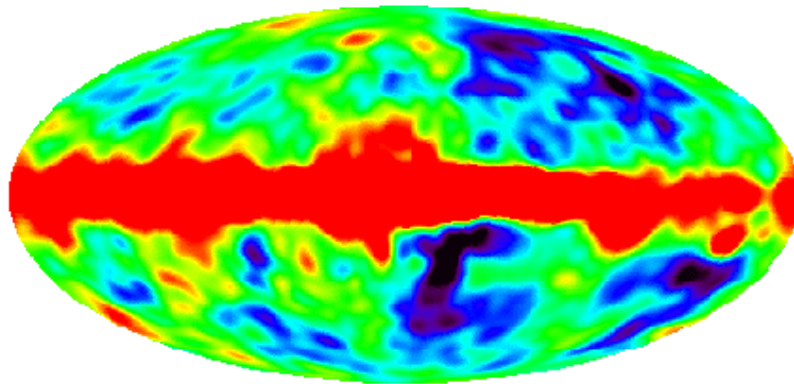
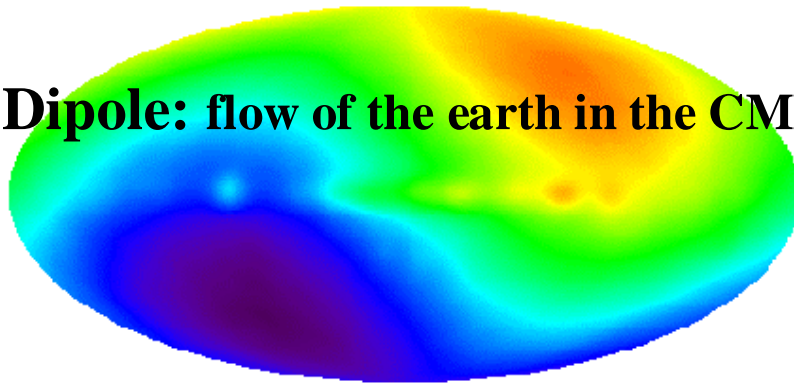
COBE satellite 1989-1994

CMB

Nearly Perfect Blackbody

$T=2.725 \pm .001$ K COBE/FIRAS

Dipole: flow of the earth in the CMB



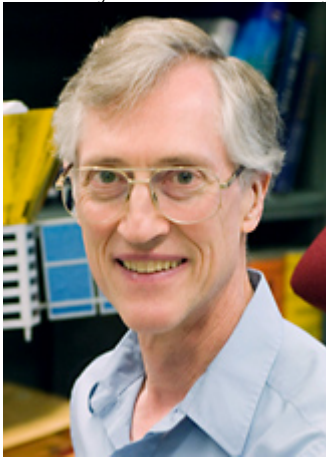
COBE/DMR:

CMB + Galactic @7°

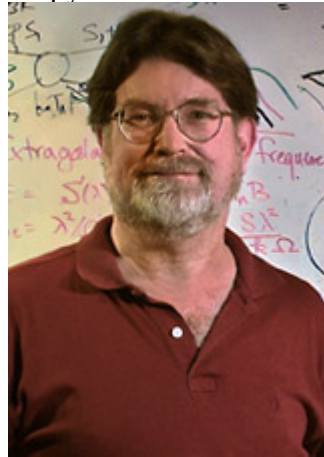
The Nobel Prize in Physics 2006

(also Gruber Prize in Cosmology 2006 for Mather + the COBE team)

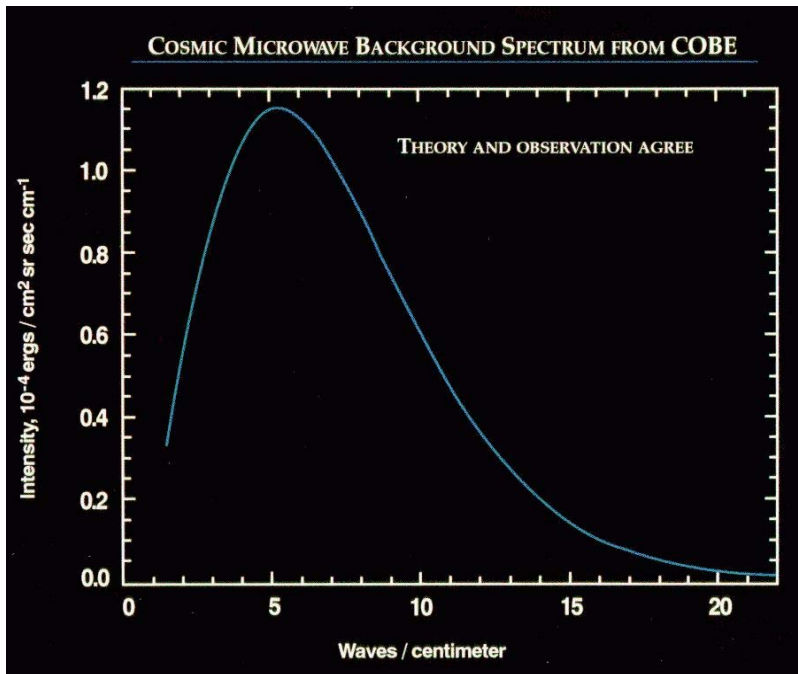
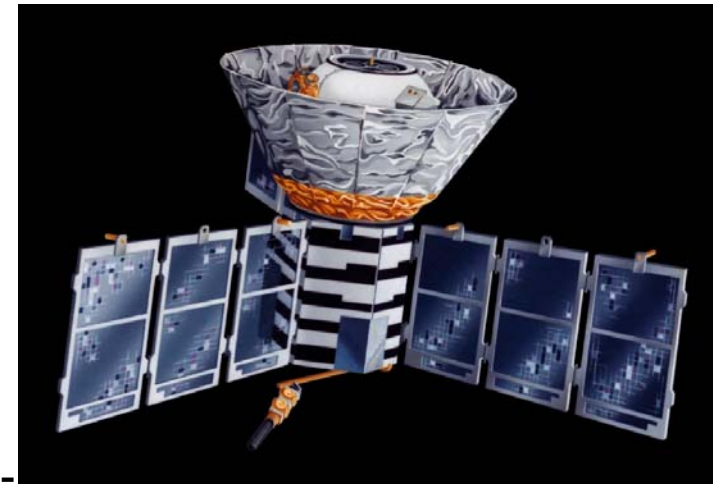
"for their discovery of the blackbody form and anisotropy of the cosmic microwave background radiation"



John C. Mather 1946-



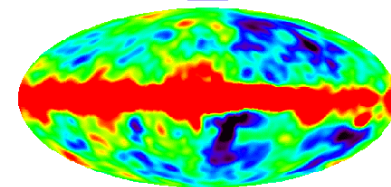
George F. Smoot 1945-



CMB

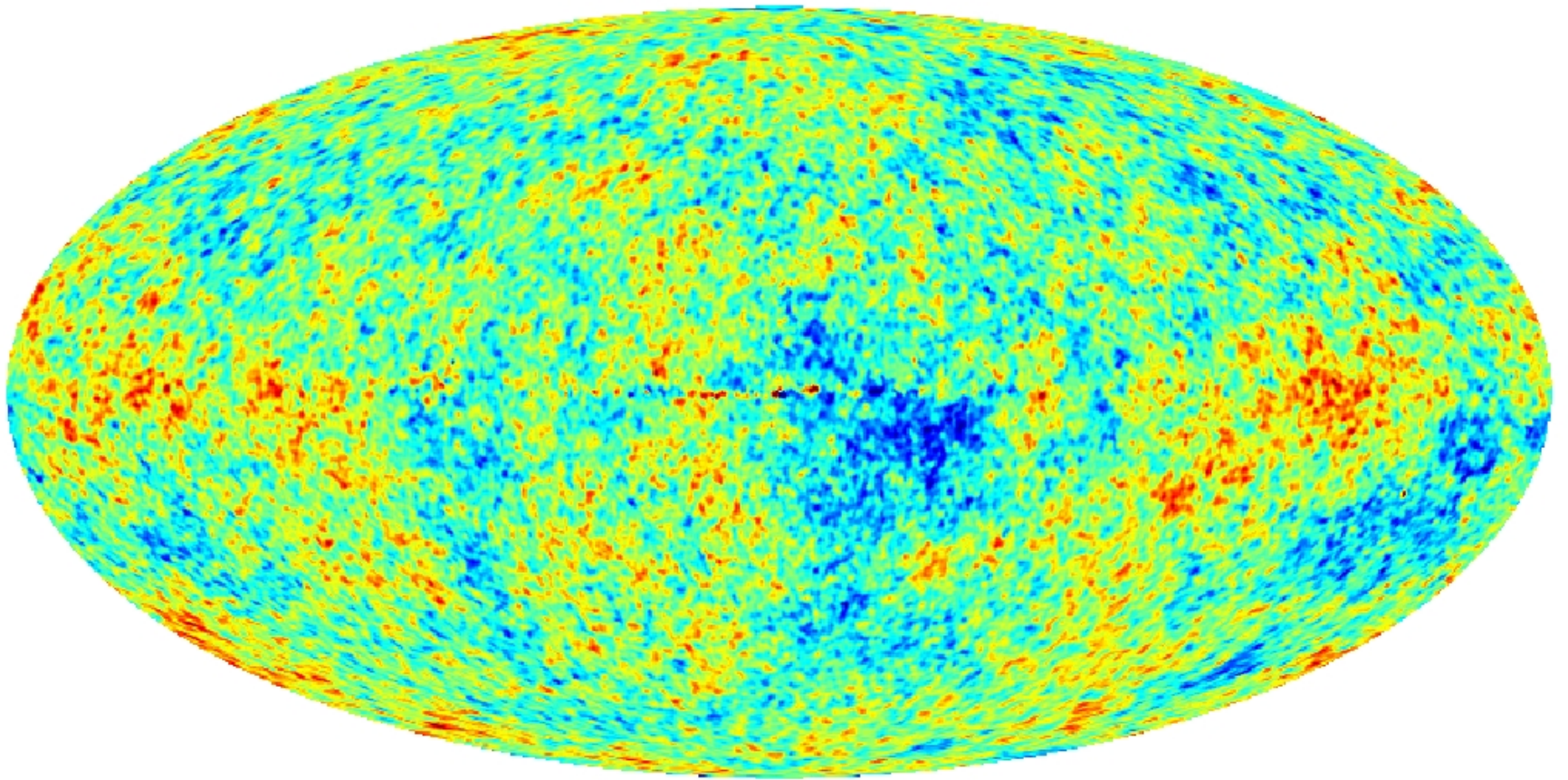
Nearly Perfect Blackbody
 $T = 2.725 \pm 0.001 \text{ K}$ COBE/FIRAS

