

Constraining Trajectories of Dark Energy Inflatons @Miami08

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What is the Universe made of?

NOW: baryons + (cold-ish) dark matter + dark energy/inflaton + tiny curvature energy (+light neutrinos+photons). ??a bit of strings/textures/PBHs??

THEN: coherent inflaton /“vacuum” energy + zero-point fluctuations in all fields & then preheat via mode coupling to incoherent cascade to thermal equilibrium soup

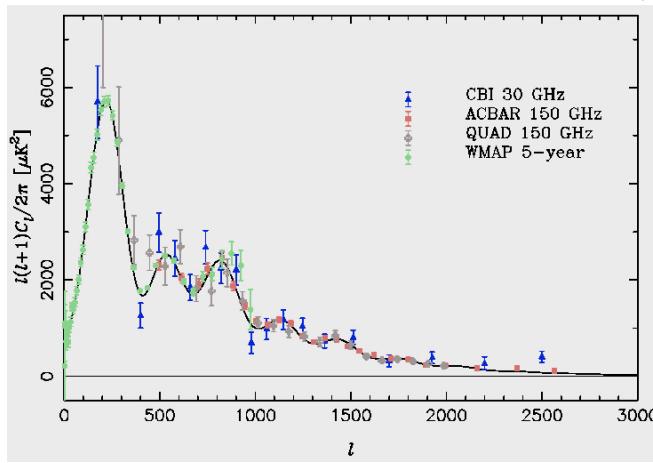
very early U early to middle to now U **very late** U

string theory/landscape/higher dimensions

inflation cyclic baryogenesis dark matter BBN γ dec **dark energy**

$V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

$K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?



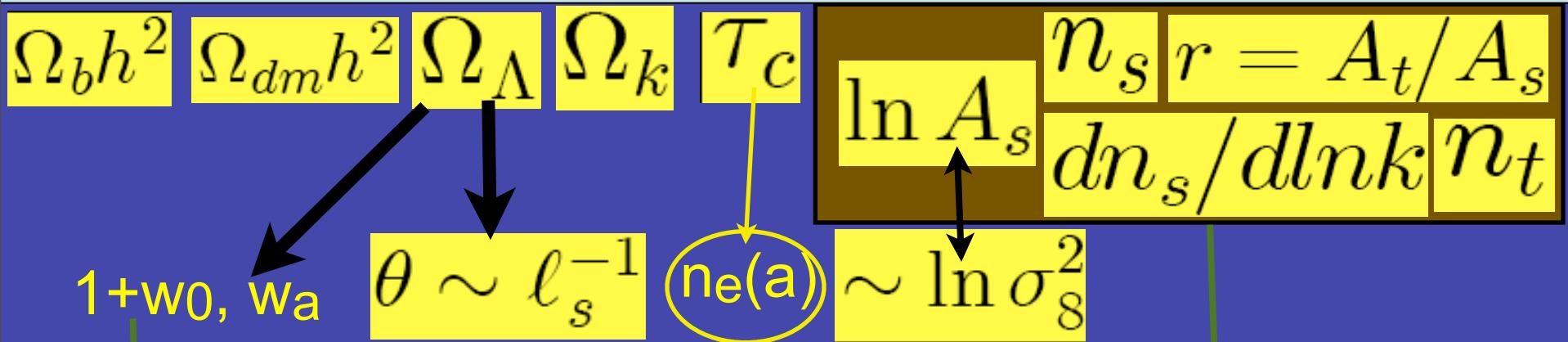
$V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

$K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

cosmic mysteries

n_b/n_γ ρ_{dm}/ρ_b $z_{\text{eq}}/z_{\text{rec}}$ ρ_{curv} $\rho_{\text{de}}/\rho_{\text{dm}}$ $\rho_{\text{de}} \sim H^2 M_{\text{Planck}}^2$ $\rho_{\text{mv}}/\rho_{\text{stars}}$

Standard Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation



New Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation: early-inflaton & late-inflaton trajectories (& reionization histories)

$$\begin{aligned}\varepsilon_\phi &= (1+w(a)) \times 3/2 = -d \ln \rho_\phi / d \ln a / 2 \\ \varepsilon_s f(a/a_{\Lambda \text{eq}}; a_s/a_{\Lambda \text{eq}}; \zeta_s) &\end{aligned}$$

$$\ln P_s(\ln k) \quad \& \quad r(k_p)$$

$$\& \ln P_t(\ln k)$$

Blind trajectory analysis cf. data, then & now
expand $\varepsilon(\ln k)/\varepsilon_\phi(\ln a)$ in localized mode fns
e.g., Chebyshev/B-spline coefficients ε_b

$$\varepsilon_\phi(\ln k), k \sim H a \quad \& \quad \ln H(k_p)$$

+ subdominant

ε_b -measures: “theory prior” = informed prior?

isocurvature/ cosmic string/ tSZ ...

dark matter abundance $\Omega_m = 0.268 +.012 -.012$

	January 2000	January 2002	June 2002	January 2003	March 2003
$\Omega_{\text{cdm}} h^2$	$0.198^{+0.088}_{-0.080}$	$0.130^{+0.031}_{-0.028}$	$0.124^{+0.026}_{-0.025}$	$0.125^{+0.021}_{-0.022}$	$0.111^{+0.010}_{-0.010}$

CMB-only history (weak-h prior). LSS-then drove to near current

$$\Omega_{\text{dm}} h^2 \quad \mathbf{0.1145 + -0.0023 \text{ CMBall+WL+LSS+SN+Lya}}$$

$$\Omega_b h^2 \quad \mathbf{0.0233 + - 0.0005}$$

$$\rho_{\text{dm}}/\rho_b = 5.1$$

Ω_Λ	$0.34^{+0.28}_{-0.24}$	$0.52^{+0.17}_{-0.20}$	$0.53^{+0.17}_{-0.19}$	$0.57^{+0.14}_{-0.19}$	$0.73^{+0.06}_{-0.10}$
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CMB-only history (weak-h prior). LSS-then drove to near current value

dark energy abundance $\Omega_\Lambda = 0.736 +.012 -.012$

& $H_0 = 72 + - 1 \quad \text{CMBall+WL+LSS+SN+Lya}$

$$\rho_m/\rho_{de} = .30$$

$\epsilon = -d\ln H/d\ln a = 1 + q$: now $= 3/2 [\Omega_{m0} + (1+w)(1-\Omega_{m0})] \sim 0.40?$, to 0?



Constraining Trajectories of Dark Energy Inflatons

Inflation Now $\varepsilon_\phi(a) = \varepsilon_s f(a/a_{\Lambda\text{eq}}; a_s/a_{\Lambda\text{eq}}; \xi_s)$

$\varepsilon_\phi = -d\ln\rho_\phi / d\ln a / 2 \sim 0$ now, to $\varepsilon = -d\ln\rho_{\text{tot}} / d\ln a / 2 \sim 0$ to 2, 3/2, ~.4

cf. $w(a)$: w_0, w_a ; w in z-bands or z-modes; $\varepsilon(a)$: in modes, jerk

~1 good e-fold. only ~2 params. priors matter

Inflation Then $\varepsilon(k) = (1+q)(a) = \text{mode expansion in resolution } (\ln Ha \sim \ln k)$
 $\sim r/16$ (Tensor/Scalar Power & gravity waves) ~ 10 good e-folds CMB+LSS

Cosmic Probes Now CMB(Apr08), CFHTLS SN(Union 307), WL, LSS/BAO, Ly α

Cosmic Probes Then JDEM-SN + DUNE-WL + Planck1

Zhiqi Huang, Bond & Kofman 09 $\varepsilon_s = -0.03 + -0.28$ now, inflaton (potential gradient)²

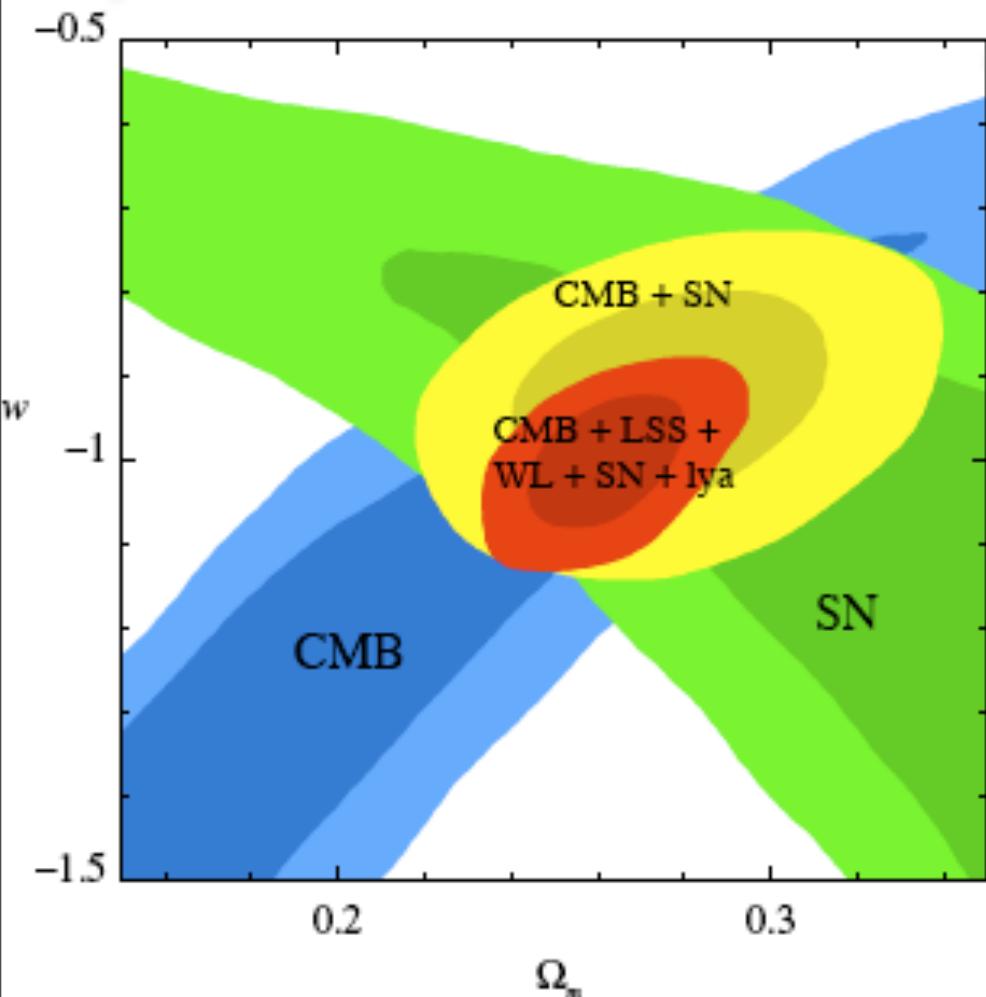
to +0.07 then Planck1+JDEM SN+DUNE WL, weak $a_s < 0.36$ now <0.21 then

