

CMB Polarization, Past, Present & Future

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theory of CMB polarization

E/B modes

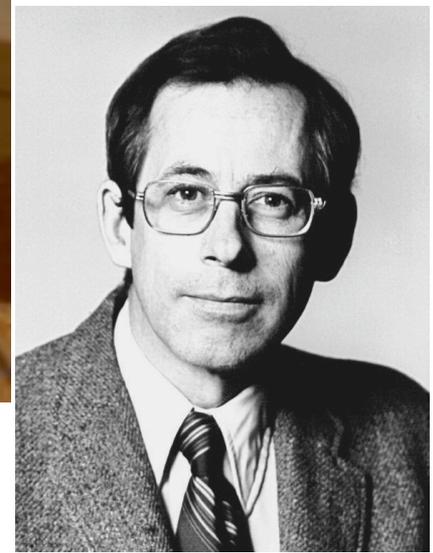
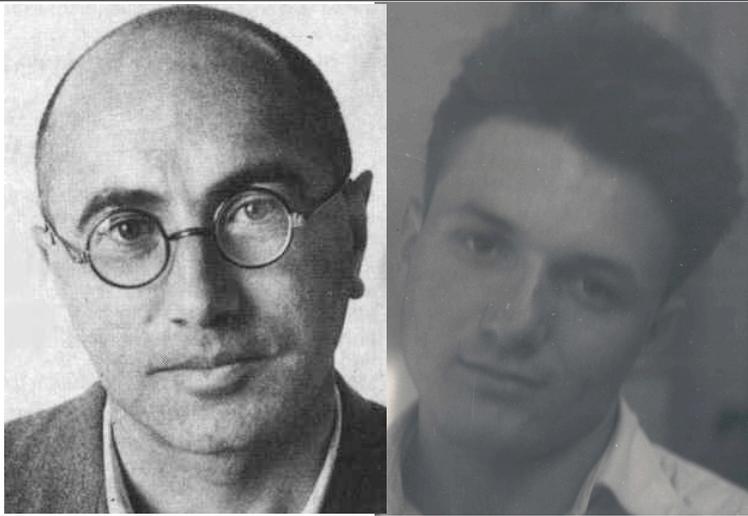
detection history

future CMB polarization experiments

reionization 'trajectories'

inflation & forecasts of the gravity wave level: is the energy scale of inflation high (80s/90s) or low (00s)?

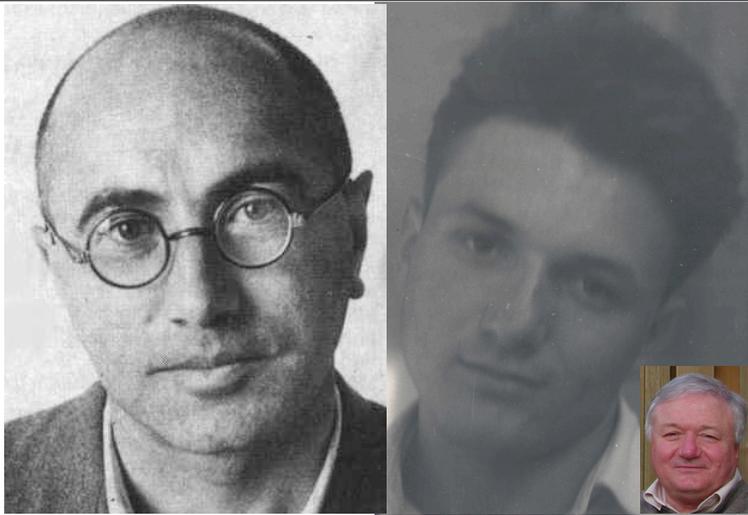
the quest for gravity wave induced B-modes



Peebles, Page, Partridge, *Finding the Big Bang*, Feb09 CUP

Rees 1968: CMB should be polarized; detection 2002 DASI





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redshift z

I
N
F
L
A
T
I
O
N

the nonlinear
COSMIC WEB

primary anisotropies

- linear perturbations: scalar/density, tensor/gravity wave
- tightly-coupled photon-baryon fluid: oscillations $\delta\gamma$ $v\gamma$ $\pi\gamma$
- viscously damped
- polarization $\pi\gamma$
- gravitational redshift Φ SW $d\Phi/dt$