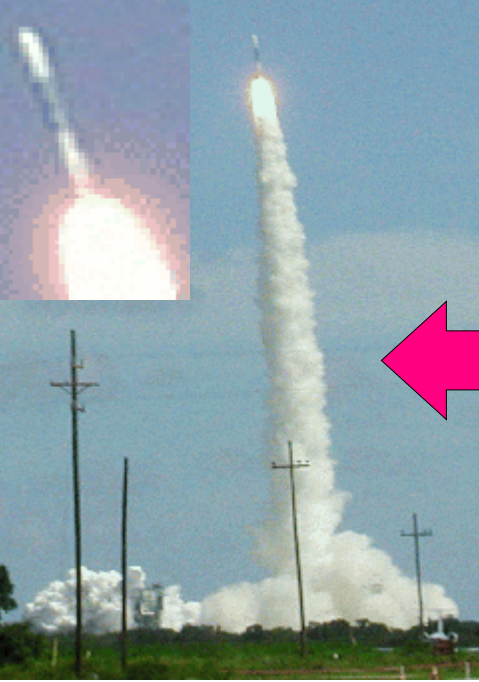
Dipole: flow of the earth in the CMB



COBE/DMR:
CMB + Galactic @ 7°

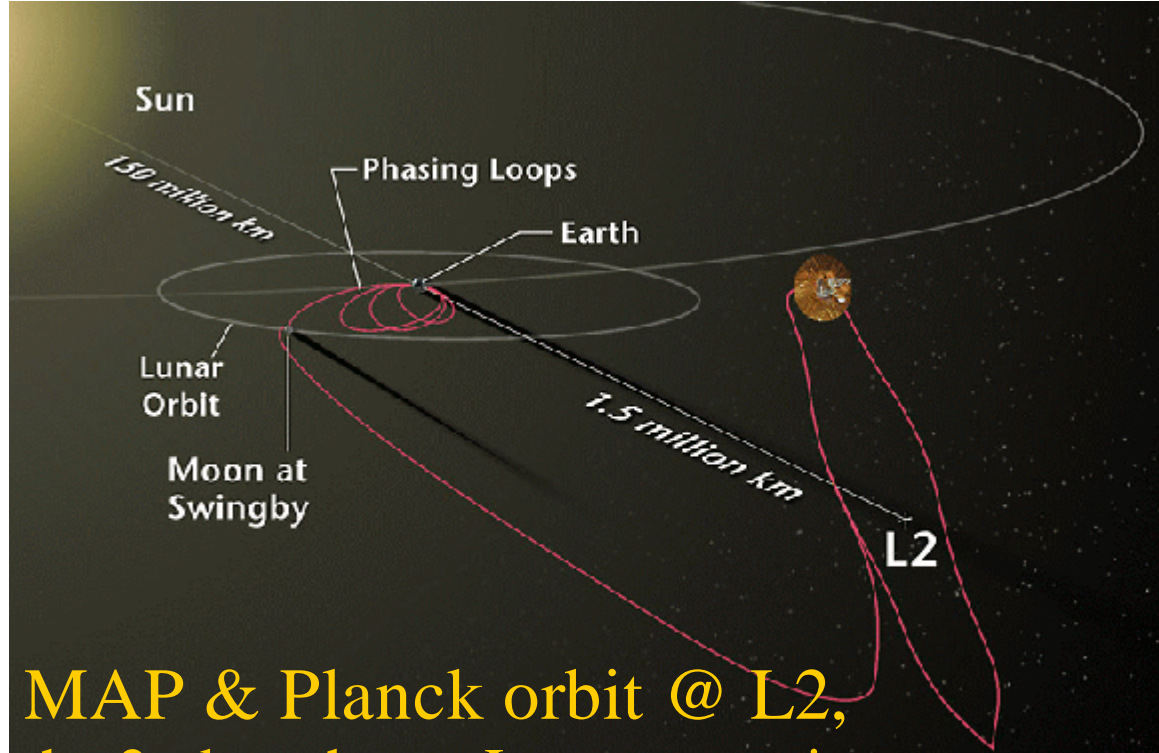
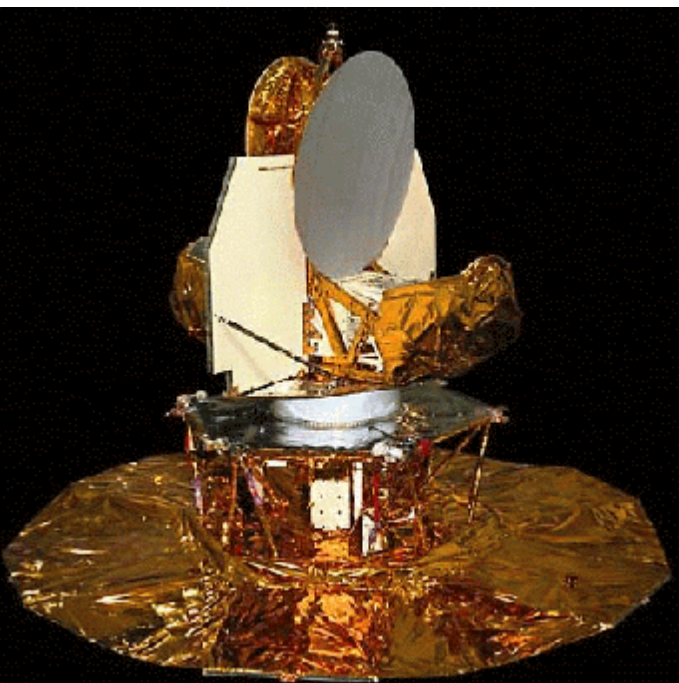
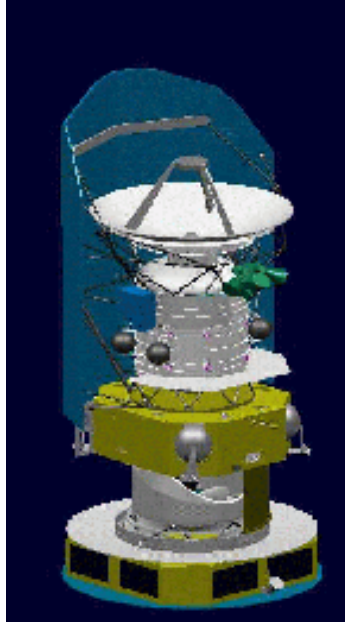
WMAP 2003





Nasa's WMAP satellite @ L2: launch 2001.5, 1yr data 2003.2, 3yr 2006.3

**Planck satellite @ L2: launch 2008.2
ESA+NASA+ Cdn Space Agency**



**MAP & Planck orbit @ L2,
the 2nd earth-sun Lagrange point**

BOOMERanG 98 Netterfield et al 2001

UCSB

K. Coble
P. Farese
T. Montroy
J. Ruhl

UofToronto/CITA

D. Bond 
C. Contaldi
B. Netterfield
D. Pogosyan
S. Prunet

Caltech

B. Crill
V. Hristov
B. Jones
A. Lange
P. Mason

U. La Sapienza

P. deBernardis
M. Giacometti
A. Iacoangeli
L. Martinis
S. Masi
F. Piacentini
F. Pongetti
F. Scaramuzzi
G. Romeo

IPAC

K. Ganga
E. Hivon

JPL

J. Bock

IROE

A. Boscaleri
E. Pascale

Cardiff

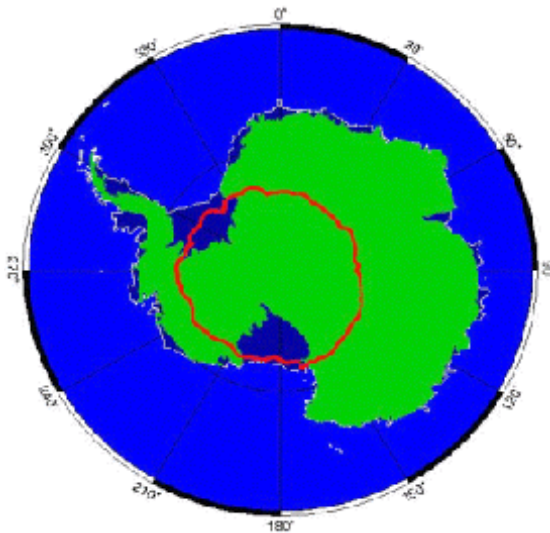
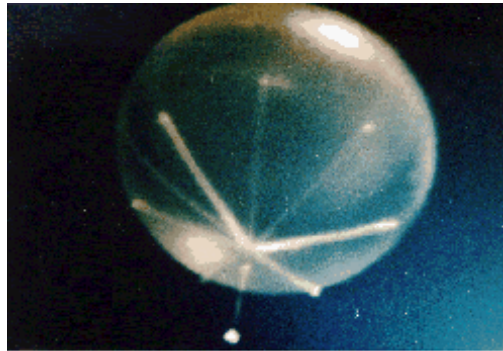
P. Mauskopf
P. Ade