Measuring $w(a) = p/\rho$ (SNe+CMB+WL+LSS+Ly α)

$$w(a)=w_0$$

$$1+w_0 = -0.0 \pm 0.06$$

- $\varepsilon_{\phi 0} = 3(1+w_0)/2 = 0.0 \pm 0.09$ if constant



$$w(a)=w_0+w_a(1-a)$$

$$1+w_0 = -0.01 \pm 0.19$$

$$w_a = 0.0 \pm 0.6-0.8$$

- $\varepsilon_{\phi 0} = -0.015 \pm 0.3$ if a-linear model

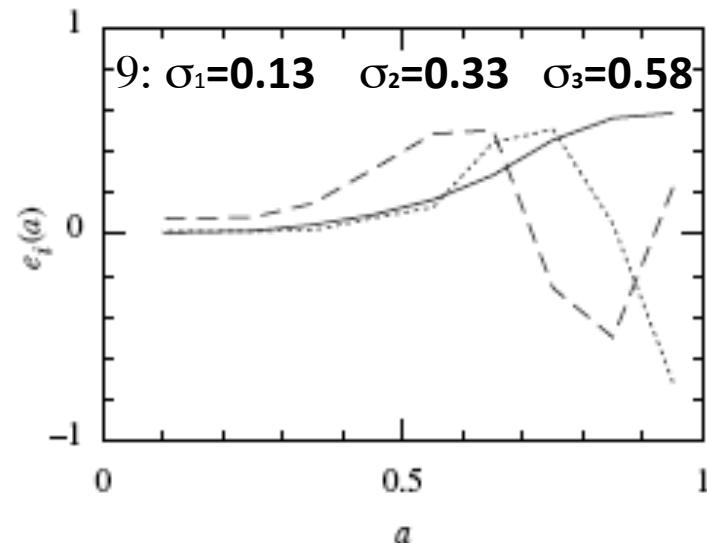
piecewise parameterization

4,9,40 modes in redshift

9 & 40 into Parameter eigenmodes

data cannot determine >2 EOS parameters

DETF Albrecht et al 06, Crittenden et al 06, hbk08



40: $\sigma_1=0.15$ $\sigma_2=0.36$ $\sigma_3=0.61$

➤ Cosmological Constant ($w=-1$)

$$V \sim \exp[..\psi], \text{ ratra, peebles 88,}$$

➤ Quintessence

$$\psi^{-p} = 1, 2, 4.., V_0 + ..\psi^p = 1, 2, 4..,$$

$V(\psi)$ ($-1 \leq w \leq 1$)

➤ Phantom field
KE < 0 & $V(\psi)$
($w \leq -1$)

$$V_{\text{pNGB}} \sim \sin^2 \psi / 2f, \text{ kaloper, sorba 05, 08 dutta, sorbo 06}$$

➤ Tachyon fields
($-1 \leq w \leq 0$)

$$V \sim \exp[..\psi^2] \psi^{-p}, \text{ brax, martin 99}$$

$V_{\text{holes}}, V_{\text{branes}},$

➤ K-essence: KE not quadratic

$$(V_0 + ..[\psi - \psi_0]^2), ..$$

& much more

$$\varepsilon_\phi(a) = (1+w)^{2/3}$$

$$= -d \ln \rho_\phi / d \ln a / 2$$

$$\varepsilon_V(a) = (d \ln V / d \psi)^2 / 4$$

partial blind search constrain eigenmodes

map ε_ϕ -trajectories for varying V onto eigenmodes

informed but non-exhaustive search

$$\varepsilon_s = (d \ln V / d \psi)^2 / 4 @ \text{pivot } a_{\text{eq}} \text{ yes}$$

$$\zeta_s = \pm 1.001 d^2 \ln V / d \psi^2 / 4 @ a_{\text{eq}} \text{ no}$$

$$\zeta_s = d \ln \varepsilon_s / d \ln a^{1/2} @ a_{\text{eq}}$$

Old view: Theory prior = delta function of THE correct one and only theory

New: Theory prior = probability distribution of late-flows on an energy LANDSCAPE

1980

R^2 -inflation

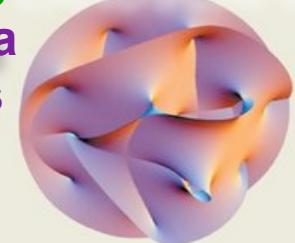
Old Inflation

Chaotic inflation

New Inflation

Power-law inflation

6/7 tiny extra dimensions



Double Inflation

SUGRA inflation

Radical BSI inflation

variable M_P inflation

Extended inflation

1990

Natural pNGB inflation

Hybrid inflation

SUSY F-term inflation

SUSY D-term inflation

Assisted inflation

Brane inflation

2000

SUSY P-term inflation

Super-natural Inflation

K-flation

2003 KKLT

$D3 - D7$ inflation

N-flation

DBI inflation

ekpyrotic/
cyclic

Racetrack inflation

Tachyon inflation

Warped Brane inflation

Roulette inflation Kahler moduli/axion



3-parameter formula

$$\ddot{\phi} + 3H\dot{\phi} + V'(\phi) = 0$$

+ Friedmann Eqn+DM+B

$$\theta \equiv \begin{cases} \sin^{-1} \frac{\dot{\phi}}{\sqrt{2\rho_\phi}} \\ \sinh^{-1} \frac{\dot{\phi}}{\sqrt{2\rho_\phi}} \end{cases}$$

$$w(a) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1 + \frac{2\epsilon_s}{3} \left\{ \frac{\left(\frac{a_s}{a}\right)^{3-3.6a_s|\epsilon_s|(1-\Omega_{m0})}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\epsilon_s}{3|\epsilon_s|} \left(\frac{a_s}{a}\right)^{6-7.2a_s|\epsilon_s|(1-\Omega_{m0})}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{|\epsilon_s|}} \right. \\
 & + \left[\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{a_{eq}}{a}\right)^3} - \left(\frac{a_{eq}}{a}\right)^3 \ln\left(\left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^3}\right) \right] (1 - \zeta_s) \\
 & + 0.36\epsilon_s(1 - \Omega_{m0}) \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^2}{1 + \left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^4} \left[0.9 - 0.7 \frac{a}{a_{eq}} - 0.045 \left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^2 \right] \\
 & \left. + \frac{2\zeta_s}{3} \left[\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^3} - 2\left(\frac{a_{eq}}{a}\right)^3 \left(\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}}\right)^3} - 1 \right) \right] \right\}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

accurate fits to slow-to-moderate roll & even wild rising baroque late-inflaton trajectories + **thawing & freezing** trajectories. **non-oscillating**