$z \sim 1100$

Decoupling LSS



L_{sound}
k_{sound}

19 Mpc

secondary anisotropies

- nonlinear evolution
- weak lensing
- thermal SZ + kinetic SZ
- $d\Phi/dt$
- dusty/radio galaxies, dGs

reionization

$z \sim 10$

$z=0$

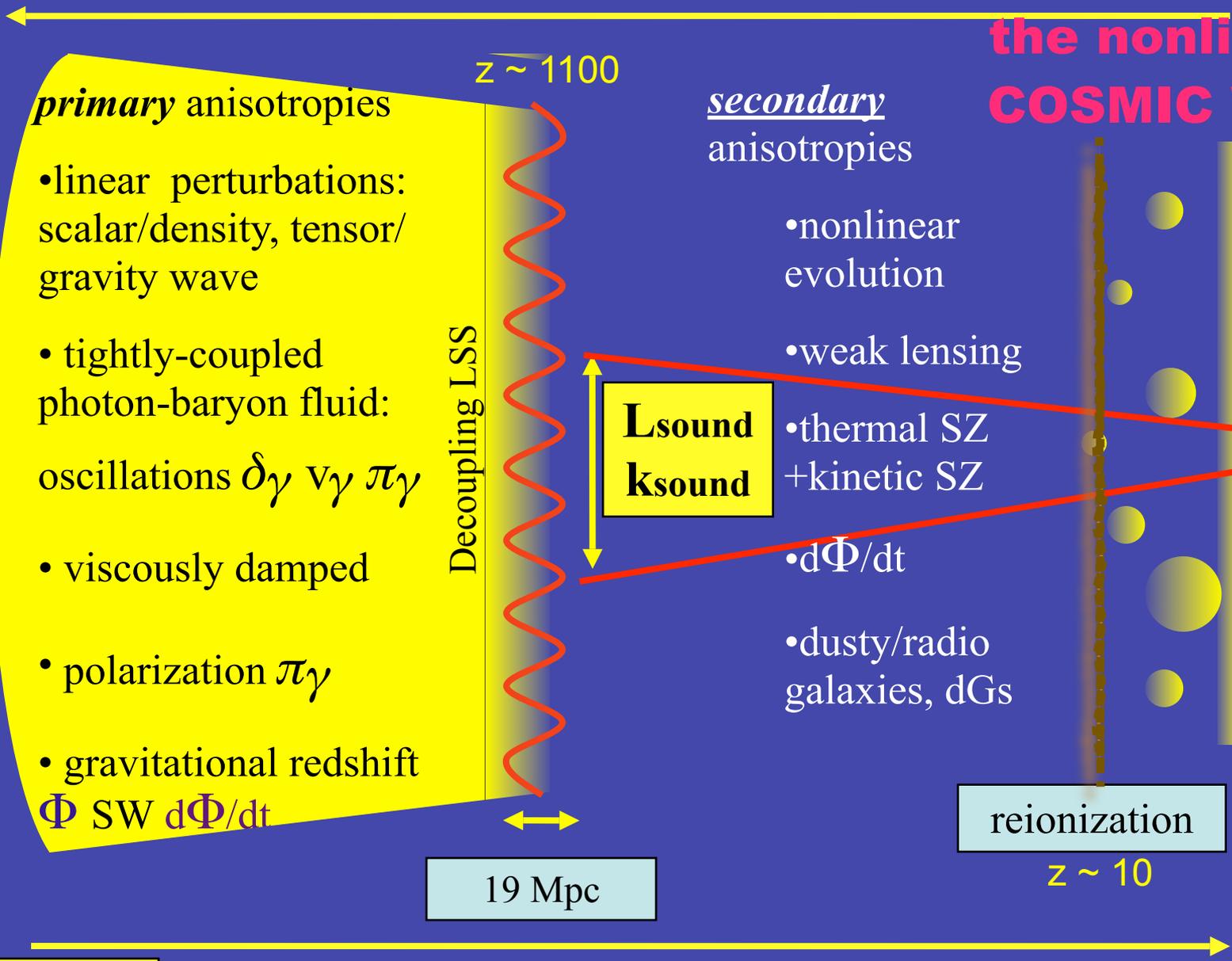
13.7-10⁻⁵⁰ Gyrs

13.7 Gyrs

time t

10 Gyrs

today





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Kaiser83, pol via line-of-sight integration