Oxford

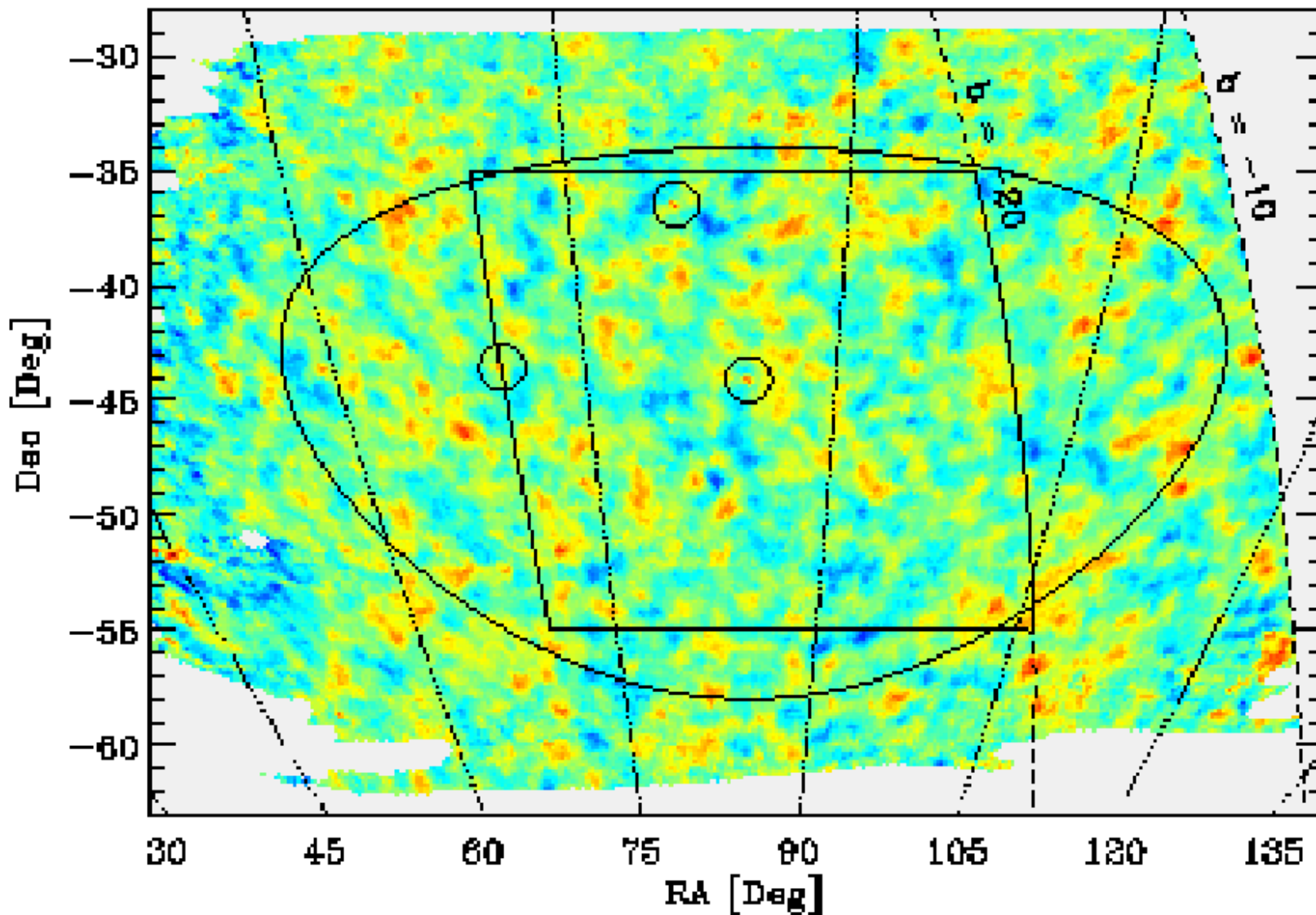
A. Melchiorri

UCB

J. Borrill
A. Jaffe



Boomerang B00 440 sq deg, B01 800 sq deg (B02 1200)

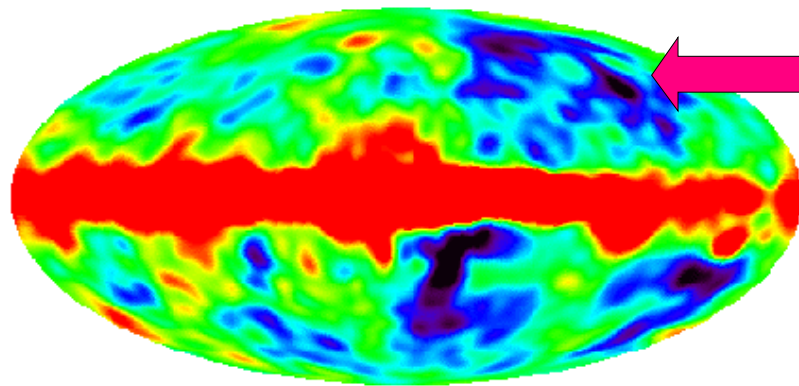
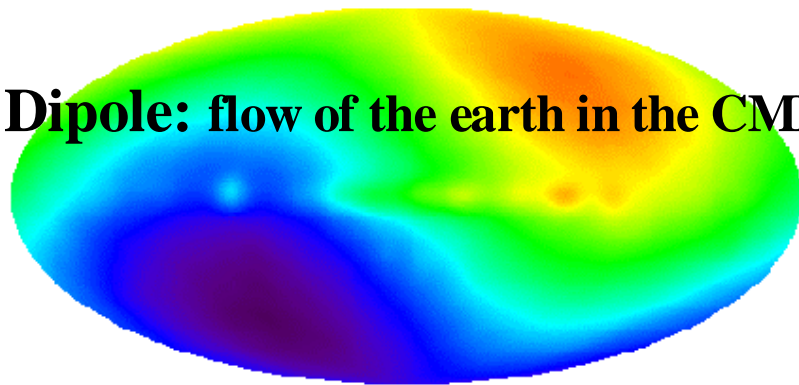


CMB

Nearly Perfect Blackbody

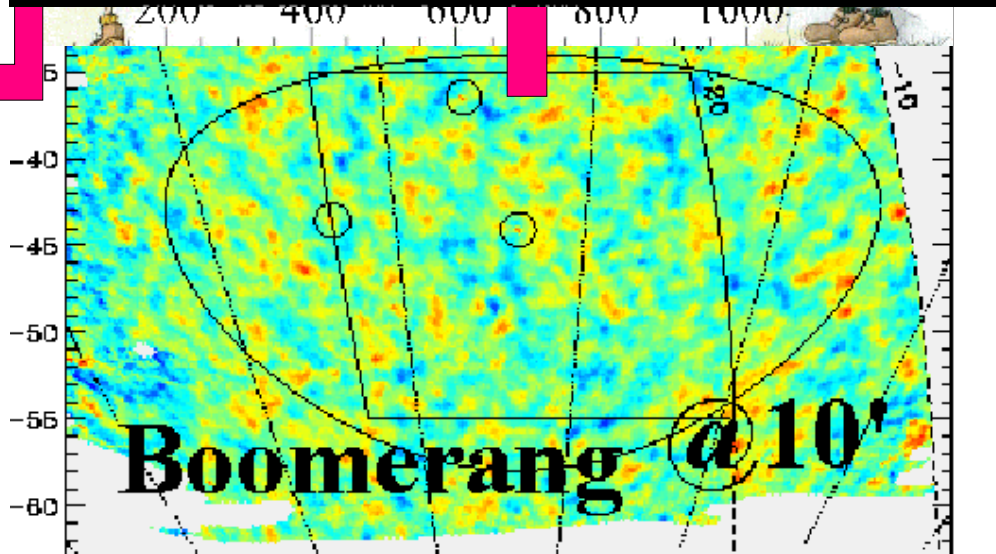
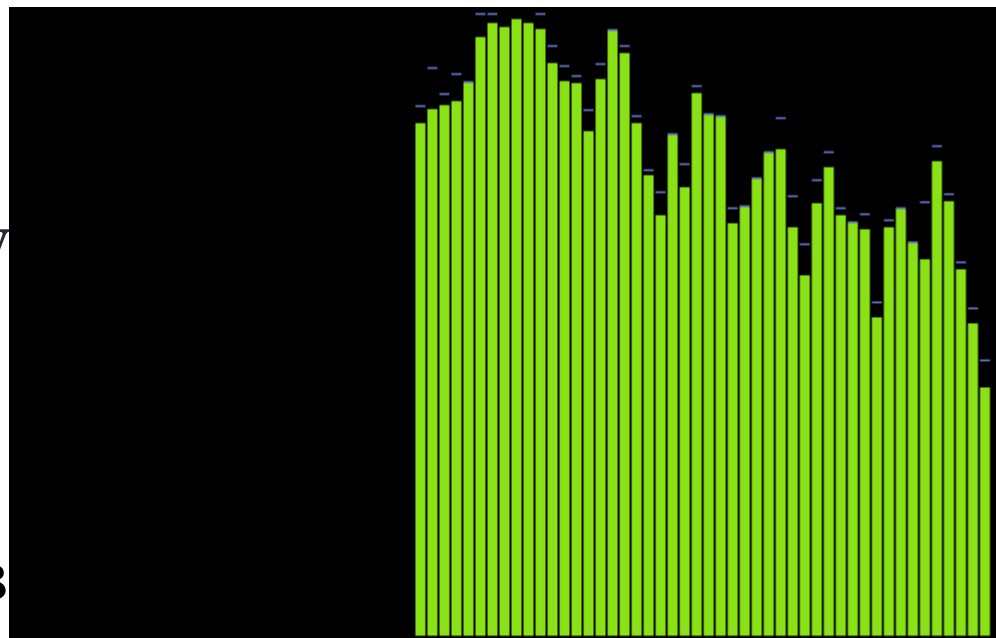
$T = 2.725 \pm 0.001$ K COBE/FIRAS

