



Beyond Planck 2014 +LSS: Inflation futures from CMB & LSS

phonon $\sim \zeta = \ln \rho|_a / 3(1+w) =$ *energy-density quanta*

isotropic (volume) strain $\sim \zeta = \ln a|_\rho \quad \zeta_{NL} = \ln(\rho a^{3(1+w)}) / 3(1+w) \leq dE + pdV$

Cosmic_Probes[$\zeta(x)$, q_{cosmic} , i_{soc} , ..] or $\zeta(k)$,
or looking out: $\zeta_{LM}(\chi)$, $\chi=|x|$ & $\zeta_{LM}(k)$, $k=|k|$ maps



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CMB_Probe no tomography:

projected- χ few modes per LM $\langle \zeta_{LM}(\chi) | T_{LM} \rangle \langle \zeta_{LM}(\chi) | E_{LM} \rangle$

available modes: $f_{\text{sky}} L_{\max}^2 - f_{\text{sky}} L_{\min}^2 \quad L_{\max} \sim L_{\text{damp}}$

Planck near limit of nonG exploration with CMB (ACT/SPT) $f_{NL} \pm 5$

gravity waves ~Transverse_Traceless_Strain: *no tomography, limited L range n_t*



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LSS_Probe tomography:

Large Scale Structure Galaxy Surveys

available modes $\sim f_{\text{sky}} L_{\max}^2 k_{\max} d_{\max}$

$\sim f_{\text{sky}} (k_{\max}^3 d_{\max}^3), \quad k_{\min} \sim 2\pi/d_{\max} \quad V_{\text{com}} \sim d_{\max}^3$

How many high precision extra modes can we realize?



planck

Mapping the Planck 2014 Early Universe

Phonon Spectrum $\zeta = \ln a |_{\rho} = \ln \rho |_a / 3(1 + \langle w \rangle)$



Inflation = phenomenology of **gravitons** = **Transverse_Traceless_Strain quanta**

$$\text{phonon} \sim \zeta_{NL} = \ln(\rho a^{3(1+w)}) / 3(1+w)$$

Inflation = phenomenology of **phonons** = **energy-density quanta**

inflaton = “condensate” of phonon fluctuations, $\langle \rho | k \langle H_a \rangle + \delta \rho \rangle$ oscillations
relativistic negative-pressure Equation of State ($1+w$)

phonon = collective mode composed of fundamental scalar fields (many ϕ_b ?)
in linear perturbation theory, the phonon = linear combination of fundamental scalars

all that CMB+LSS can deliver is this phonon/strain wave **Inflation Phenomenology**
how does it fit into a **UV-complete theory** (ultra-high energy to the Planck scale) strings, landscape, ...
& **IR-complete theory** (post-inflation heating -> quark/gluon plasma)??? TBD



planck

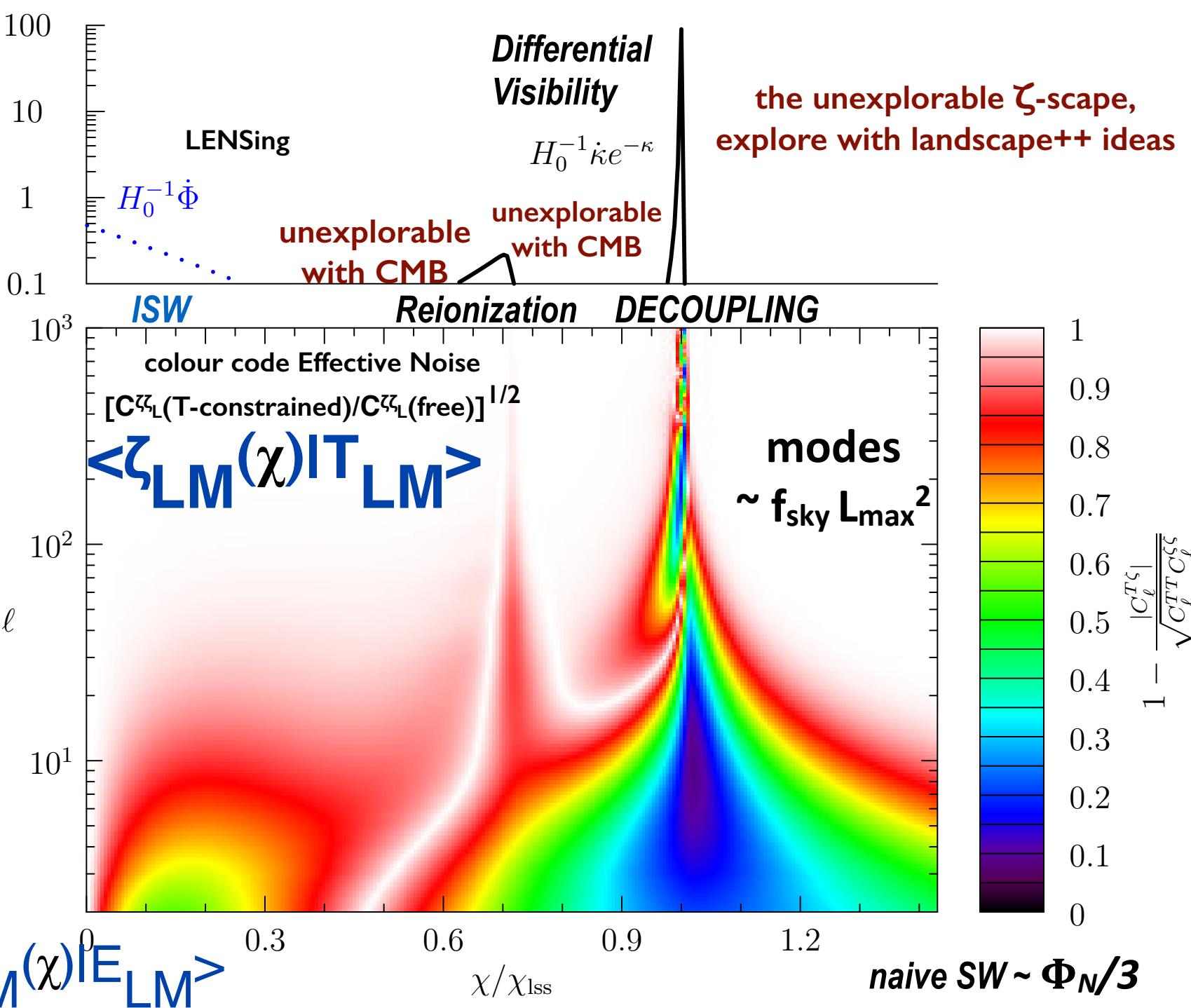


Mapping the Planck 2014 Early Universe

Phonon Spectrum $\zeta = \ln a |_{\rho} = \ln \rho |_{a^3(1+w)}$ **Inflation** = phenomenology of **gravitons** = **Transverse_Traceless_Strain quanta**

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how does it fit into a **UV-complete theory** (ultra-high energy to the Planck scale) strings, landscape, ...
& **IR-complete theory** (post-inflation heating -> quark/gluon plasma)??? TBDthe ζ -scape $\rho(\phi_b, \pi_b, \ln a) \Rightarrow$ coarse-grained $k \langle H_a \rangle$ **Hamiltonian-density attractor** $\rho(\phi_b) = 3M_P^2 H^2$ $d\phi_b/d\ln a = -M_P^2 \nabla_{\phi_b} \ln \rho$, a gradient / Morse flow \Rightarrow Hamilton-Jacobi eqⁿ,“adiabatic” fluctuations along the Morse flow (phonons) **isocurvature directions** \perp the flow



we don't need all $LM+k$
modes to reconstruct
 L -independent $\mathcal{P}_\zeta(\mathbf{k})$ in
quadratic space
 $k^2 \sim L^2 d_{\text{rec}}^{-2} + k_{\parallel}^2$

bonus: top-down de-lens

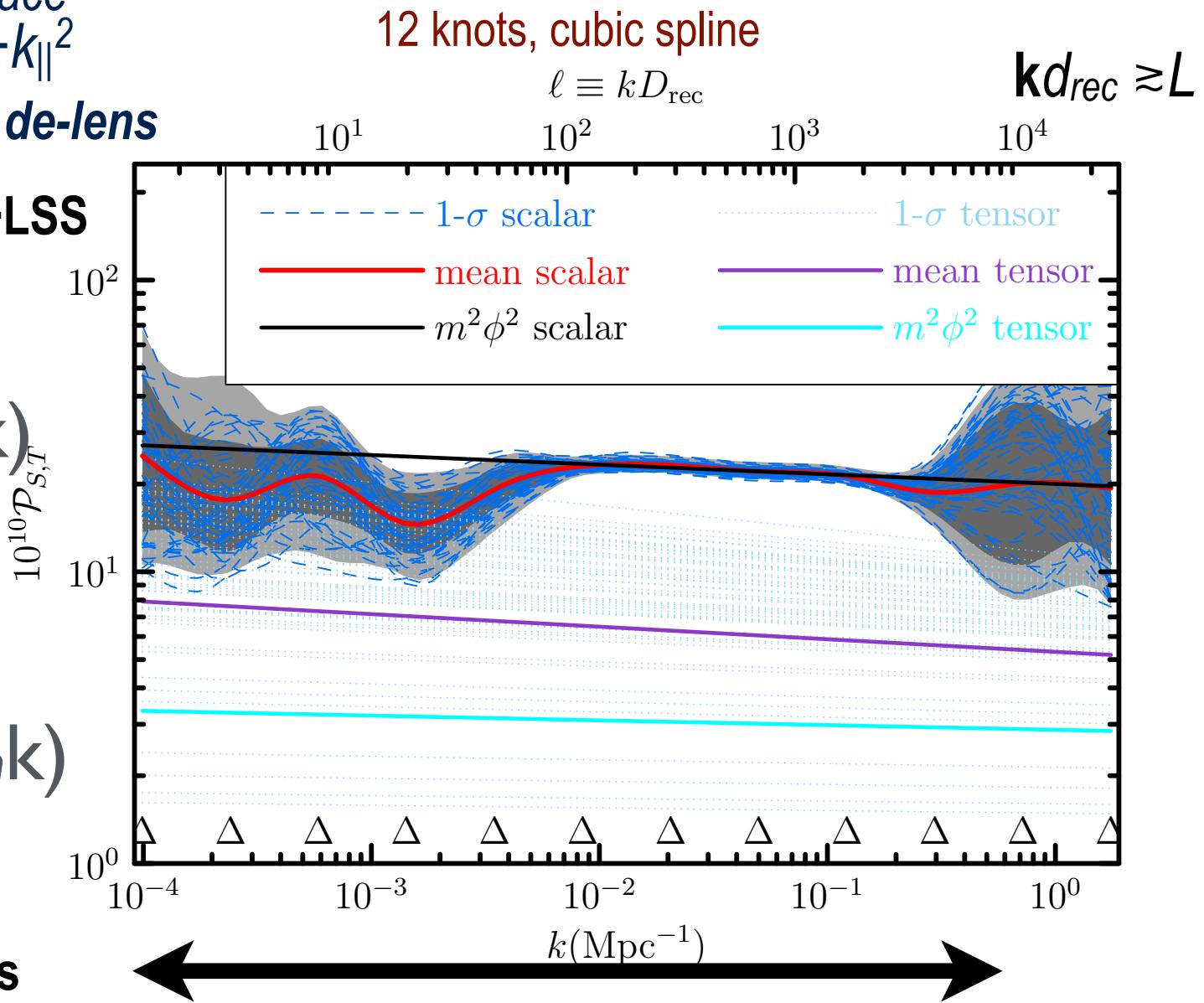
cf. Planck13+LSS

$\ln \mathcal{P}_\zeta(\ln k)$

Planck13
& WMAP
=> stable
features

$\ln \mathcal{P}_{\text{GW}}(\ln k)$

9 e-folds



Quadratic $\ln \mathcal{P}_\zeta(\ln k)$ Maps aka Radical Compressions
 => ultra-early Universe sound/phonon spectrum

Preliminary

12 knots, cubic spline

$$\ell \equiv kD_{\text{rec}}$$

$$kd_{\text{rec}} \gtrsim L$$

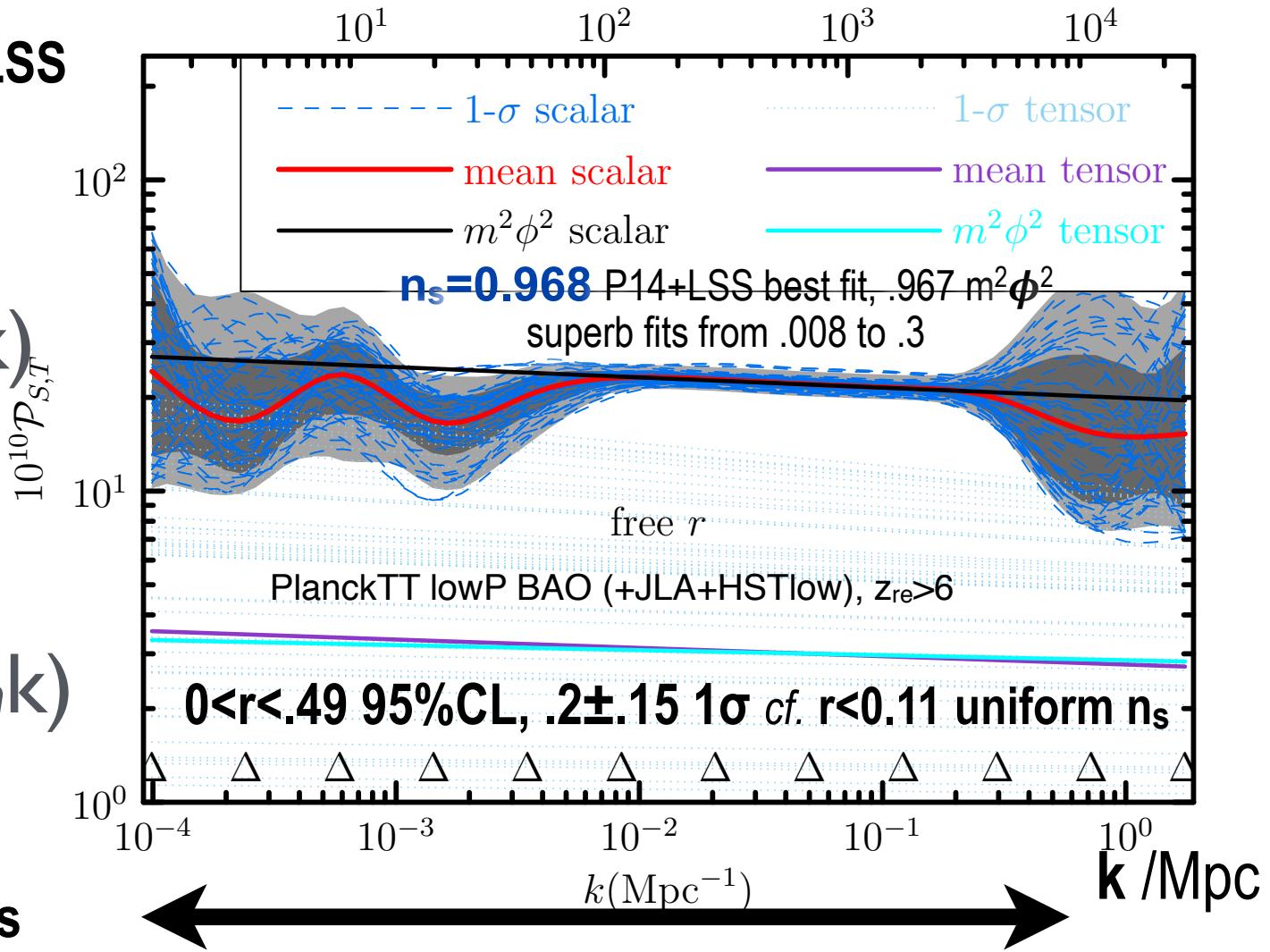
Planck14+LSS

$\ln \mathcal{P}_\zeta(\ln k)$

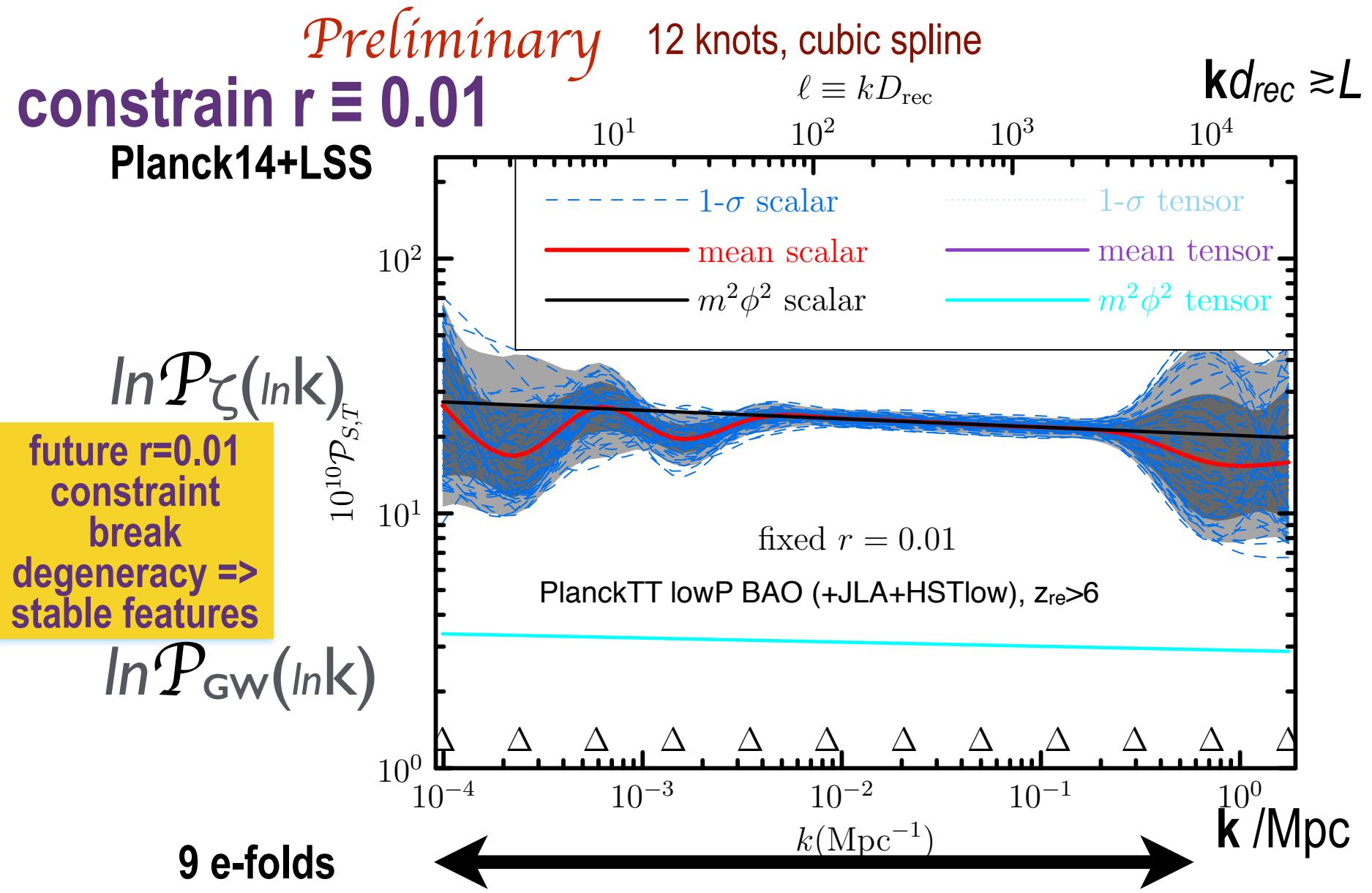
$r - \mathcal{P}_\zeta$ partial
degeneracy
if r floats

