

# Approaching the Planck Era in ~6 wks

*status; impact of Planck on Planck era physics, early*

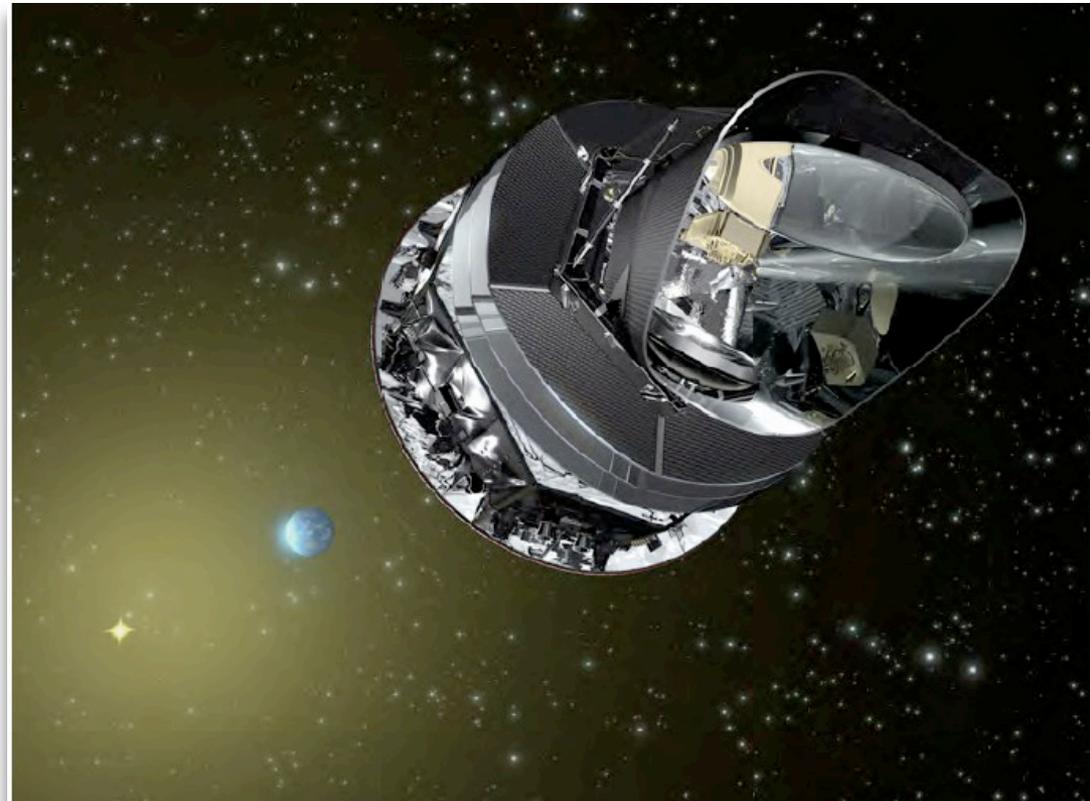
inflation  $n_s(k)$ , **GW: Tensor(k)**, subdominant isocurvature,  
cosmic strings, textures, **nonGaussian  $F_{NL}$**  + late inflation  $w(z)$

**Launch planned for  
April 16, 2009 12:30  
Local time (10:30am  
Eastern) from Kourou,  
French Guiana 4°N**

Herschel in Kourou Feb 11

Planck in Kourou Feb 18

Launch window in April: 1 hour per  
day; 2 days on, 2 weeks off to refill  
Herschel dewar



ESA /NASA /CSA Toronto HFI QLA/KST, TA, ... Barth & Dick, Marc-Antoine Miville-Deschenes, Carrie MacTavish, Brendan Crill, Olivier Dore, Mike Nolta, Peter Martin UBC LFI Douglas Scott et al.

**CBI** pol to Apr'05 @Chile **CBI2**

**QUaD** @SP

**Quiet1**

@Chile

**Quiet2**

1000 HEMTs

**Boom03**@LDB

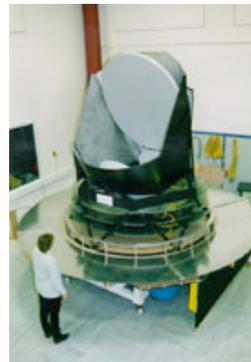
**Bicep** @SP

**Bicep2**

**Keck/Spud**

**WMAP** @L2 to 2009-2013?

**Planck09.3**



**EBEX**  
@LDB

**Spider**

2312 bolos  
@LDB



**DASI** @SP

**CAPMAP**

(52 bolometers)  
+ HEMTs @L2  
9 frequencies

**Herschel**

**CHIP**

**BLAST**

2004

2006

2008

**LHC**

2011

**Bpol**  
@L2

2005

2007

2009

**Acbar** to Jan'06, 08f @SP

**SPT**

1000 bolos

@SPole

**BLASTpol**

**Clover**

@Chile

**SZA**

@Cal



**APEX**

~400 bolos

@Chile

**ACT**

3000 bolos

3 freqs @Chile

**Polarbear**

300 bolos

@Cal/Chile

**AMI**

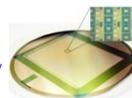


**GBT**

**SCUBA2**

12000 bolos

JCMT @Hawaii



**ALMA**

@Chile

**LMT**@Mexico



- Cryogenic system performed to specifications
- Bolometer transfer function measurement performed
- Spec is: 0.1% knowledge of transfer function!

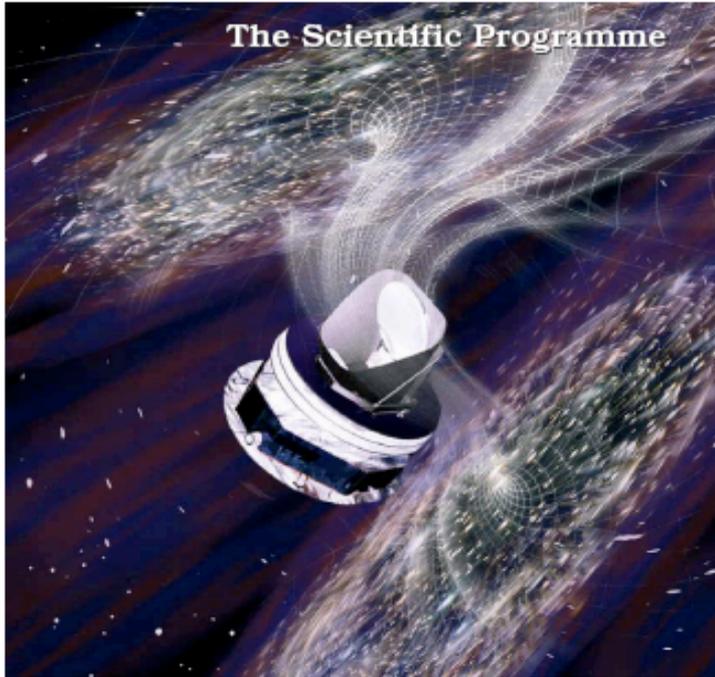
Planck fully integrated just before going into the big cryogenic test chamber at CSL in June 2008

Test finished in mid August

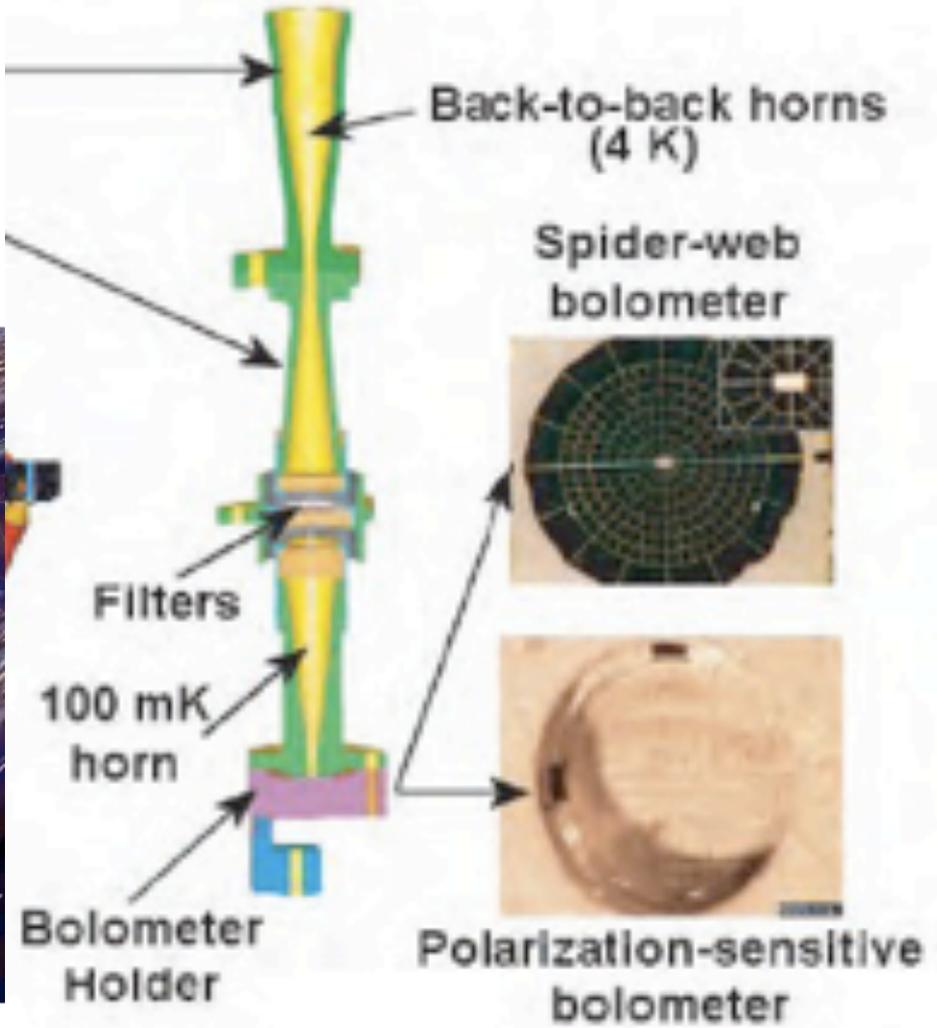




# PLANCK



## Planck Bluebook



# Estimated Instrument Performance Goals

Telescope	1.5 m (proj. aperture) aplanatic; shared focal plane; system emissivity 1%								
	Viewing direction offset 85° from spin axis; Field of View 8°								
Instrument	LFI			HFI					
Center Freq. (GHz)	30	44	70	100	143	217	353	545	857
Detector Technology	HEMT LNA arrays			Bolometer arrays					
Detector Temperature	~20 K			0.1 K					
Cooling Requirements	H <sub>2</sub> sorption cooler			H <sub>2</sub> sorption + 4 K J-T stage + Dilution cooler					
Number of Unpol. Detectors	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Linearly Polarised Detectors	4	6	12	8	8	8	8	0	0
Angular Resolution (FWHM, arcmin)	33	24	14	9.5	7.1	5	5	5	5
Bandwidth (GHz)	6	8.8	14	33	47	72	116	180	283
Average $\Delta T/T_I^*$ per pixel <sup>#</sup>	2.0	2.7	4.7	2.5	2.2	4.8	14.7	147	6700
Average $\Delta T/T_{U,Q}^*$ per pixel <sup>#</sup>	2.8	3.9	6.7	4.0	4.2	9.8	29.8		

\* Sensitivity ( $1\sigma$ ) to intensity (Stokes I) fluctuations observed on the sky, in thermodynamic temperature ( $\times 10^{-6}$ ) units, relative to the average temperature of the CMB (2.73 K), achievable after two sky surveys (14 months).