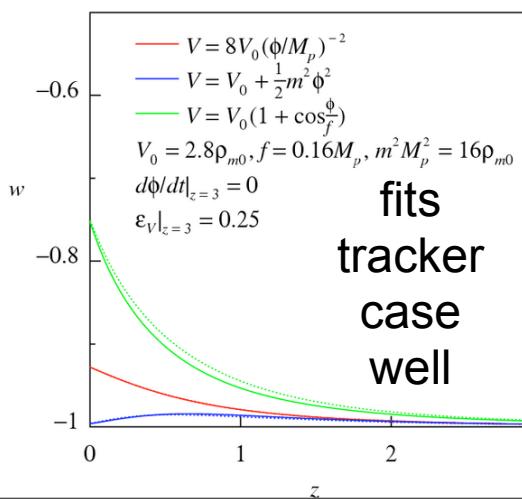
where

- ~15% thawing, 8% freezing, with flat priors

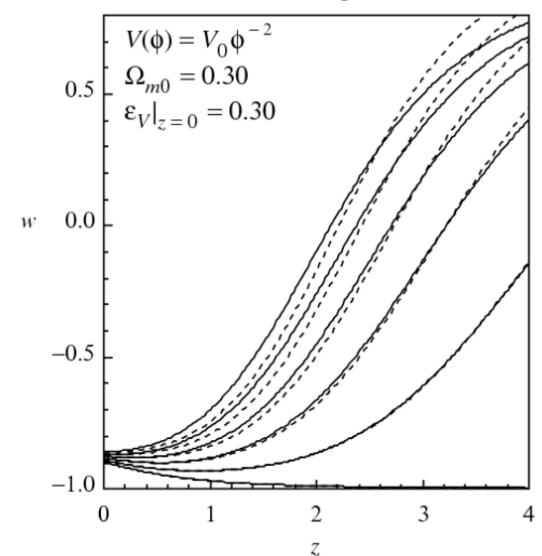
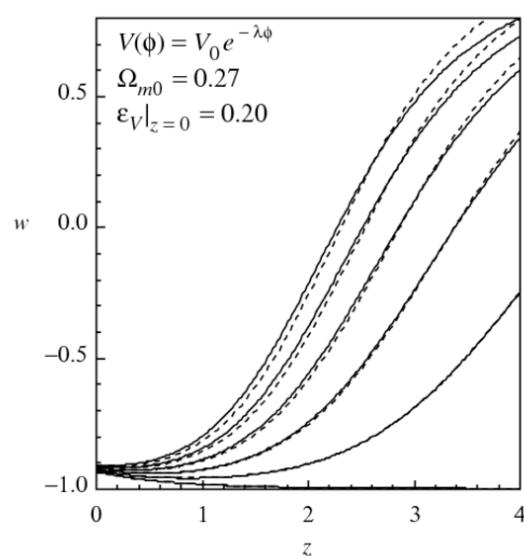
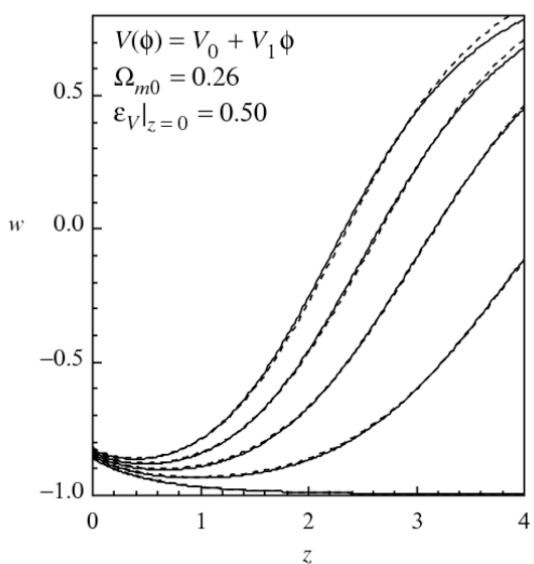
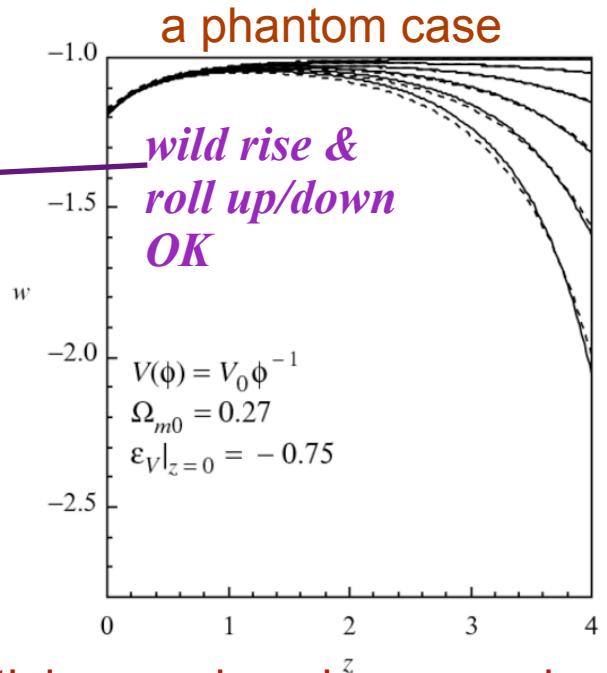
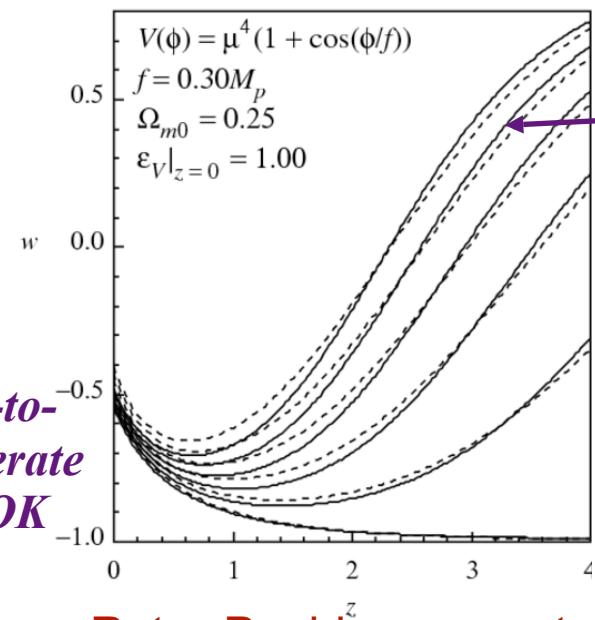
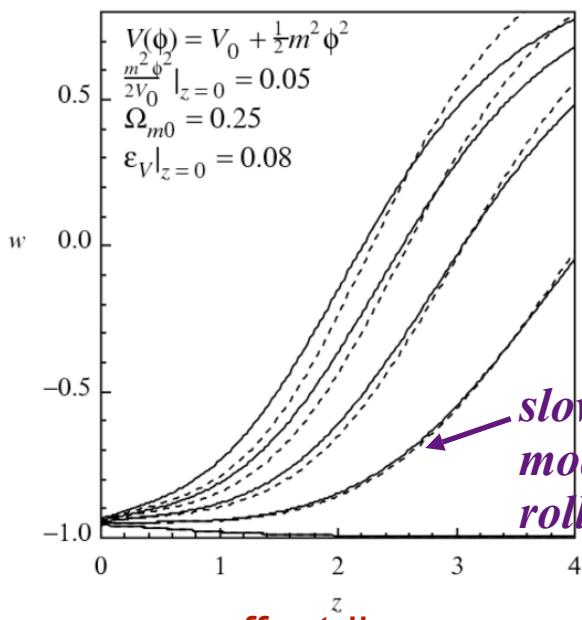
$$a_{eq} \equiv \left(\frac{\Omega_{m0}}{1 - \Omega_{m0}} \right)^{\frac{1}{3[1 - 0.36\epsilon_s(1 - \Omega_{m0})]}}$$

$$a_s \geq 0$$

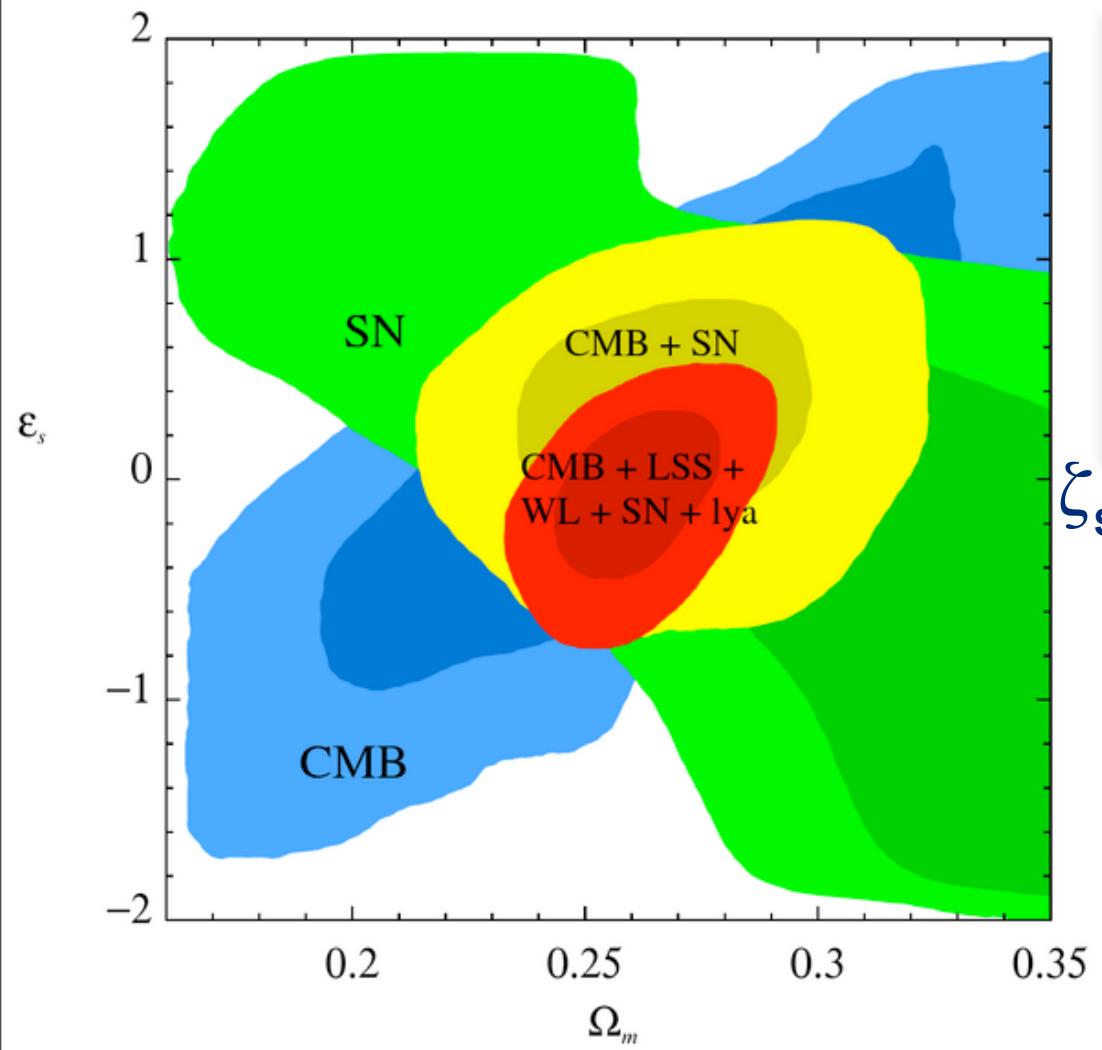
$$\sqrt{|\epsilon_V|} = \sqrt{|\epsilon_s|} \left[1 + \zeta_s \left(\left(\frac{a}{a_{eq}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1 \right) \right] \quad -1 < \zeta_s < 1$$