$\ln \mathcal{P}_{\text{GW}}(\ln k)$

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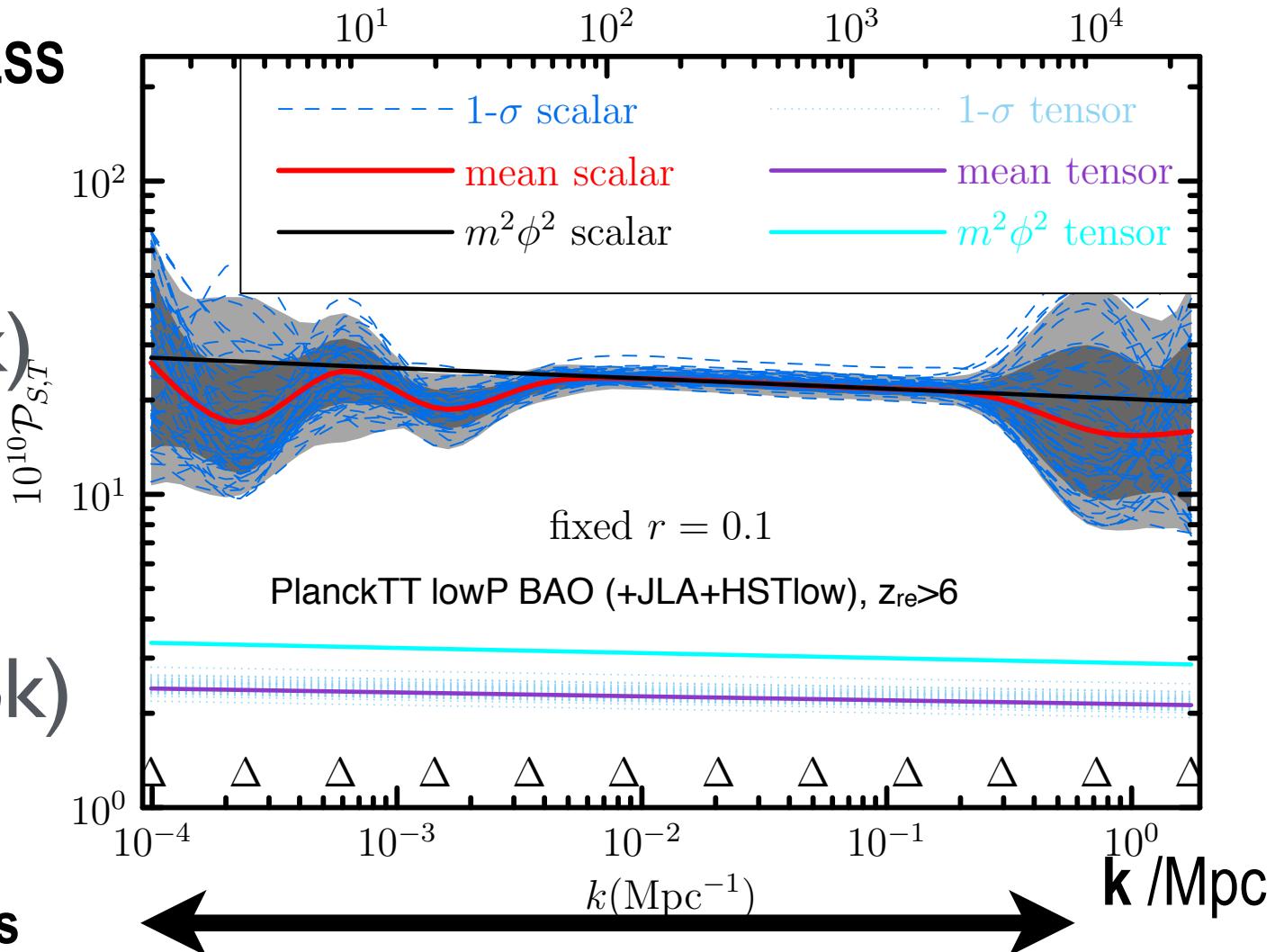
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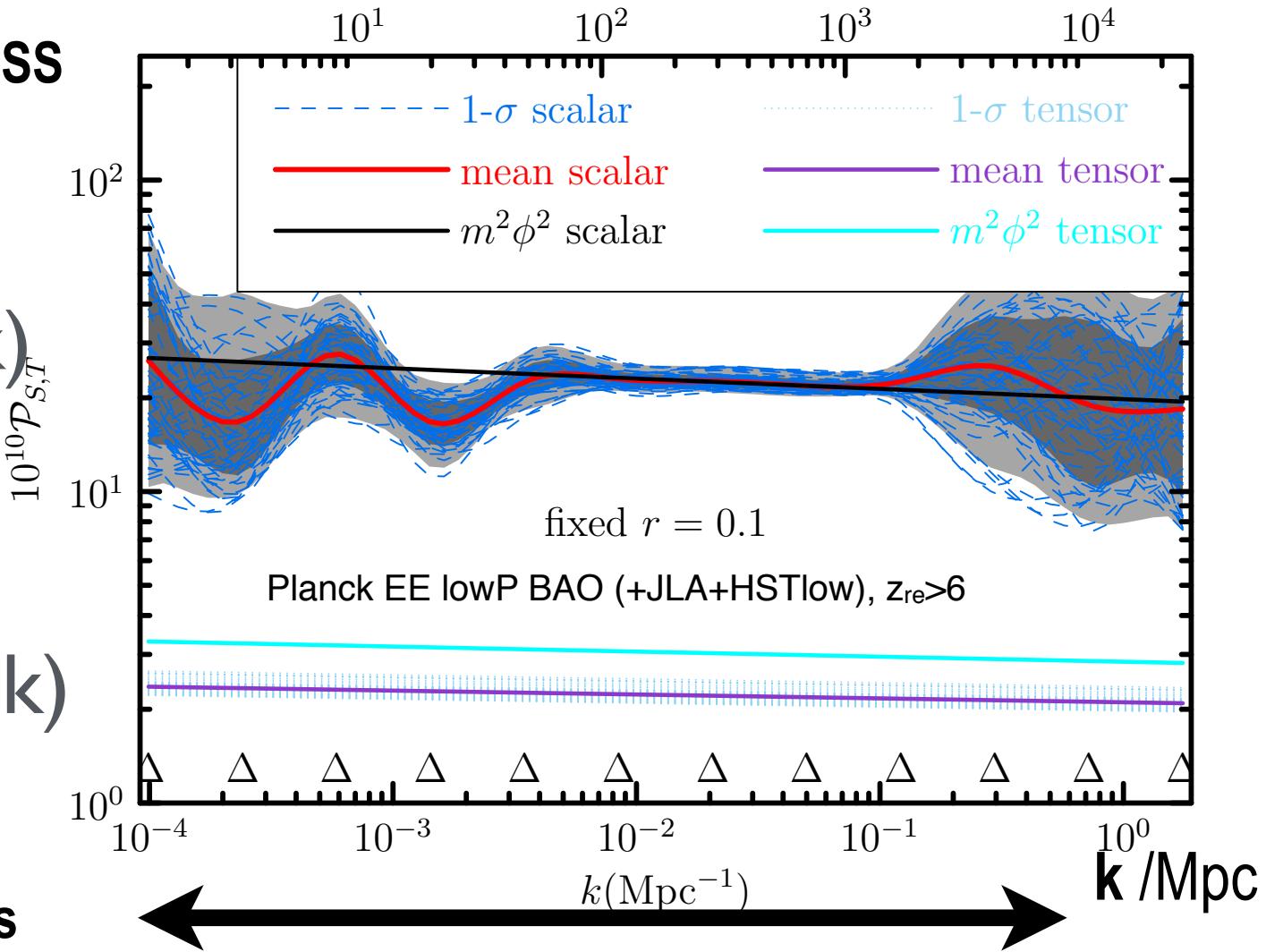
Planck14+LSS

$\ln \mathcal{P}_\zeta(\ln k)$

adding high L polarization
 => stable features

$\ln \mathcal{P}_{\text{GW}}(\ln k)$

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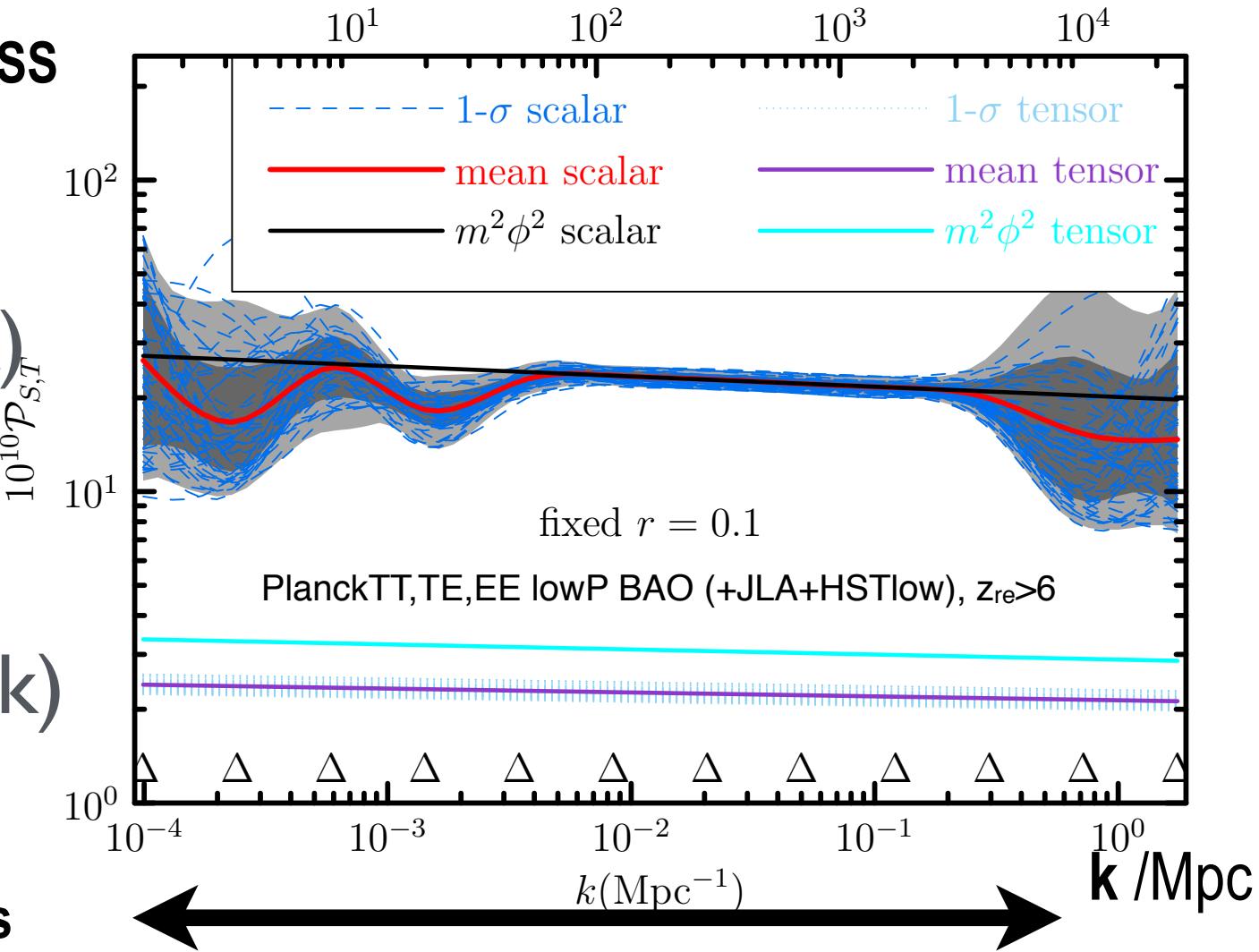
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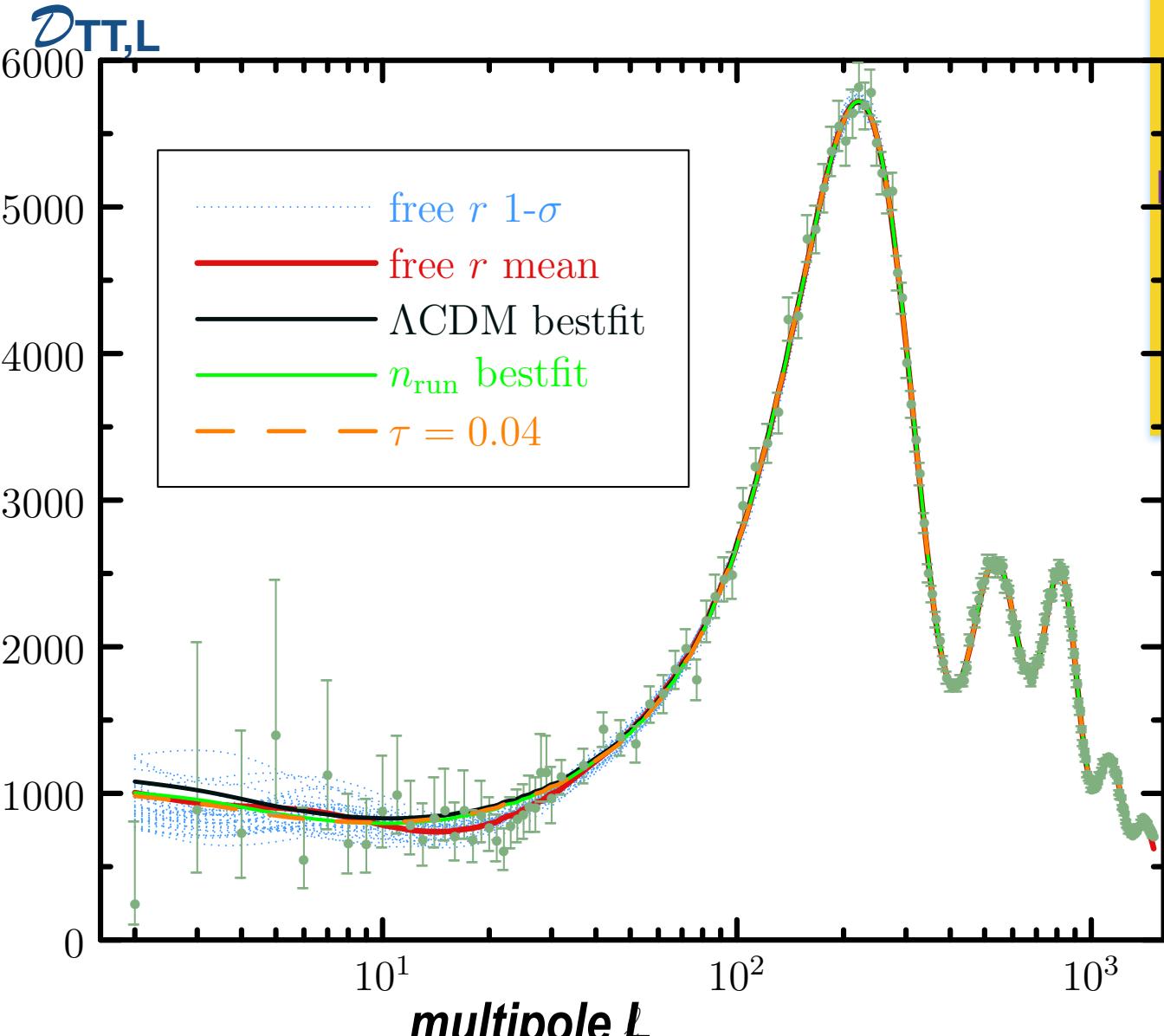
9 e-folds



trajectories of $\mathcal{D}_{\text{TT,L}}$

cf. Planck 2014 Commander Low L spectrum + Likelihood high L $\mathcal{D}_{\text{TT,L}}$