# A pixel is a square whose side is the FWHM extent of the beam.

\* Sensitivity ( $1\sigma$ ) to polarised intensity (Stokes U and Q) fluctuations observed on the sky, in thermodynamic temperature ( $\times 10^{-6}$ ) units, relative to the average temperature of the CMB (2.73 K), achievable after two sky surveys (14 months)

hope is now 4 sky surveys - enough cryogen (30 months)

Center Freq. (GHz)	30	44	70	100	143	217	353	545	857
Angular Resolution (FWHM, arcmin)	33	24	14	9.5	7.1	5	5	5	5
Average $\Delta T/T_I$ per pixel <sup>#</sup>	2.0	2.7	4.7	2.5	2.2	4.8	14.7	147	6700
Average $\Delta T/T_{U,Q}$ per pixel <sup>#</sup>	2.8	3.9	6.7	4.0	4.2	9.8	29.8		
Sensibilité in I [ $\mu$ K] per pixel (FWHM)	5.5	7.4	12.8	6.8	6.5	14.1	48.4		
Sensibilité in I [ $\mu$ K.deg] [ $\sigma_{\text{pix}} \Omega_{\text{pix}}^{1/2}$ ]	2.7	2.6	2.6	0.96	0.70	1.05	3.5		

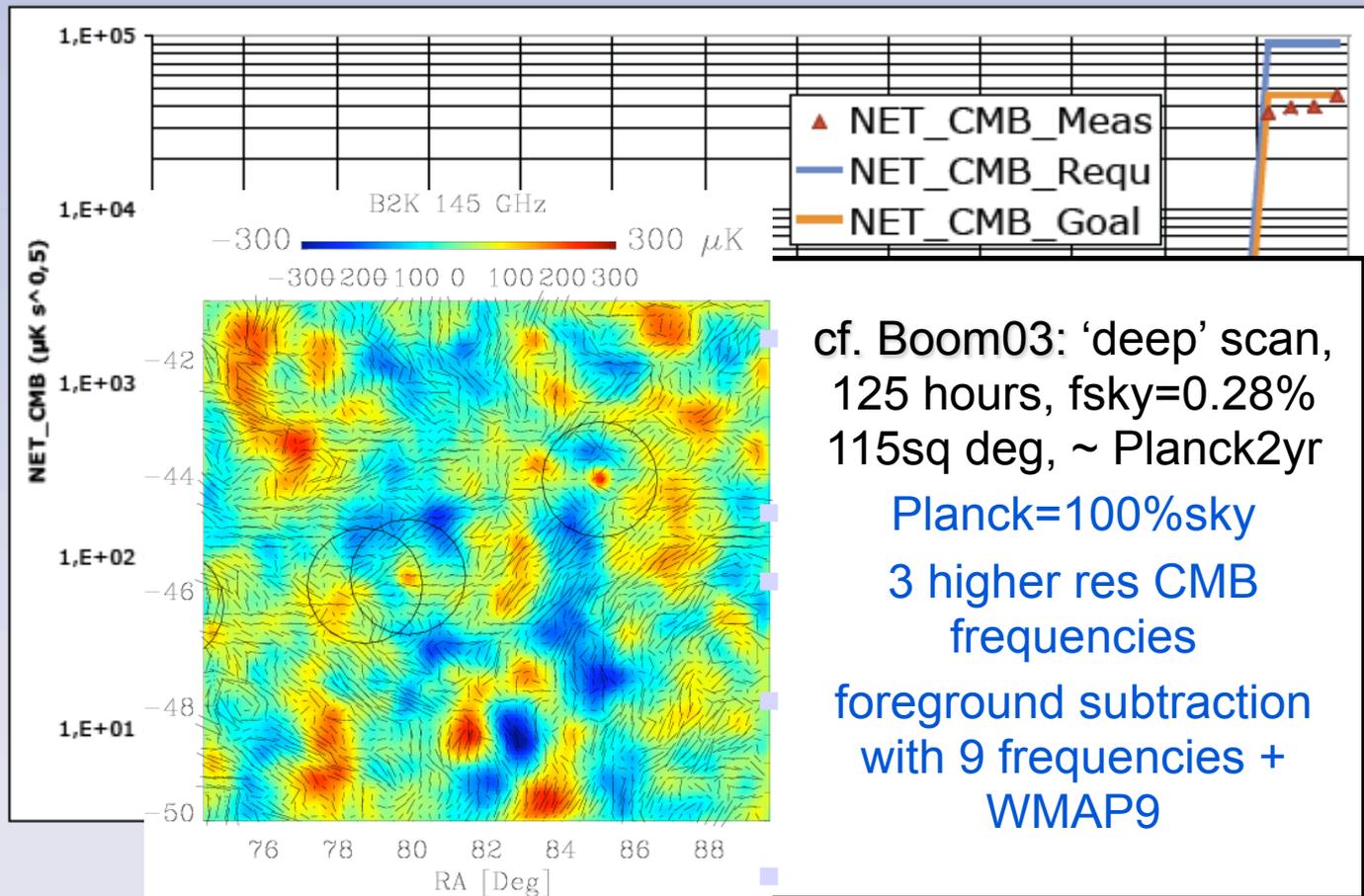
WMAP Center Freq.	23	33	41	61	94
Angular resolution (FWFM arcmin)	49	37	29	20	12,6
$\mu$ K per $3,2 \cdot 10^{-5}$ sr pixel (22'x 22')	38.9	39,9	41	48	46
Sensibilité en I [ $\mu$ K.deg], 1 yr (8 yrs)	12.6 (4.5)	12.9 (4.6)	13.3 (4.7)	15.6 (5.5)	15.0 (5.3)

Using the central CMB channels of Planck @ 100, 143, 217GHz (~0.65 $\mu$ K.deg in T, 1.3  $\mu$ K.deg QU)

NET requirement vs. NET measurement vs NET goal: very close to goal,  
 better than requirement in all channels: 100 GHz\_P 143 GHz\_P 143 GHz  
 217 GHz\_P 217 GHz 353 GHz\_P 545 GHz 857 GHz



## Expected performances (1) Noise Equivalent Temperature



cf. Boom03: 'deep' scan,  
 125 hours, fsky=0.28%  
 115sq deg, ~ Planck2yr  
 Planck=100%sky  
 3 higher res CMB  
 frequencies  
 foreground subtraction  
 with 9 frequencies +  
 WMAP9





AOCO

PLANCK  
TRANSPORT & STORAGE  
CONTAINER

ESA



Several workers in winter clothing are standing on the ground near the container.

A worker in a dark jacket is walking towards the container.

Two workers in dark jackets are standing near a white truck.

A group of people is gathered near a grey trash bin on the right side of the image.