sample $w(z)$ -trajectories for $V(\psi)$, back-integrate now to then
an offset-quadratic mass case a pNGB phase case a phantom case



measuring ε_s ζ_s $a_s=0$ tracking (SNe_{union}+CMB wmap5+acbar+cbi5yr+b03+WL_{cfhtls+cosmos}+LSS_{sdssRG+2dF}+Ly_a)



$$\varepsilon_s = (\frac{d \ln V}{d \psi})^2 / 4 \text{ @pivot } a_{eq}$$

$$\varepsilon_s \quad .01 + .25 -.28 \quad 1$$

$$-.03 + .21 -.25 \quad 3$$

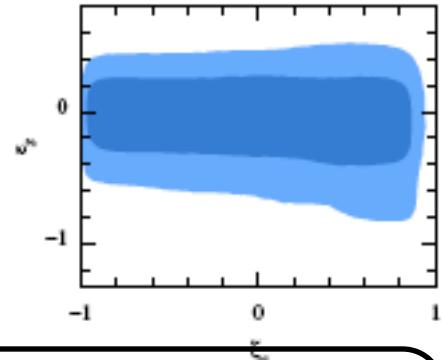
$$-.03 + .26 -.30 \quad 2$$

$$\zeta_s = +1.001 d^2 \ln V / d \psi^2 / 4 \text{ @pivot } a_{eq}$$

$$\zeta_s = d \ln \varepsilon_s / d \ln a \times 1/2 \text{ @pivot } a_{eq}$$

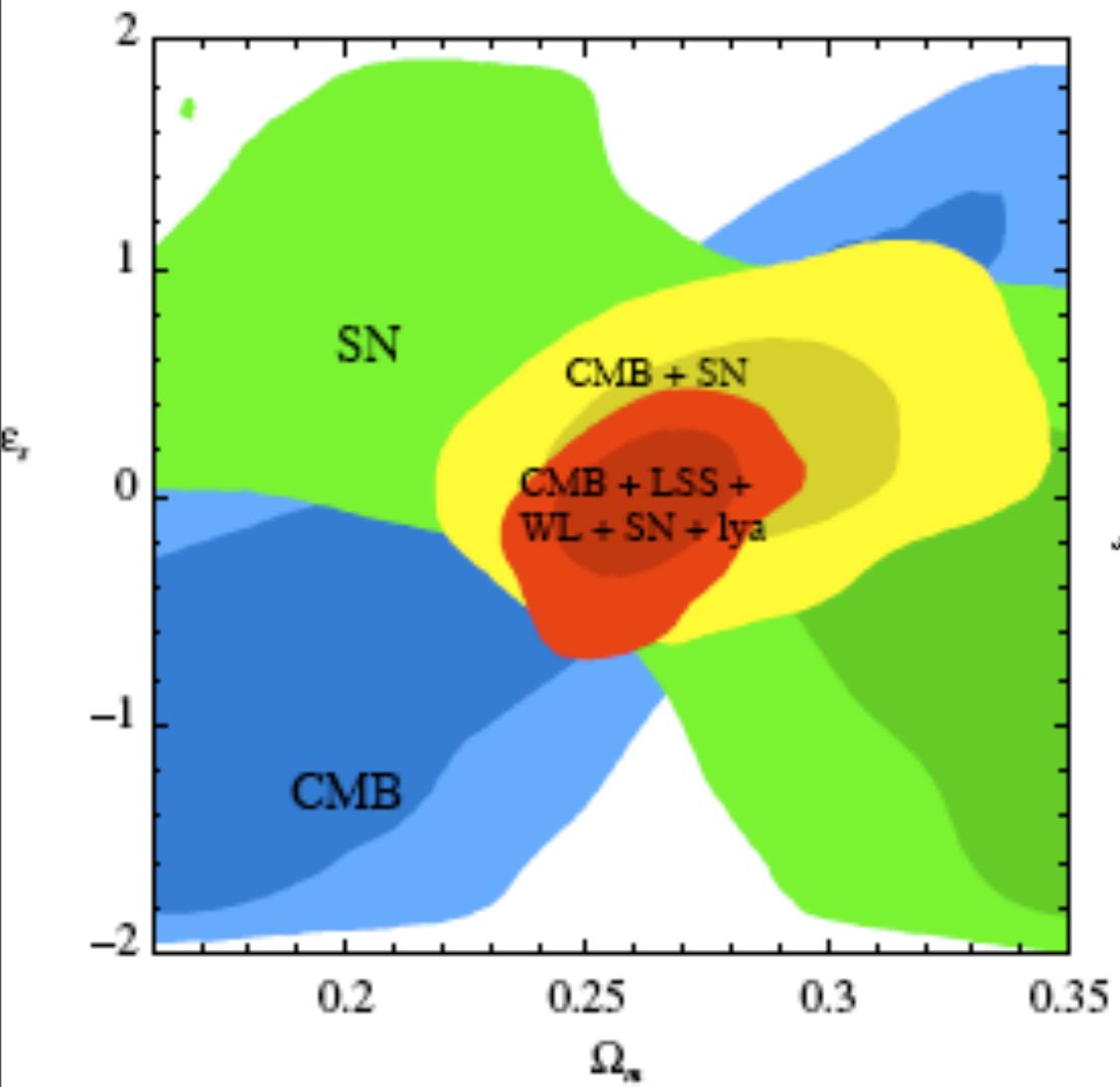
ill-determined now

$$\frac{0.1^{+0.6}_{-0.7}}$$

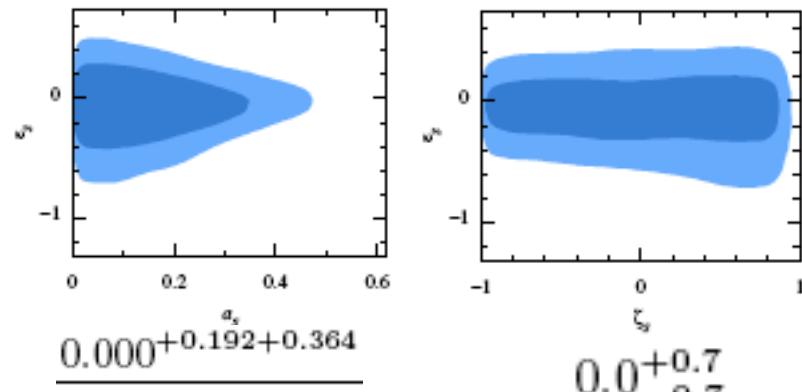


→ cannot reconstruct the quintessence potential, just the slope ε_s & ~hubble drag

measuring ε_s a_s ξ_s scaling+tracking SNe_{union}+CMB wmap5+acbar+cbi5yr+b03+WL_{cfhtls+cosmos}+LSS_{sdsssRG+2dF}+Ly α)



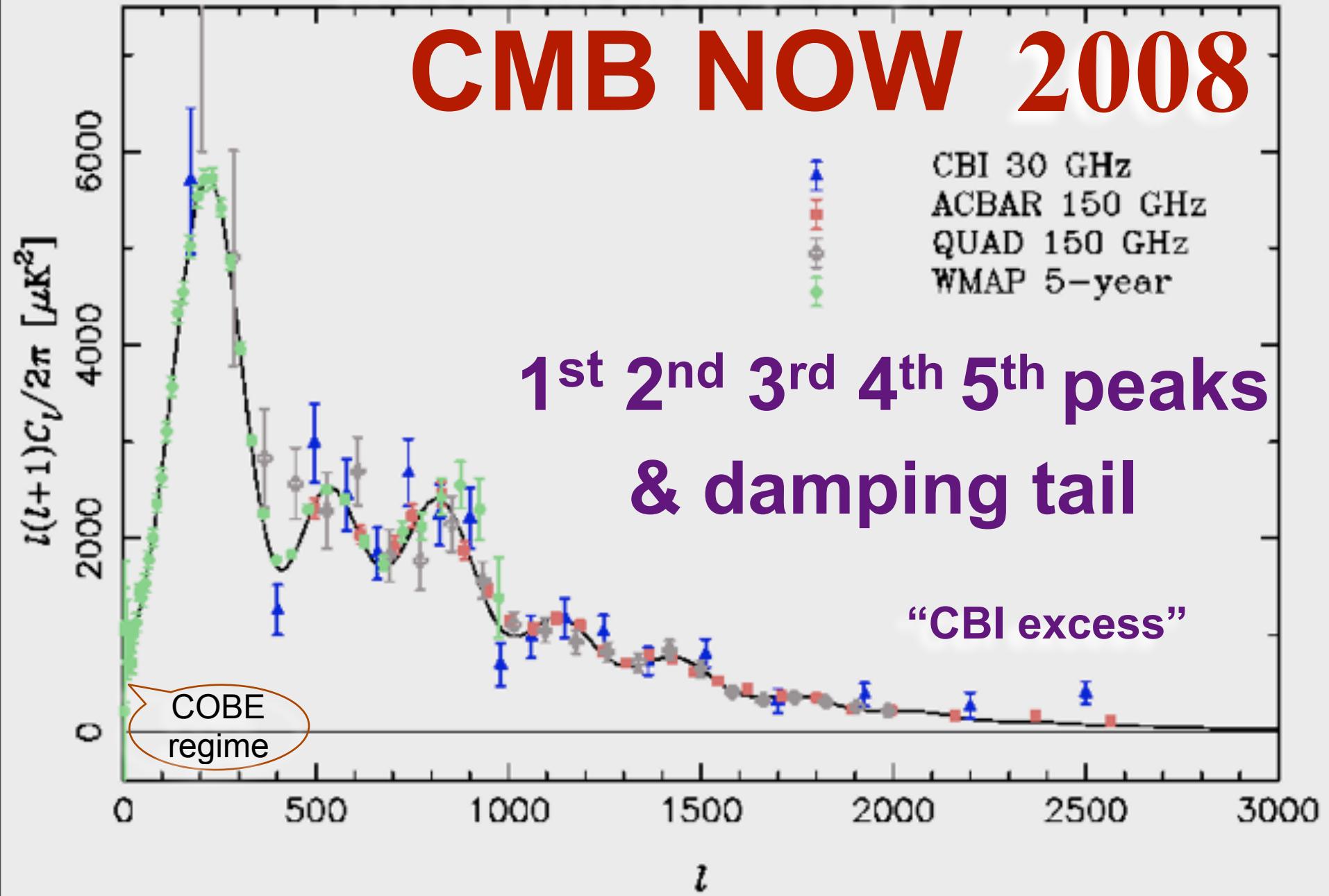
ε_s	.01	+.25	-.28	1
	-.03	+.21	-.25	3
	-.03	+.26	-.30	2