Preliminary 12 knots, cubic spline



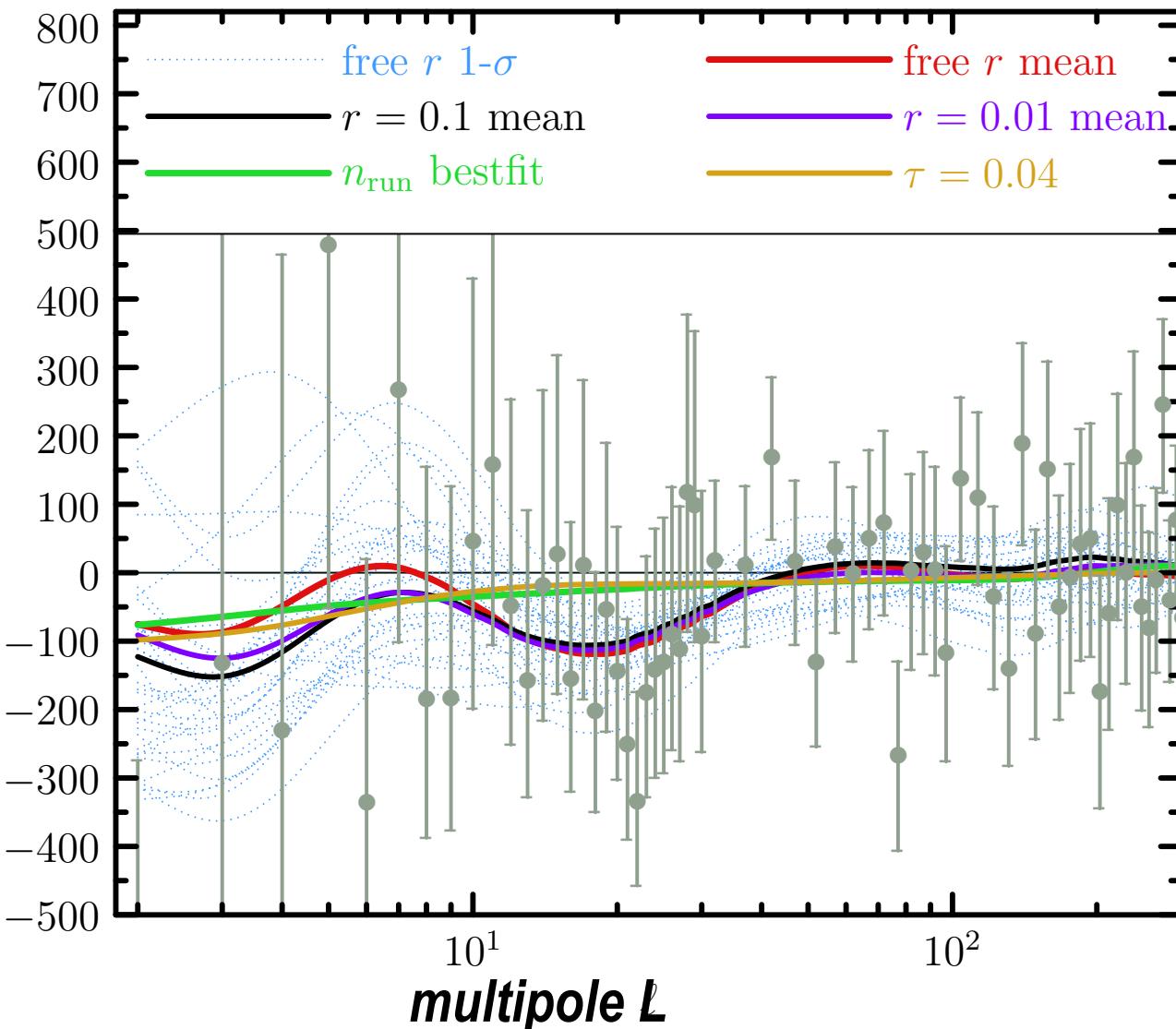
running of \mathcal{P}_ζ
 \equiv 3 Chebyshev modes
 \Rightarrow very stiff
 \Rightarrow not what the data wants
 Lower $\tau \Rightarrow$ shape similar to running at low L
 similar response on $\mathcal{D}_{\text{TT,L}}$ for constrained & free r
 modified by τ freedom

trajectories of $\mathcal{D}_{\text{TT,L}}$

cf. Planck 2014 Commander Low L spectrum with Blackwell-Rao errors

Preliminary 12 knots, cubic spline

$\Delta \mathcal{D}_{\text{TT,L}}$



running of \mathcal{P}_ζ

$\equiv 3$ Chebyshev modes

=> very stiff

=> not what the data wants

Lower $\tau \Rightarrow$ shape similar to
running at low L

similar response on $\mathcal{D}_{\text{TT,L}}$
for constrained & free r
modified by τ freedom

running of \mathcal{P}_ζ

NOT wanted

*the down-up-down
tendency*

*is here to stay,
2014-2022-...*

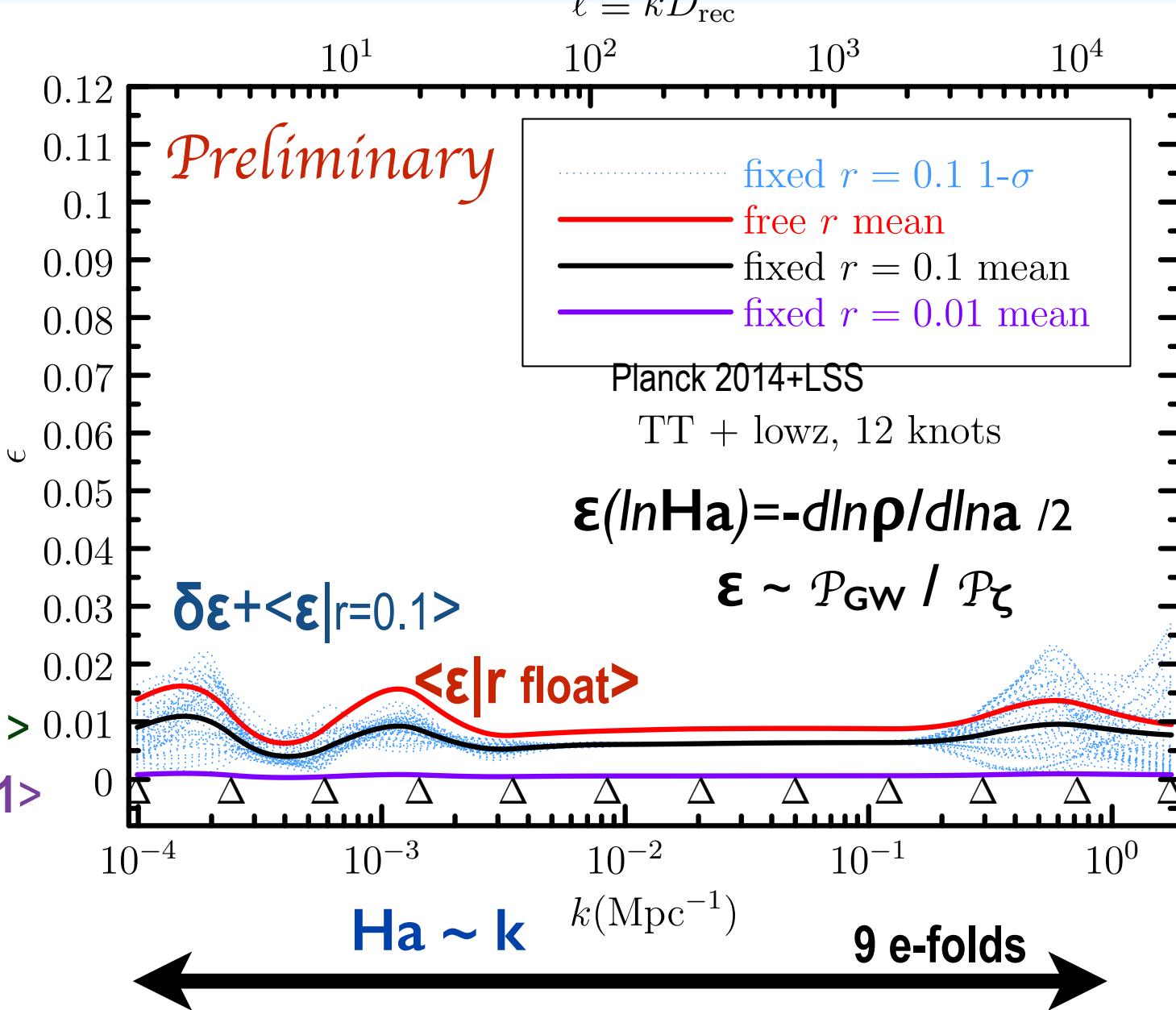
early universe **acceleration histories** = **EOS histories** $3(1+w)/2$

$$\Sigma = 3(1+w)/2$$

$$\approx r(k)/16$$

$$\langle \epsilon | r=0.1 \rangle$$

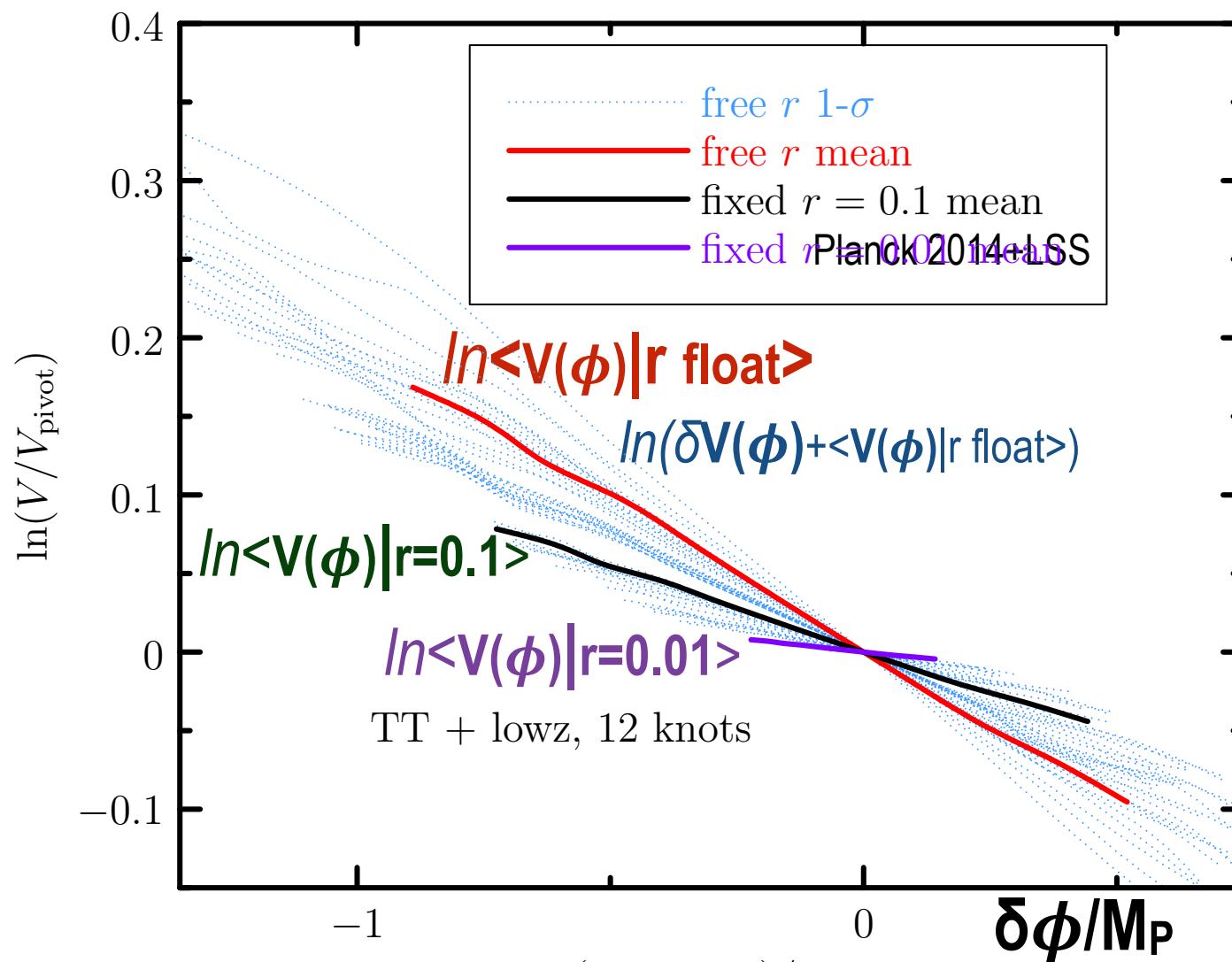
$$\langle \epsilon | r=0.01 \rangle$$



inflaton $V(\phi)$ -maps = $3M_P^2 H^2 (1-\epsilon/3)$ HJ eqn, $d\phi/M_P/d\ln a = \pm \sqrt{2\epsilon}$

along the gradient / Morse flow

Preliminary



IR heating
region is far off
=> many ways to
extrapolate

UV region far off
=> many ways to
extrapolate

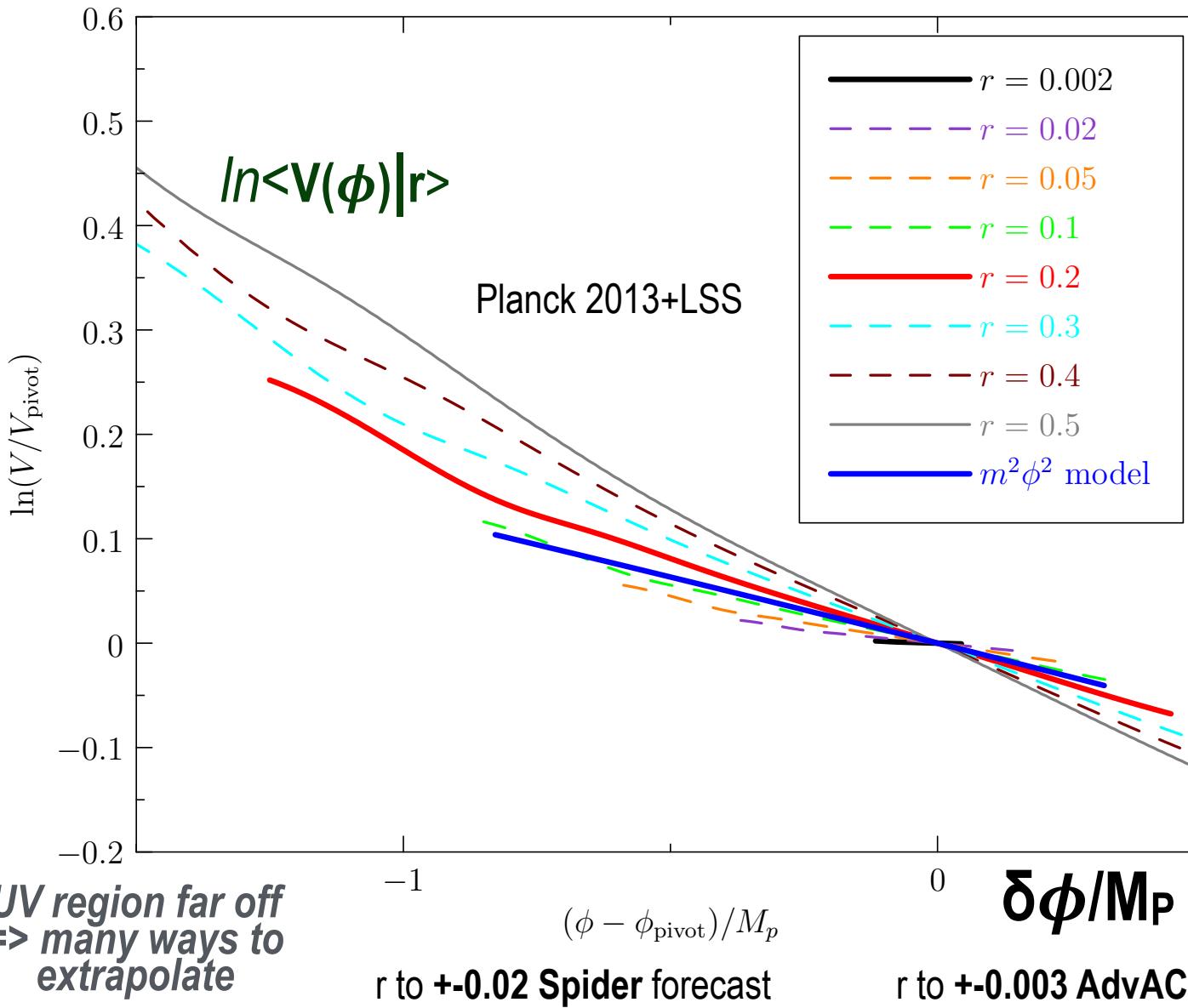
r to +0.02 Spider forecast

r to +0.003 AdvACTpol forecast w/ fgnds

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along the gradient / Morse flow

Reconstructed mean potential (without BICEP constraint)



IR heating region is far off
=> many ways to extrapolate

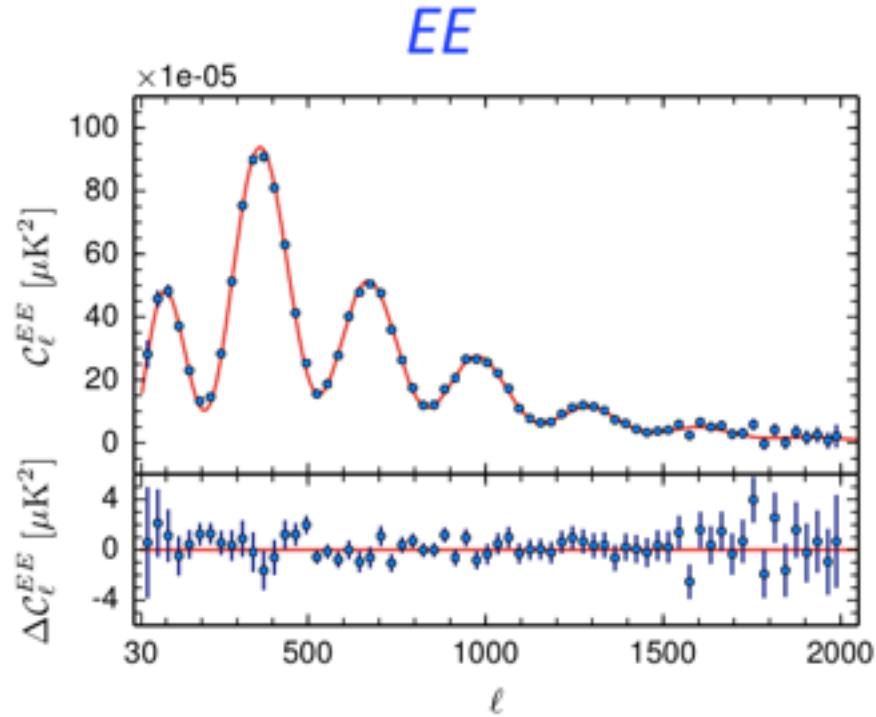
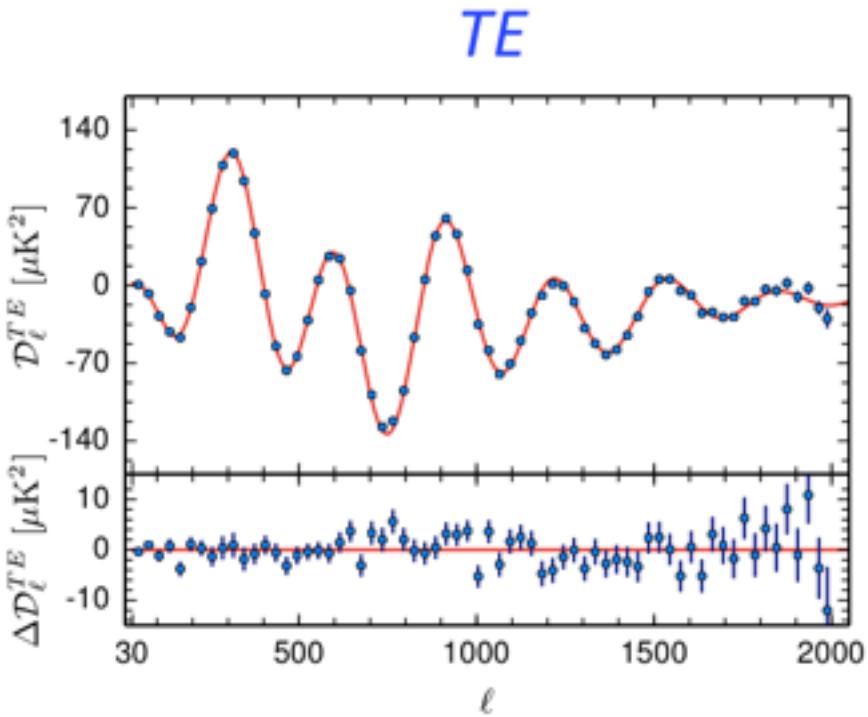


planck

Beyond Planck 2014 +LSS: Inflation futures from CMB & LSS



Planck 2014 TE/EE cf. TT => **constrains subdominant primordial power contributions not phase-locked with the acoustic-peaks of the pure adiabatic case.** see Planck 2014 inflation paper



Preliminary

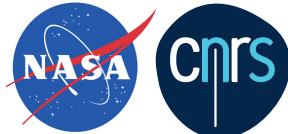
The scientific results that we present today are a product of the Planck Collaboration, including individuals from more than 100 scientific institutes in Europe, the USA and Canada.



esa



qsi
agenzia spaziale
italiana



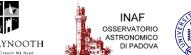
cnrs

DTU Space
National Space Institute

Science & Technology
Facilities Council



MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT



planck

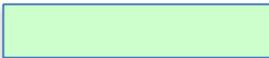
Planck is a project of the European Space Agency, with instruments provided by two scientific Consortia funded by ESA member states (in particular the lead countries: France and Italy) with contributions from NASA (USA), and telescope reflectors provided in a collaboration between ESA and a scientific Consortium led and funded by Denmark.