АН-124-100

Volga-Dnepr

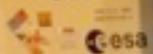
ВОЛГА **VD** ДНЕПР

<http://www.volga-dnepr.com>



ADCO

PLANCK  
TRANSPORT & STORAGE  
CONTAINER



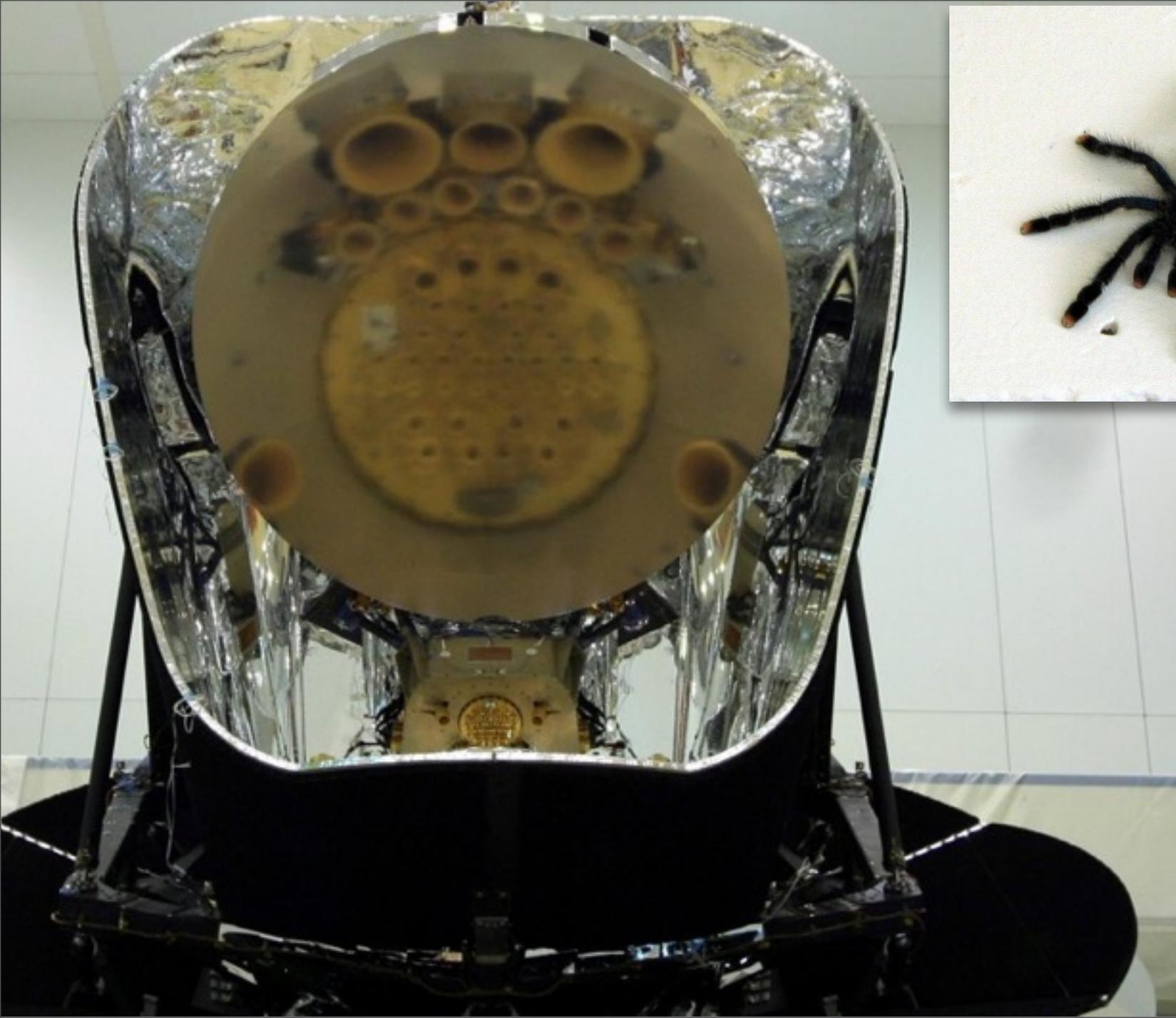
esa

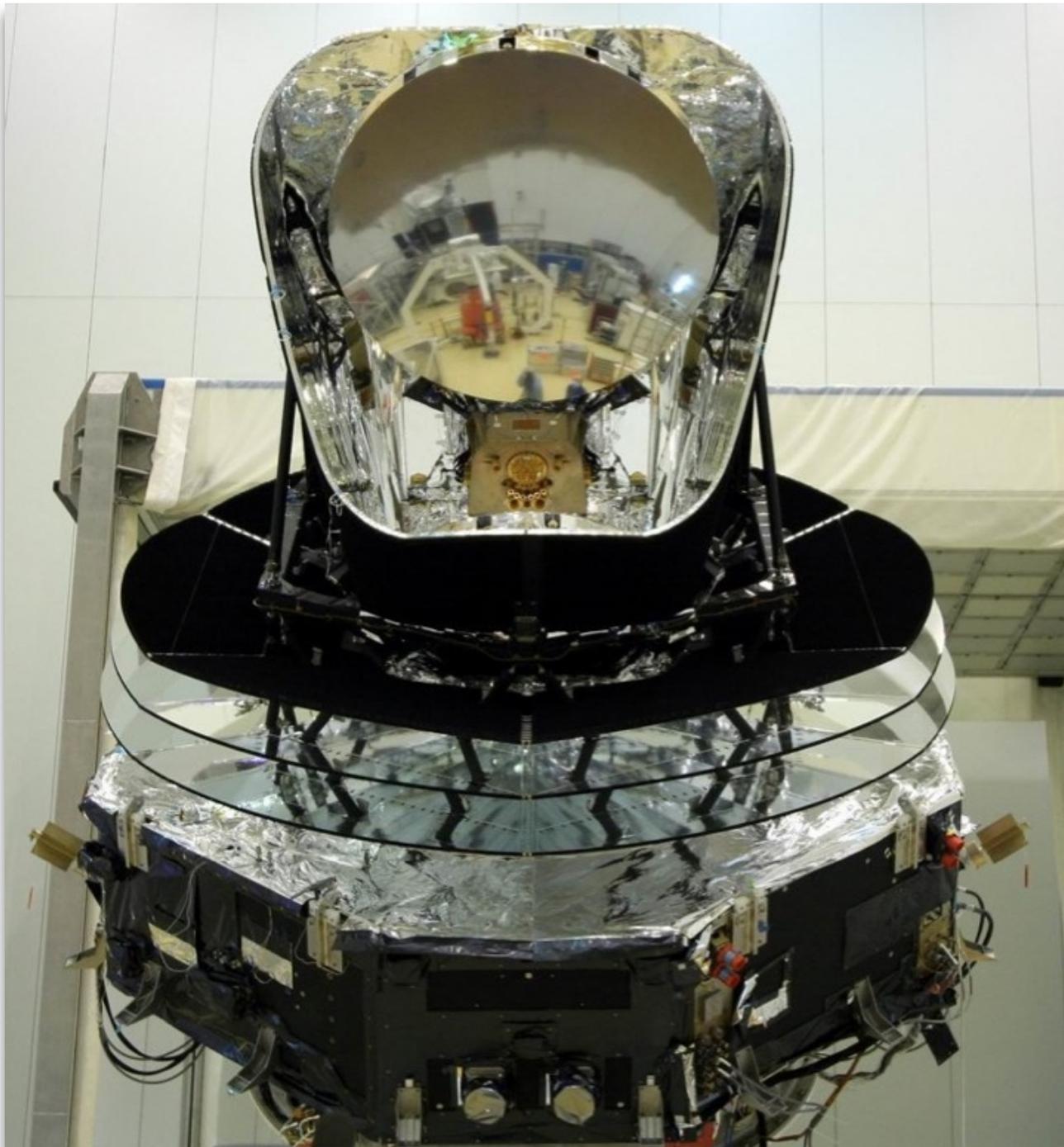
DNE

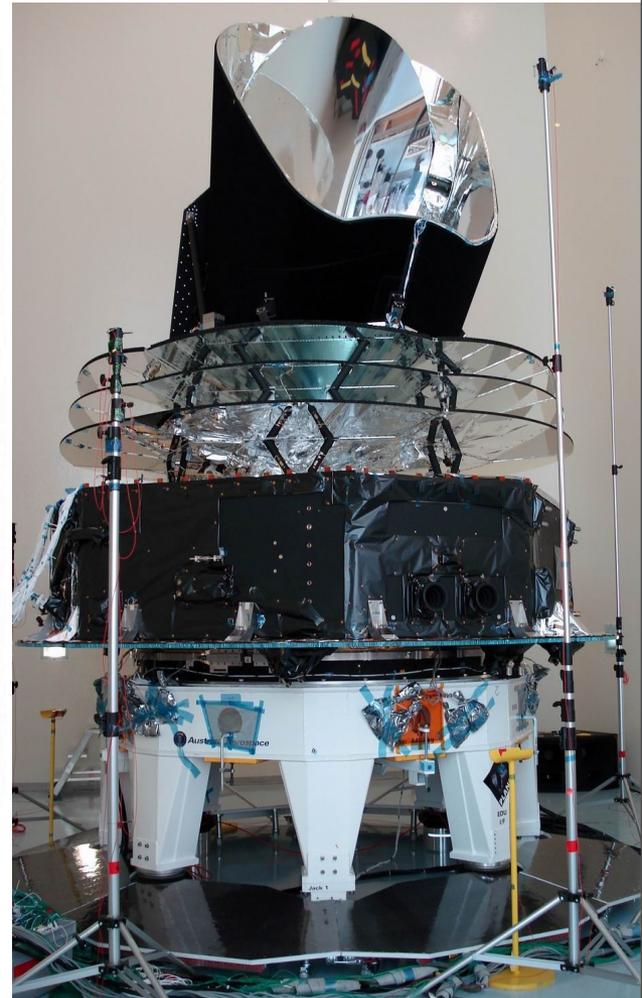
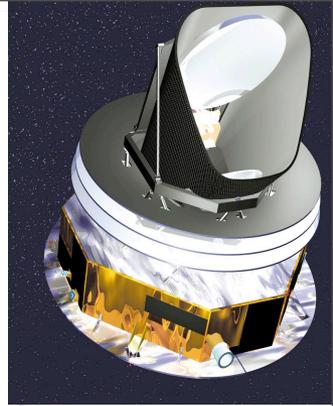
MONDI  
TEL: 90 34 91 91











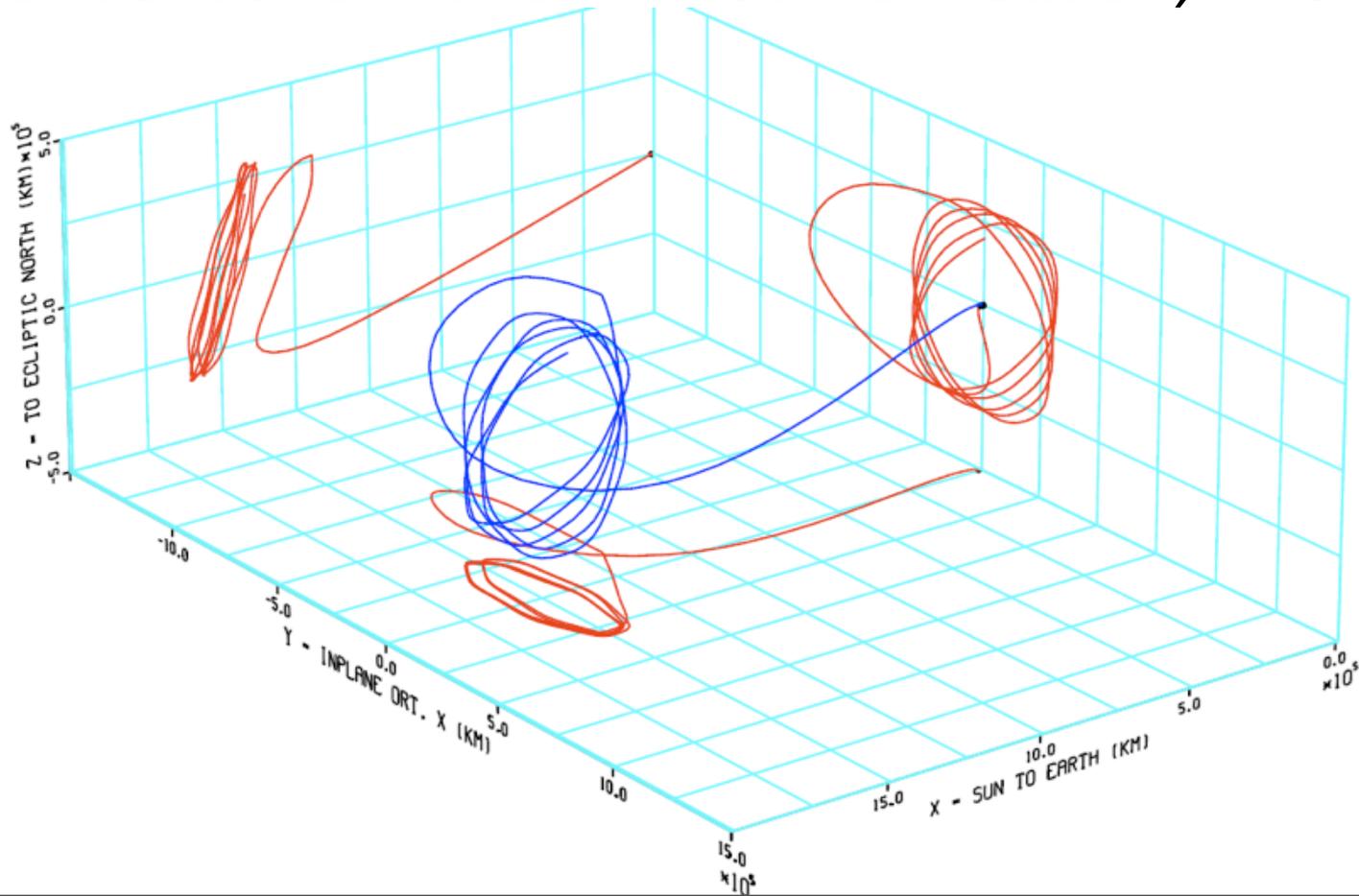
# Planck's Journey

*Trip to L2: ~ 30 days*

*. Decontamination & Cooldown ~ 45 days*

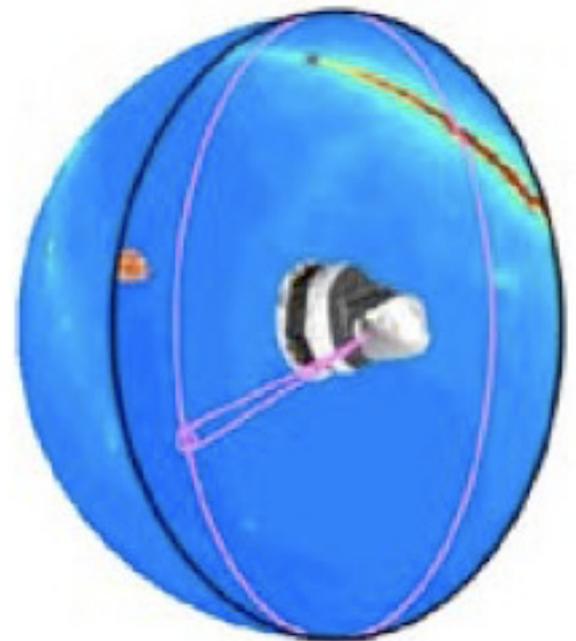
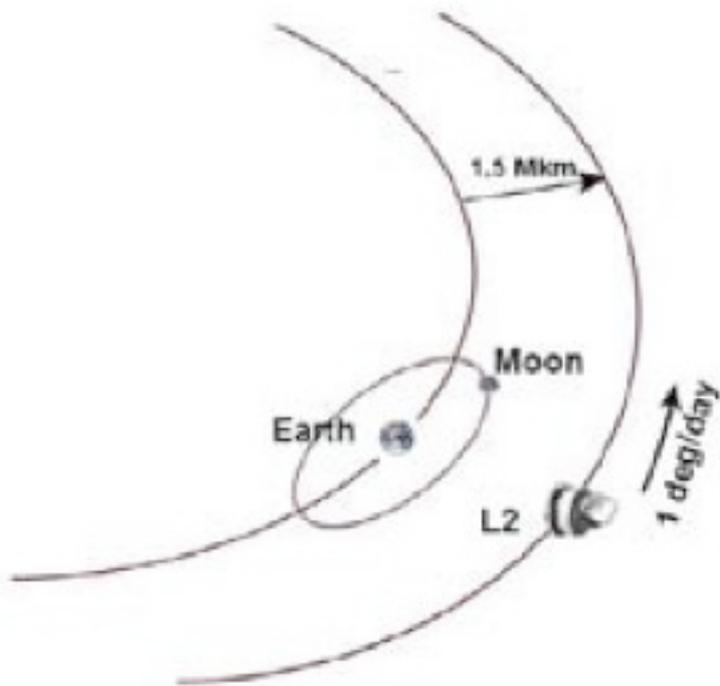
*. Detectors at 100mK at L2 around June 5*