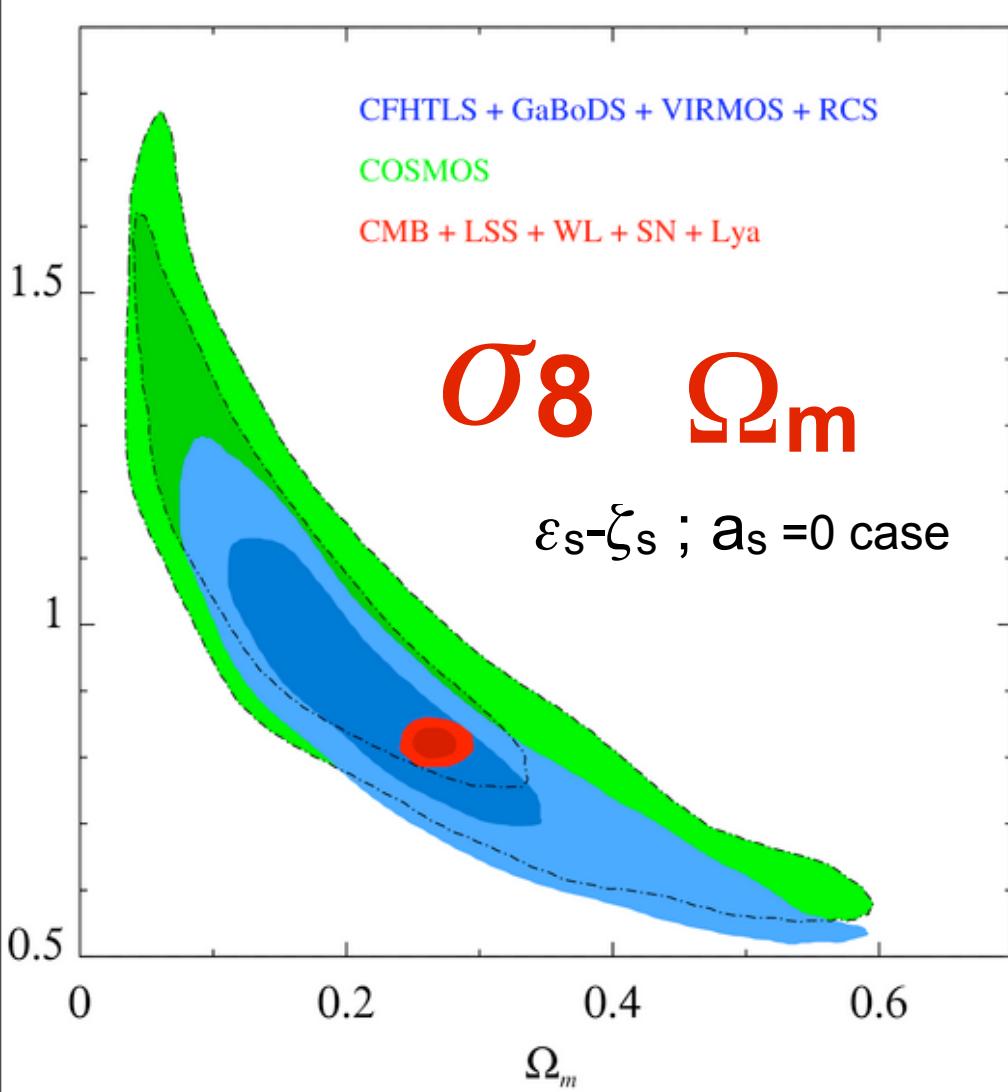
modified CosmoMC with Weak Lensing, SZ, SN,CMB, bias & $w(a)$ slow-to-moderate-roll trajectories & various priors

cannot reconstruct the quintessence potential, just the slope ε_s & ~hubble drag

CMB NOW 2008

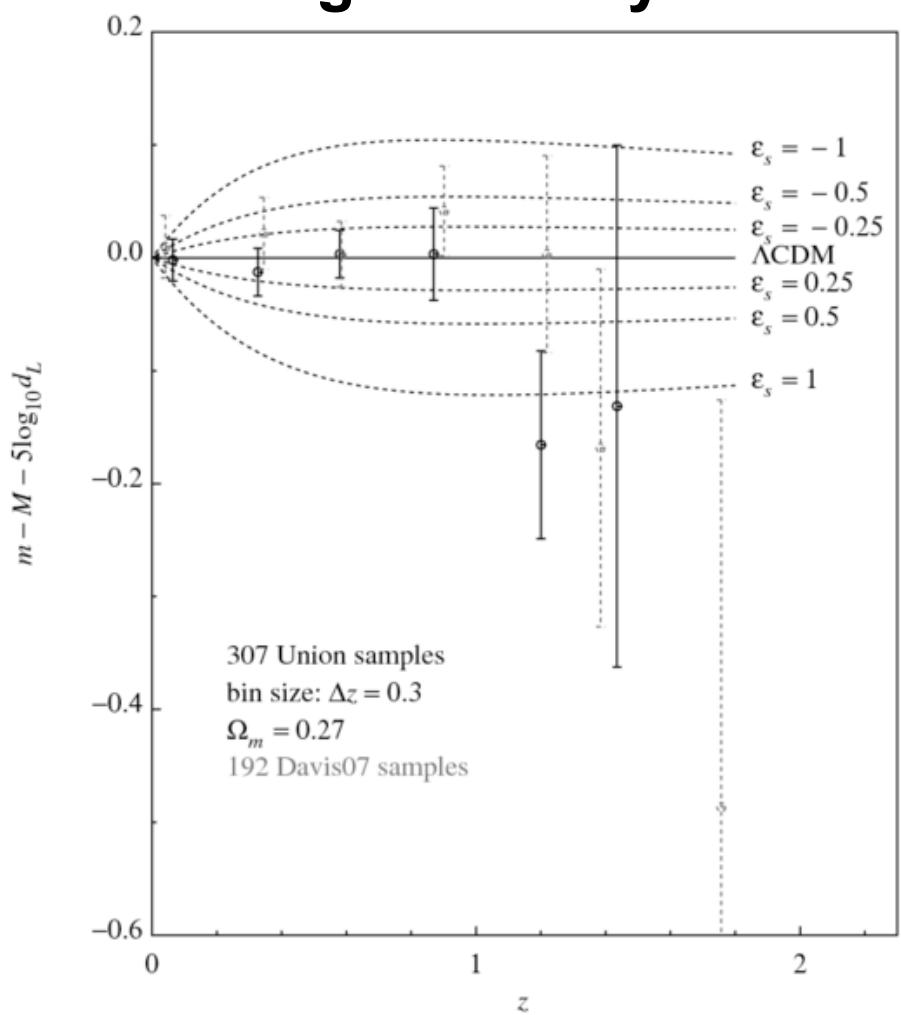
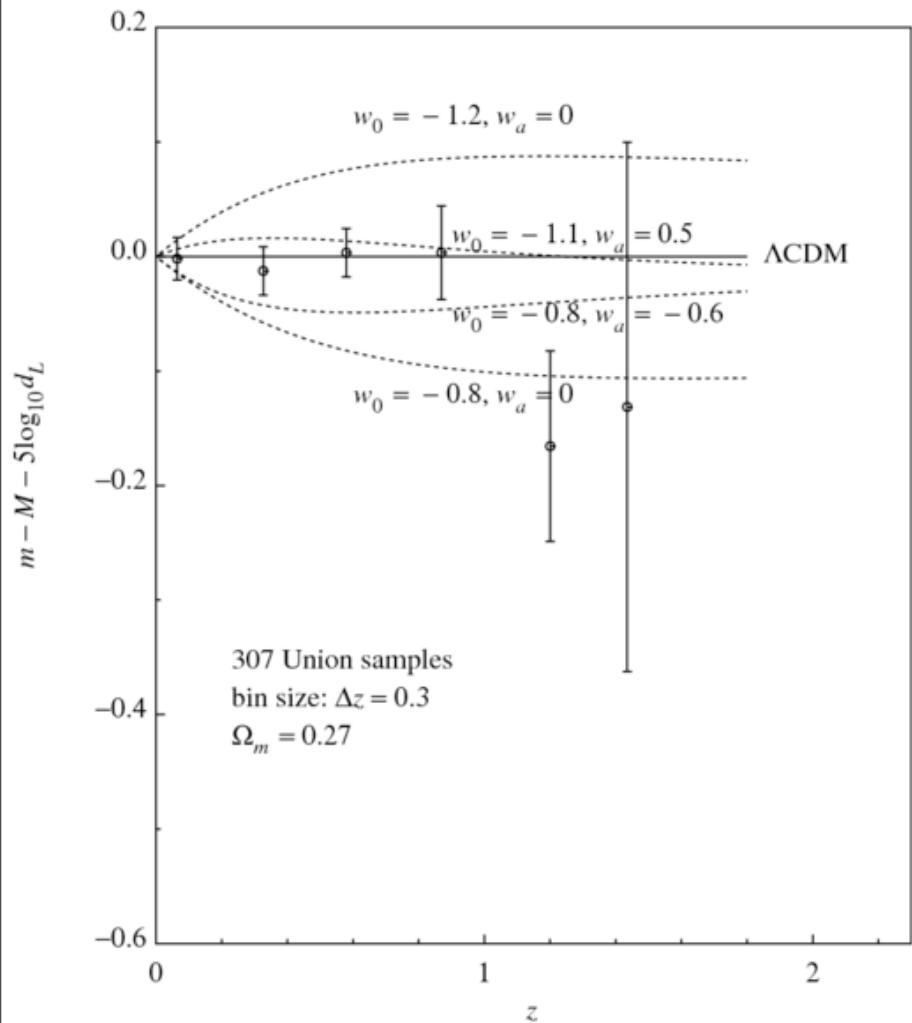