CMB stage II, III, IV

lyman page, ferrara 2014

Ground Based

Chile

	Have data	Current or planned freqs
* ABS		145 GHz
ACTPol/AdvACt		30, 40, 90, 150, 230 GHz
POLARBEAR		90, 150 GHz
* CLASS		40, 90, 150 GHz

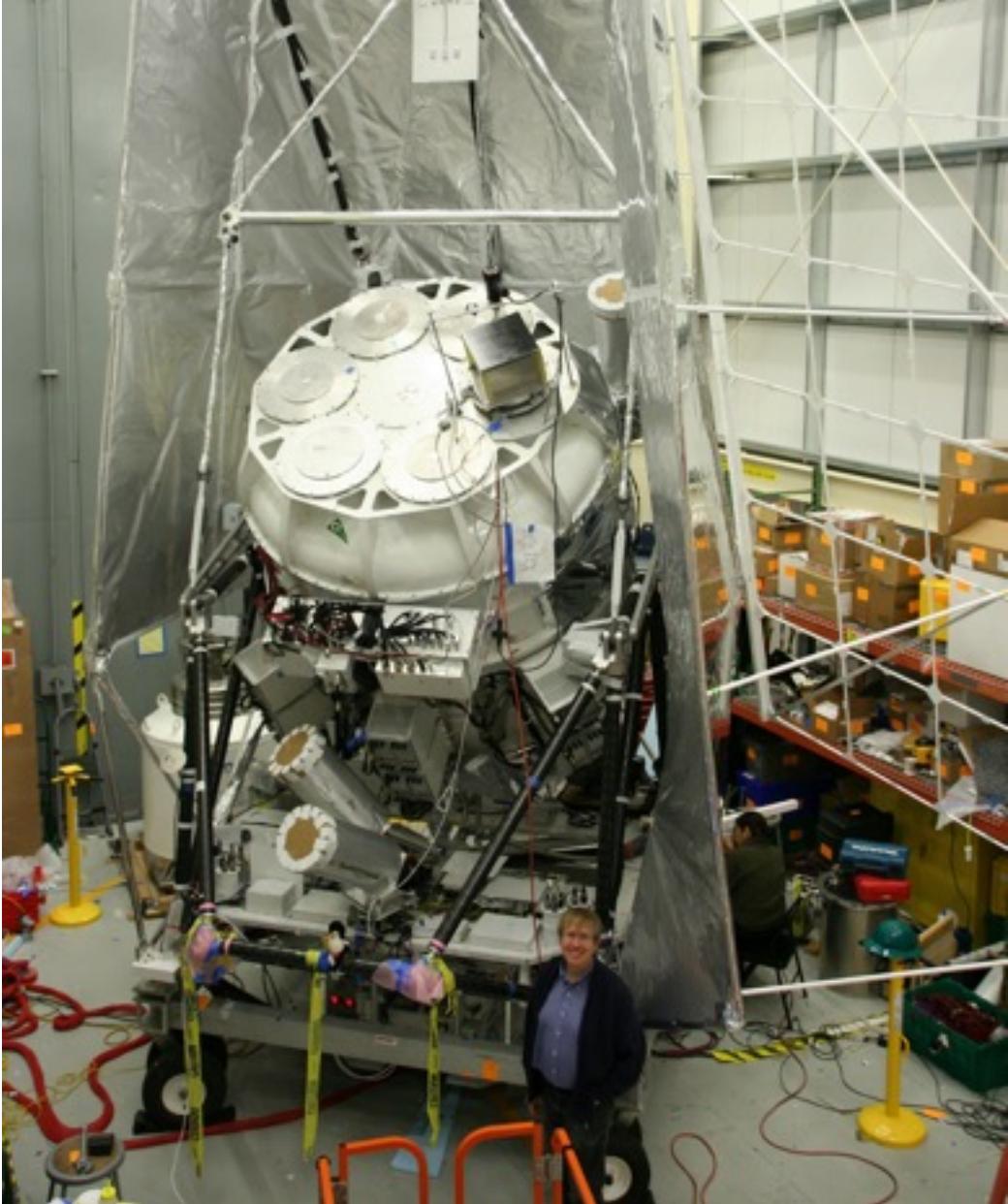
Antarctica

* BICEP/KECK		90, 150, 220 GHz
SPTPol		90, 150 GHz
QUBIC-Bolo int.	2016	90, 150, 220 GHz

Elsewhere (for now)

B-Machine –WMRS		40 GHz
* GroundBIRD, LiteBIRD	2016	150 GHz
* GLP – Greenland	TBD	150, 210, 270 GHz
* MuSE-Multimoded	TBD	44, 95, 145, 225, 275 GHz
QUIJOTE –Canaries, HEMPTS		11-20, 30 GHz

SPIDER



PRINCETON
UNIVERSITY

SLAC
NATIONAL ACCELERATOR LABORATORY

Imperial College
London

UNIVERSITY OF
TORONTO

 CITA
ICAT
Canadian Institute for
Theoretical Astrophysics
Institut canadien
d'astrophysique théorique

 STANFORD
UNIVERSITY

 CASE WESTERN RESERVE
UNIVERSITY EST. 1826



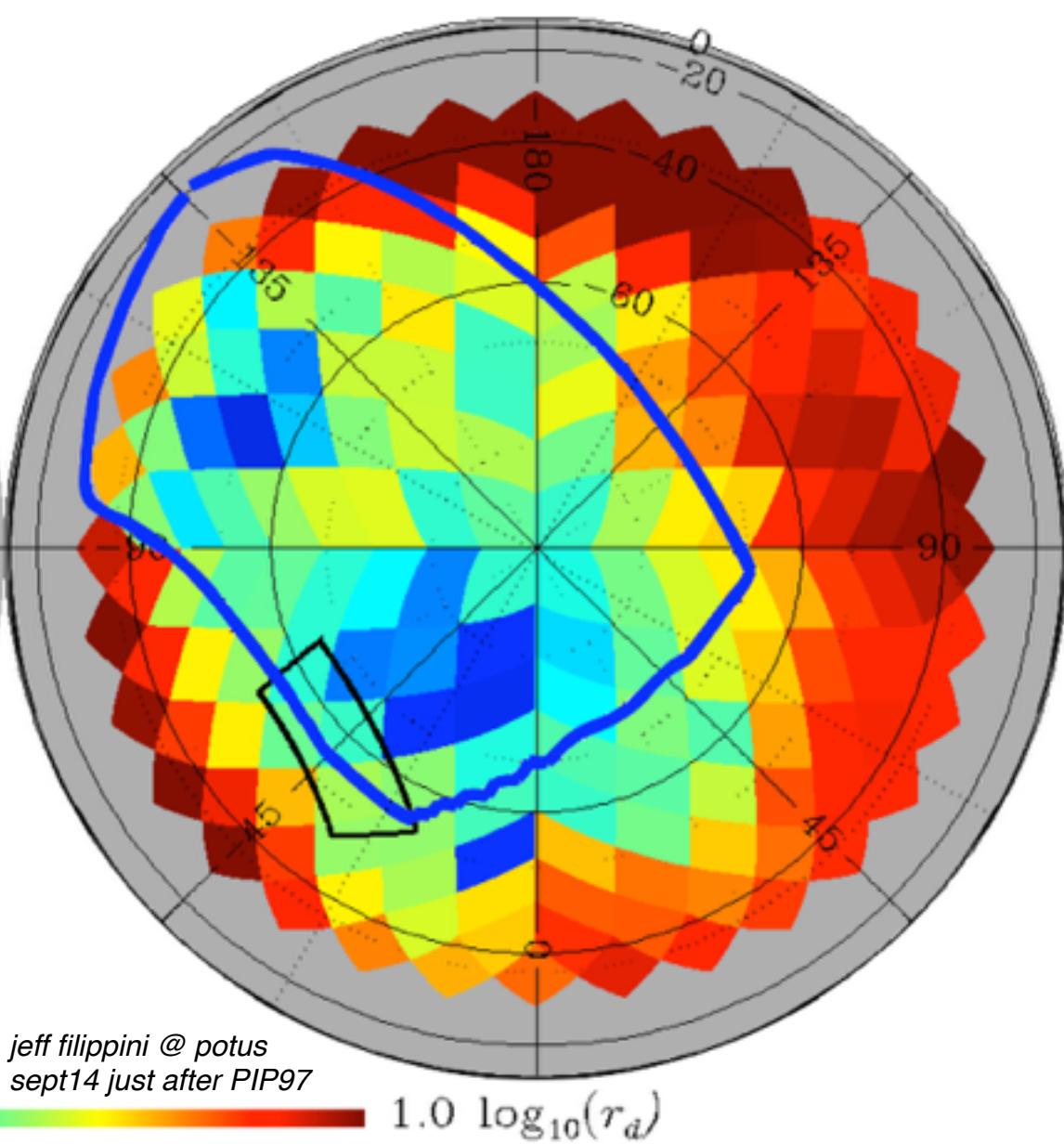
NSERC
CRSNG



the David &
Lucile Packard
FOUNDATION



SPIDER



the David & Lucile Packard FOUNDATION



Imperial College London

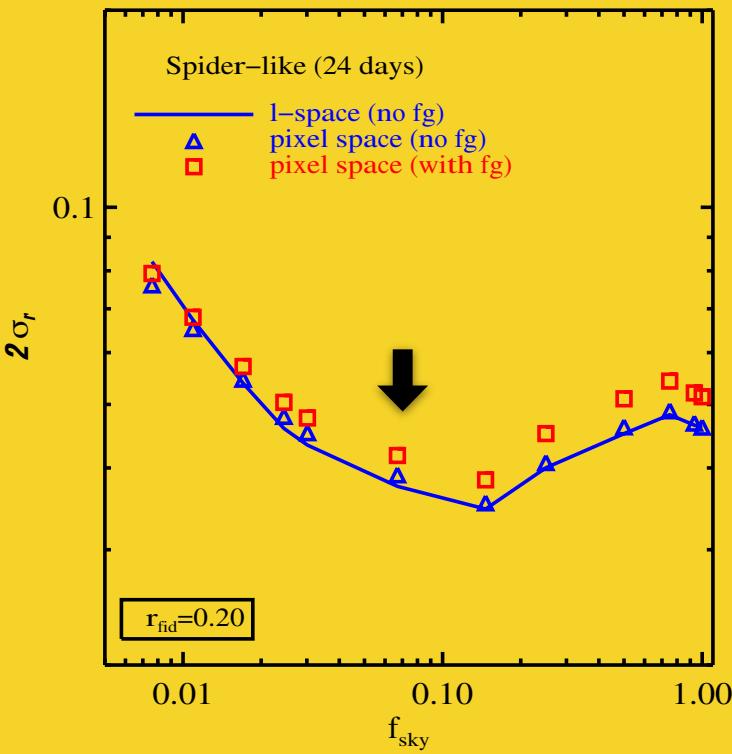


SPIDER

cooled to subK,
ready to go at
McMurdo Dec 2014



Dec 2014 flight ~ 20d ?
 $f_{sky}=0.8$
3/3 @ 90/150 GHz
~2K detectors incl yield
 $L \sim 10-300$
2015 flight
2/2/2 @ 90/150/280 GHz



forecasts

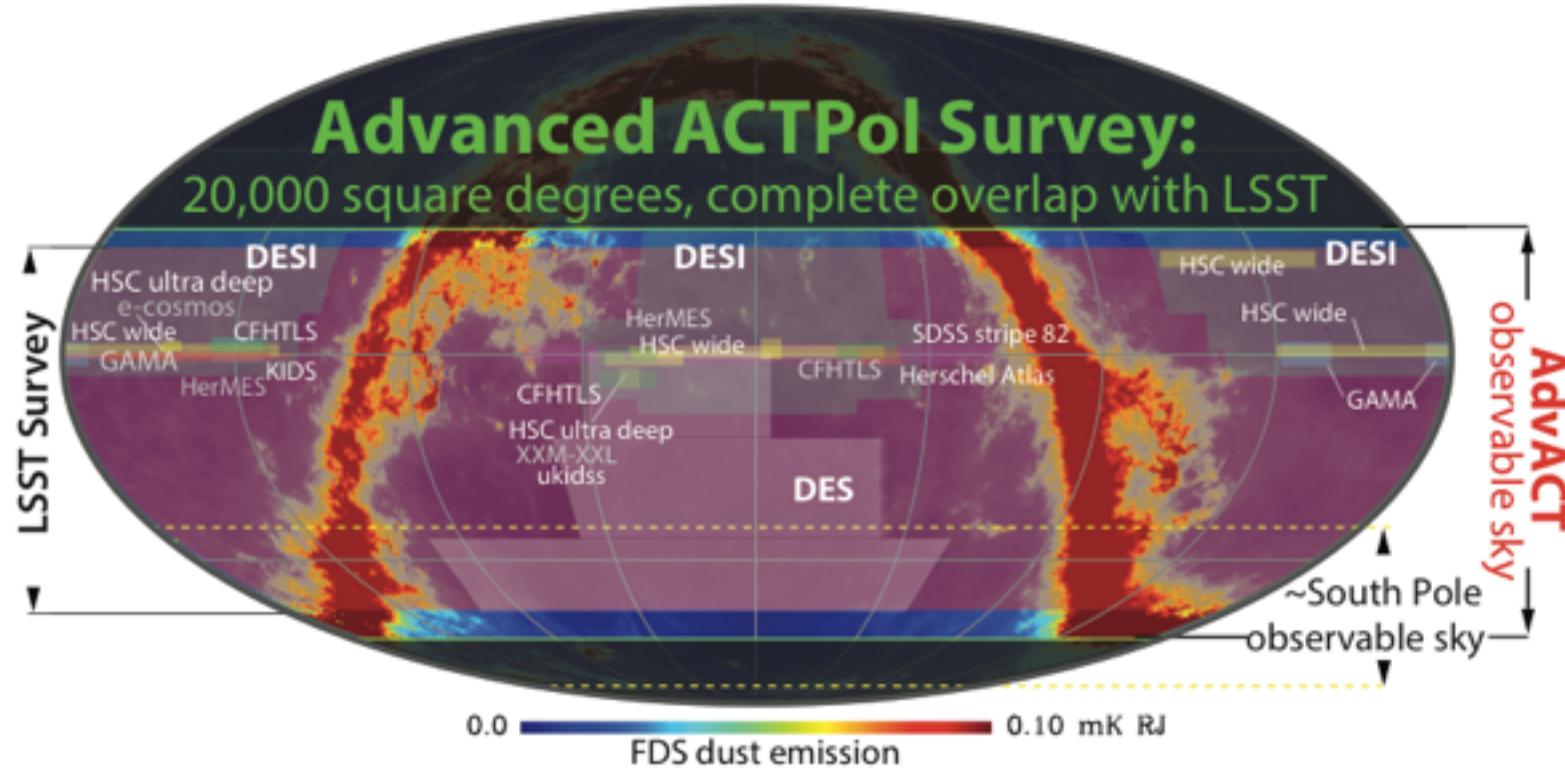
- 0.03 2 sigma 1st flight no fgnd
- 0.02 2 sigma 2nd flight
- 0.03 2 sigma 2nd flight fgnd cleaned

The ACT Collaboration

ACT, now ACTpol, => Advanced ACTpol



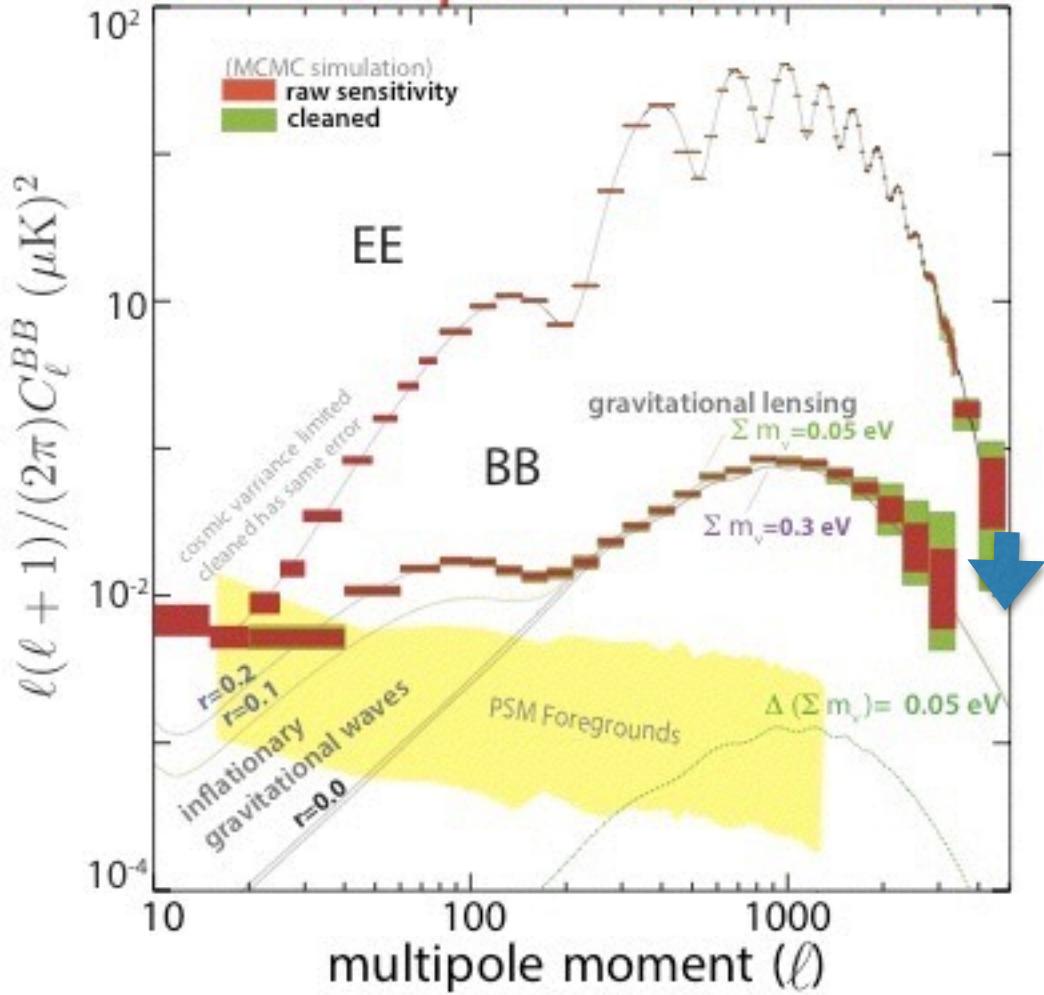
Advanced ACTPol (AdvACT) Observations



- $\sim 20,000 \text{ deg}^2$ survey ($f_{\text{sky}} \sim 0.5$) with complete LSST overlap as well as DES, ALMA, and other observatories located in Chile
- Substantial overlap with spectroscopic surveys (SDSS, PFS, DESI)

AdvACT: Power Spectra

AdvACT polarization forecast



Error bars above shown for $r = 0.2$

High S/N B-mode detections for $r > 0.01$ are measured in independent frequency bands (90 & 150 GHz) and on many patches across the sky.