*. CPV (Checkout & Performance Verification) thru mid-Jul*





Sun



# Schedule

*Launch: April 2009*

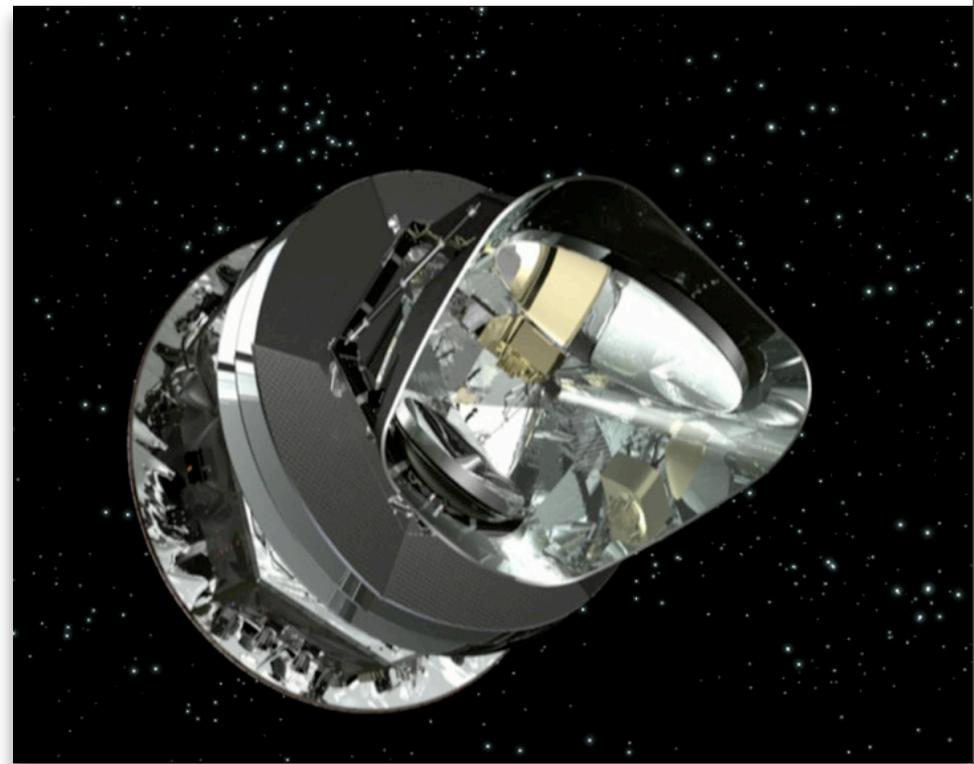
*• Cruise & CPV ends July 2009*

*• Two sky surveys finished July 2010*

*• Early Release Compact Source Catalog ~Dec 2010*

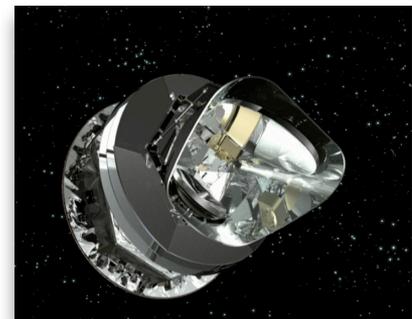
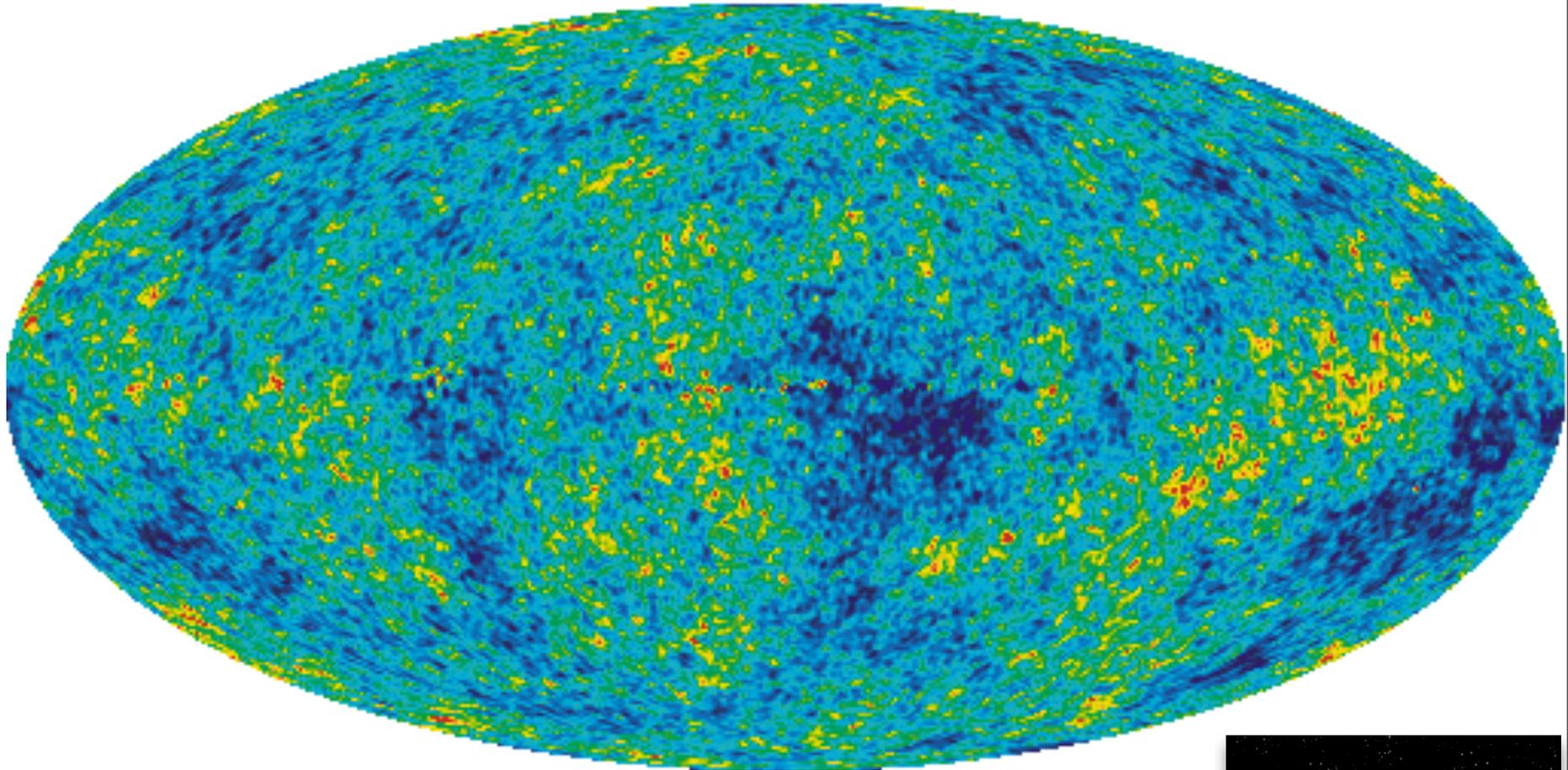
*• Four sky surveys finished: July 2011*

*• Public release of 1yr data, papers: July 2012*



# CMBology WITH PLANCK

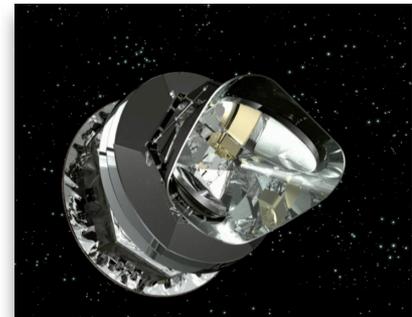
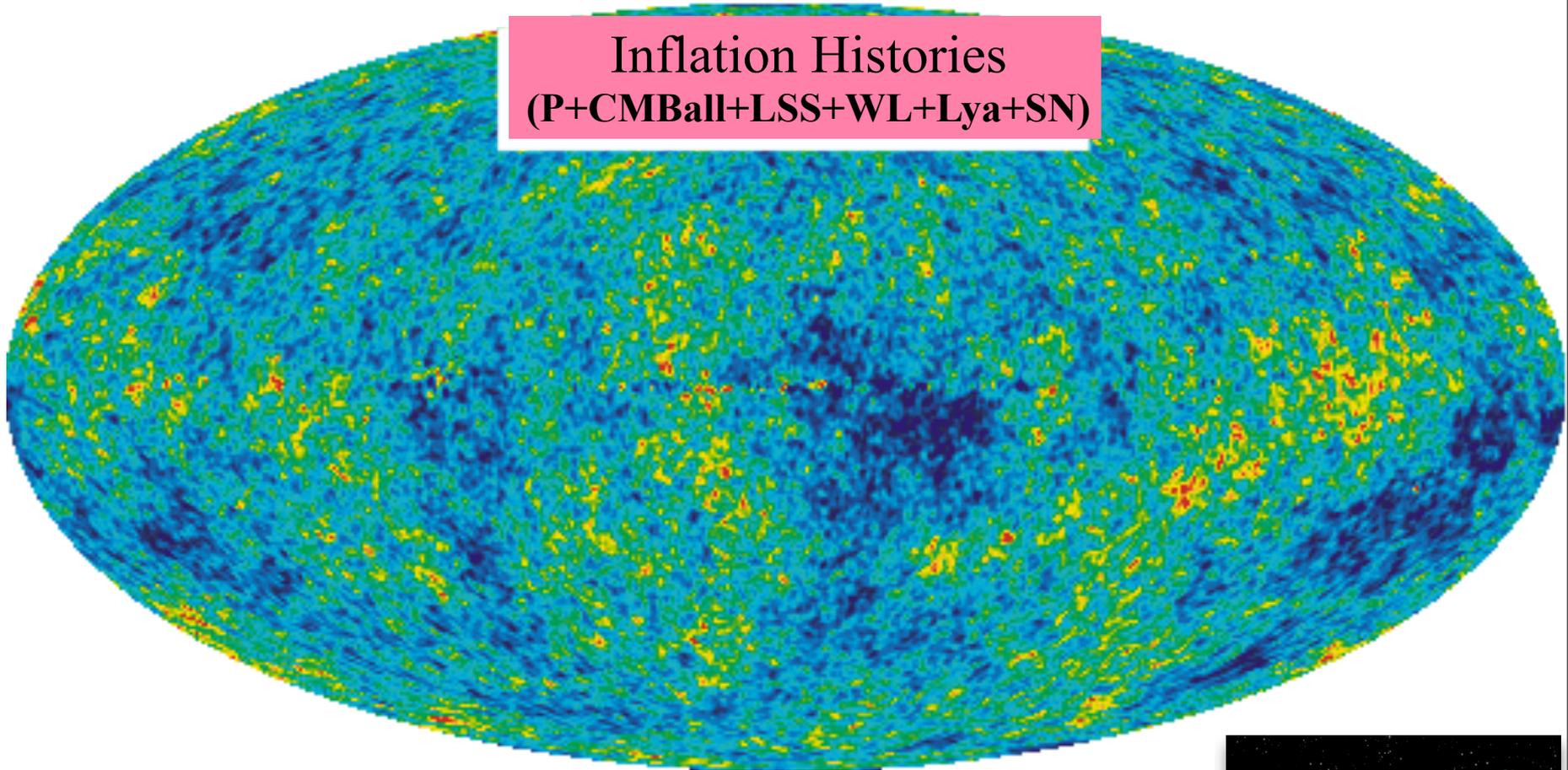
Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web



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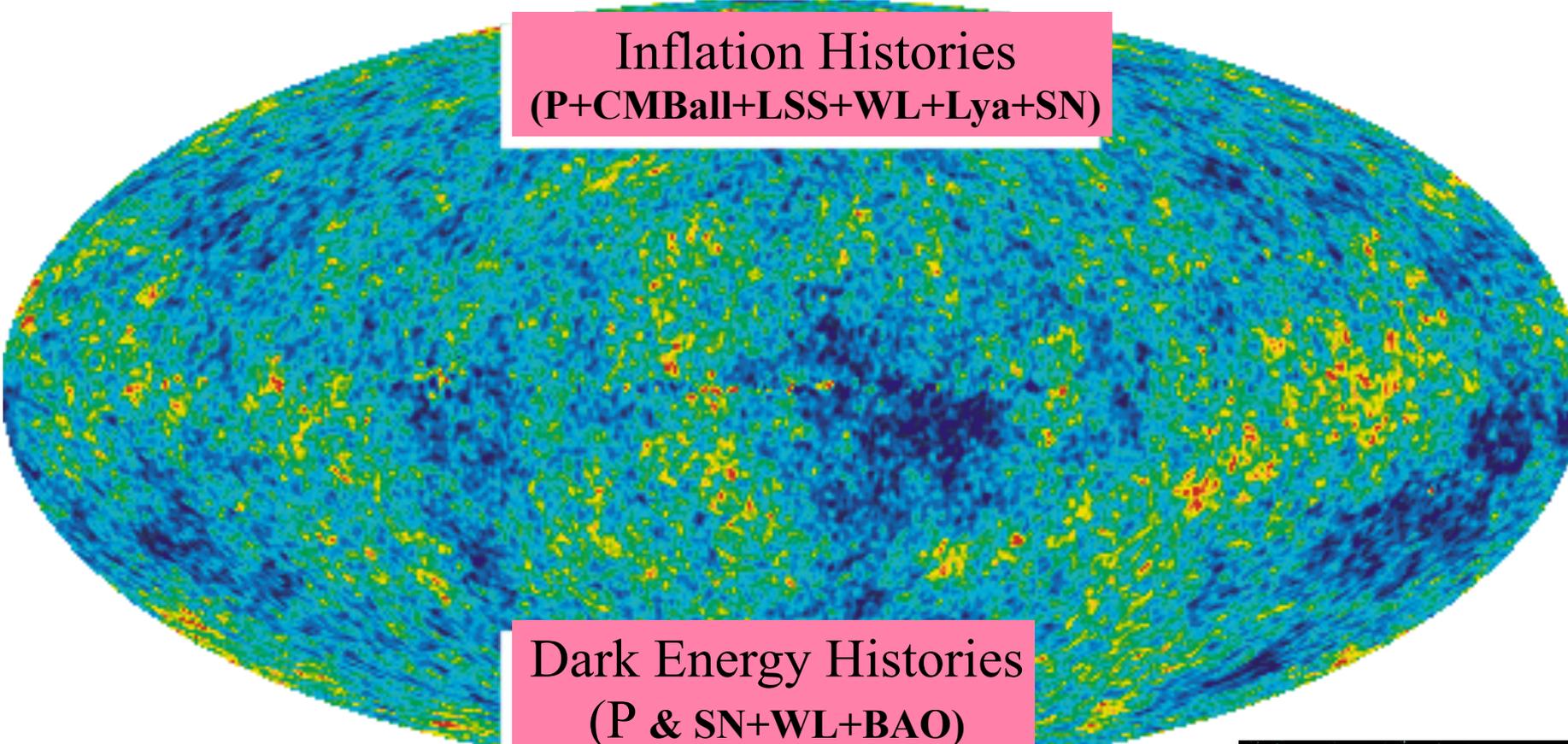
Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web

Inflation Histories  
(P+CMBall+LSS+WL+Lya+SN)



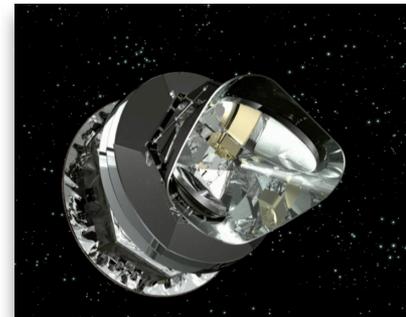
# CMBology WITH PLANCK

Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web



Inflation Histories  
(P+CMBall+LSS+WL+Lya+SN)

Dark Energy Histories  
(P & SN+WL+BAO)



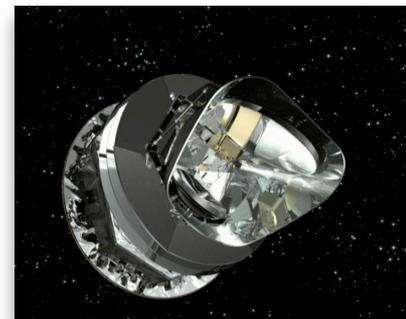
# CMBology WITH PLANCK

Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web

Inflation Histories  
(P+CMBall+LSS+WL+Lya+SN)

subdominant  
phenomena P  
(isocurvature, BSI)

Dark Energy Histories  
(P & SN+WL+BAO)



# CMBology WITH PLANCK

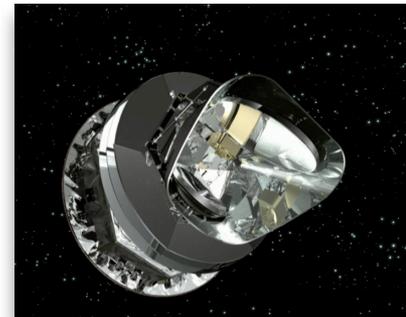
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Non-Gaussianity  
(WMAP, Planck)

Dark Energy Histories  
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# CMBology WITH PLANCK

Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web

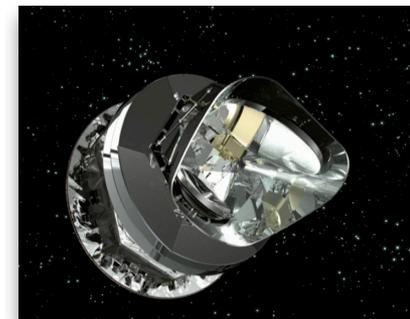
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Non-Gaussianity  
(WMAP, Planck)

Polarization of  
the CMB, Gravity Waves  
(Planck, Spider, EBEX, Keck, Quiet,...)