Weak Lens now: CFHTLS-wide(22sq deg)+GaBoDS (13) +Virmos-Descart(8)+RCS1(53) Apr07+ & COSMOS07



case	Ω_m	σ_8
LCDM	0.265+-0.011	0.828+-0.015
w0	0.265+-0.013	0.829+-0.025
w0-wa	0.265+-0.014	0.831+-0.027
$\epsilon_s-\zeta_s$	0.265+-0.013	0.829+-0.024
$\epsilon_s-\zeta_s-a_s$	0.265+-0.013	0.832+-0.025
recent weak lensing “alone”		
CFHTLS	0.26+	0.83+.04-.05
	cf.	0.80+.05-.05
COSMOS	0.26+	0.88+-0.07-0.08
	cf.	0.87+-0.074
recent SZ CBexcess “cmb-alone”		
CBI+Acbar+Bima σ_8 SZ ~.95+.05 +-0.05		
<i>planck1+jdem+dune .260+-0.004 .809+-0.004</i>		
<i>$\epsilon_s-\zeta_s$ case a_s-indep & $\epsilon_s = -0.00+0.07-0.06$</i>		

SN1a now: Union sample 307 Apr08, partially unified. CFHT SNLS3 ~Jan09, ~4 x SNLS1, calibrated, systematic errors included. Low z from Carnegie in ~0.5yr

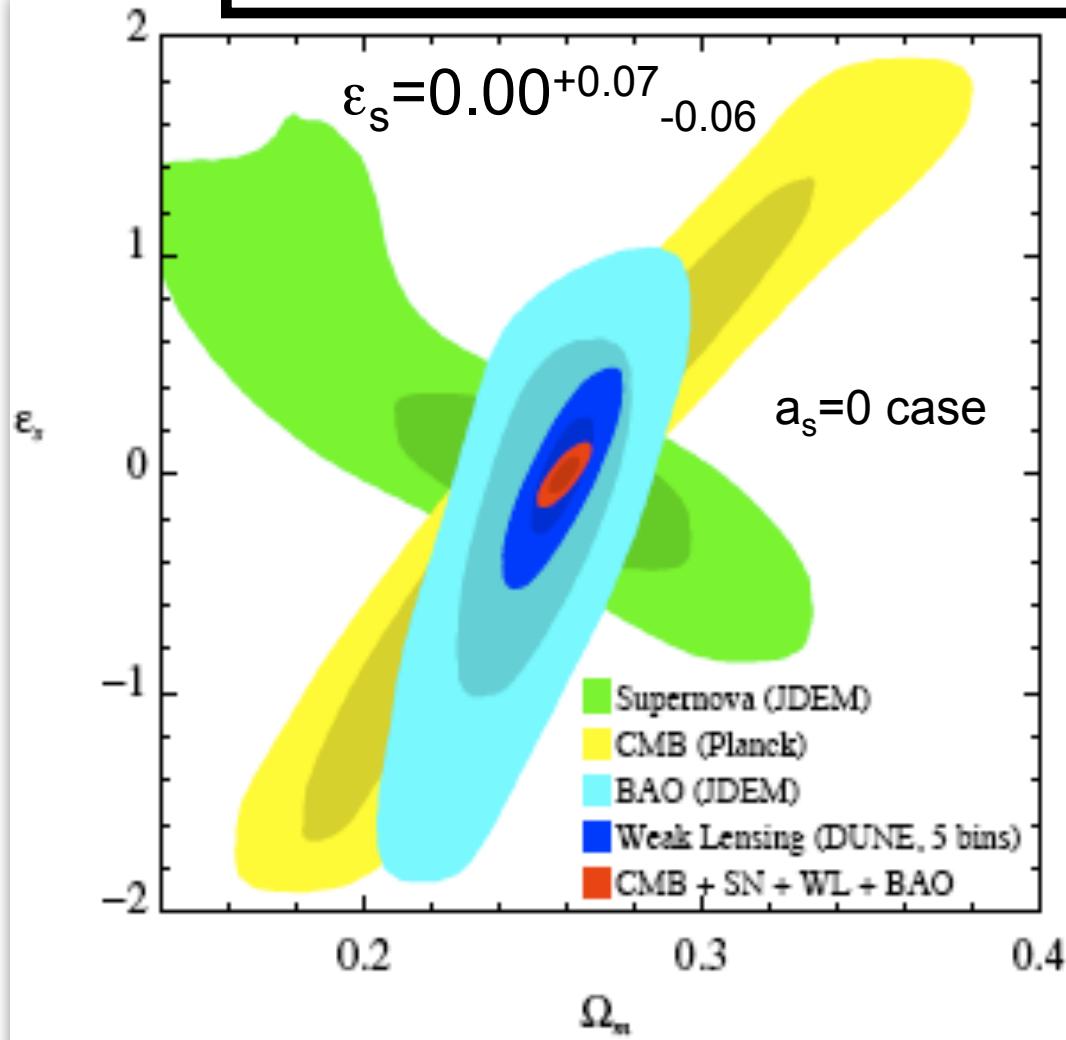


**INFLATION
NOW
PROBES
THEN**

Beyond Einstein panel: LISA+JDEM

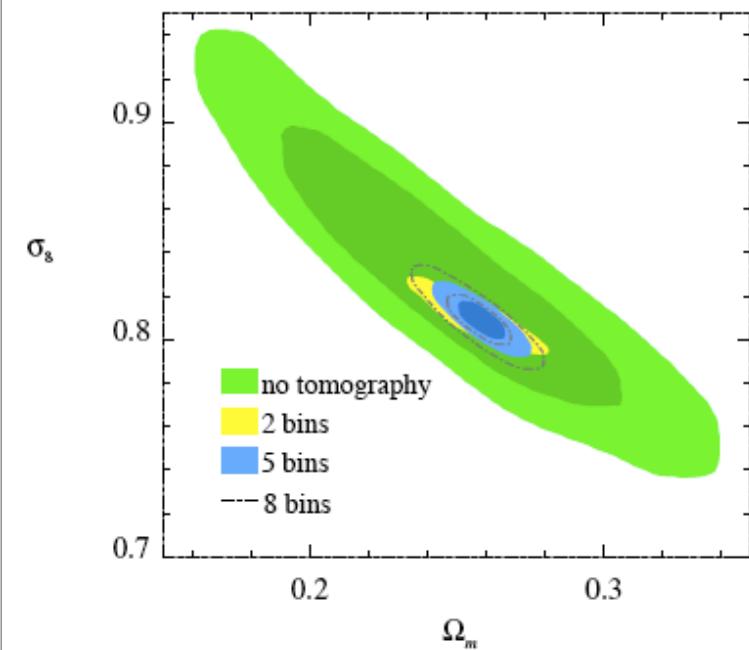
Forecast: **JDEM-SN** (2500 hi-z + 500 low-z)

+ **DUNE-WL** (50% sky, gals @ $z = 0.1-1.1$, 35/min 2) + **Planck1yr**
now **ESA /Eucid** **ESA (+NASA/CSA)**