BE84: pol via Boltzmann transport, ~7% target, effect on shear viscosity, damping tail, “E” mode

BE87: low to high L full CLpol, maps



**First E detection DASI 2002;
CBI04/05, Boom05, WMAP06,
Capmap08, QuAD08; **BICEP09?****

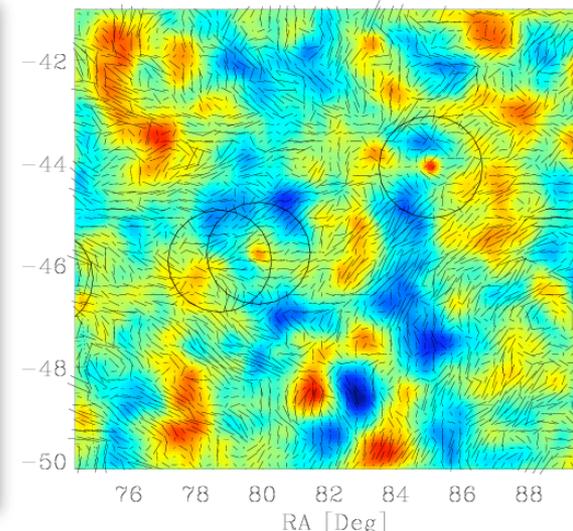
Delta T over Tea Toronto May 1987: first dedicated CMB conference, exptalists+theorists, primary+secondary $\Delta T/T$

A tentative list of topics organized according to angular scale, with theory and observation intertwined, is:

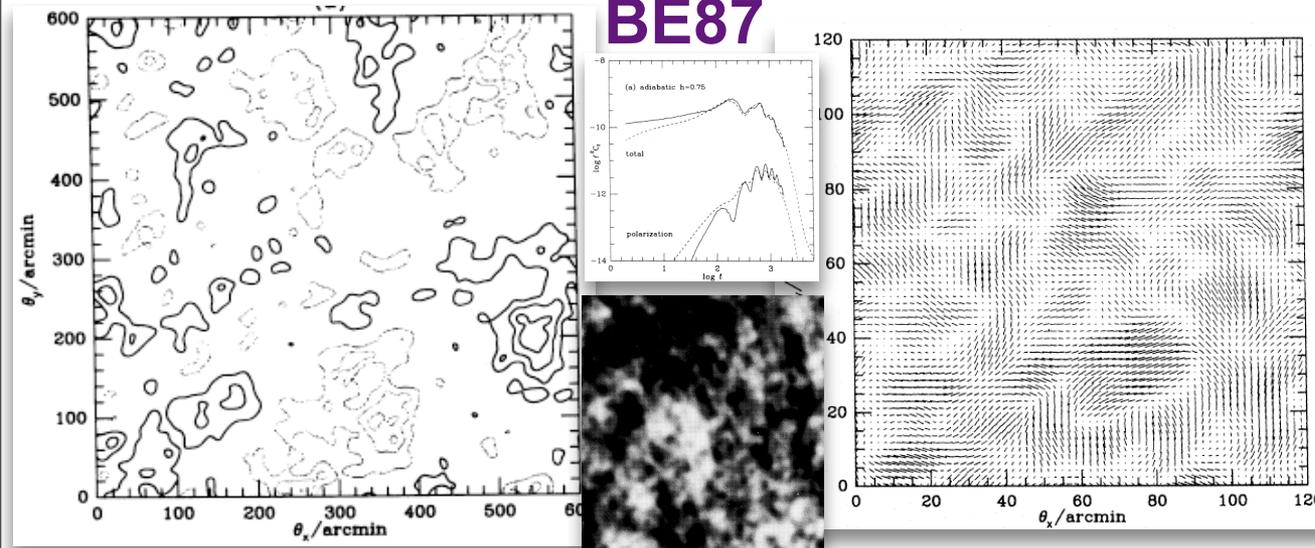
- very small angle anisotropies - VLA results, secondary fluctuations via the Sunyaev-Zeldovich effect, primeval dust emission, and radio sources
- small angle anisotropies - current results, optimal measuring strategies, statistical methods for small signals in larger noise, which universes can we rule out, the reheating issue, future detectors and techniques, **CMB map statistics, polarization**
- intermediate and large angle anisotropies - $5^\circ - 10^\circ$ results, future experiments at $\sim 1^\circ$, COBE and other large angle analyses, theoretical $C(\theta)$'s and their angular power spectra, Sachs-Wolfe effect in open Universes, the isocurvature CDM and baryon stories, $\Delta T/T$ from gravitational waves, the cosmic string story.