Dark Energy Histories  
(P & SN+WL+BAO)



# CMBology WITH PLANCK

Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web

Inflation Histories  
(P+CMBall+LSS+WL+Lya+SN)

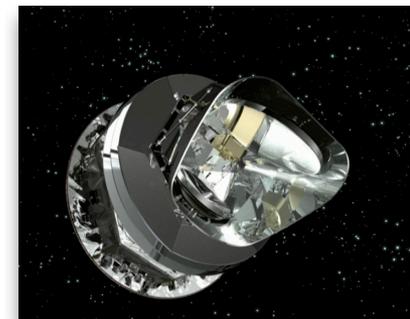
Secondary  
Anisotropies (CBI,ACT,SPT,P)  
(tSZ, kSZ, reion)

subdominant  
phenomena P  
(isocurvature, BSI)

Non-Gaussianity  
(WMAP, Planck)

Polarization of  
the CMB, Gravity Waves  
(Planck, Spider, EBEX, Keck, Quiet,...)

Dark Energy Histories  
(P & SN+WL+BAO)



# CMBology WITH PLANCK

Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web

Inflation Histories  
(P+CMBall+LSS+WL+Lya+SN)

Secondary  
Anisotropies (CBI,ACT,SPT,P)  
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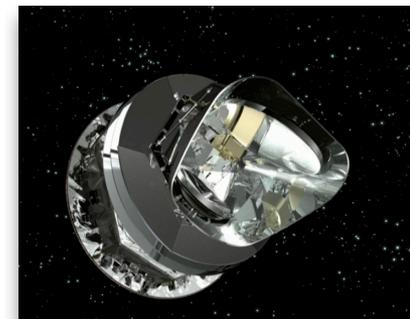
subdominant  
phenomena P  
(isocurvature, BSI)

Foregrounds  
WMAP, Planck

Non-Gaussianity  
(WMAP, Planck)

Polarization of  
the CMB, Gravity Waves  
(Planck, Spider, EBEX, Keck, Quiet,...)

Dark Energy Histories  
(P & SN+WL+BAO)



# INFLATION THEN PROBES NOW

“standard inflation space”:  $n_s$   $dn_s/d\ln k$   $r$  @k-pivots

$$n_s(k_p) = .962 \pm .013 \text{ (+-.005 Planck1)} \quad .959 \pm .011 \text{ all data}$$

$$r = P_t/P_s(k_p) < 0.40_{\text{cmb}} \text{ 95\% CL (+-.03 P1, +- .01 Spider+P2.5)}$$

$$dn_s/d\ln k(k_p) = -.016 \pm .019 \text{ (+-.005 Planck1)}$$

*(partially) blind trajectories* e.g.,  $n_s(k)$  and  $r(k_p)$ , are better

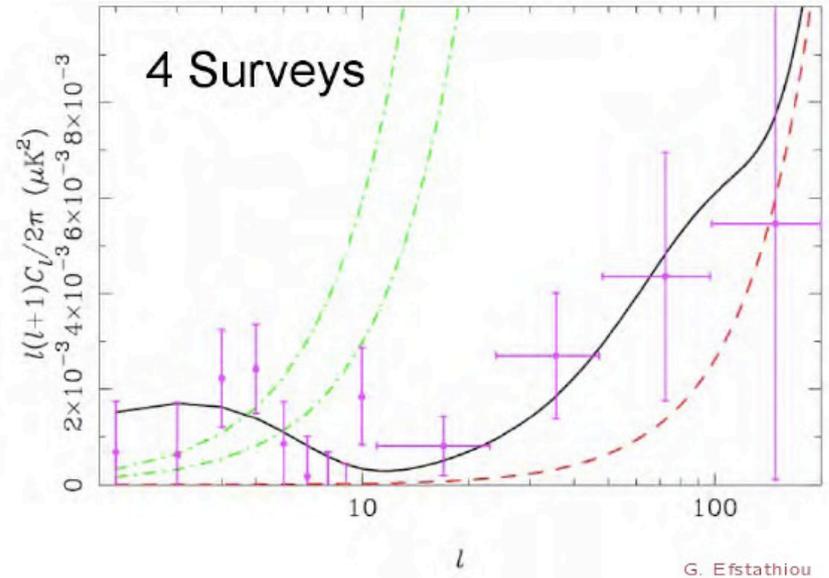
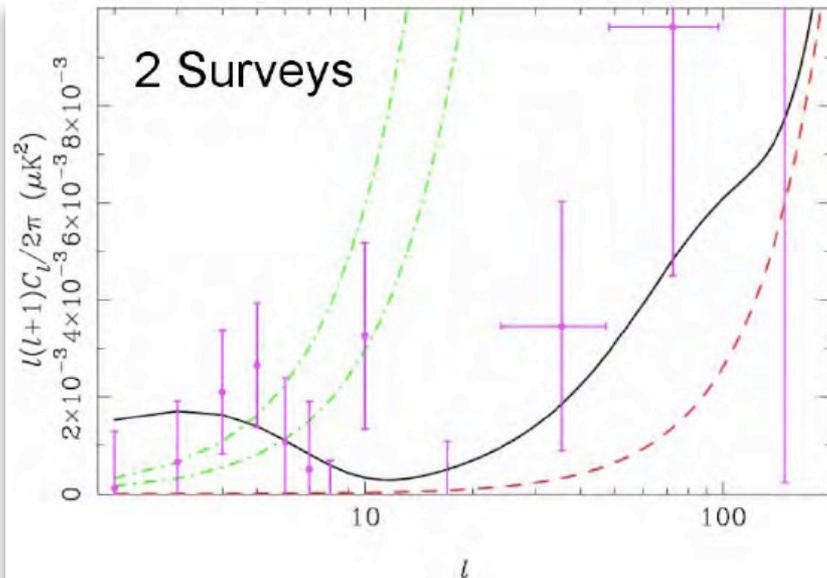
local quadratic non-G constraint:  $-9 < f_{NL} < 111 \Rightarrow -4 < f_{NL} < 80$  WMAP5 ( $\pm 5-10$  Planck1yr)

CBI10: add a cosmic string template  $\Rightarrow n_s < 1$  @ $2\sigma$  & string tension limit  $G\mu < 2.8 \times 10^{-7}$

# Planck & low-L polarization B-modes?

*Issues: unknown foreground properties, cut sky analysis, leakage, Planck has no polarization modulation other than the scan*

Statistical / Foreground subtraction limit after 4 surveys  $r < 0.03$  ? (Efstathiou & Gratton 09 using the Planck Sky Model of foregrounds - WMAP+..+simplified guesses, low L)



# INFLATION THEN

## WHAT IS PREDICTED?

Smoothly broken scale invariance  
by nearly uniform braking (standard  
of 80s/90s/00s)  $r \sim 0.03-0.5$

or highly variable braking  $r$  tiny  
(stringy cosmology)  $r < 10^{-10}$

**CBI pol to Apr'05** @Chile

**QUaD** @SP

**Quiet1**  
@Chile

**Quiet2**  
1000 HEMTs

**Boom03**@LDB

**Bicep** @SP

**Bicep2**

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**WMAP** @L2 to **2009-2013?**

**Planck09.3**



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(52 bolometers)  
+ HEMTs @L2  
9 frequencies

**Bpol**  
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**Clover**  
@Chile

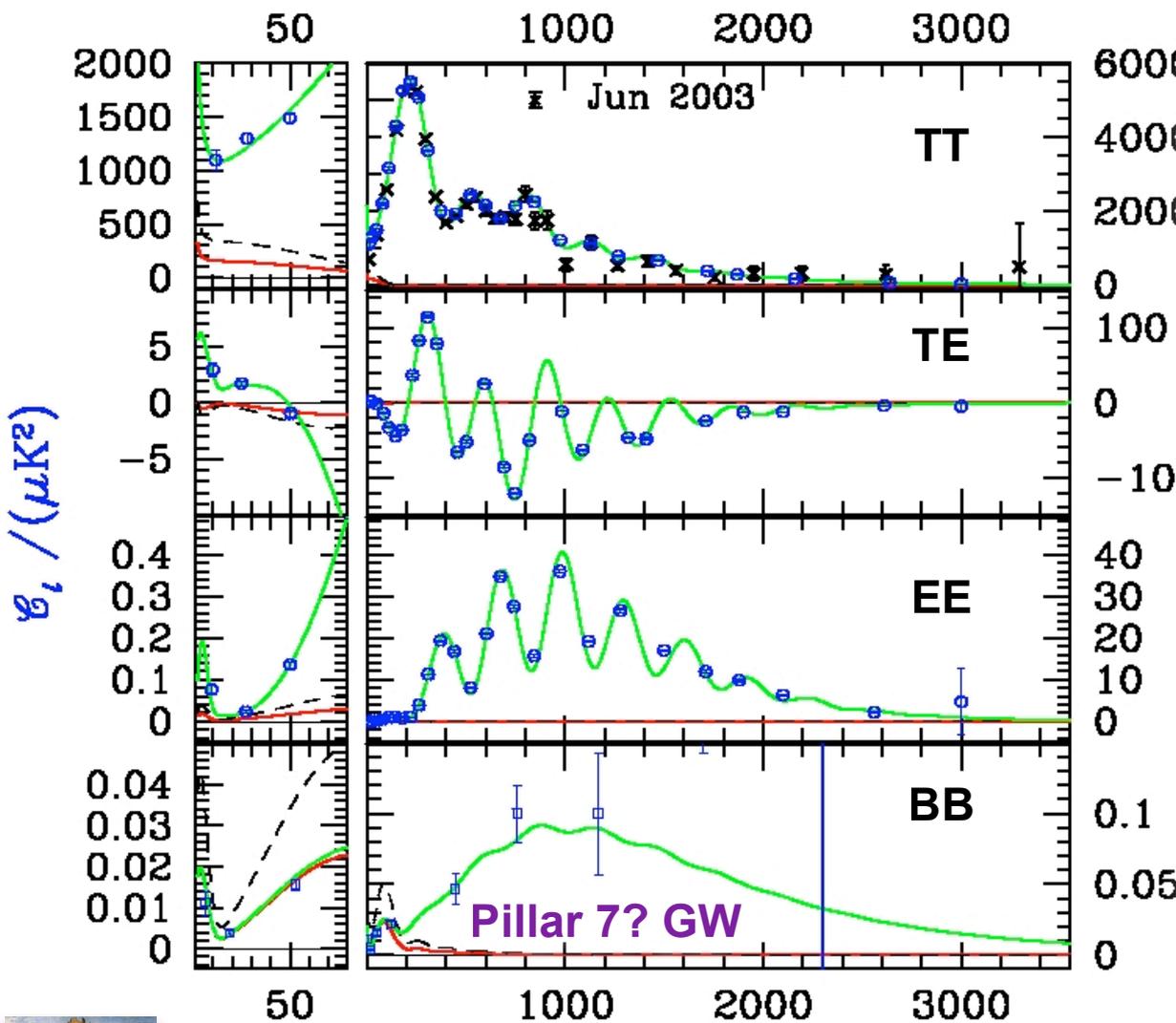
**Polarbear**  
300 bolos  
@Cal/Chile

**SPTpol**



# PRIMARY END @ 2012?

CMB Planck1+WMAP8+SPTpol/ACTpol/Quiet+Bicep/QuAD/Quiet +Spider +Clover



## Pillar 7? Gravity Waves

An ensemble of trajectories arises in many-moduli string models, whether braney or holey. Roulette inflation: complex hole sizes in 6D TINY  $r < 10^{-10}$  &  $n_s$  from data-selected braking! ('theorem':  $\Delta\psi < 1 \rightarrow r < .007$ )