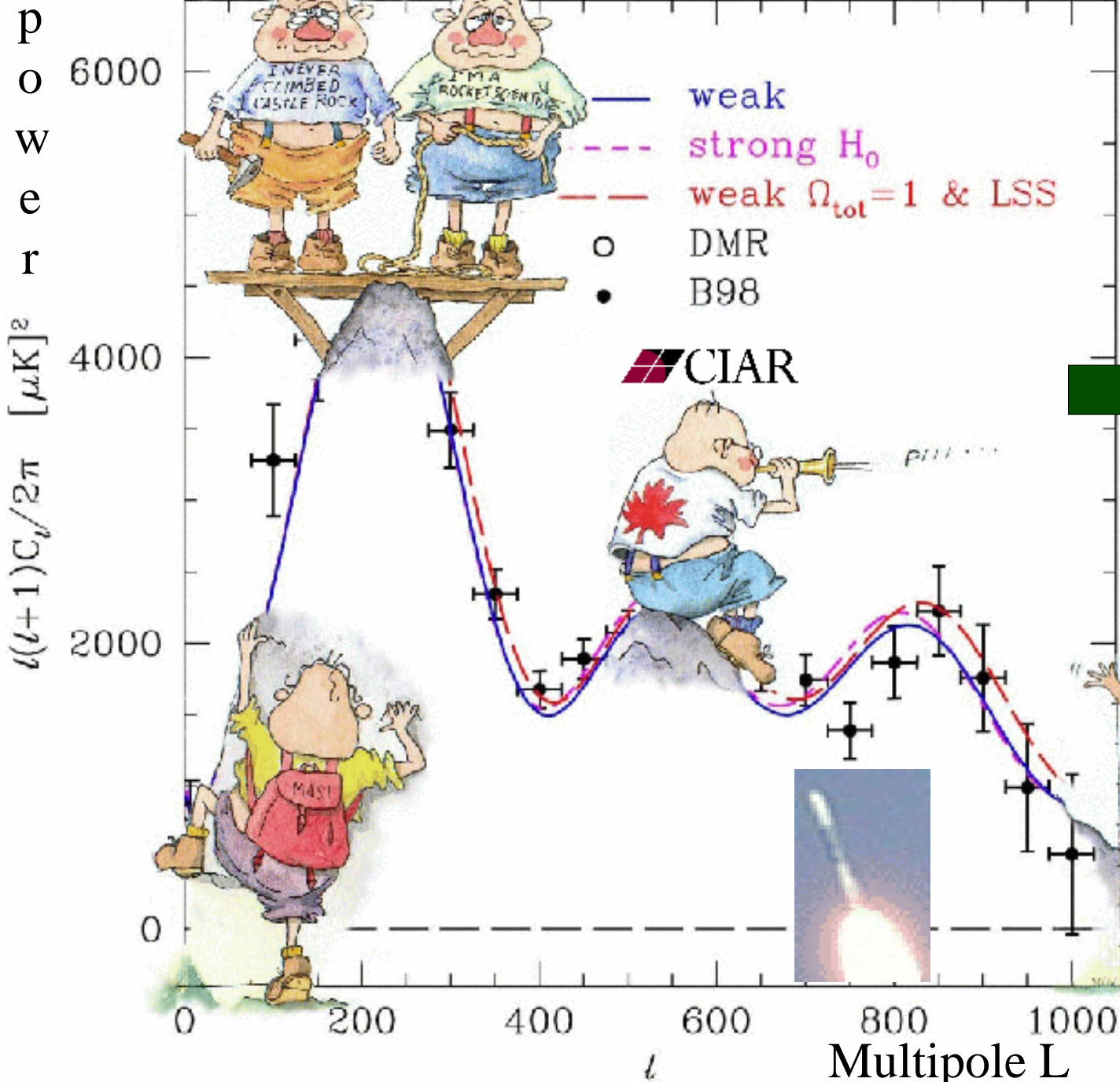
Dipole: flow of the earth in the CMB



COBE/DMR:

CMB + Galactic @7°

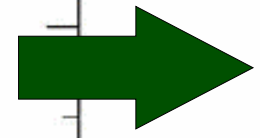




CBI, ACBAR

Boom2003.0

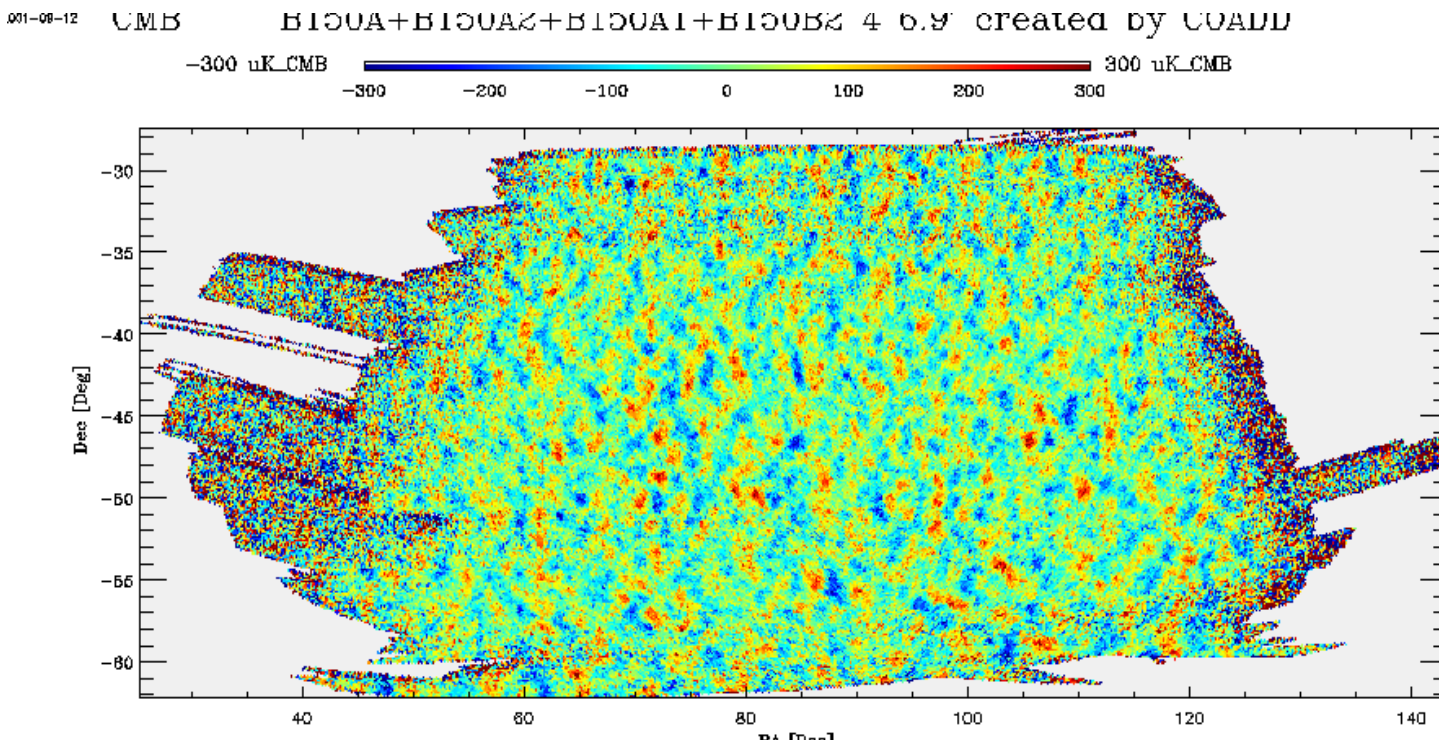
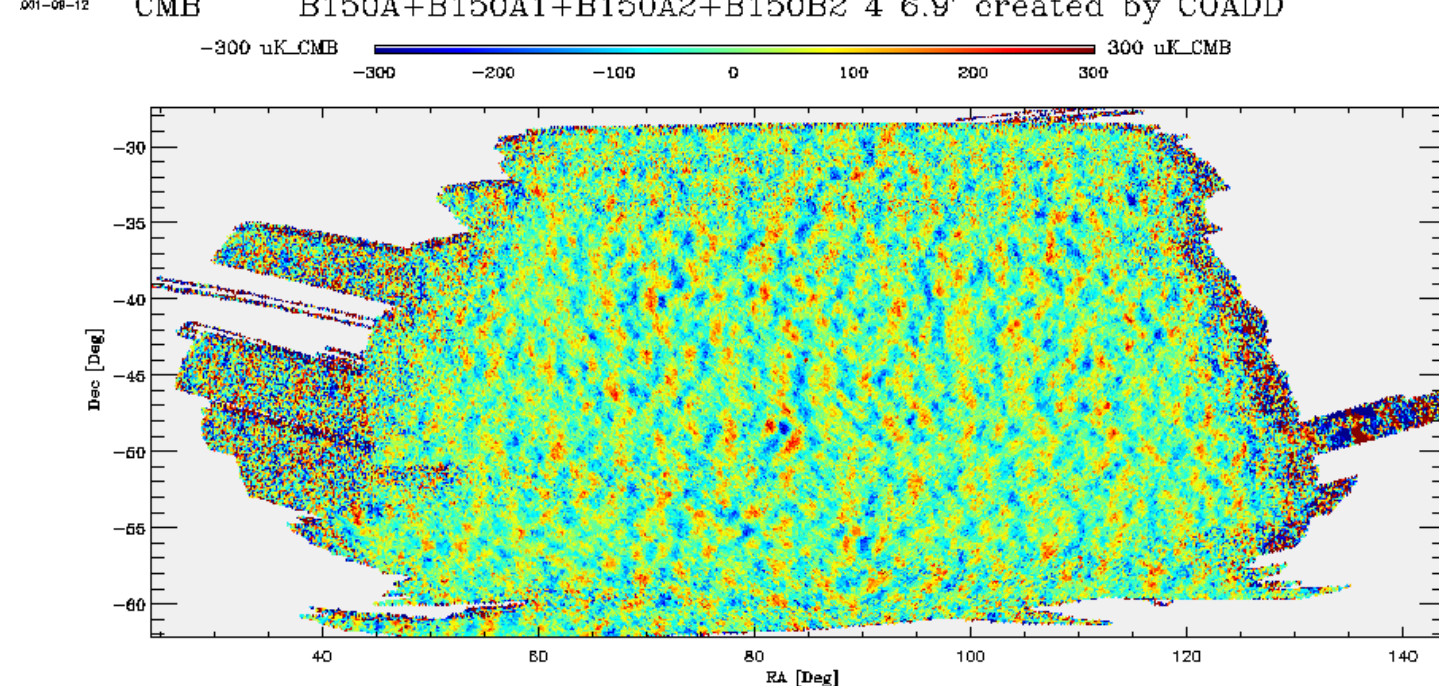
VSA



Boomerang
@150GHz

Simulated
Theory
vs
Real
Data

*looks the
same*





Balzan Prize 2006 (1M Swiss Francs)

Paolo de Bernardis, Italy and Andrew Lange, USA

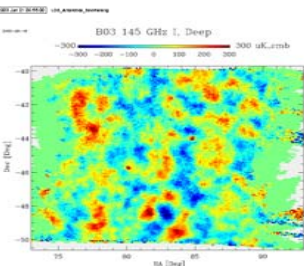
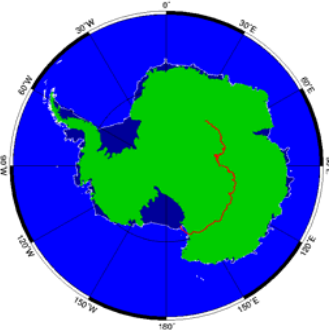
Observational astronomy and astrophysics

Motivation of the Prize Committee: "For their contributions to cosmology, in particular the Boomerang Antarctic balloon experiment."