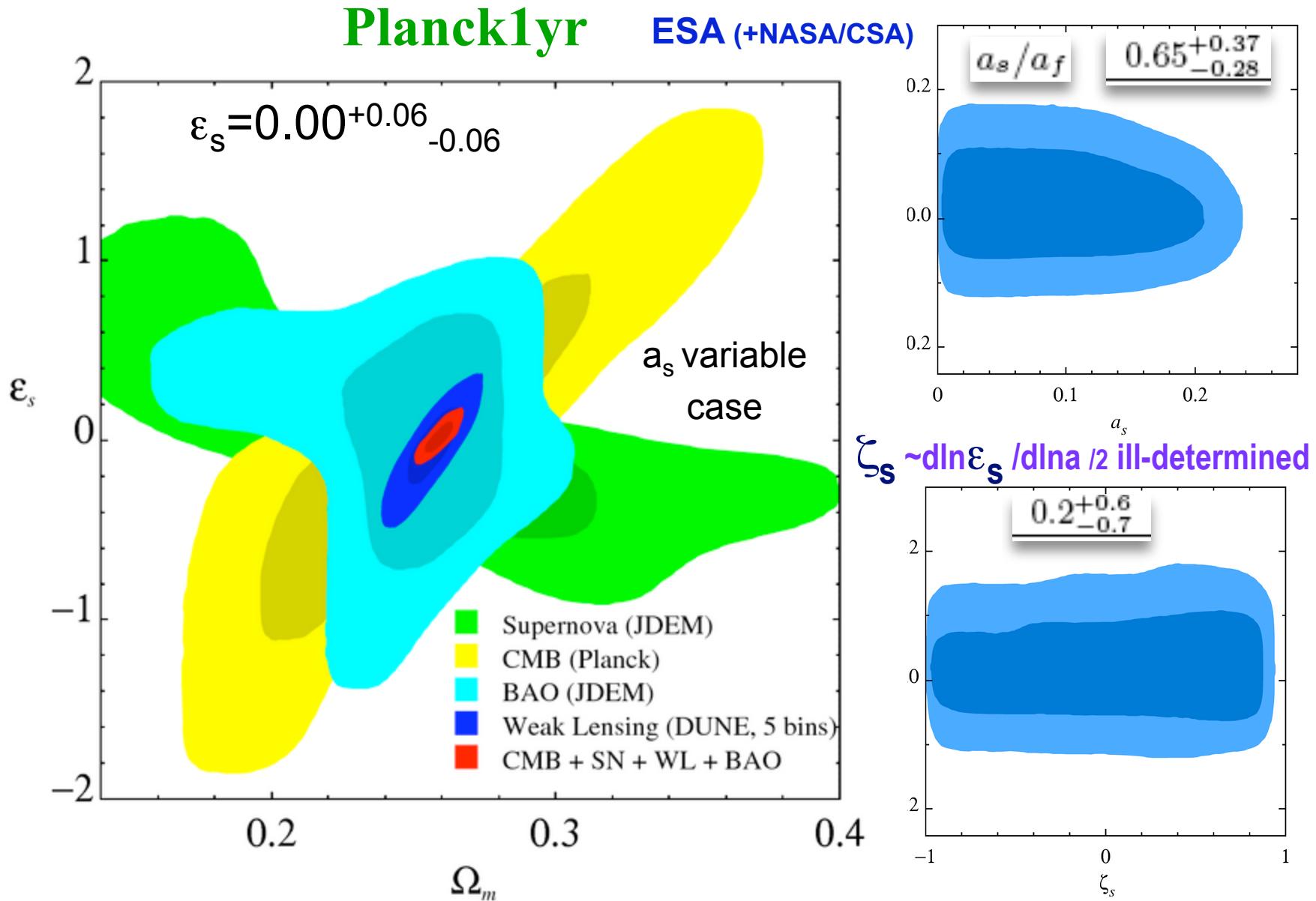
$\zeta_s \sim d\ln \epsilon_s / d\ln a / 2$ ill-determined

$$0.1^{+0.6}_{-0.7}$$



cannot reconstruct the quintessence potential, just the slope ϵ_s & ~hubble drag

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inflation *string theory/landscape/higher dimensions* **dark energy**

$V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$? partial shape reconstruction

$K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

$$1 - n_s \sim 2\varepsilon_s + 4\xi_s \quad x.999 \text{ & } r \sim 16\varepsilon_s \text{ slow roll}$$

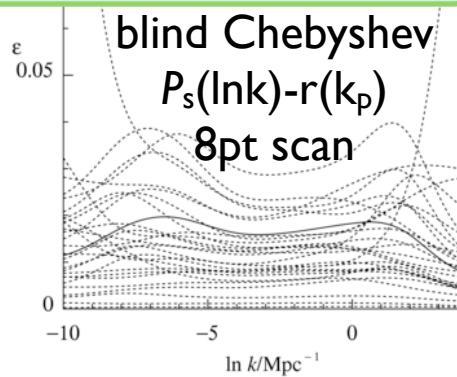
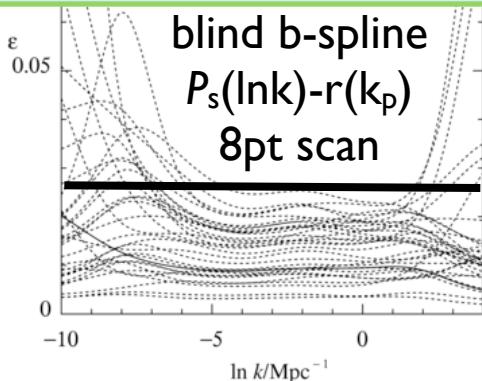
2 solutions: nearly uniform acceleration & small ξ_s

$$\varepsilon_s \sim .017 \pm .007; \quad \varepsilon_s < .025 \quad 95\% \text{ from } r$$

low energy inflation with tiny ε_s

$$2\xi_s \sim .017 \pm .007$$

errors go to $\pm .0012$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE



reconstruct gradient $V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?
 $K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

$$\varepsilon_s = (d \ln V / d \psi)^2 / 4 @ a_{\text{eq}}$$

$$\varepsilon_s \sim -.03 + .26 - .30$$

to $\pm .07$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE

$$\xi_s = \pm 1.001 d^2 \ln V / d \psi^2 / 4 @ a_{\text{eq}}$$

$$\xi_s \sim 0.1 + .6 - .7$$

to $.6 - .7$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE Λ CDM

to $+.3 - .3$ steep-ish $\exp[-\psi]$

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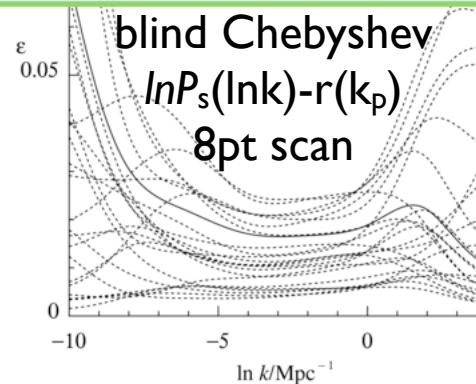
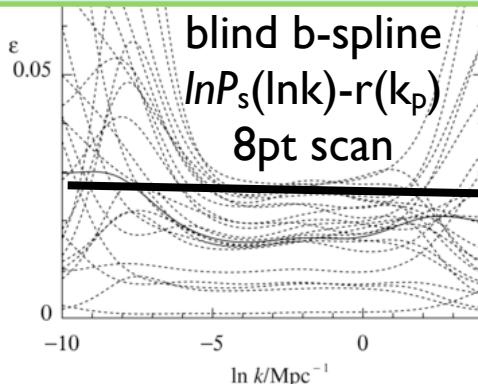
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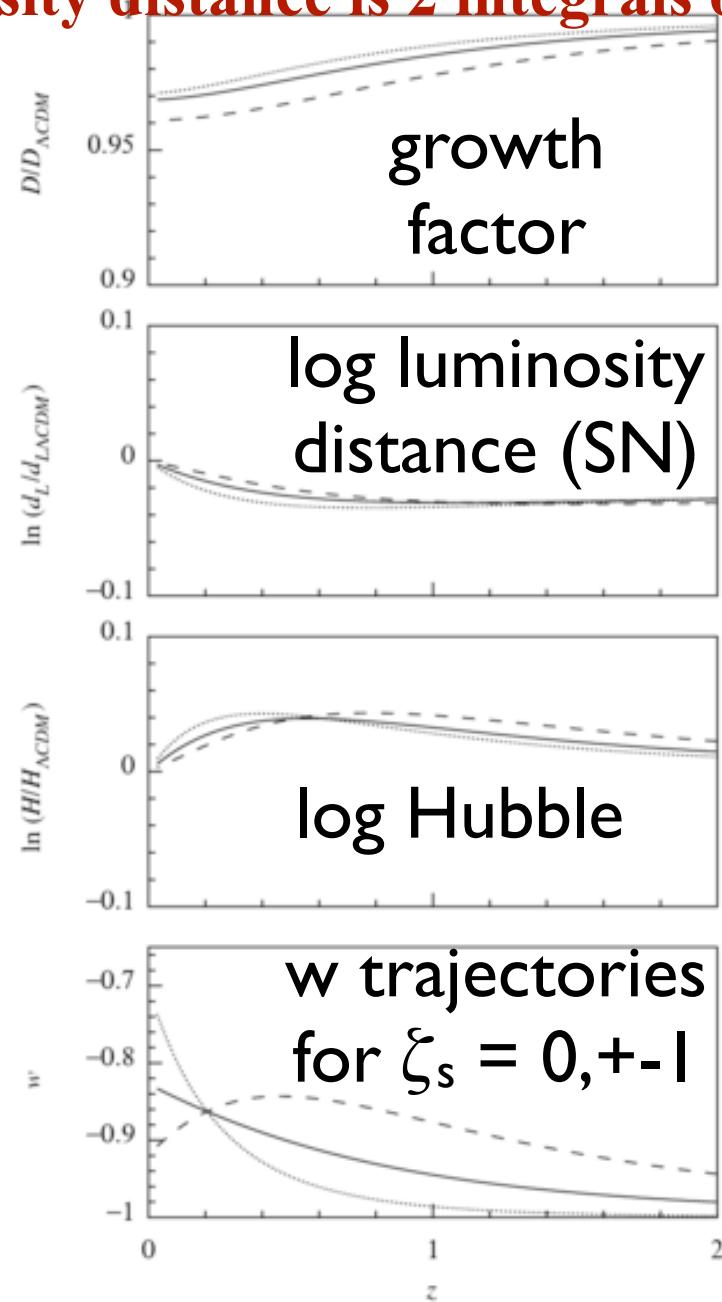
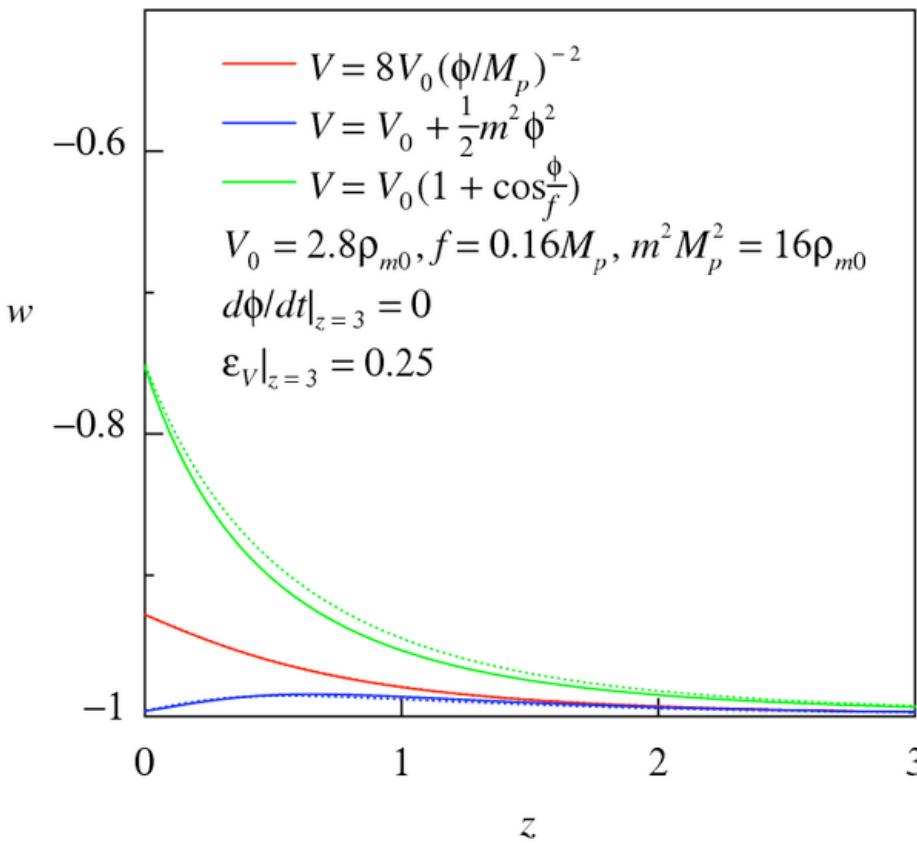
to $.6 - .7$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE ΛCDM