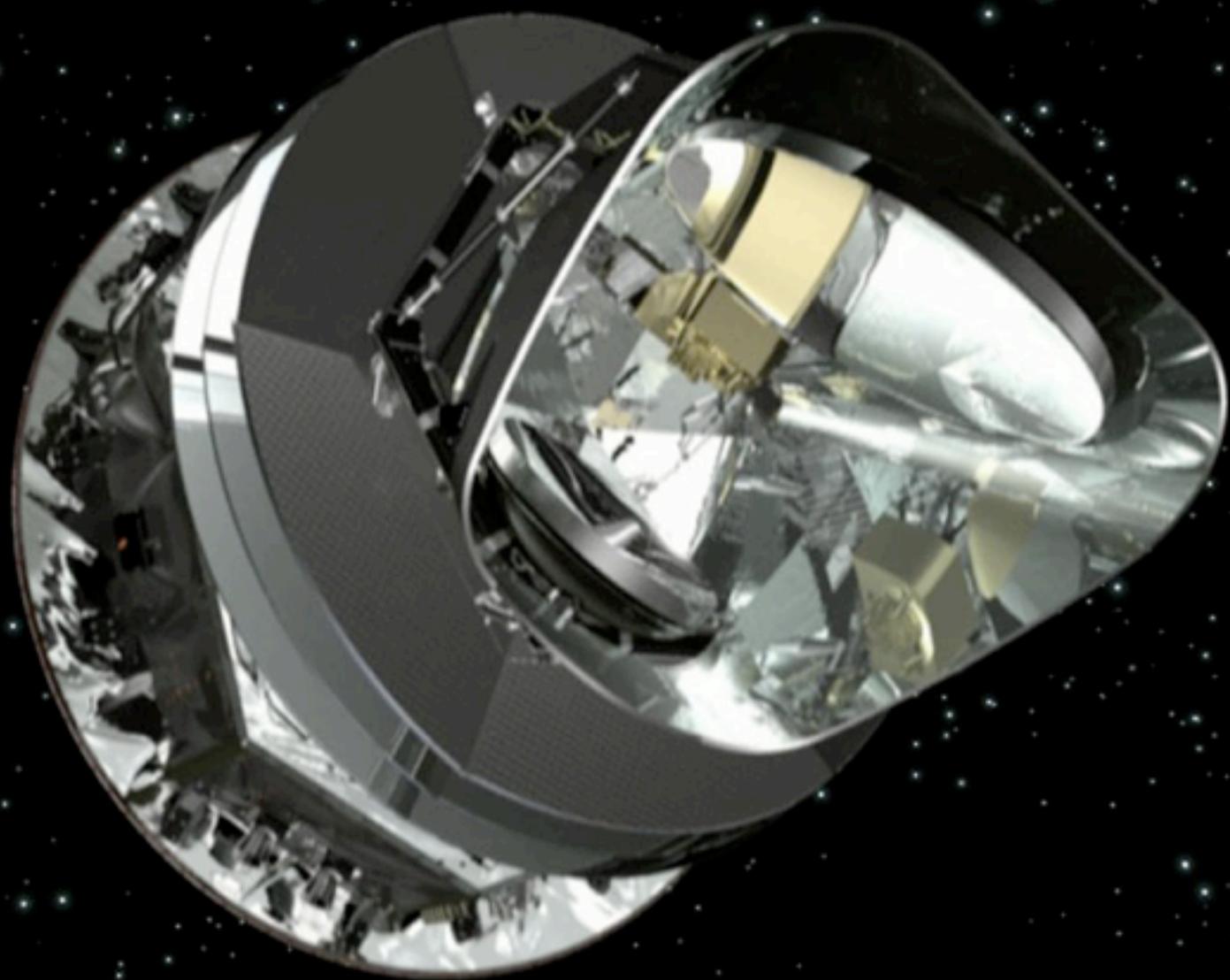
nearly uniform acceleration (power law, exp, PNGB, ..potentials)  $r \sim .03-.3!$  is  $\Delta\psi \sim 10$  deadly?

Even with low energy inflation, the prospects are good with Spider plus Planck to either detect the GW-induced B-polarization or set a strong blind upper limit  $r < 0.02$  indicating stringy or other exotic models. Both experiments have strong Cdn roles. Bpol 2020?, to  $r \sim 0.002$

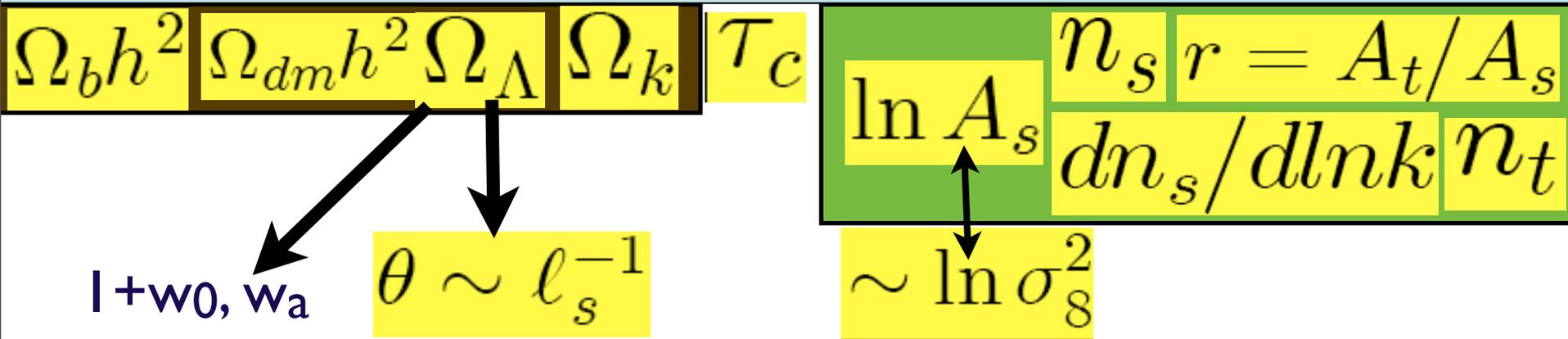
+ Pillar 4: primordial non-Gaussianity

$-4 < f_{NL} < 80$  (+- 5-10 Planck1)





# Standard & Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation



**+ subdominant isocurvature/ cosmic string & *fgnds, tSZ, kSZ, ...***

**+ primordial non-Gaussianity**

$$\Phi(\mathbf{x}) = \Phi_G(\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{f}_{NL} (\Phi_G^2(\mathbf{x}) - \langle \Phi_G^2 \rangle)$$

local smooth

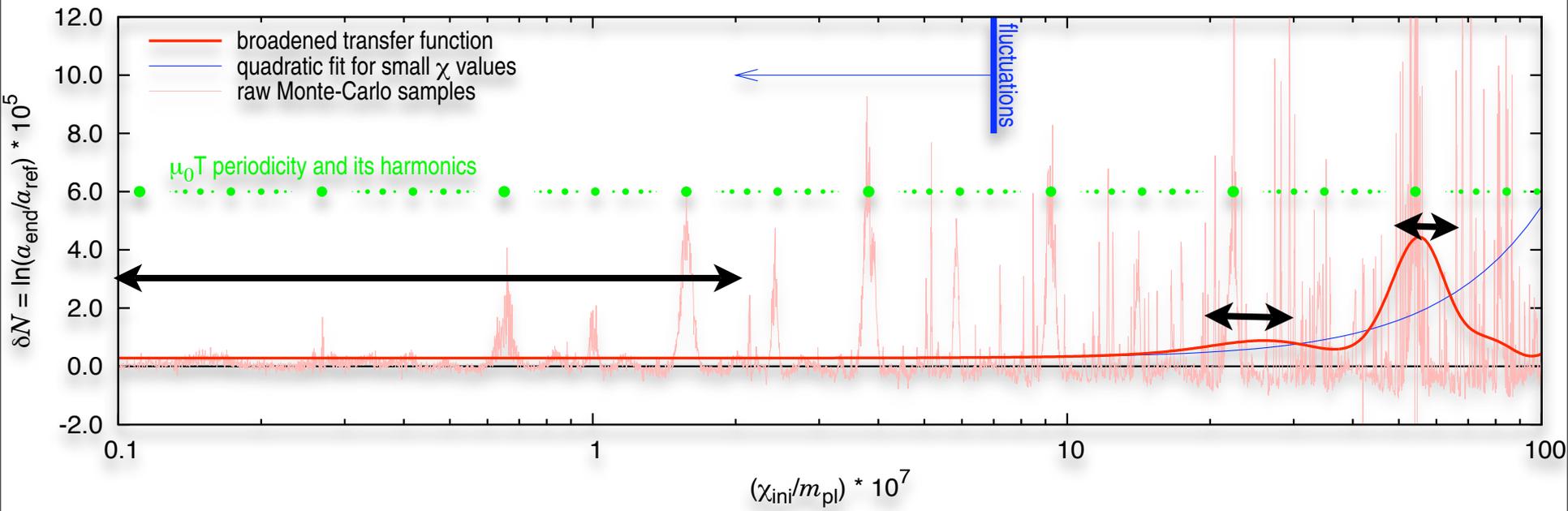
$$-9 < f_{NL} < 111 \Rightarrow -4 < f_{NL} < 80$$