team: Toronto/Caltech/JPL/CaseWestern/Italy/Cardiff



B03

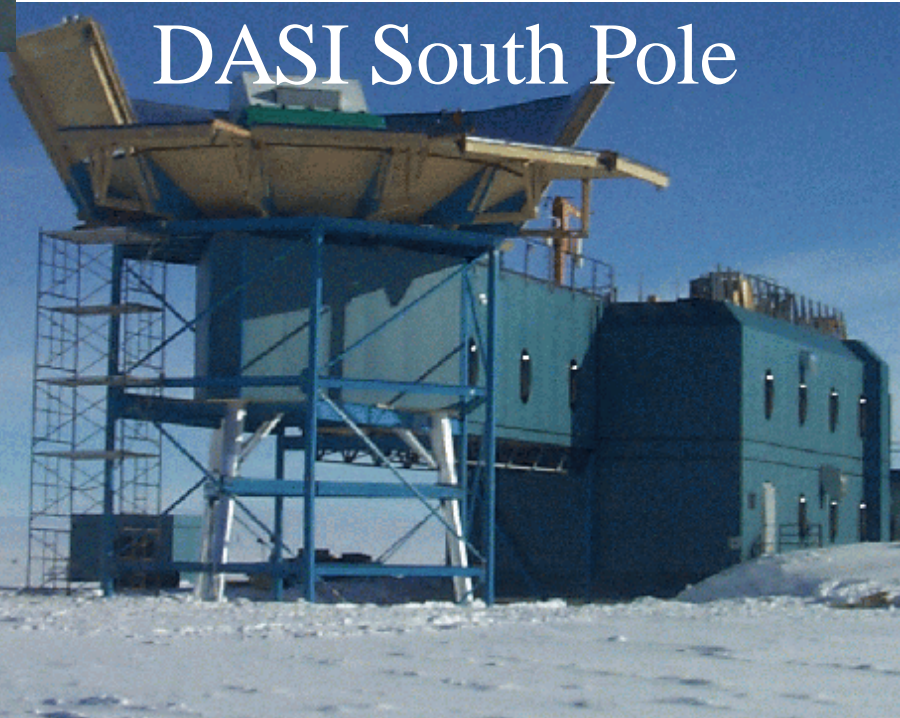
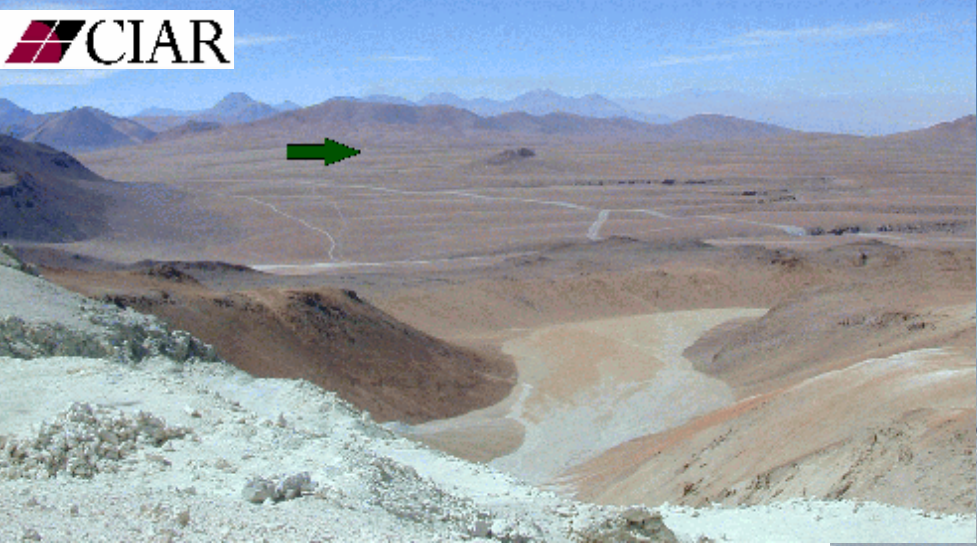