This provides important cross-checks on any detected signal

Also shown:

- Error bars before and after foreground cleaning
- Varying amplitudes of the gravitational lensing signal for different values of the sum of the neutrino masses
- Planck forecasts

CMB stage IV DOE funding, grand unification of ground efforts 200-500K detectors @ SP, Atacama, Greenland (GLP)?

Inflation Physics from the Cosmic Microwave Background and Large Scale Structure

Topical Conveners: J.E. Carlstrom, A.T. Lee

K.N. Abazajian, K. Arnold, J. Austermann, B.A. Benson, C. Bischoff, J. Bock, J.R. Bond, J. Borrill, I. Budor, D.L. Burke, E. Calabrese, J.E. Carlstrom, C.S. Carvalho, C.L. Chang, H.C. Chiang, S. Church, A. Cooray, T.M. Crawford*, B.P. Crill, K.S. Dawson, S. Das, M.J. Devlin, M. Dobbs, S. Dodelson, O. Doré, J. Dunkley, J.L. Feng, A. Fraisse, J. Gallicchio, S.B. Giddings, D. Green, N.W. Halverson, S. Hanany, D. Hanson, S.R. Hildebrandt, A. Hincks, R. Hlozek, G. Holder, W.L. Holzapfel, K. Honscheid, G. Horowitz, W. Hu, J. Hubmayr, K. Irwin, M. Jackson, W.C. Jones, R. Kalosh, M. Kamionkowski, B. Keating, R. Keisler, W. Kinney, L. Knox, E. Komatsu, J. Kovac, C.-L. Kuo, A. Kusaka, C. Lawrence, A.T. Lee, E. Leitch, A. Linde, E. Linder, P. Lubin, J. Maldacena, E. Martinec, J. McMahon, A. Miller, V. Mukhanov, L. Newburgh, M.D. Niemann, H. Nguyen, H.T. Nguyen, L. Page, C. Pryke, C.L. Reichardt, J.E. Ruhl, N. Sehgal, U. Seljak, L. Senatore, J. Sievers, E. Silverstein, A. Slosar, K.M. Smith, D. Spergel, S.T. Staggs, A. Stark, R. Stompor, A.G. Vieregg, G. Wang, S. Watson, E.J. Wollack, W.L.K. Wu, K.W. Yoon, O. Zahn, and M. Zaldarriaga

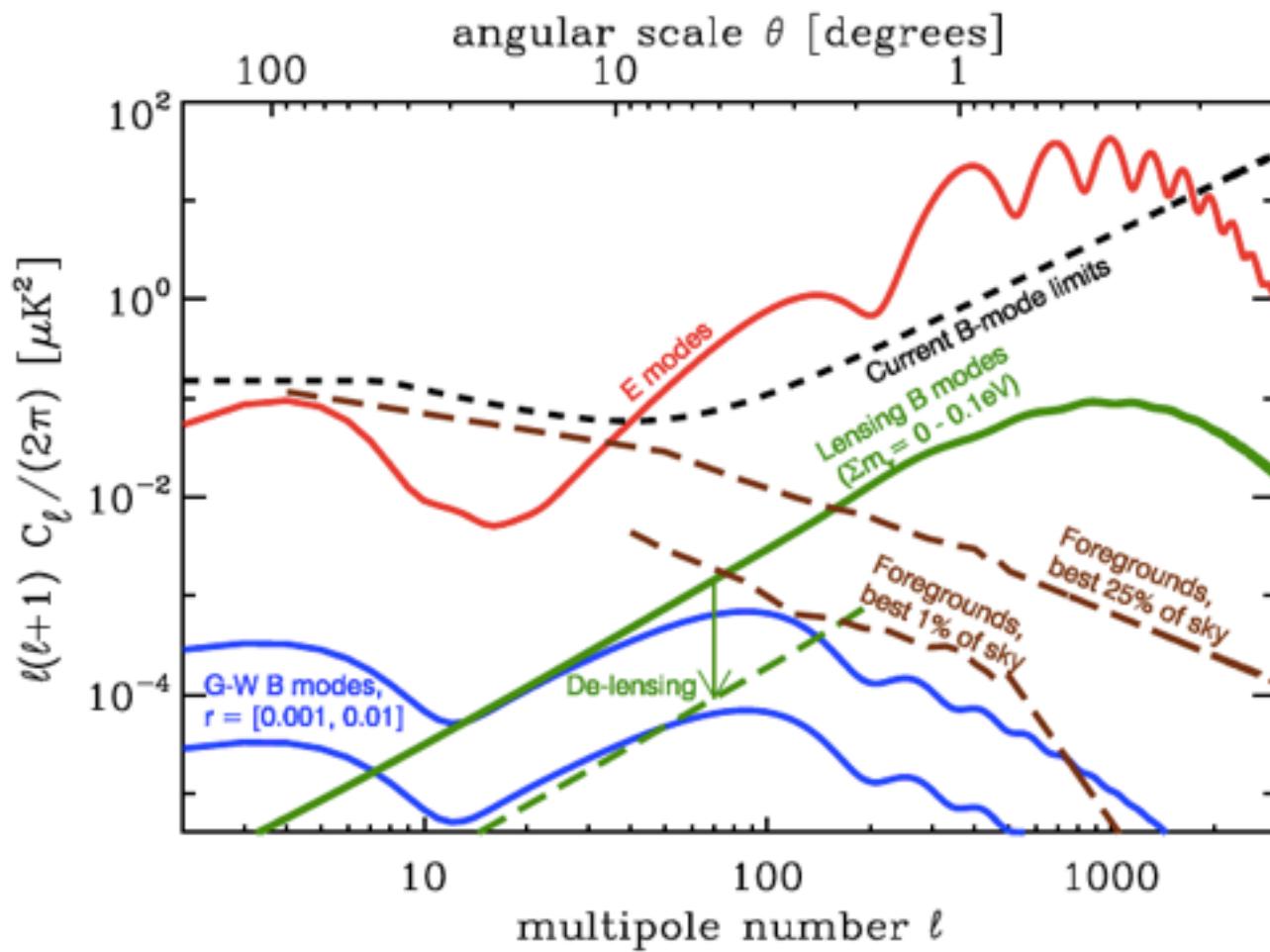
Cdns on the case; CMBpol satellites too?

SATELLITE MISSION OPPORTUNITIES FOR CMB POLARIZATION:
WHITE PAPER FOR THE CANADIAN LRP MIDTERM REVIEW

DICK BOND^{2,3}, SCOTT CHAPMAN⁶, MATT DOBBS^{1,*}, MARK HALPERN⁴, GARY HINSHAW^{4,*}, GIL HOLDER¹, PETER MARTIN^{2,3,5}
BARTH NETTERFIELD², DOUGLAS SCOTT⁴, KENDRICK SMITH⁷, KEITH VANDERLINDE^{2,5}

Draft version November 29, 2014

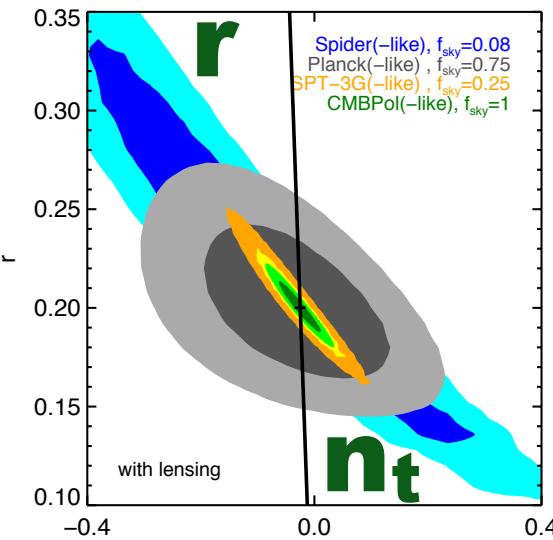
CMB stage IV



future

AdvACTpol ($f_{\text{sky}} \sim 50\%$): Cosmological Forecasts

Planck_f, Spider, SPT3g, .. CMBpol (CoRE, Pixie,..)

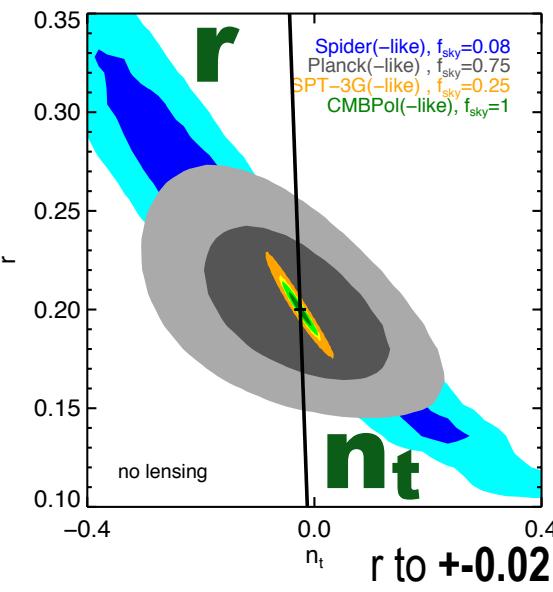
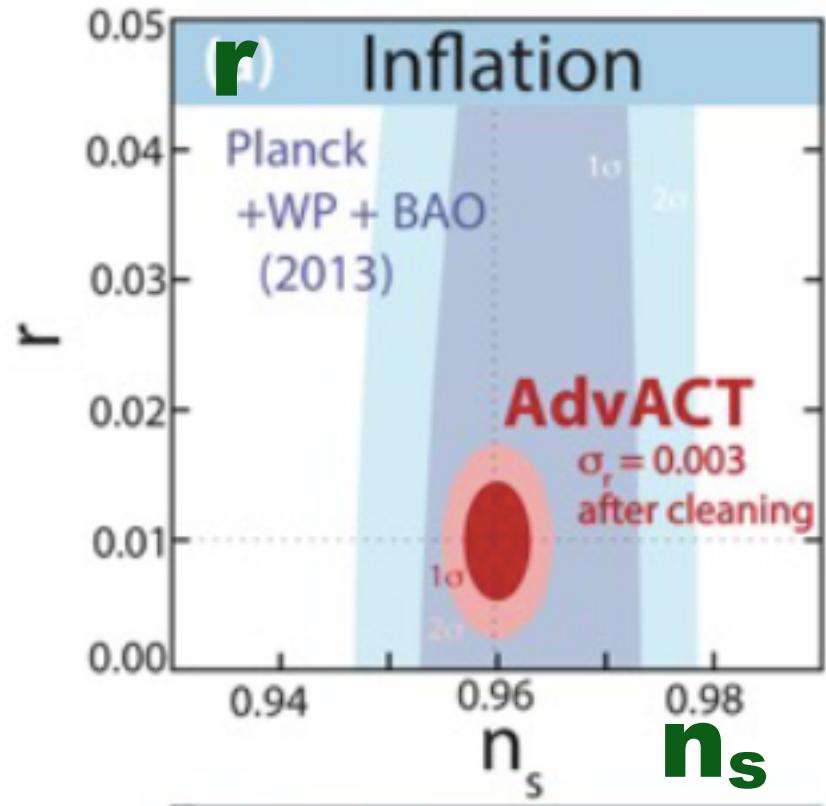


testing tensor consistency?

better $f_{\text{sky}}=25\%$ for spt3g/AdvACT-like
than current 6% goal for spt3g

$$n_t \approx -r/8$$

*nice BB spectra,
hence a slope,
but tensor
consistency is a
steep relation.
how well we can
do will depend
upon the ability to
de-lens to get to
the high L tail*



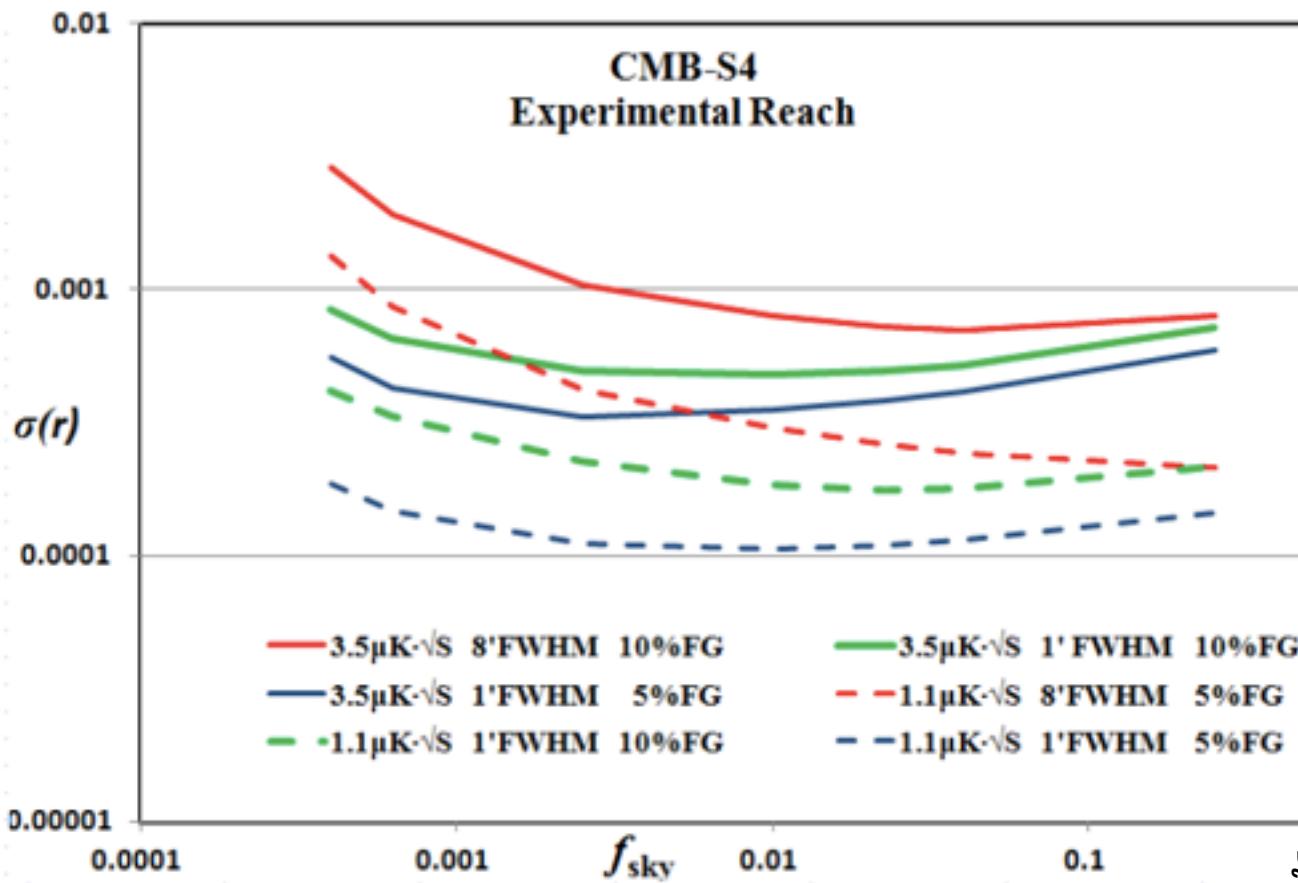
r to +0.02 Spider forecast

Planck_f uses pre-launch blue book forecast sensitivities

r to +0.003 AdvACTpol forecast w/ fgnds

CMB stage IV 200-500K detectors @ SP, Atacama,

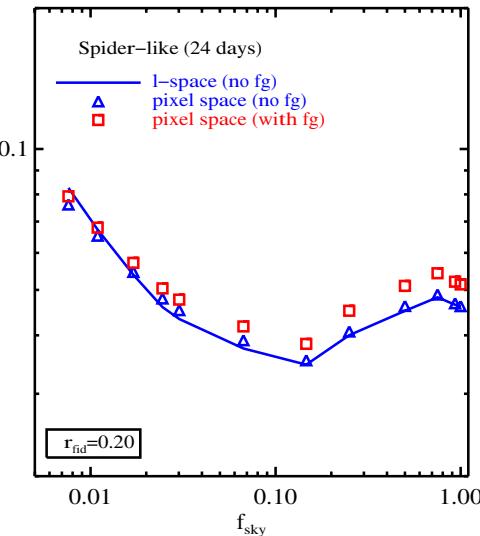
Greenland (GLP)?



can we get such precision from the ground?
optimism informed by great technology but to be shown

balloon future, higher frequency
ULDB?

satellites?