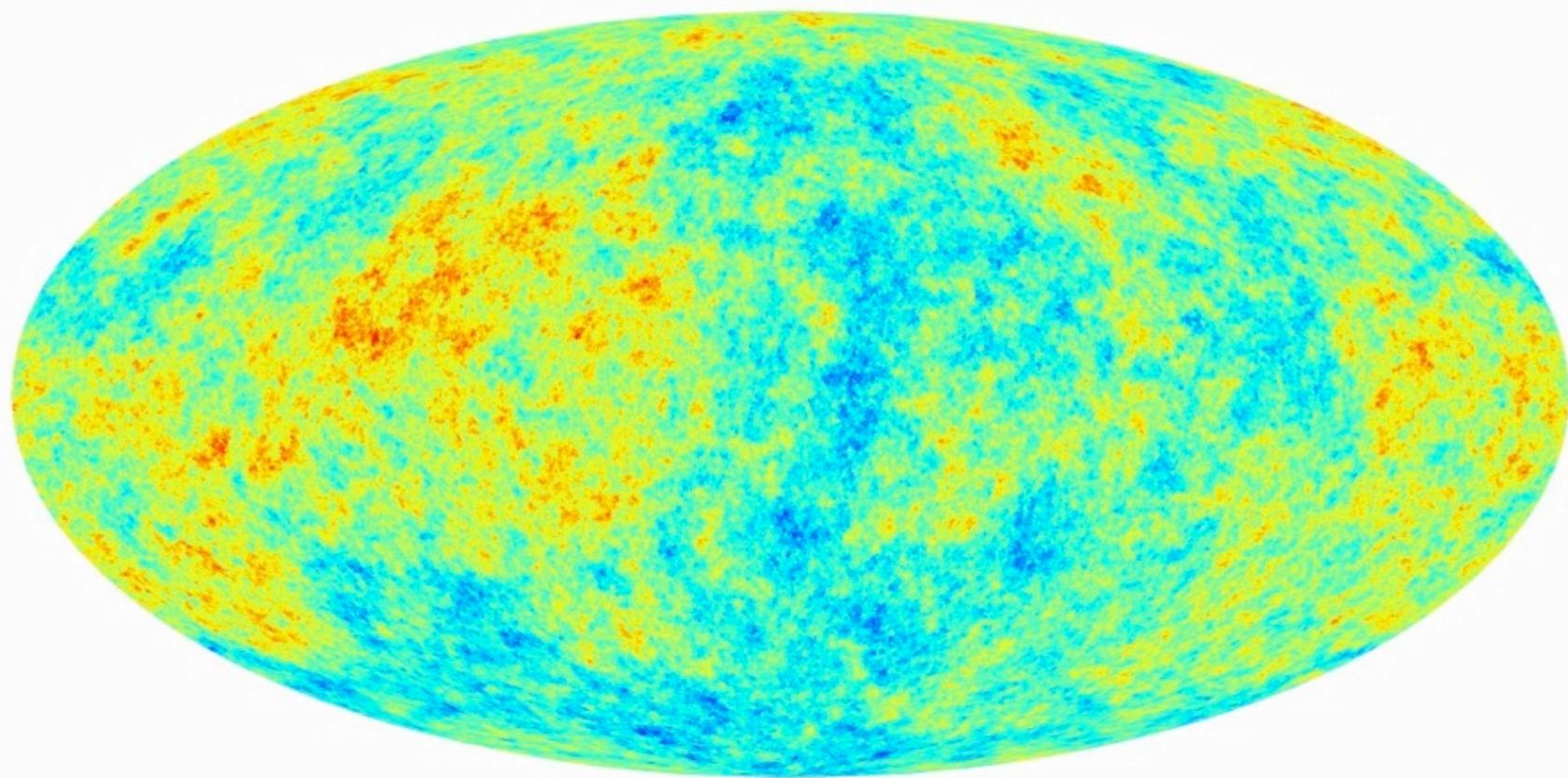
**WMAP5 ( $\pm 5-10$  Planck1yr)**

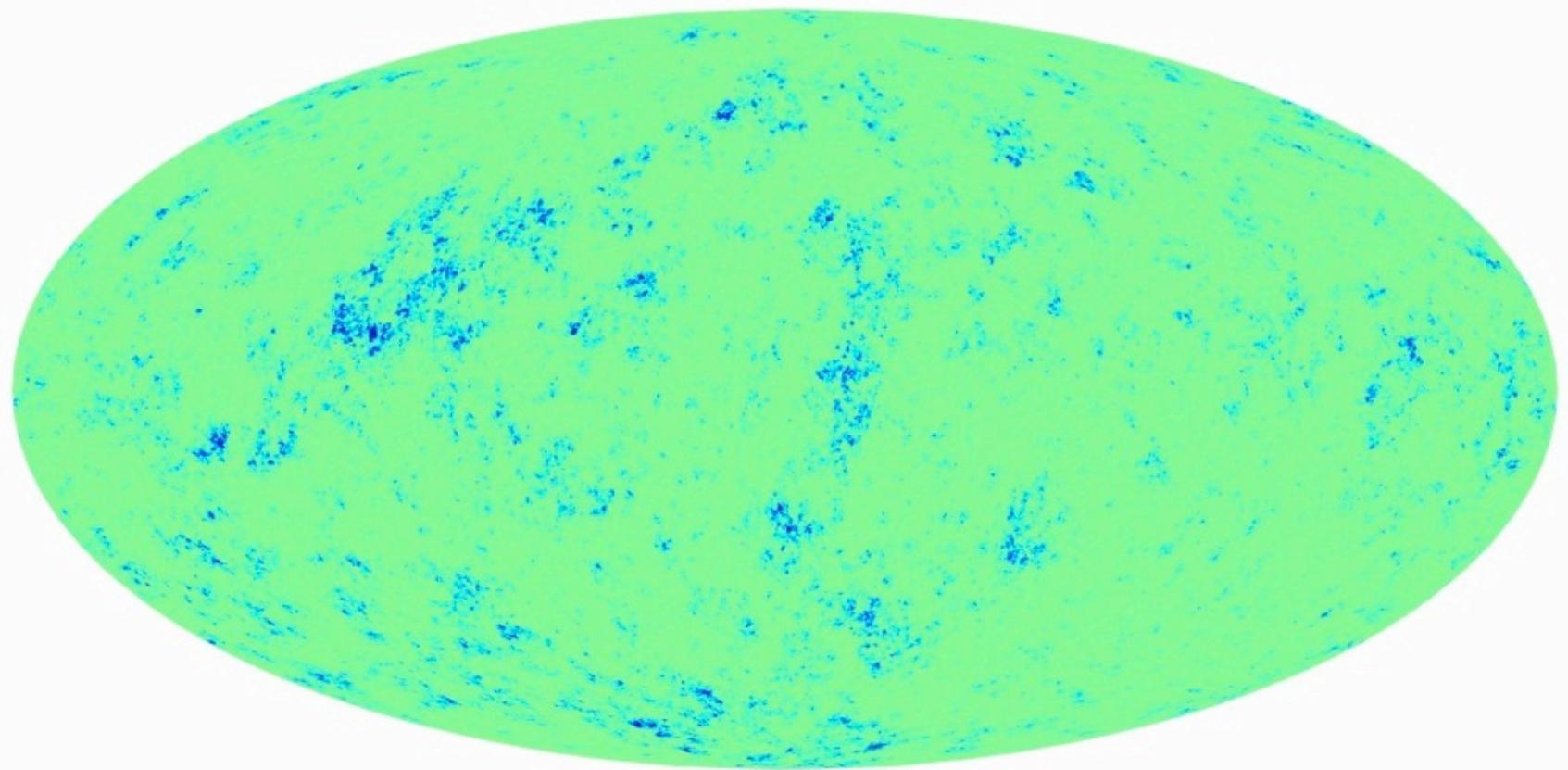
$$\Phi(\mathbf{x}) = \Phi_G(\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{F}_{NL}(\chi_b + \chi_{>h}) - \langle \mathbf{F}_{NL} \rangle$$

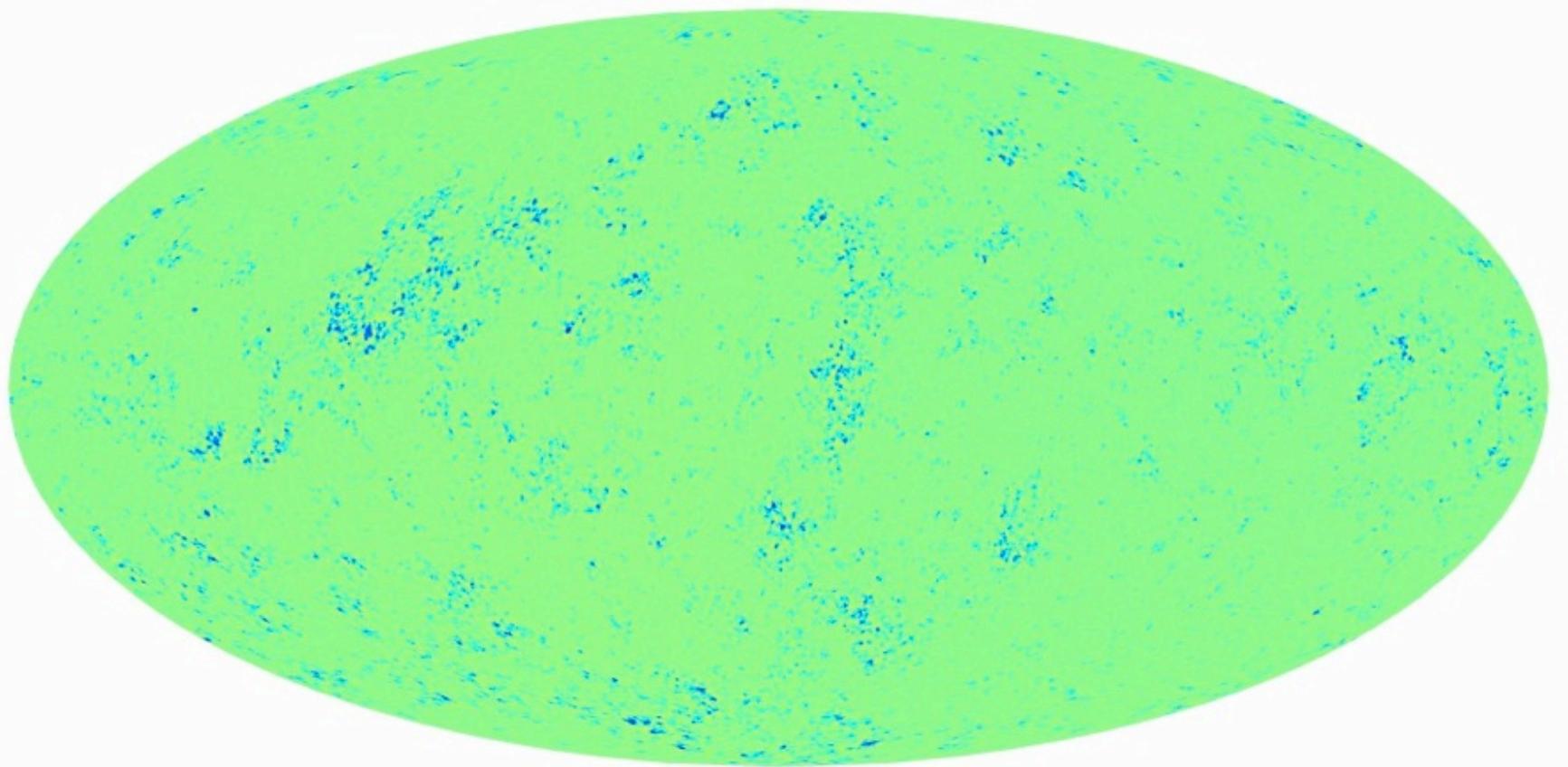
resonant preheating

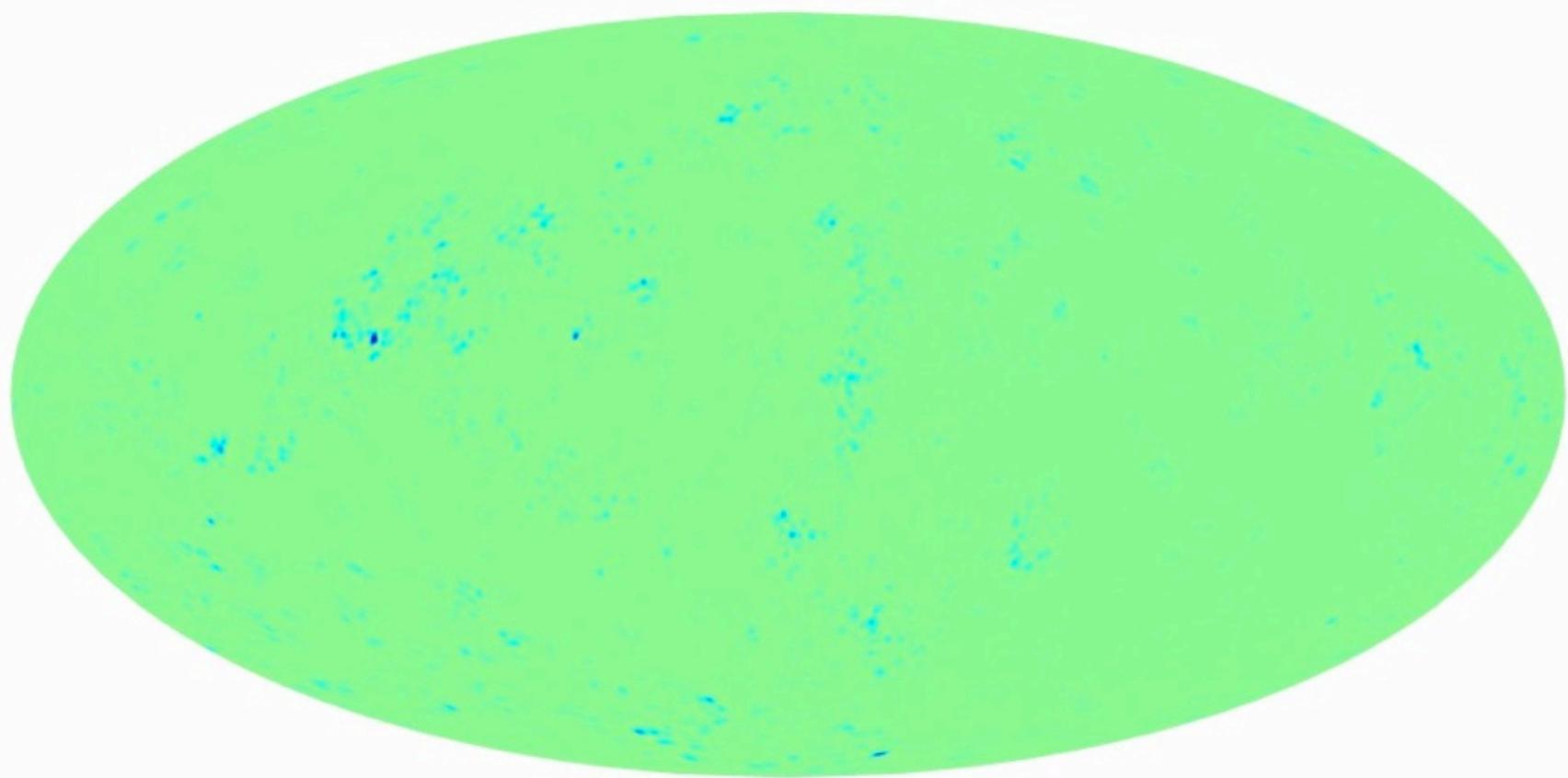
*new parameters:* trajectory probabilities for early-inflatons & late-inflatons  
(partially) blind cf. informed “theory” priors

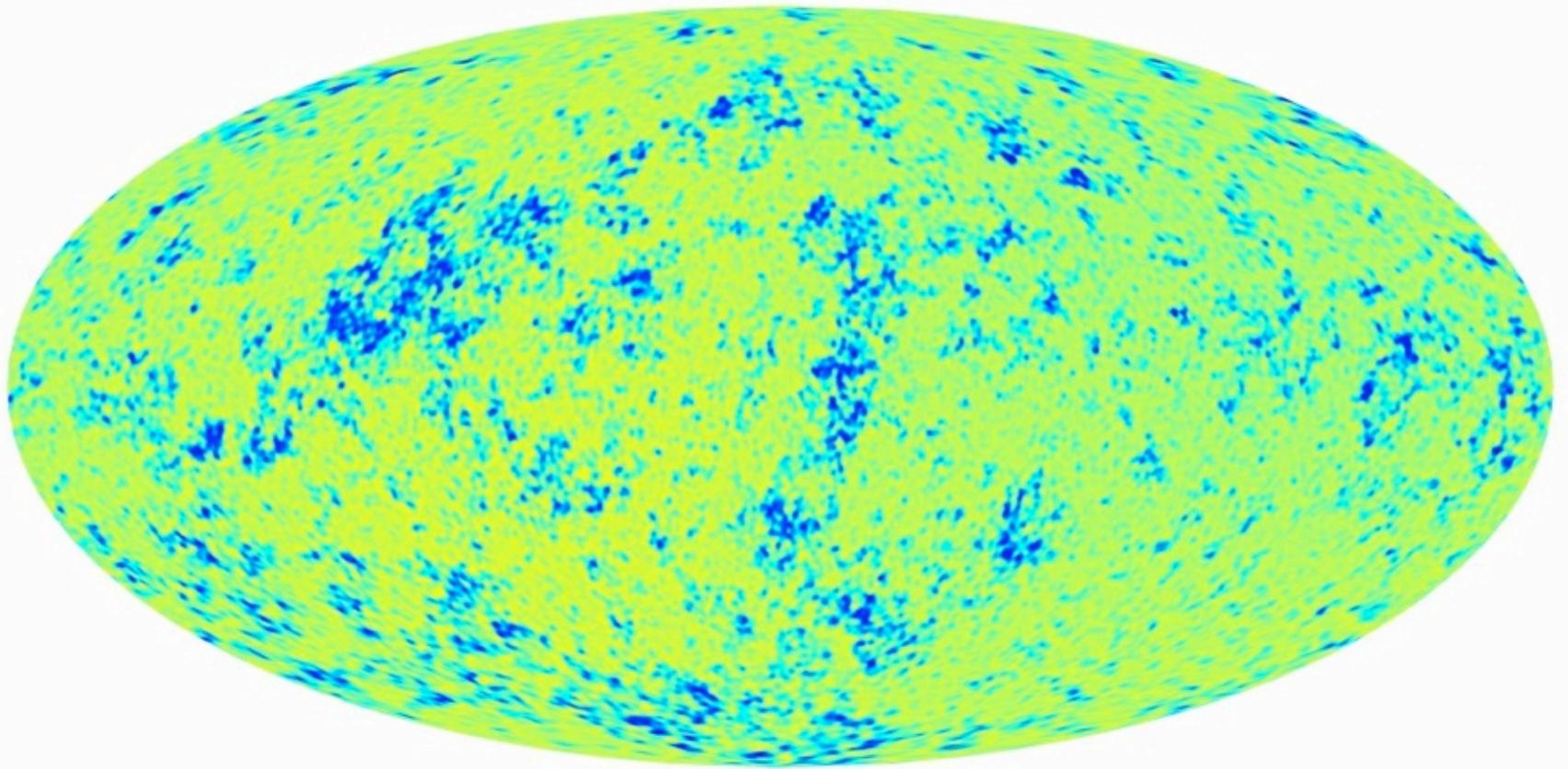












**very early U**

early to middle to now U

**very late U**

**inflation**

*string theory/landscape/higher dimensions*

**dark energy**

$V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$  ? partial shape reconstruction

reconstruct gradient

$V_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$  ?