Boom05 deep

-300 200 100 0 100 200 300 μK

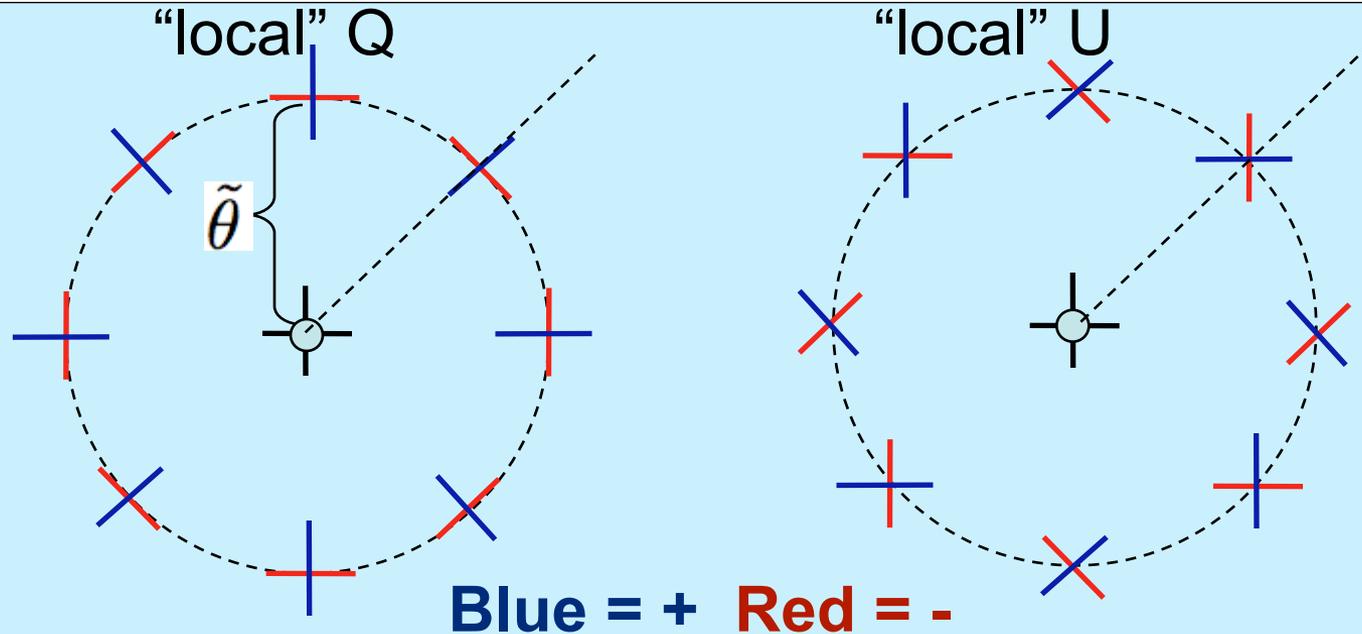


BE87



E and B modes: $f(ss', xpt)$ Stokes parameters I, Q, U, V with Q-only for Thompson scattering in a plane parallel atmosphere Chandrasekhar...BE84...
scalar polarization basis in Fourier space $E=Q(\mathbf{q}), B=U(\mathbf{q}), \mathbf{q}=L+1/2$

large sky patches: $Q + iU(\hat{\mathbf{n}}) = \sum_{lm} 2a_{lm} {}_2Y_{lm}$ $Q - iU(\hat{\mathbf{n}}) = \sum_{lm} -2a_{lm} -{}_2Y_{lm}$