Beyond Planck 2014 +LSS: Inflation futures from CMB & LSS: LSS & nonG

$\gtrsim 10,000,000$ T/E modes of $t\Lambda\text{CDM}$
 $\lesssim 1000$ modes of (slight) anomaly
 $\lesssim 200$ modes T/E reionization history
 the vast CMB-un-illuminated $\zeta_{LM}(d)$
 LSS tomography $f_{\text{sky}} L_{\text{max}}^2 k_{\text{max}} d_{\text{max}}$
 LSS \sim CMB $\times 1000?$

New bispectrum constraints using full mission data including polarization

Shape and method	$f_{\text{NL}}(\text{KSW})$	
	Independent	ISW-lensing subtracted
SMICA (T)		
Local	9.5 ± 5.6	1.8 ± 5.6
Equilateral	-10 ± 69	-9.2 ± 69
Orthogonal	-43 ± 33	-20 ± 33
SMICA (T+E)		
Local	6.5 ± 5.1	0.71 ± 5.1
Equilateral	-8.9 ± 44	-9.5 ± 44
Orthogonal	-35 ± 22	-25 ± 22

ben wandelt, ferrara 2014
on behalf of Planck

2.3.1 Non-Gaussianity from the CMB

Preliminary

The current best limits on primordial non-Gaussianity are obtained using data from the *Planck* satellite [67]: $f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{local}} = 2.7 \pm 5.8$, $f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{equilateral}} = -42 \pm 75$ and $f_{\text{NL}}^{\text{orthogonal}} = -25 \pm 39$. At the angular scales that contribute most of the weight to the f_{NL} constraints, *Planck* has measured the CMB temperature fluctuations as well as they can be measured (i.e., the constraints on f_{NL} is now limited by cosmic variance, not noise). Adding CMB polarization information will improve this constraint, but at most by $\sqrt{3}$.

LSS & nonG

1412.4671

white paper on nonG+LSS on arXiv this week

outcome of CITA October 23-24 2014 meeting

DESI, LSST, Euclid .. CHIME .. SphereX proposal

the varieties of nonG f_{NL} ... feature nG ... preheating $F_{NL}[x,g]$

scale-dependent bias & power spectrum on very large scales
bispectrum - more promising than scale-dependent bias it seems
nonG intermittent F_{NL}

=> search for large scale rare events, e.g., superduper superclusters

TESTING INFLATION WITH LARGE SCALE STRUCTURE: CONNECTING HOPES WITH REALITY

Conveners: Olivier Doré and Daniel Green

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Jeong⁹, Matthew C. Johnson^{10,11}, Elisabeth Krause¹², Marilena Loverde¹³, Joel Meyers¹, P.
Daniel Meerburg¹, Leonardo Senatore¹², Sarah Shandera⁹, Eva Silverstein¹², Anže Slosar¹⁴,
Kendrick Smith¹¹, Matias Zaldarriaga¹, Valentin Assassi¹⁵, Jonathan Braden¹, Amir
Hajian¹, Takeshi Kobayashi^{1,11}, George Stein¹, Alexander van Engelen¹

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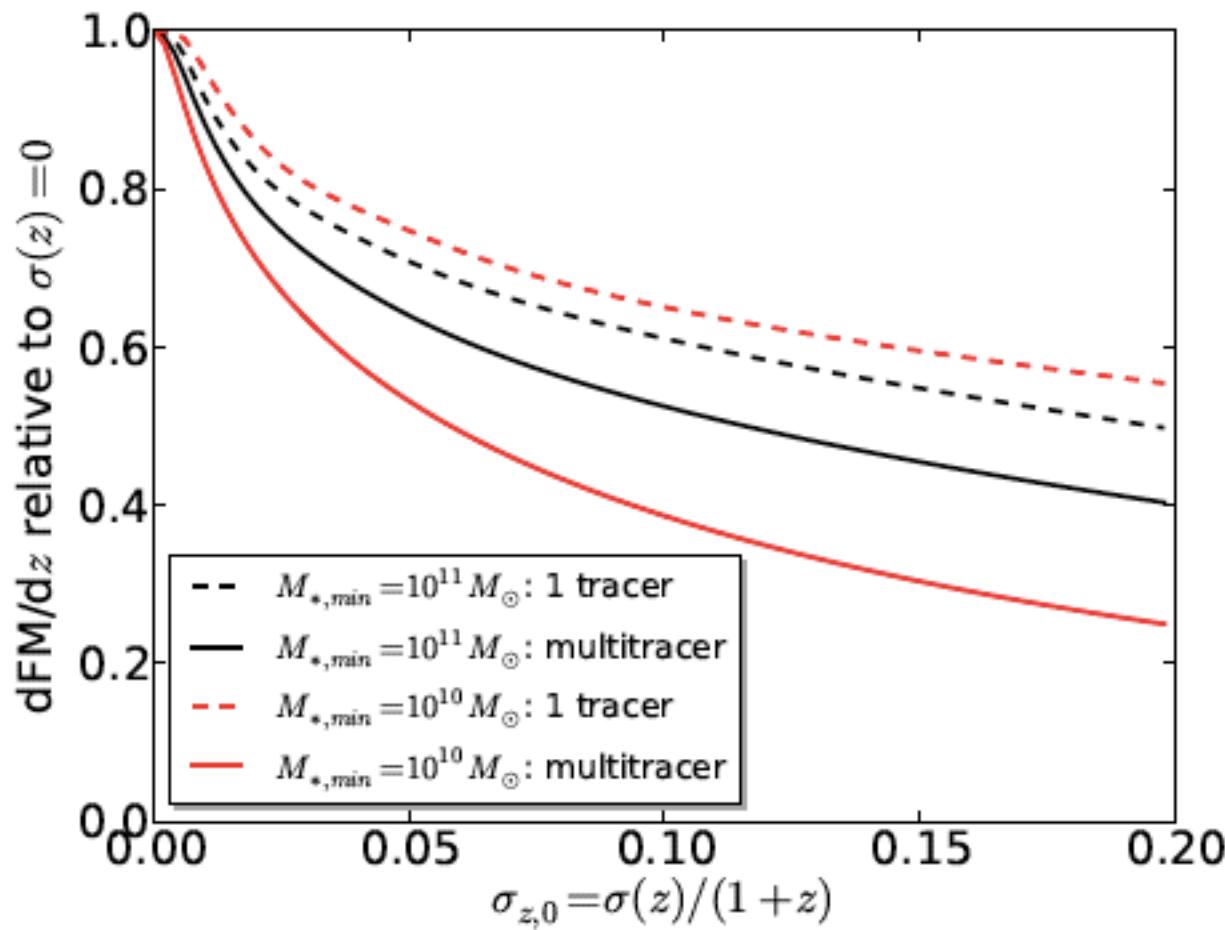
LSS & nonG

	LSST	DESI	Euclid	SPHEREx	CHIME
Survey type	photo	spectro	photo+spectro	low-res spectro	21-cm
Ground or space	ground	ground	space	space	ground
Previous surveys	CFHTLS, DES, HSC	BOSS, eBOSS, PFS	no direct precursor	PRIMUS, COMBO-17, COSMOS	GBT HIM
Survey start	2020	2020	2018	2020	2016
Redshift-range	$z < 3$ (1% sources above 3)	$z < 1.4$, $2 < z < 3.5$ (Ly α)	$z < 3$	$z < 1.5$	$0.75 < z < 2.5$
Survey area [deg 2]	20k	14k	15k	40k	20k
Approximate number of objects	2×10^9 (WL sources)	22×10^6 gal., $\sim 2.4 \times 10^5$ QSOs	40×10^6 redshifts, 1.5×10^9 photo-zs	15×10^9 pixels	10^7 pixels
Galaxy clustering	✓✓ [°]	✓	✓	✓	✓
Weak lensing	✓		✓		✓
RSD		✓	✓	✓✓	✓✓
Multi-tracer	✓✓	✓✓	✓✓	✓	

Table 2. A selection of currently funded or planned surveys. Other important surveys not included in the table are PFS, JPAS, PAU, EMU. Relevant survey links [\[LSST\]](#), [\[DESI\]](#), [\[Euclid\]](#), [\[UBC\]](#), [\[PFS\]](#), [\[JPAS\]](#), [\[PAU\]](#), [\[EMU\]](#). [°]Galaxy clustering is possible, but very strong radial degradation.

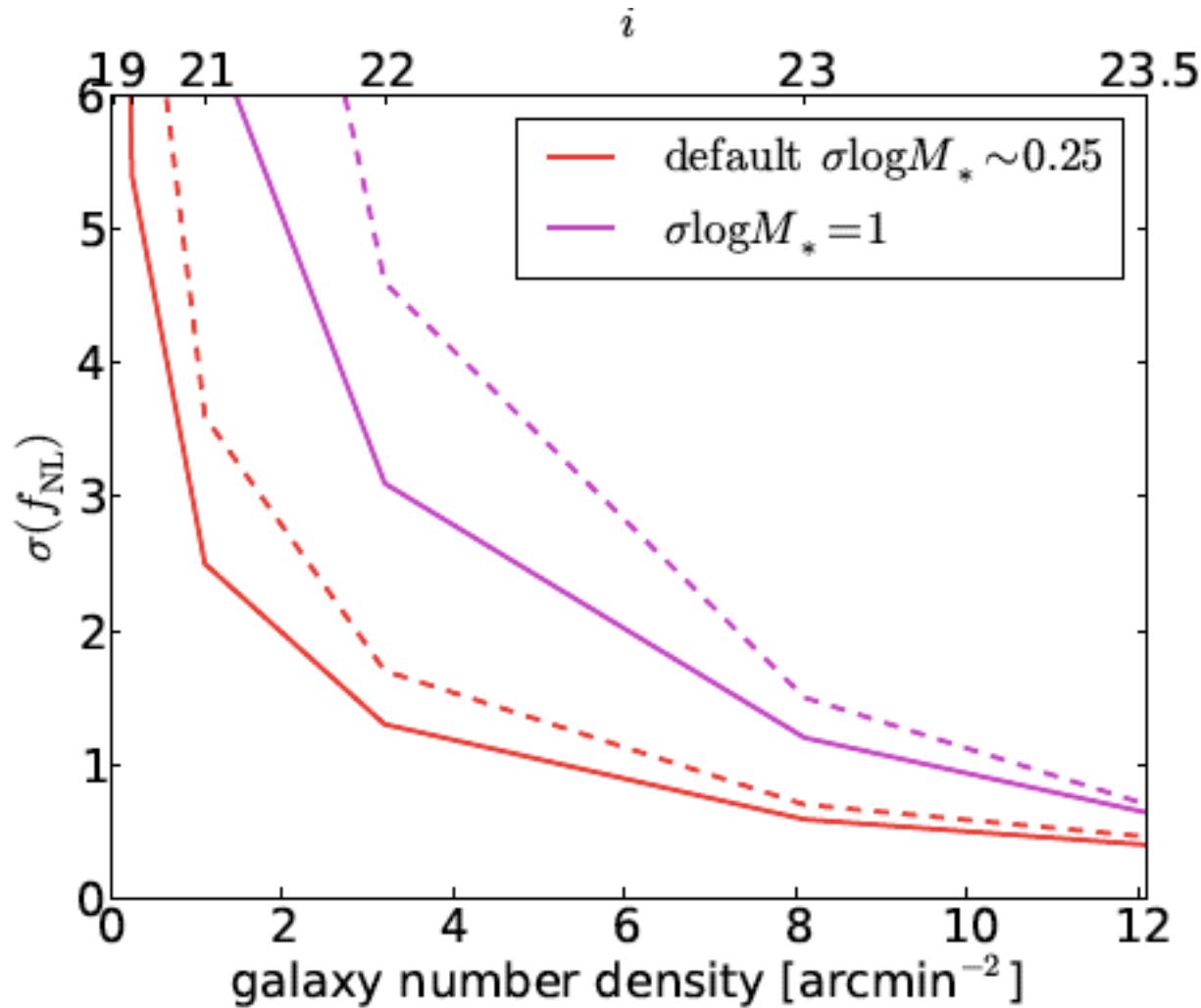
LSS & nonG

1412.4671



LSS & nonG

1412.4671



SPHEREx: An All-Sky Spectral Survey

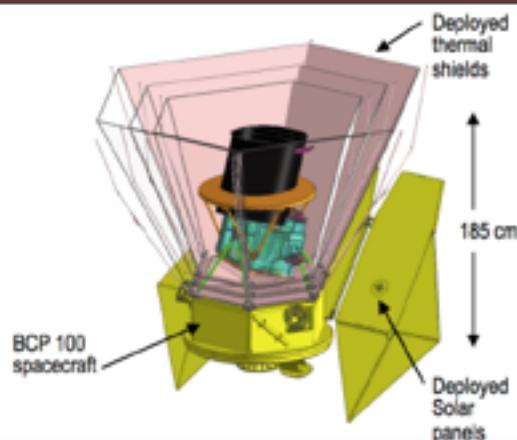
A high throughput, low-resolution near-infrared spectrometer

Optical-IR imaging spectrometer
$\lambda = 0.75\text{-}4.1 \mu\text{m}$ R=41.5
$\lambda = 4.1\text{-}4.8 \mu\text{m}$ R=150
20cm telescope
Passively cooled
6.2" x 6.2" pixels
2x(3.5x7) sq. deg. FOV

- ⇒ Inflation Science
 - ⇒ Cosmology derived from 3-D galaxy large-scale structure.
 - ⇒ Survey the $z < 1.5$ universe to fundamental limits to measure signatures of inflation, non-Gaussianity, the primordial power spectrum, and dark energy.
 - ⇒ Complement Euclid and WFIRST which survey smaller areas at $z > 1$.
- ⇒ Determine how interstellar ices bring water and organics into proto-planetary systems through absorption in ice spectra
- ⇒ Measure Extra-galactic Background Light to probe EOR

SPHEREx data-set:

R=40 spectra spanning ($0.75\mu\text{m} < \lambda < 4.81\mu\text{m}$) for every 6.2" pixel over the entire sky



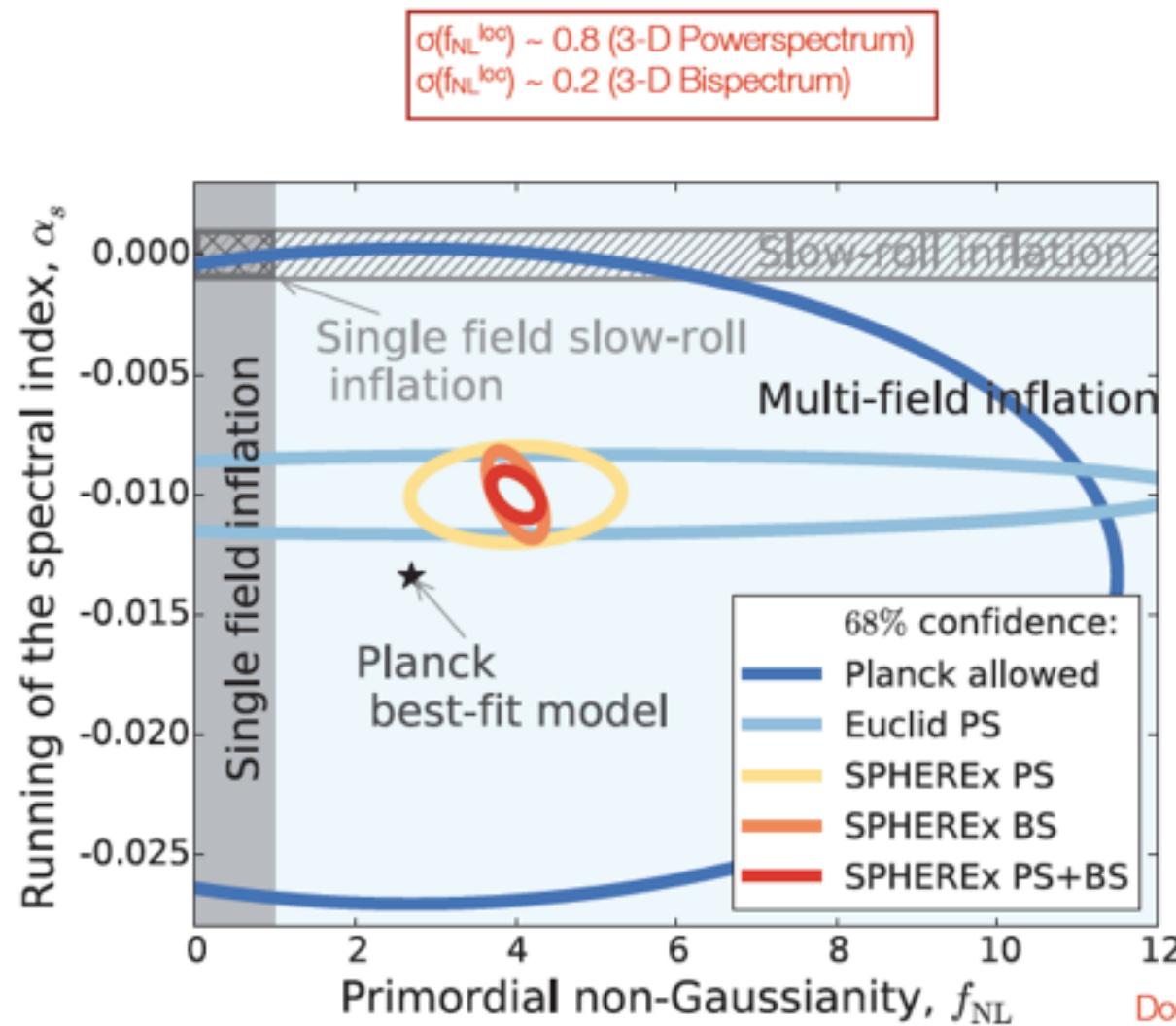
SPHEREx Creates a High Legacy All-Sky Survey

Extra-galactic sources	1.4 billion
	120M
	9.8M
	>1.5M QSOs with redshift
	0-300 QSOs with redshift > 7
	25,000 galaxy clusters with redshift
Galactic sources	>100M
	>10 ⁴
	>400 brown dwarf spectra

SMEX Concept; PI: J. Bock, PS: O. Doré

LSS & nonG

SPHEREx as a Probe of non-Gaussianity



CHIME Collaboration



- Graeme Addison
- Mandana Amiri
- Meiling Deng
- Mateus Fandino
- Kenneth Gibbs
- Carolin Hofer
- Mark Halpern
- Adam Hincks
- Gary Hinshaw
- Kiyo Masui
- Kris Sigurdson
- Mike Sitwell
- Rick Smegal
- Don Wiebe

- Kevin Bandura
- J-F Cliché
- Matt Dobbs
- Adam Gilbert
- David Hanna
- Juan Mena Parra
- Graeme Smecher
- Amy Tang