to $+.3 - .3$ steep-ish $\exp[-\psi]$

Why can't we measure the change of the slope, i.e., the effective mass of the potential? **w changes but the luminosity distance is 2 integrals of it.**

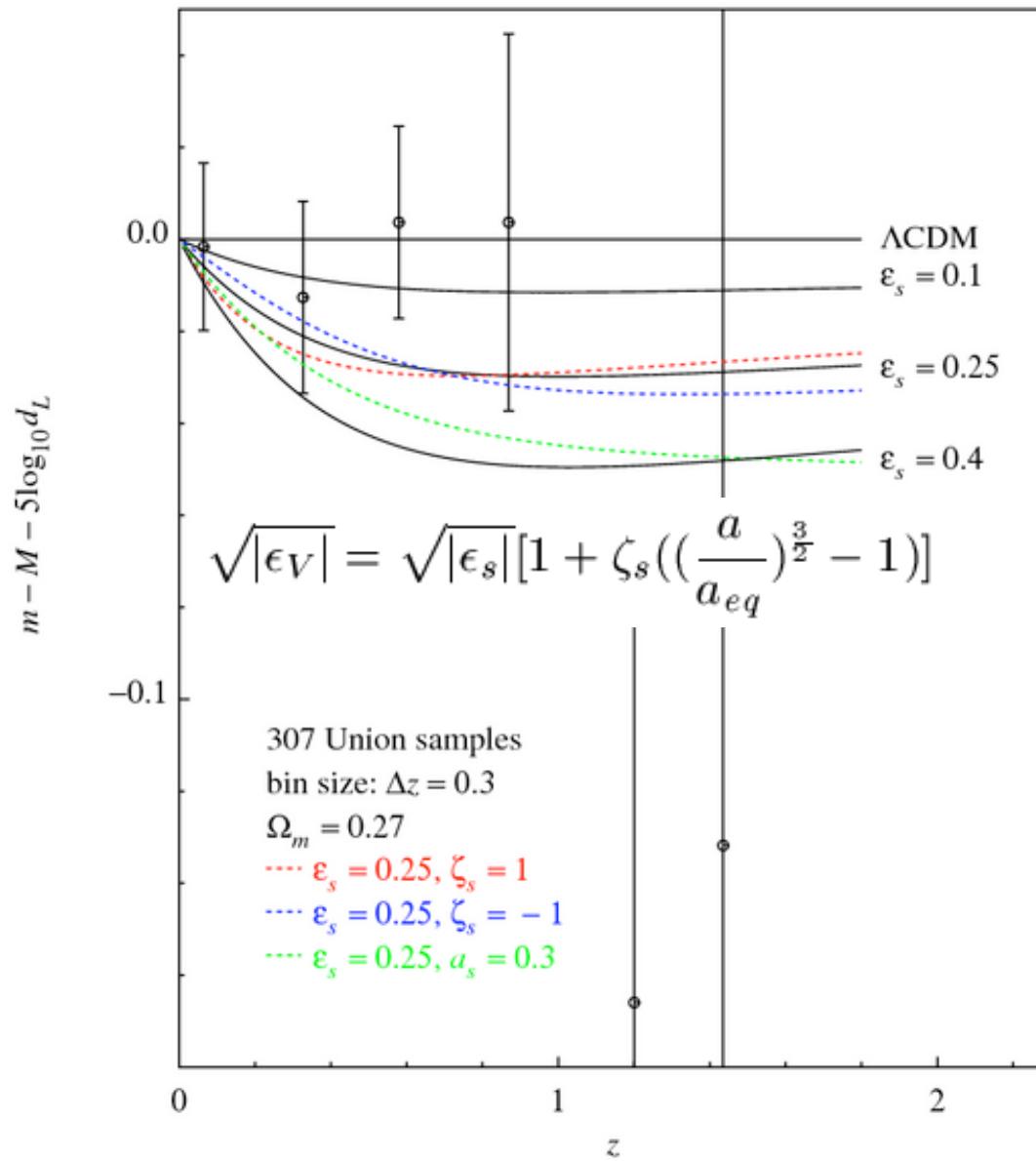
we fit w(z) for tracker potentials very well

$$\sqrt{|\epsilon_V|} = \sqrt{|\epsilon_s|} [1 + \zeta_s ((\frac{a}{a_{eq}})^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1)]$$



Why we can measure the 1st but not the 2nd derivative of the log-potential in

the Supernova 1a case => potential reconstruction very partial



DE interaction & 5th force?

e.g., action $\sim F(\phi, R) + L_m$, Jordan frame, cf. Einstein frame action $F = M_P^2/2 R$,
Jordan-Brans-Dicke/scalar-tensor $F = f(\phi)R/2 + d\phi d\phi/2 - V(\phi)$, dilaton $f = e^{2\phi/M_P}$

conformal transformation $\Omega^{-2} = dF / d(M_P^2/2 R)$ to Einstein frame

order parameter field $\psi = -\sqrt{6} \ln \Omega$ (replaces ϕ if $\Omega^{-2}(\phi)$ only)

ψ couples to $\rho_m - 3p_m$

chameleon is the dilaton-motivated one (**Khoury and Weltman 04,..., Kaloper 07**)

general dilaton-motivated coupling $\exp(2\beta_i \psi)L_{mi}$

phantom mimic: ρ_m has a correction to a^{-3} , interpret it as an addition to DE w,
which can give an apparent $w < -1$

solar system tests are an issue. strong constraints on β_i

m_i (ψ) (modified mass, dynamical (very low energy) higgs + std one). couples to ρ_m

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$K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

$$1 - n_s \sim 2\varepsilon_s + 4\zeta_s \times .9999 \text{ & } r \sim 16\varepsilon_s \text{ slow roll}$$

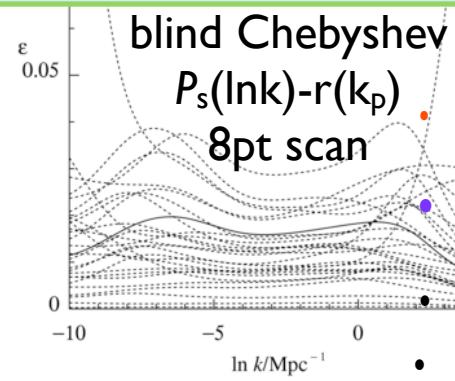
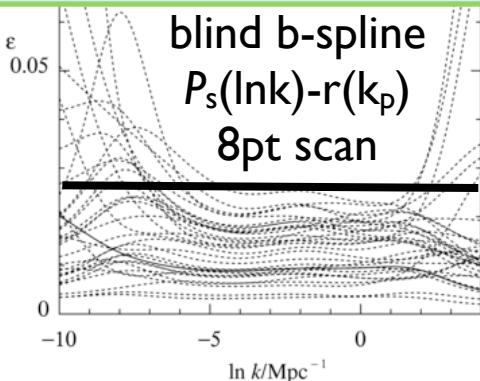
2 solutions: nearly uniform acceleration & small ζ_s

$$\varepsilon_s \sim .017 \pm .007; \varepsilon_s < .025 \text{ 95% from } r$$

low energy inflation with tiny ε_s

$$2\zeta_s \sim .017 \pm .007$$

errors go to $\pm .0012$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE



reconstruct gradient $V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?
 $K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$?

$$\varepsilon_s = (d \ln V / d \psi)^2 / 4 @ a_{\text{eq}}$$

$$\varepsilon_s \sim -.03 + .26 \pm .30$$

to $\pm .07$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE

$$\zeta_s = \pm 1.001 d^2 \ln V / d \psi^2 / 4 @ a_{\text{eq}}$$

$$\zeta_s \sim 0.1 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.7$$

to $.6 \pm .7; \pm .3$ Planck+JDEM+DUNE

$$a_s < 0.36 (z_s > 2.0) \rightarrow a_s < 0.21 (z_s > 3.7)$$

• we ignore z_{dec} and z_{bbn} constraints on $\Omega_Q(a)$
much further trajectory extrapolation needed.

prior sensitivity $\text{sqrt}(\varepsilon)$: $\varepsilon = 0.00 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.13$ &
 $\varepsilon > 0$ (since phantom is \sim baroque): $\varepsilon = 0.00 \pm 0.20$

late-inflaton field is $<$ Planck mass

coupled-DE 5th force constraints are strong

end