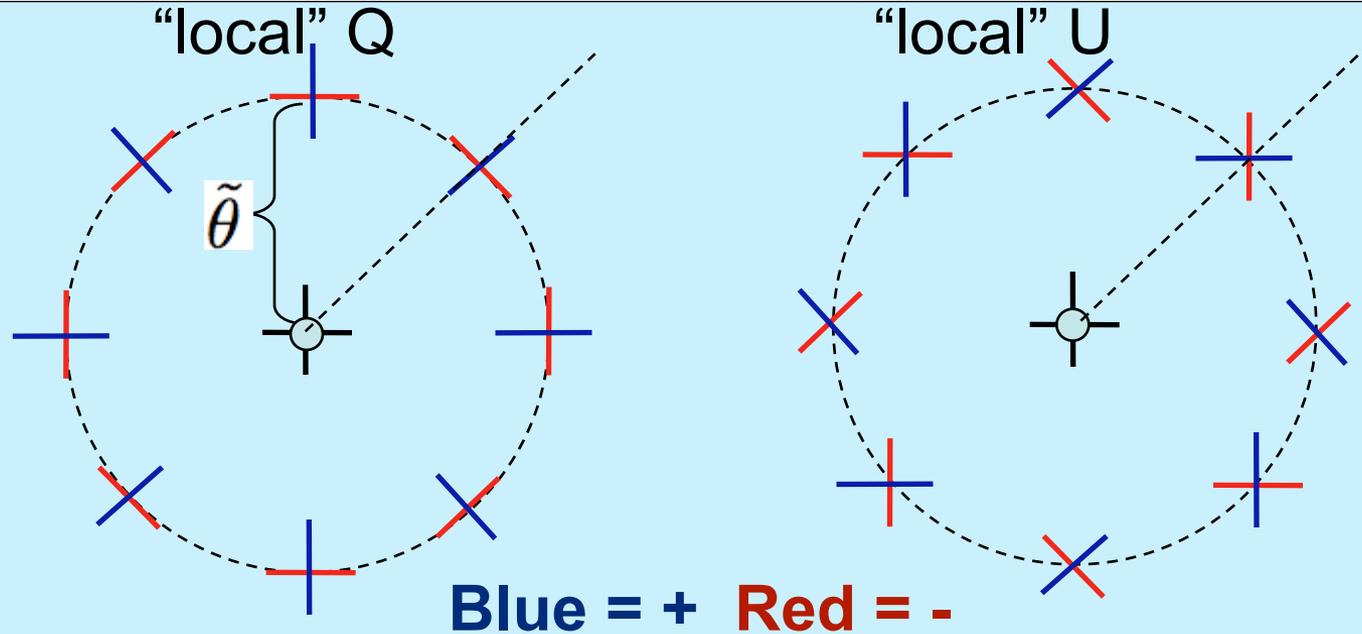
Tensor perturbations, transverse-traceless metric h_+, h_x & neutrino+photon anisotropic stress: U & Q in \mathbf{q} -space, i.e., **B & E**

“fgnd” lensing by the cosmic web shifts scalar E pattern inducing **B & E**

“fgnd” Galactic & extragalactic sources give B & E separate by frequency, spatial pattern

E and B modes: $f(ss', xpt)$ Stokes parameters I, Q, U, V with Q-only for Thompson scattering in a plane parallel atmosphere Chandrasekhar...BE84...
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large sky patches: $Q + iU(\hat{\mathbf{n}}) = \sum_{lm} {}_2a_{lm} {}_2Y_{lm} \quad Q - iU(\hat{\mathbf{n}}) = \sum_{lm} -{}_2a_{lm} -{}_2Y_{lm}$



$$a_{lm}^E = -({}_2a_{lm} + -{}_2a_{lm})/2 \quad a_{lm}^B = i({}_2a_{lm} - -{}_2a_{lm})/2$$

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Crittenden & Turok 96: TE correlation DASI02, WMAP03