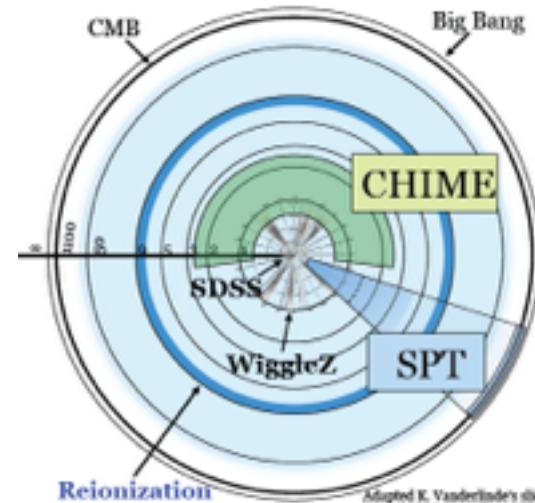
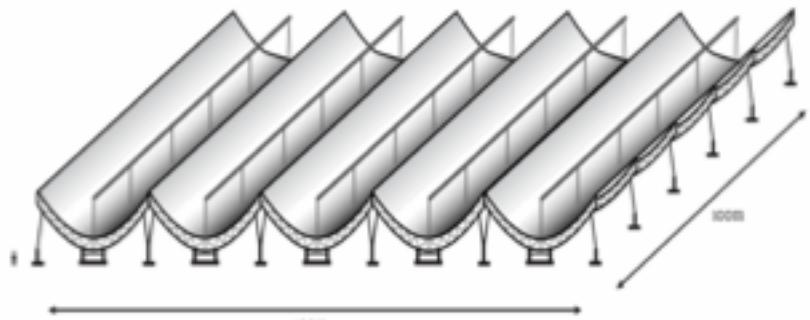
- Dick Bond
- Liam Connor
- Nolan Denman
- Peter Klages
- Laura Newburgh
- Ue-Li Pen
- Andre Recnik
- Richard Shaw
- Keith Vanderlinde

- Tom Landecker



*will generate more data per second
than the annual internet use of every
smartphone in the world combined*

the new radio astronomy, GPU-enabled

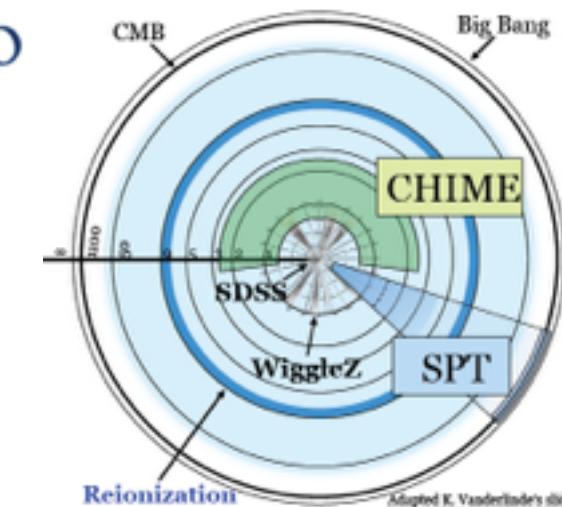


Adapted K. Vanderlinde's slide,
which was adapted from
Tegmark & Zaldarriaga, 2009
Matt.Dobbs@McGill.ca

CHIME Collaboration



Location	DRAO (49°19'N, 119°37'W)
Number of inputs	2560
Frequency range	400 – 800 MHz
Frequency resolution	0.39 MHz
Wavelength range	75 – 37 cm
Redshift range	$z = 2.5 - 0.8$
Epoch	11 – 8 Gyr
E-W FOV	$2.5^\circ - 1.3^\circ$
N-S FOV	$\sim 90^\circ$ about zenith
Angular resolution	$0.52^\circ - 0.26^\circ$
Spatial resolution	10 – 50 Mpc



Adapted K. Vanderlinde's slide,
which was adapted from
Tegmark & Zaldarriaga, 2009
Matt.Dobbs@McGill.ca

*bandura+14, newburgh+14
spie proceedings, arXiv*

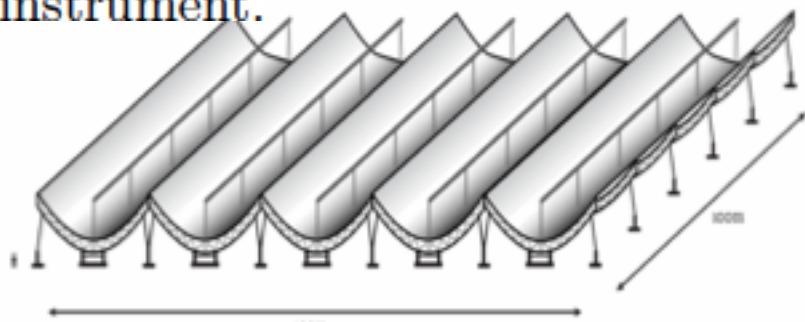


Table 1: The salient features of the CHIME instrument.

the new radio astronomy, GPU-enabled

CHIME

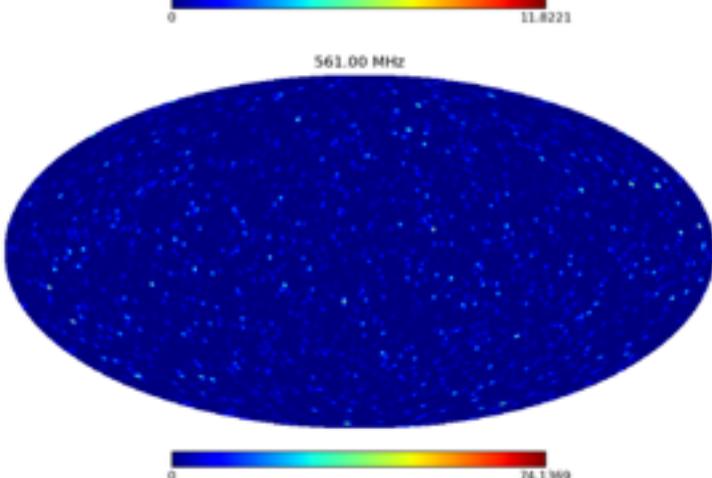
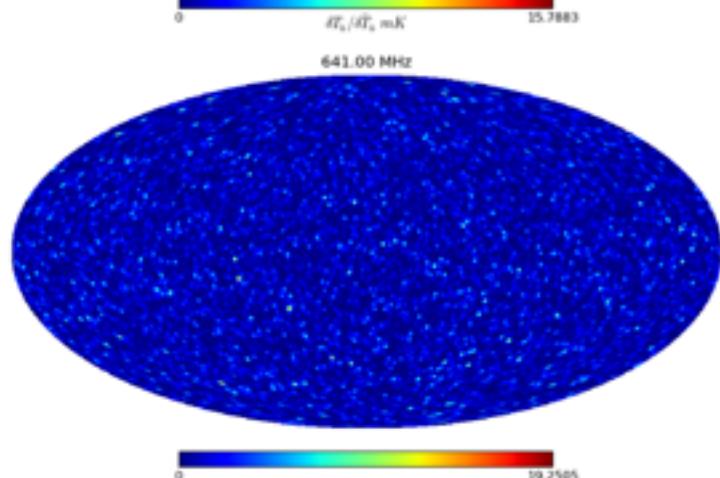
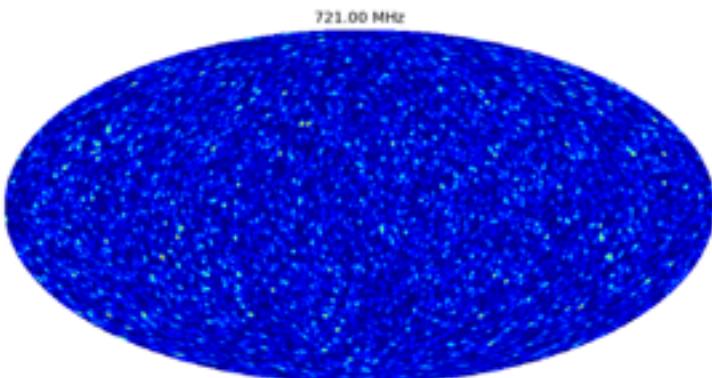
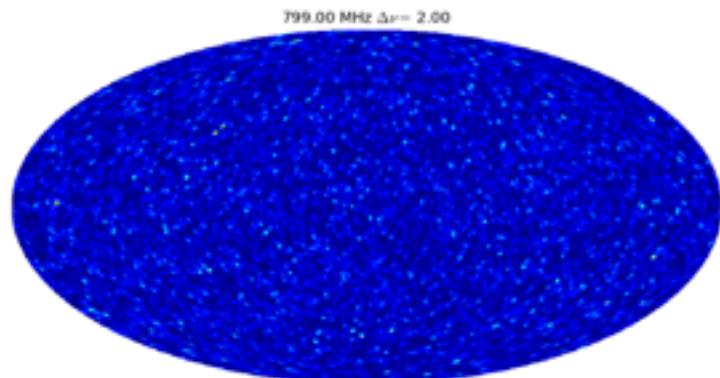
a few sample all sky $\Delta\nu = 0.2$ MHz frequency maps from full sky sim to 16 Gpc

reduce to cover $z=0$ 8 to 2.5 40% of sky

$$\frac{L_{HI}}{M_H} = \frac{L_{HI}}{M_{HI}} \frac{M_{HI}}{M_H} = \frac{3hA_{10}\nu_0}{4m_{HI}} \left(\frac{\Omega_{HI}}{\Omega_m f_{col}} \right)$$

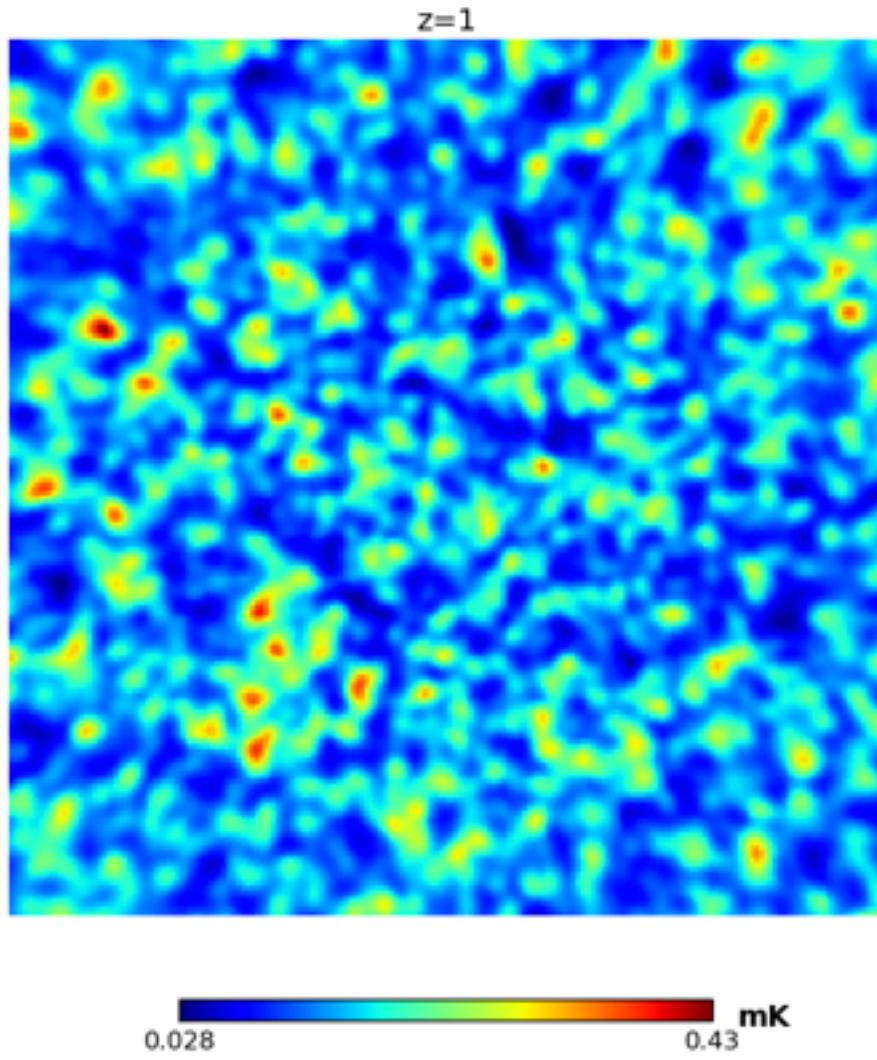
halo mass to total flux: $\Omega_{HI} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3}$ from GBT X corr observations and $f_{col} = 0.2$

normalized to the mean of the map

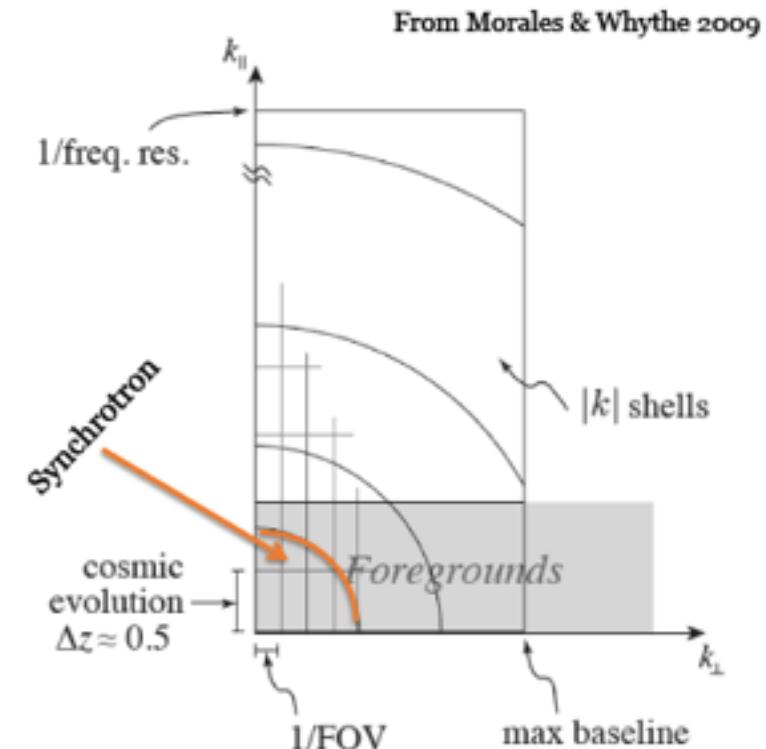


CHIME

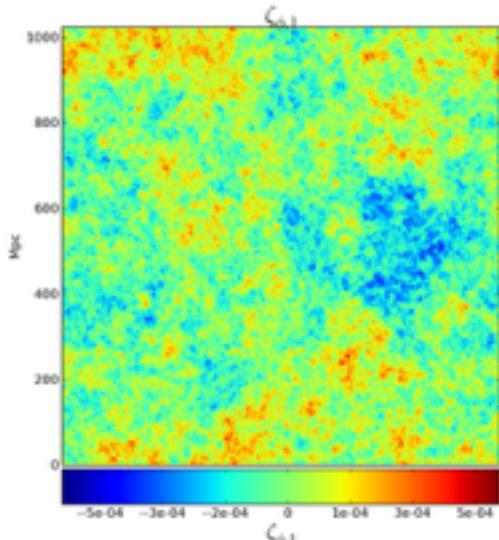
z=1 zoom in brightness temperature zoom (with a stacked 20 MHz bandwidth)



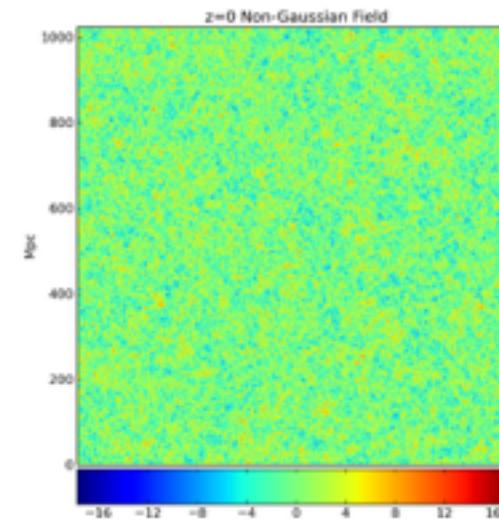
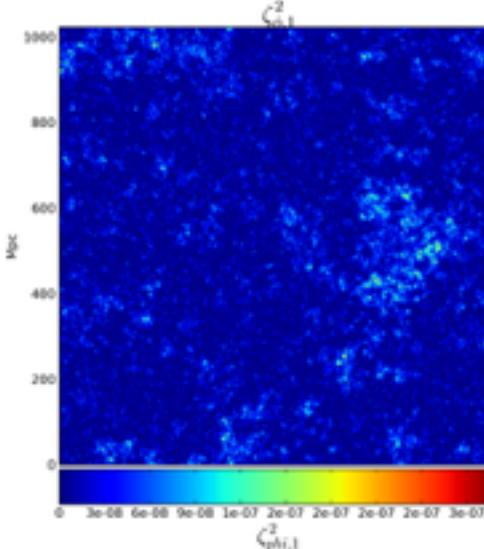
Galactic foregrounds (synchrotron) are smooth, but many many orders of magnitude cleaning is needed, signal-to-noise eigenmode method Shaw+14 nontrivial processing is needed