$K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$  ?

**P1 blind-recover to  $r=0.1$**

$K_{\text{eff}}(\psi_{\text{inf}})$  ?

trajectory probability

$$-d \ln \rho_{\text{tot}} / d \ln a / 2$$

$$= \mathcal{E}(k) = 1 + q, k \sim H a$$

$$\Rightarrow P_s, P_t$$

$$V_{\text{eff}}(k), \psi_{\text{inf}}(k)$$

trajectory probability

$$-d \ln \rho_{\phi} / d \ln a / 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$= \mathcal{E}_{\phi}(a) = (1+w)_{2/3}$$

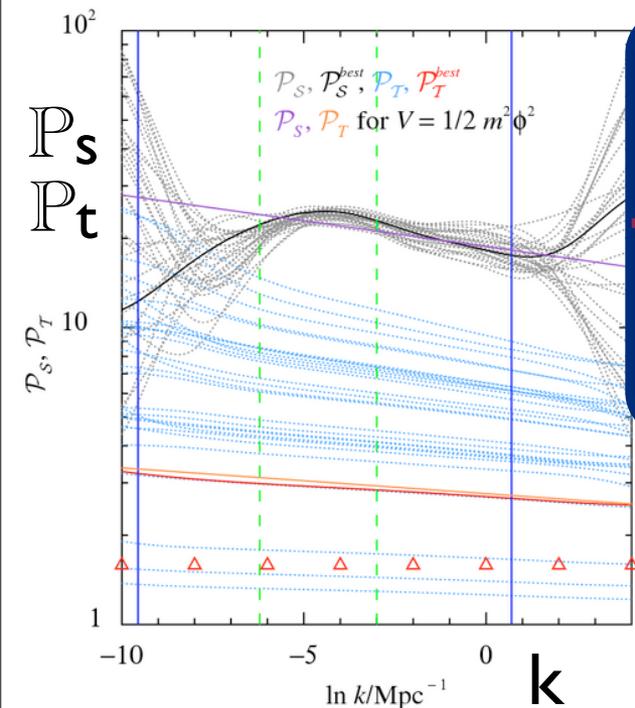
slow-to-moderate roll

quintessence

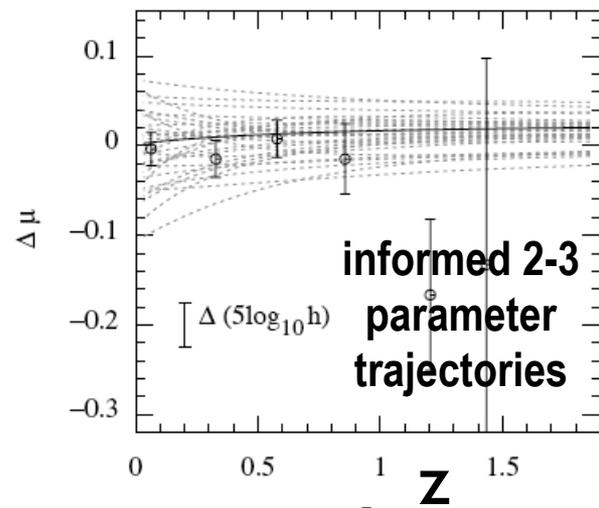
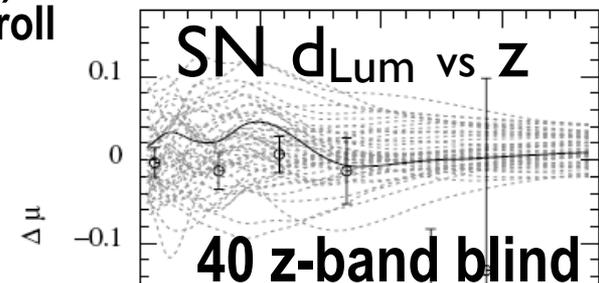
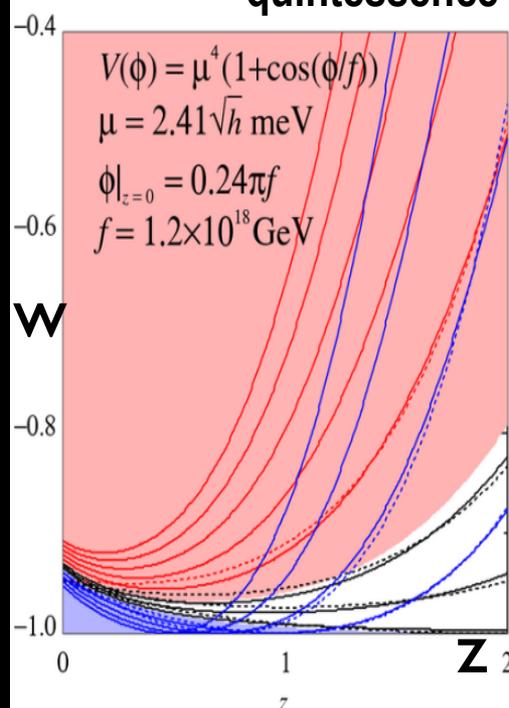
$$\epsilon_s = (d \ln V / d \psi)^2 / 4$$

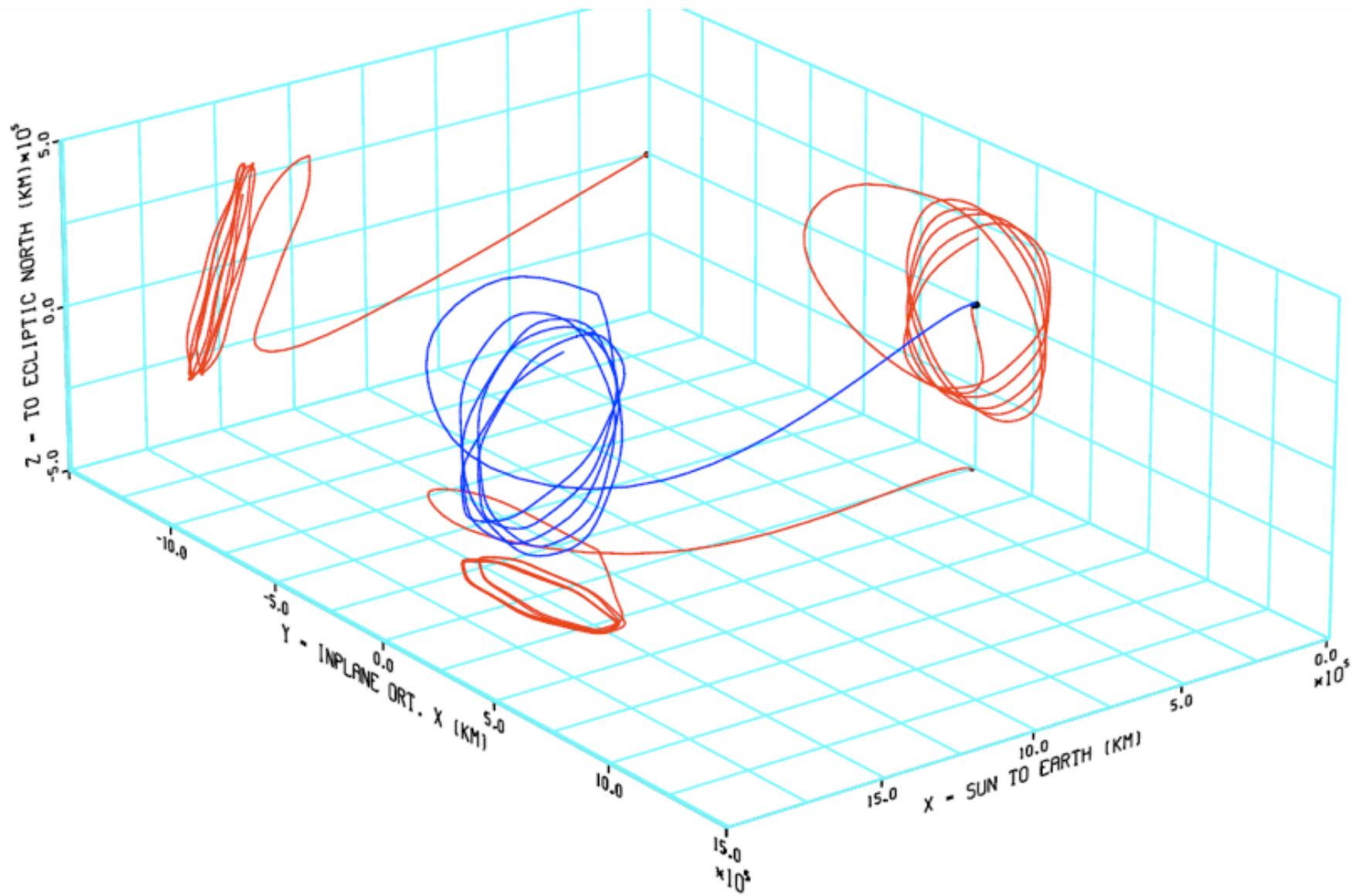
@pivot  $a_{\text{eq}}$  **yes**

$d^2 \ln V / d \psi^2 / 4$  **no**



**all CMB + LSS data now**

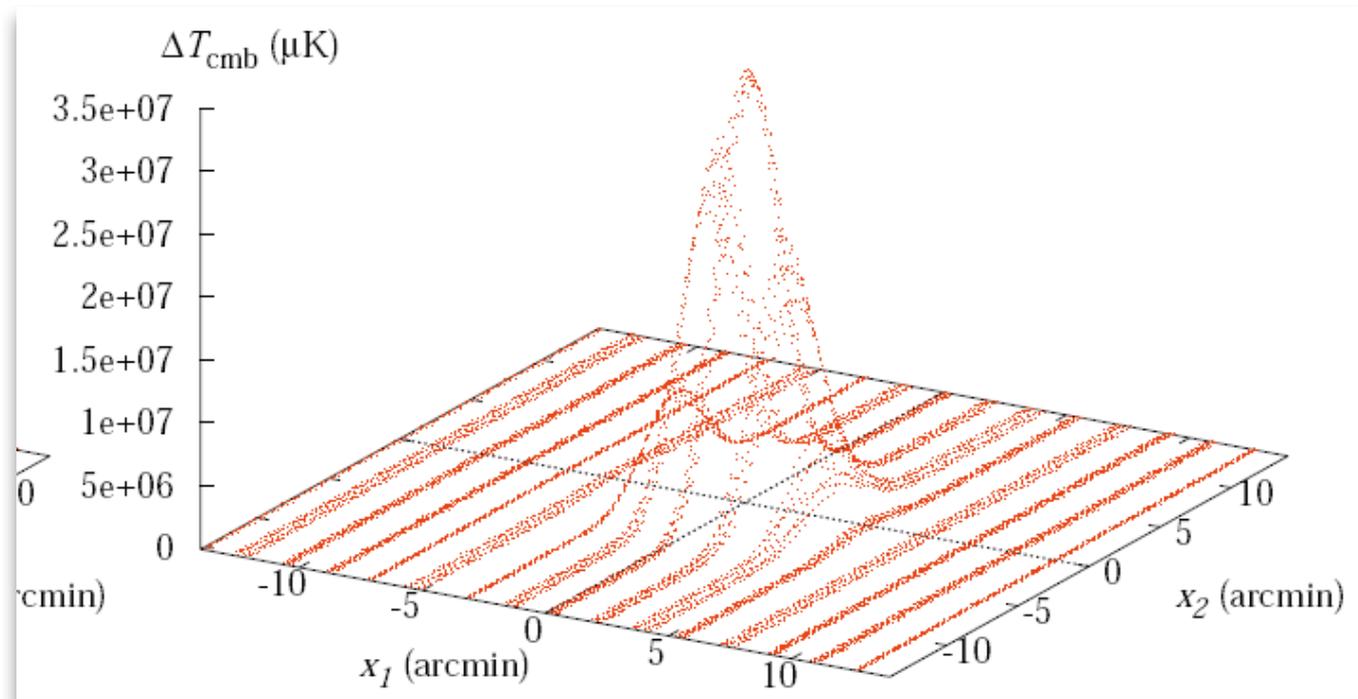




# Beam Reconstruction

Use planet crossings (no special observation mode)

- Late June '09 Uranus (S/N  $\sim 2035$  dB)
- Early Nov. '09 Jupiter (S/N 4055 dB), Mars (S/N 3045 dB)



Use higher resolution full CMB maps as a complement?