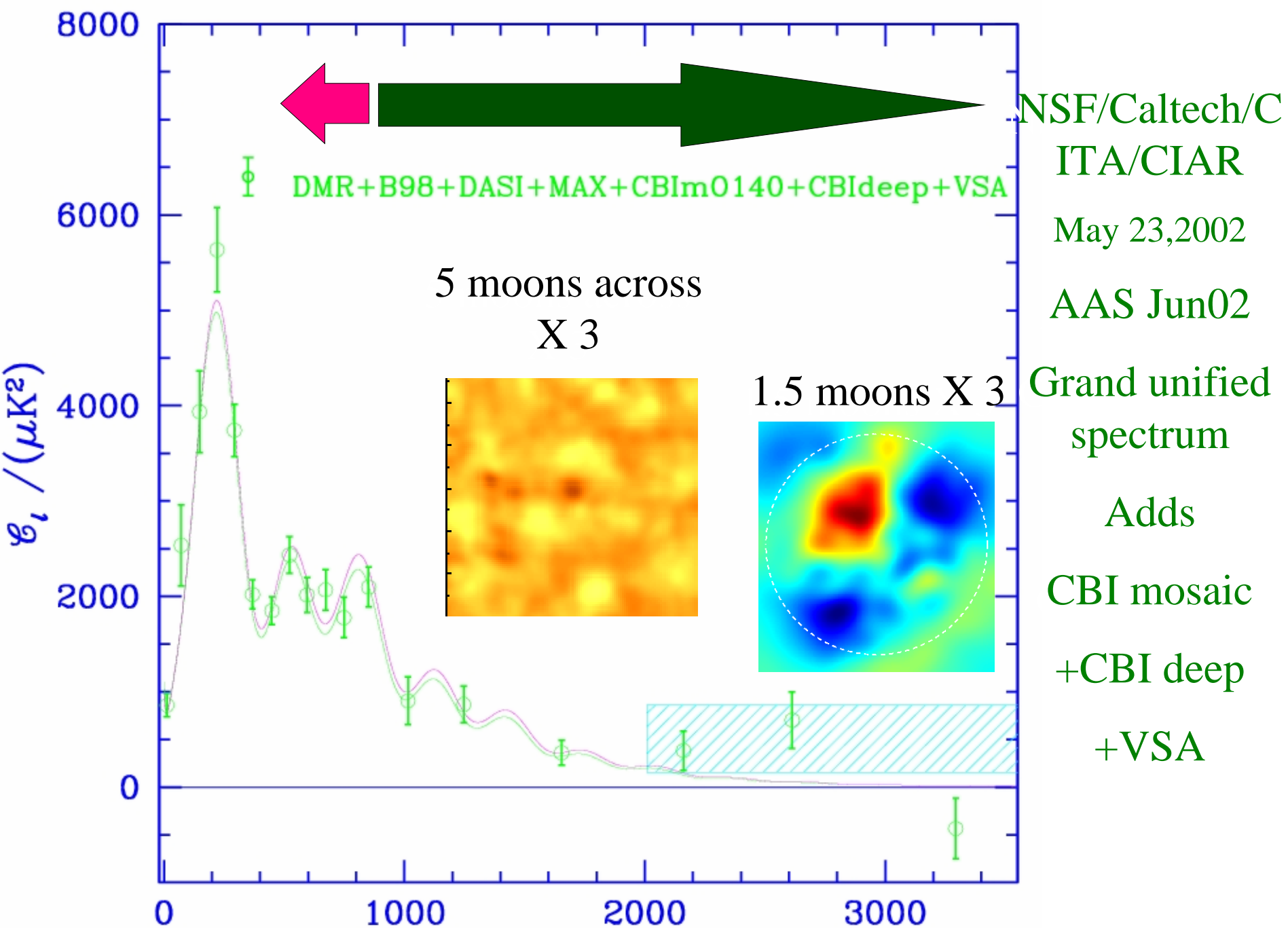
ACBAR South Pole

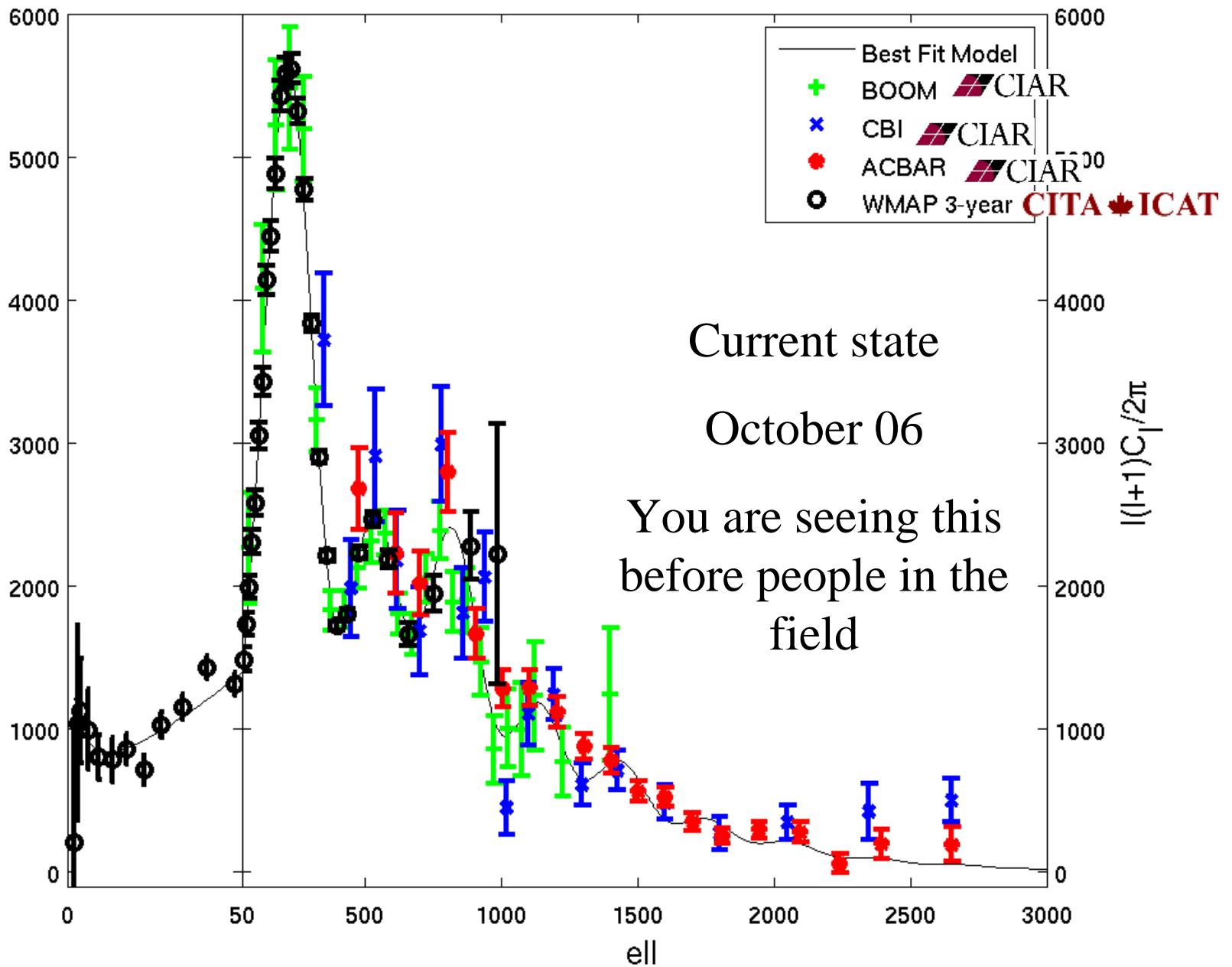


CBI Atacama desert, Chile

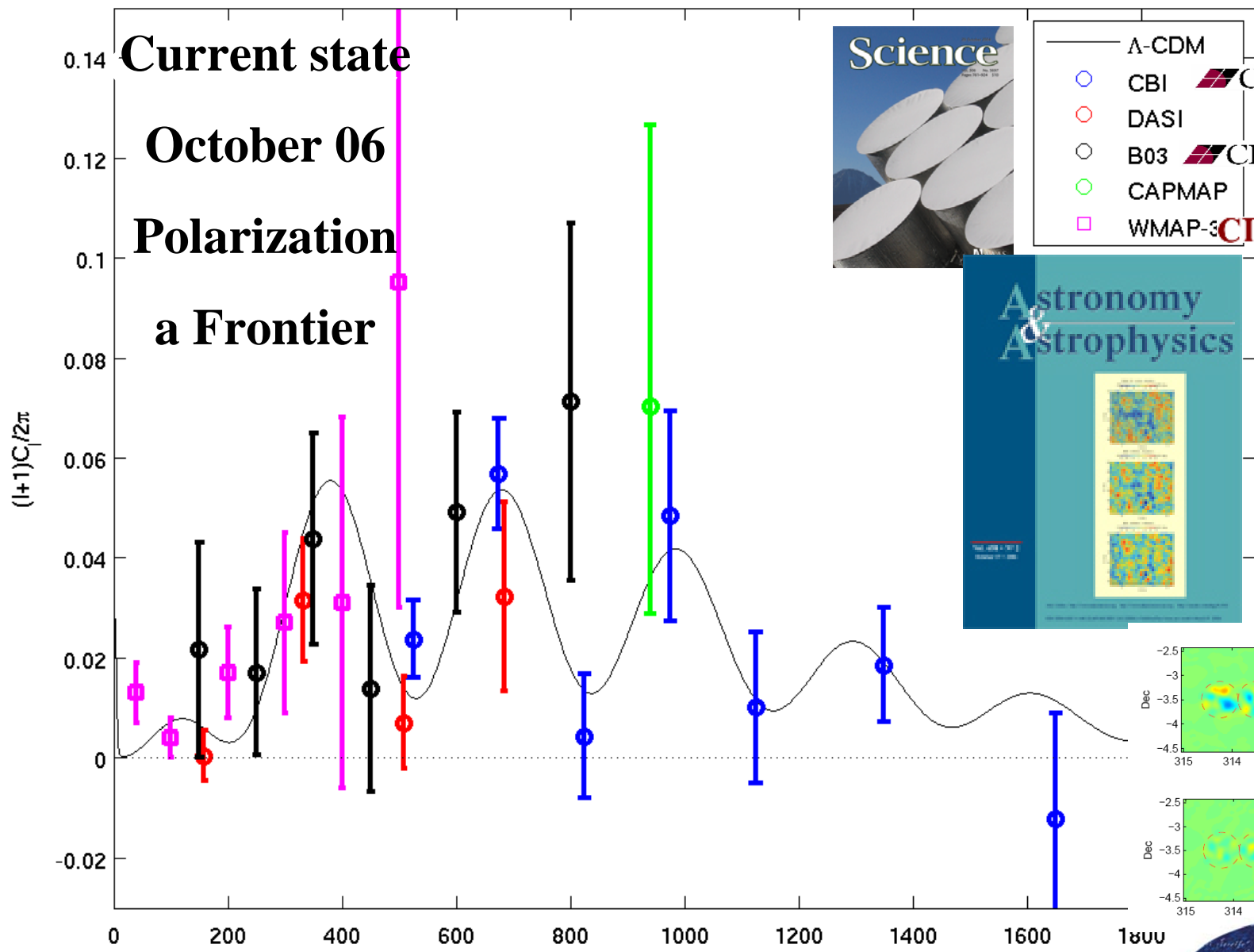


DASI South Pole

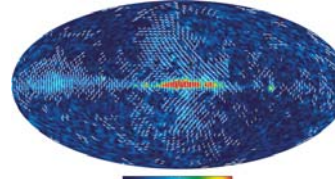
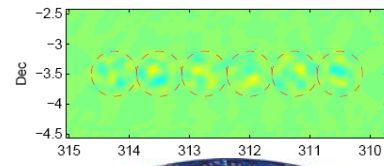
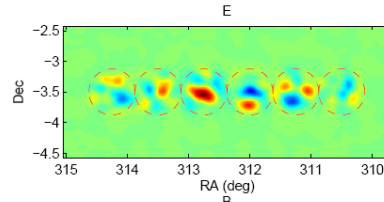
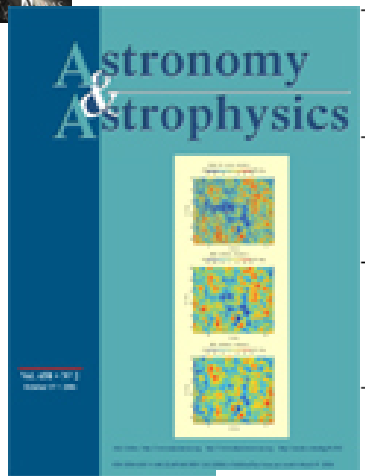




Current state
October 06
Polarization
a Frontier



/ CIAR
/ CIAR
CITA **ICAT**



Measuring Cosmological Parameters (7++) from Data+Theory

how much ordinary matter in U? $\Omega_b = 0.045 \pm 0.003$
agrees with Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

how much dark matter which clusters
in U? Big Bang relics $\Omega_{\text{cdm}} = 0.225 \pm 0.03$

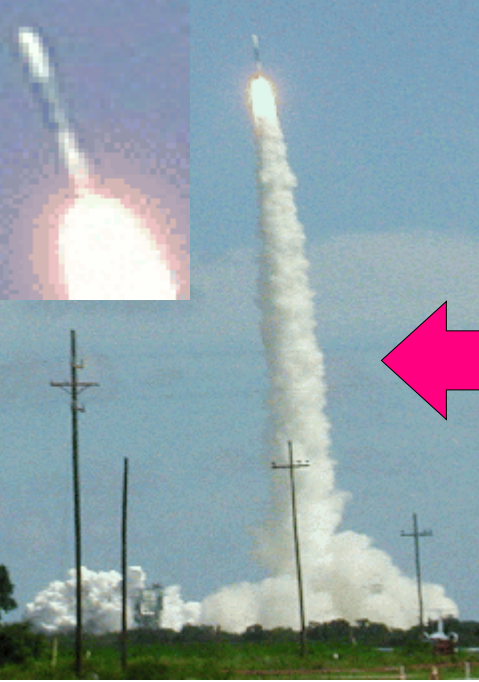
how much dark energy which does not
cluster in U? $\Omega_\Lambda = 0.73 \pm 0.03$
greatest mystery in physics. dynamics?

how curved are U?

$$\Omega_{\text{tot}} = \Omega_b + \Omega_{\text{cdm}} + \Omega_\Lambda = 1.02 \pm .02 \quad \begin{array}{l} 1.0000 \\ \text{simple} \end{array}$$

how old are U? 13.7 ± 0.1 billion yrs inflation

how big are U? $>$ Horizon (?)

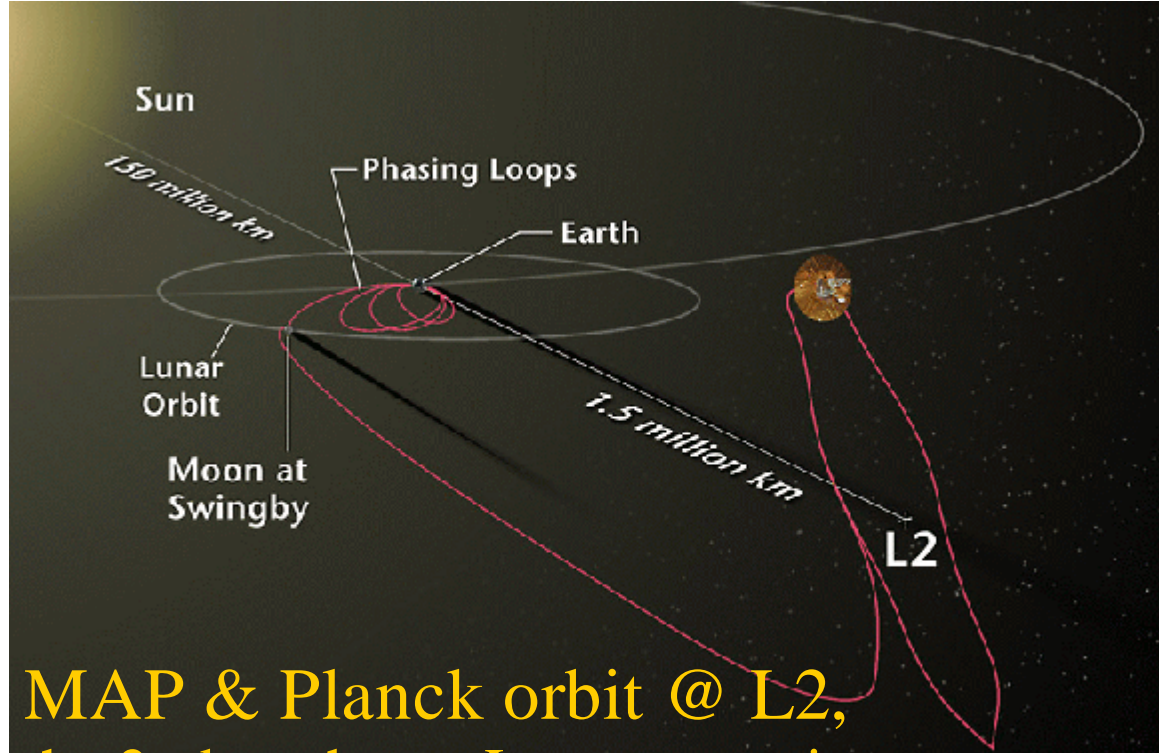
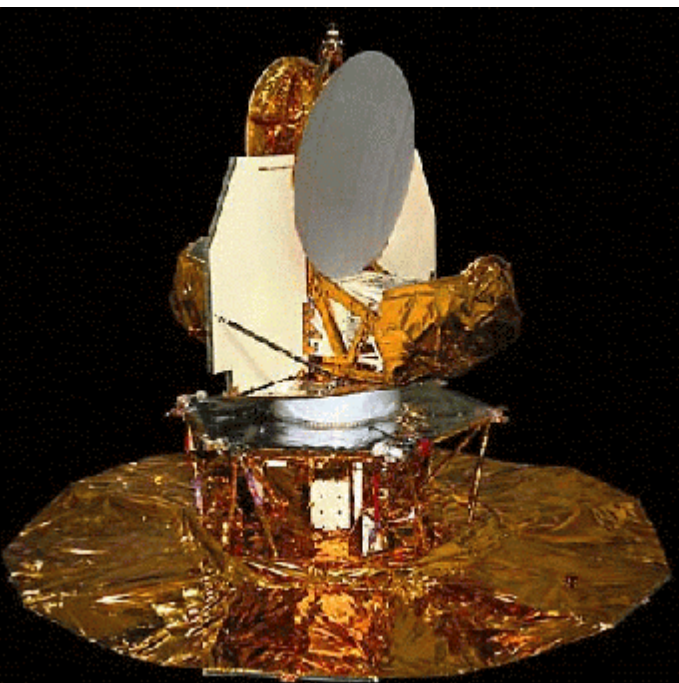
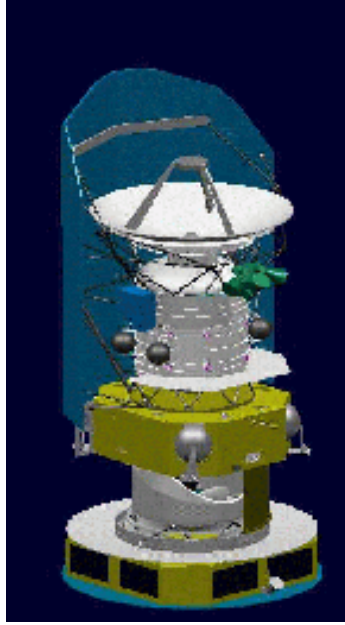