Kaiser95, Stebbins96: rotate lensing E to B, a null test

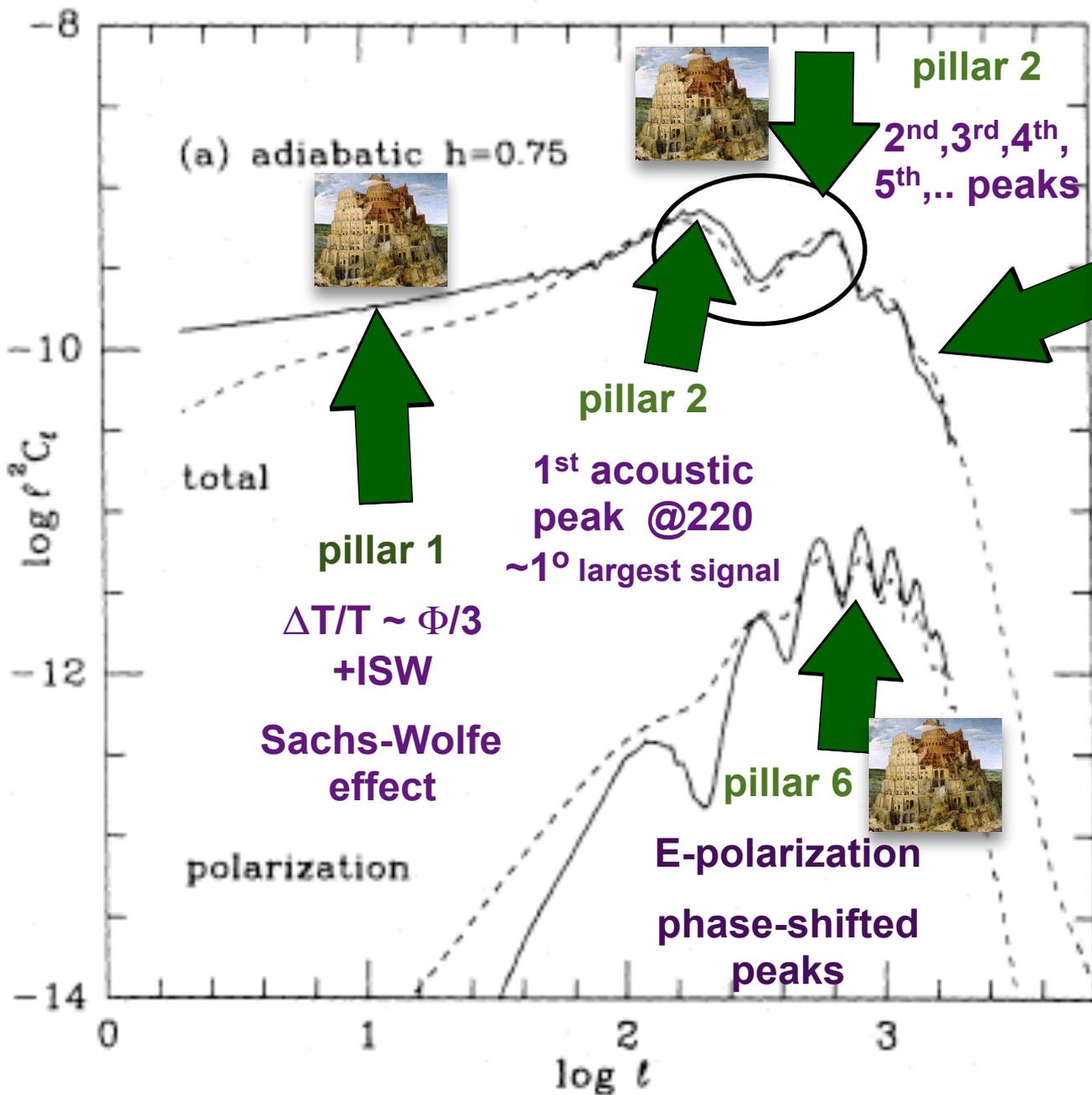
Kamionkowski, Kosowsky & Stebbins97 & Seljak & Zaldarriaga97: apply to CMB E/B modes. emphasize as gravity wave discriminator