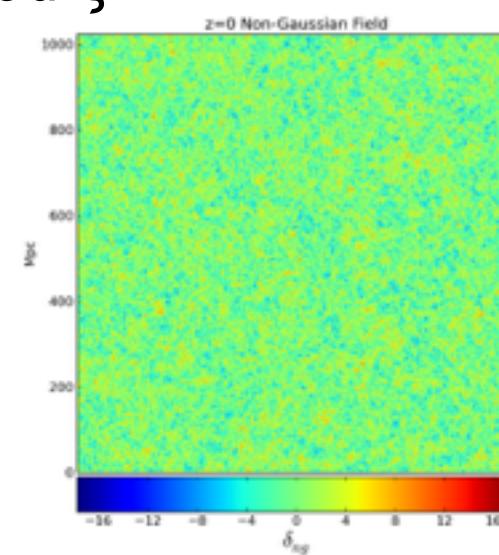
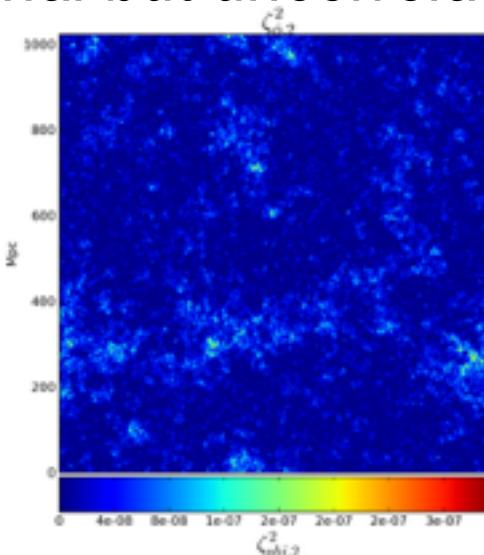
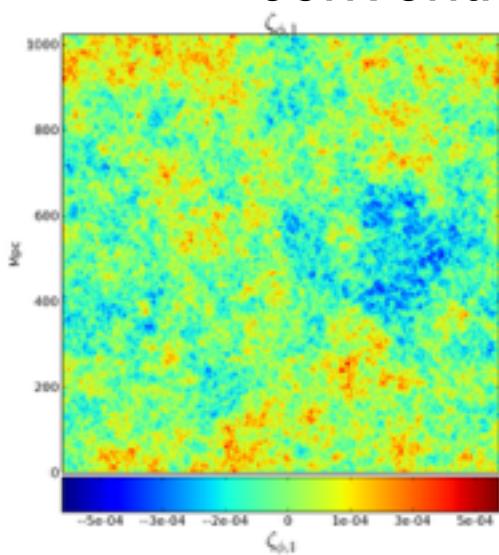
LSS & nonG mocks



conventional inflaton-induced correlated ζ^2
conventional but uncorrelated ζ^2

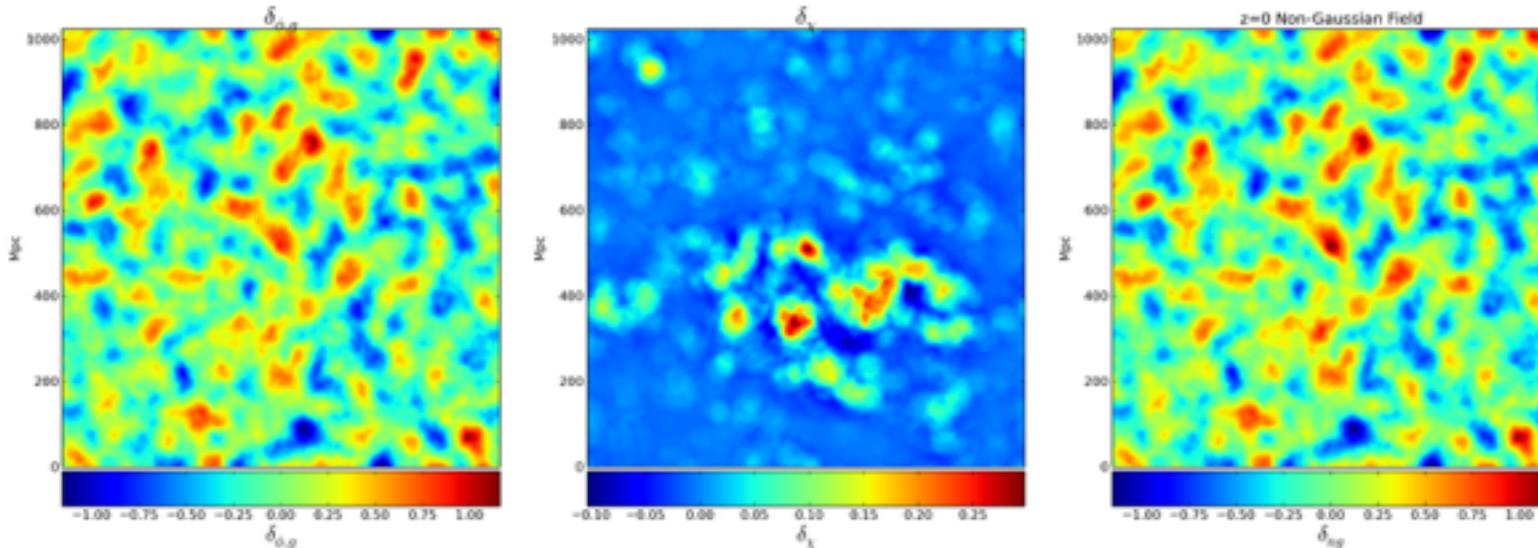


*the non-Gaussian
initial density field*

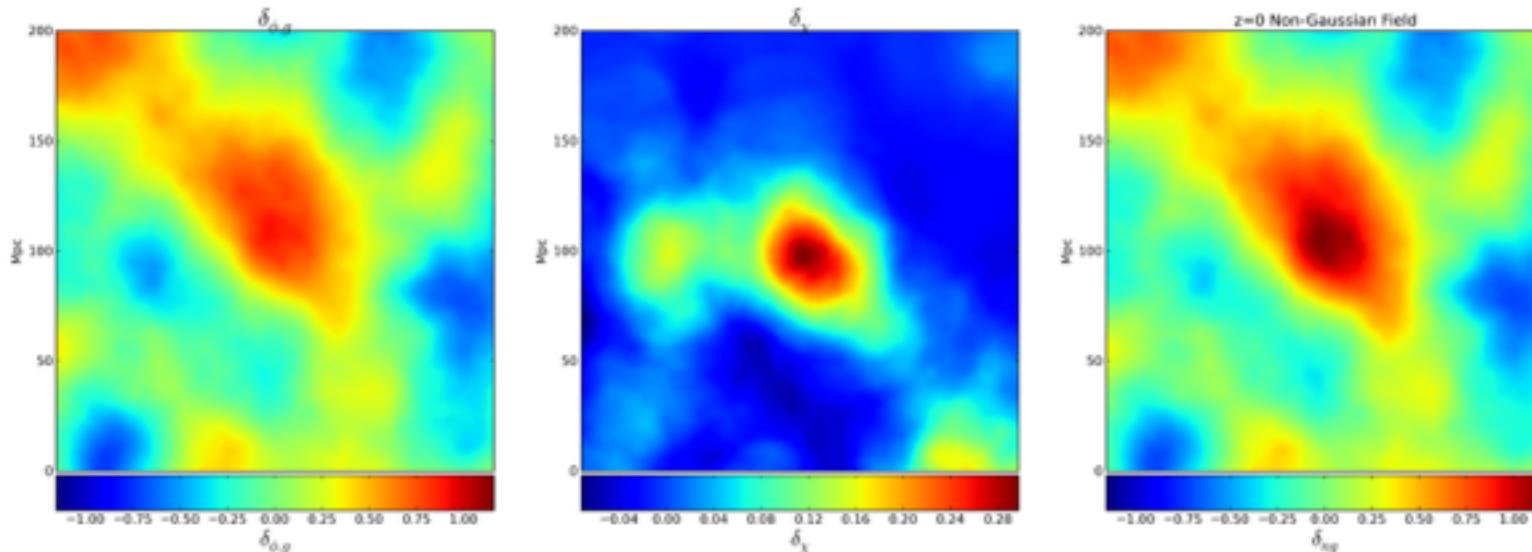


search with bispectrum & scale-dependent bias in power spectrum

LSS & nonG mocks

Gaussian Spike Model Smoothed on $R=32 \text{Mpc}$ 

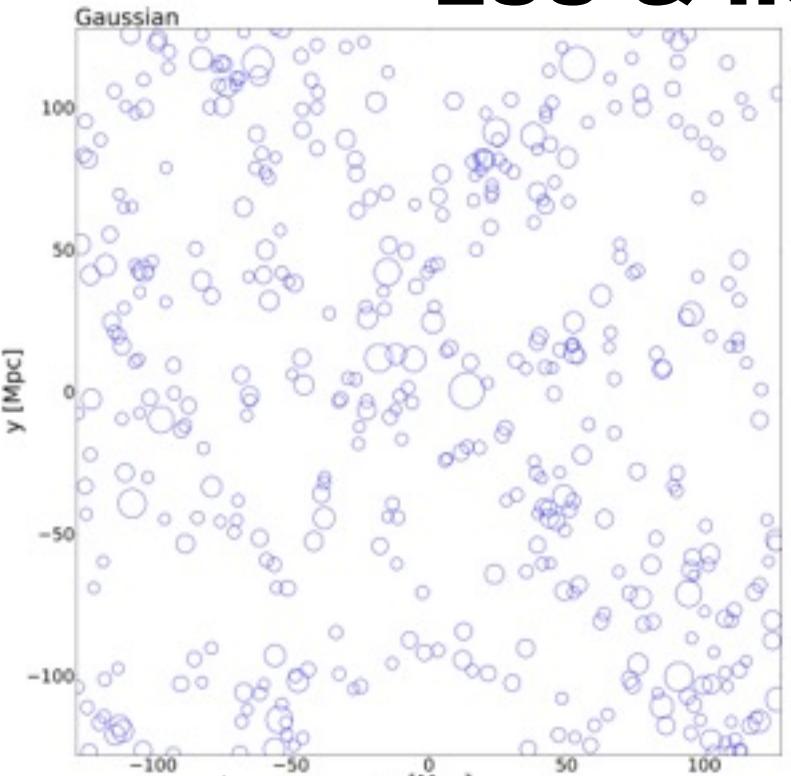
modulated intermittent preheating nonG

Gaussian Spike Model Smoothed on $R=32 \text{Mpc}$ 

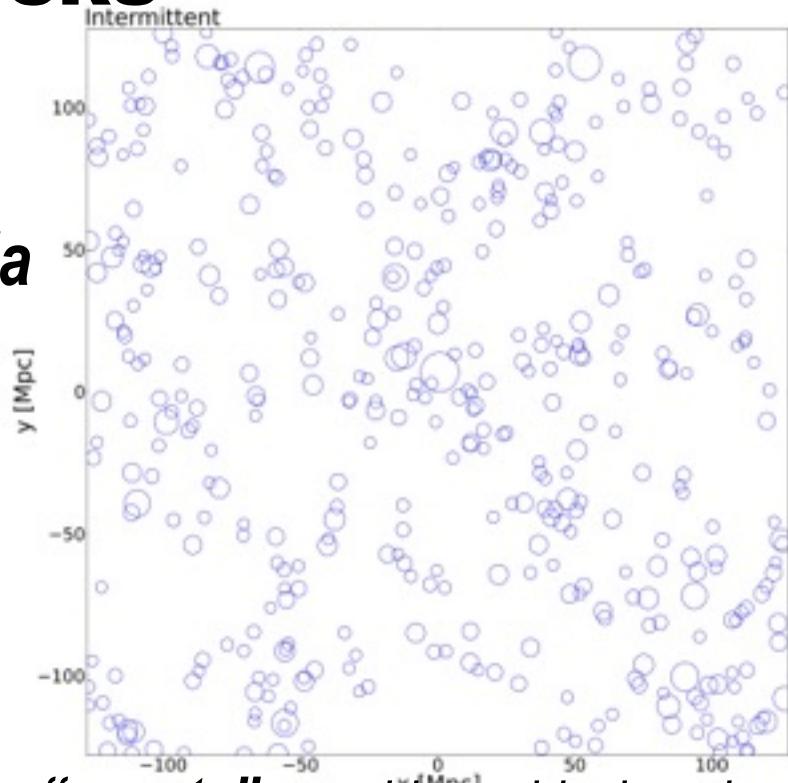
search for localized but very large scale rare “events” e.g., hierarchical peaks

LSS & nonG mocks

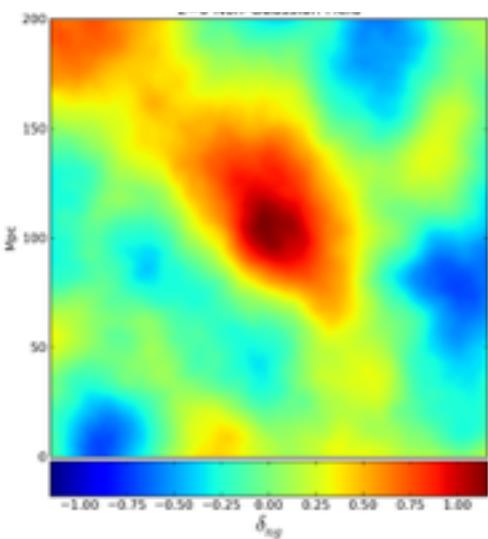
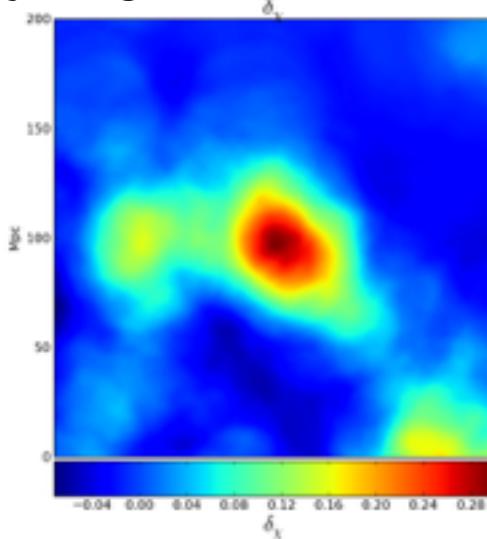
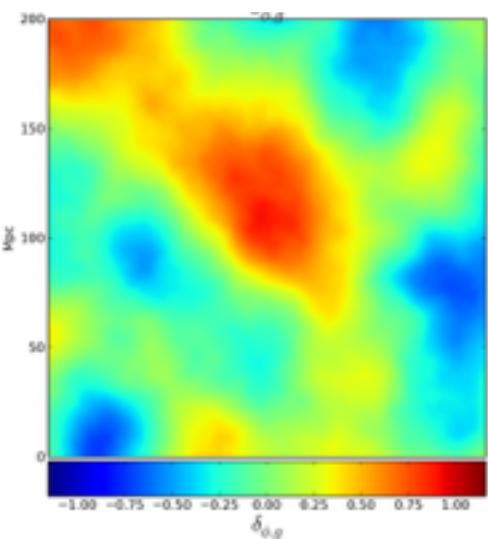
Alvarez, Bond, Huang, Stein, Braden, Frolov14



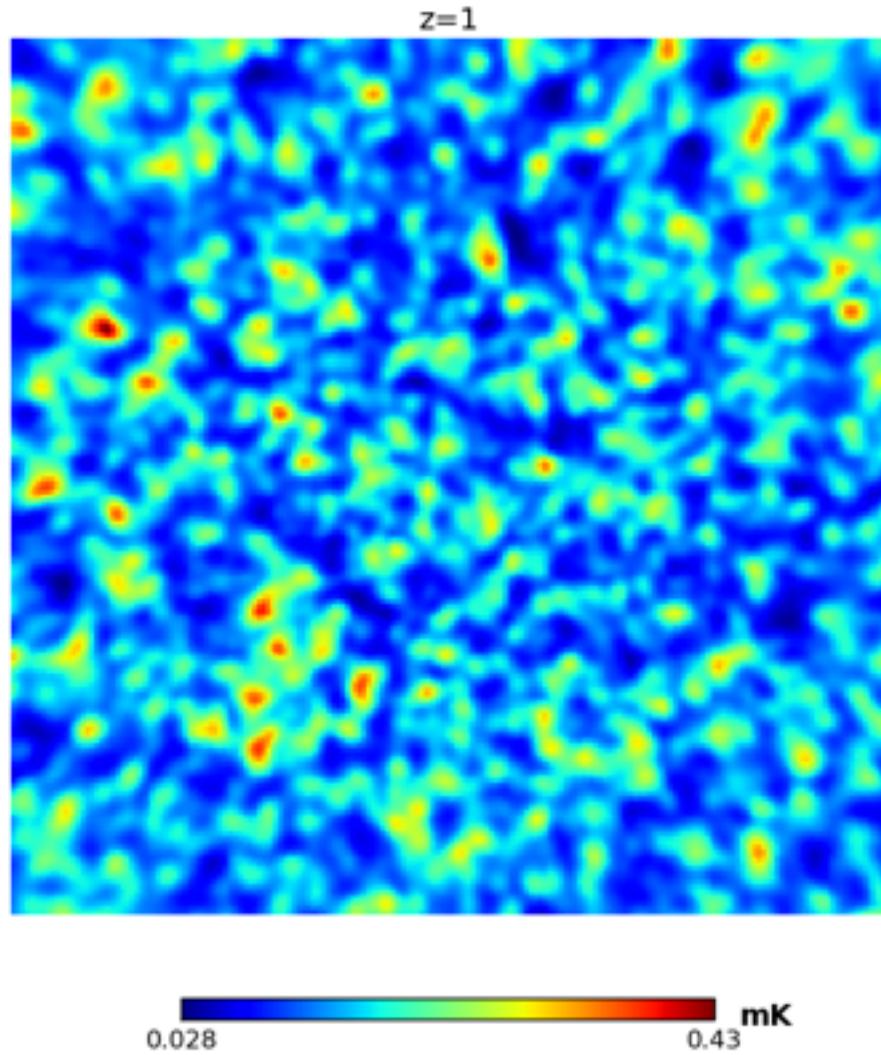
*halo nonG
patterns
galaxies via
HoD*



search for localized but very large scale rare “events” e.g., hierarchical peaks

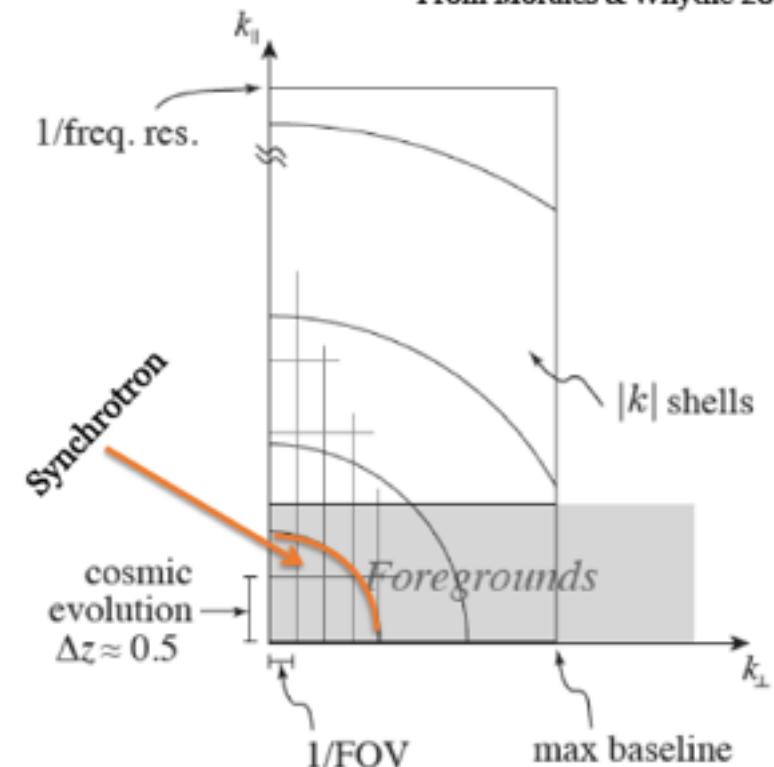


z=1 zoom in brightness temperature zoom (with a stacked 20 MHz bandwidth)



Galactic foregrounds (synchrotron) are smooth, but many many orders of magnitude cleaning is needed, signal-to-noise eigenmode method Shaw+14 nontrivial processing is needed

From Morales & Whyte 2009



CMB restricts us to a projected 2D ζ -scape
we will reconstruct **phonon/isotropic strain power,**
but the future may look much the same as
now (perhaps) => $V \Rightarrow \epsilon$

r futures look bright modulo the dirty MW
we will reconstruct **graviton power**
de-lens for consistency check $r-n_t$ TBD

thou shalt mock the LSS future end-to-end
to probe the 3D ζ -scape, modes abound
success modulo large scale mode control
of systematics

the END