Forecasts of precision on 9 “standard model” parameters

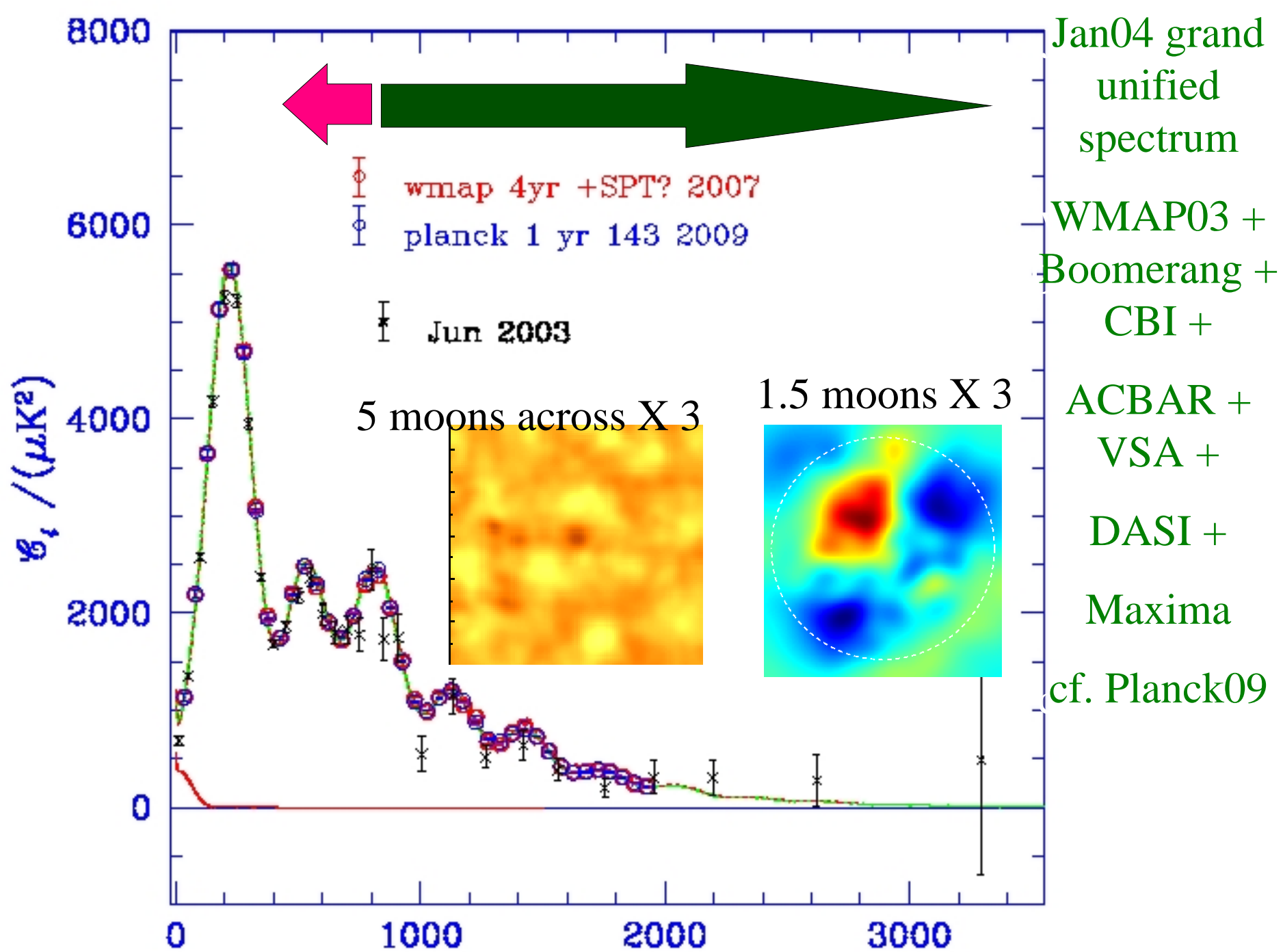
WMAP4 3/9 to ± 0.01 , 7/9 to ± 0.1

← WMAP4+gnd 6/9 to ± 0.01 , 9/9 ± 0.1

Planck1 2008+ 7/9 to ± 0.01 , 9/9 →



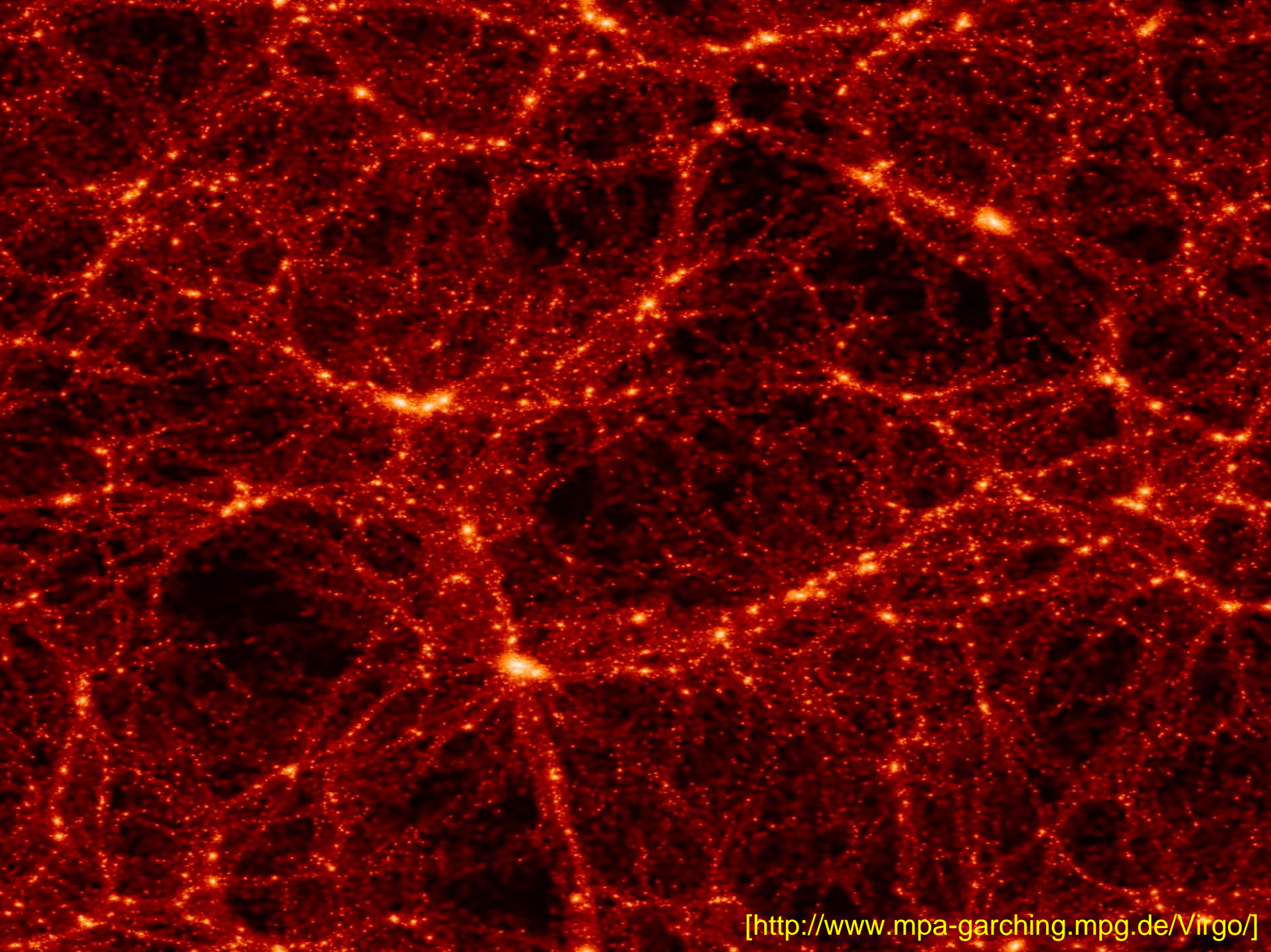
MAP & Planck orbit @ L2, the 2nd earth-sun Lagrange point



massively parallel computations in Canada @CITA

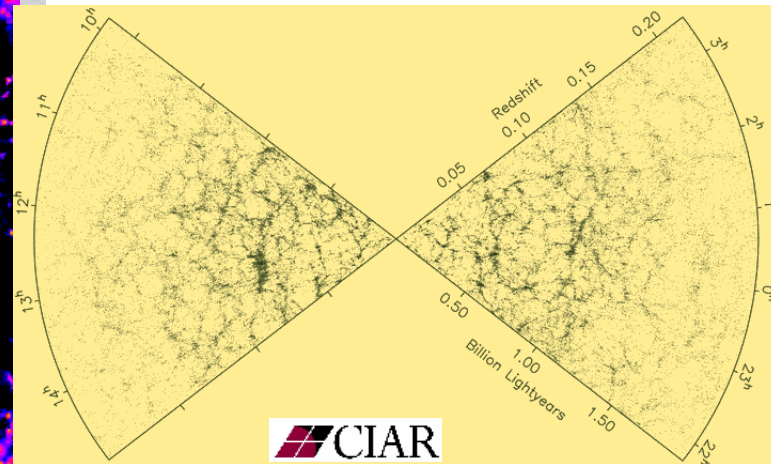
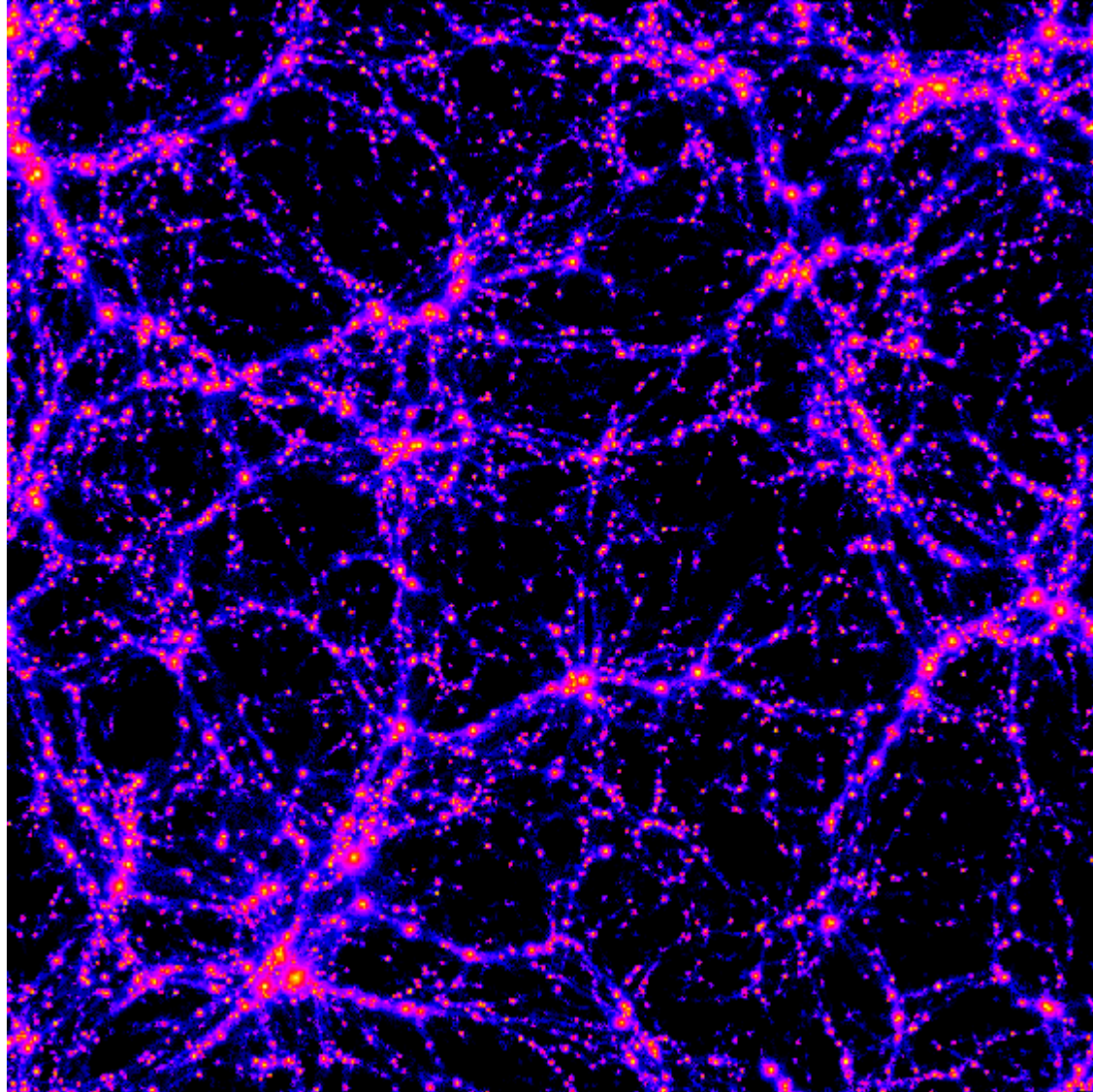


Bob+Doug Mackenzie beowulf cluster: 536 Intel processors.
Jun03, 38th in the world. Simulation of theory / analysis of data



Cosmic Web & Superclustering: a natural consequence of the gravitational instability of a hierarchical Gaussian random density field

**clusters,
filaments,
membranes
& voids**



$z = 0.00$
 $t = 1.00$

GAS TEMPERATURE

Lambda CDM, 400 Mpc Box

10^4 K



10^9 K

1.2 billion light years across gas+dark
matter simulation of cosmic structure
evolution

- biggest in 2002 CFI (SharcNet)

new >> simulations at CITA & SciNet07

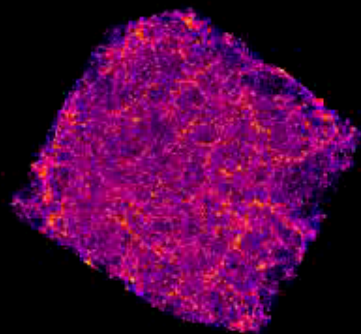
512^3 Gas 512^3 Dark Particles
James Wadsley, Gasoline

$z = 0.00$
 $t = 1.00$

GAS TEMPERATURE

Lambda CDM, 200 Mpc Box

10^4K  10^9K



512^3 Gas 512^3 Dark Particles
James Wadsley, Gasoline

“IT from BIT”

FATE U inflate (again)

a cold death? reheat/rebirth?

NOW 14 Gyr 1

Pythagoras formed

Galaxies Cluster
Cosmic “web” of vast filaments + membranes

Life forms on earth

9 Gyr 1.4

Carbon/oxygen/etc form

Galaxies form

2 Gyr 4

**The ‘Meaning’ may change
But the facts will remain**

Inflation fluctuations form: quantum jitter

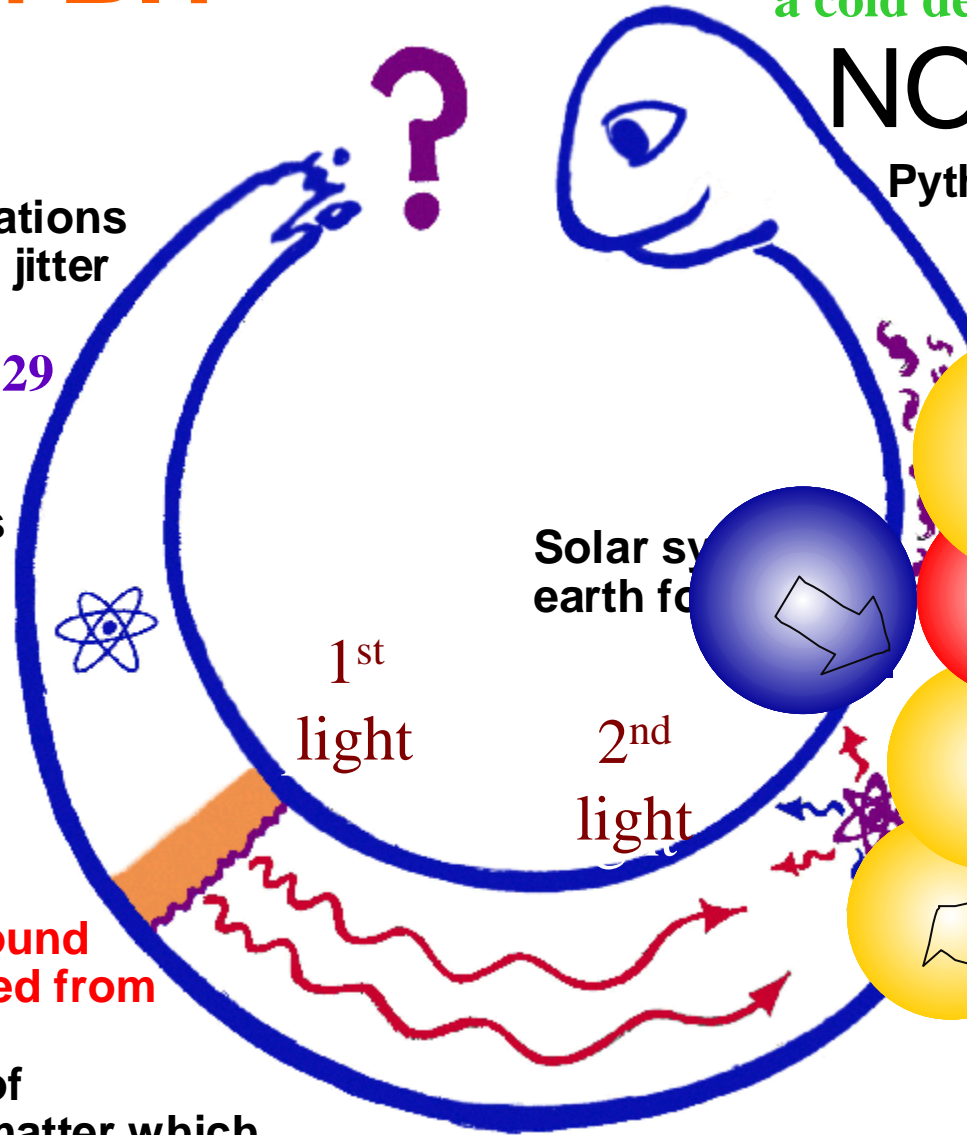
10⁻³⁷ sec 10²⁹

Protons/Neutrons form

Helium forms
100 sec 10⁹

Cosmic background radiation released from matter
carries imprint of fluctuations in matter which grow to generate galaxies etc.

0.4 Myr 1100



Ω_Λ (time, space)

Then (10^{-37} s) inflation &

Now (13.7×10^{-37} yr)

dark energy mystery

our UofT/CITA/CIAR future:

to the early & late Universe

thru Experiment + Theory
(CMB+Lens+SN+clusters)