Zaldarriaga & Seljak98 lensing distorts E into B



First E detection DASI 2002; CBI04/05, Boom05, WMAP06, Capmap08, QuAD08; **BICEP09?**

the "Seven Pillars"



pillar 4

Gaussianity
 maximal
 randomness
 for given CL



pillar 5

secondary ΔT
 nonlinear
 Compton SZ
 weak lensing..



pillar 3

Damping tail

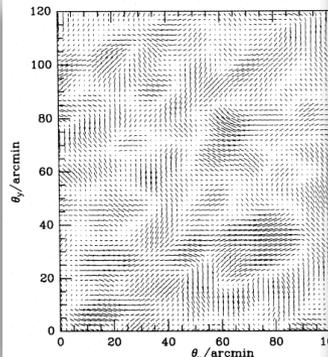


pillar 7

B-polarization
 Gravity Waves



Polarized Smoke/Green Lenses



CBI pol to Apr'05 @Chile **CBI2**

QUaD @SP

Quiet1

@Chile

Quiet2

1000 HEMTs

Boom03@LDB

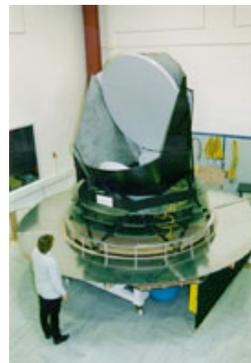
Bicep @SP

Bicep2

Keck/Spud

WMAP @L2 to 2009-2013?

Planck09.3



EBEX
@LDB

Spider



2312 bolos
@LDB

DASI @SP

(52 bolometers)

+ HEMTs @L2

9 frequencies

Herschel

CAPMAP

CHIP

BLAST

2004

2006

2008

LHC

2011

Bpol

@L2

2005

2007

2009

Acbar to Jan'06, 08f @SP

SPT

1000 bolos

@SPole

BLASTpol

Clover

@Chile

SZA

@Cal



APEX

~400 bolos

@Chile

ACT

3000 bolos

3 freqs @Chile

Polarbear

300 bolos

@Cal/Chile

AMI

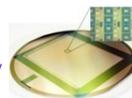
SPTpol

GBT

SCUBA2

12000 bolos

JCMT @Hawaii



ALMA

@Chile

LMT@Mexico

CBI pol to Apr'05 @Chile **CBI2**

QUaD @SP

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Quiet2

1000 HEMTs

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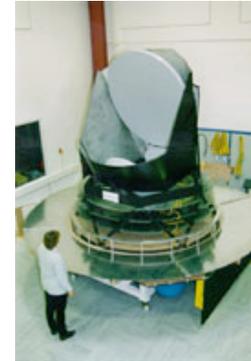
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AMI



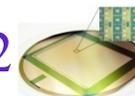
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WMAP @L2 to **2009-2013?**

Planck09.3



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@LDB

Spider

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CAPMAP

(52 bolometers)
+ HEMTs @L2
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Bpol
@L2

2005

2007

2009

BLASTpol

Clover
@Chile

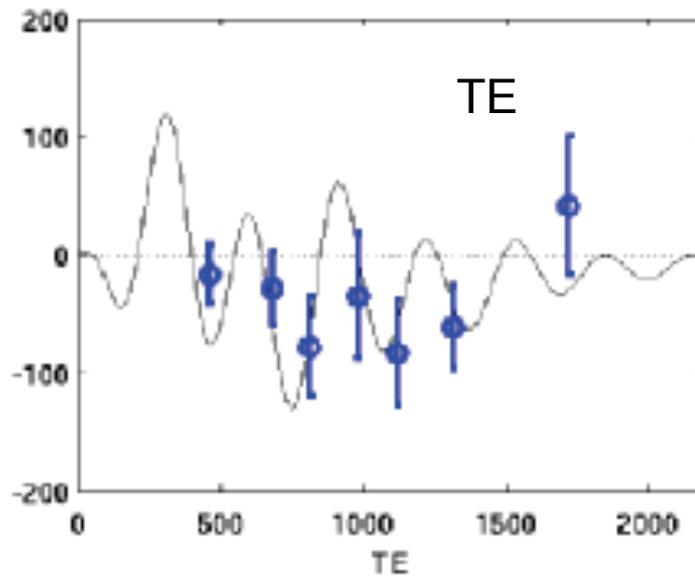
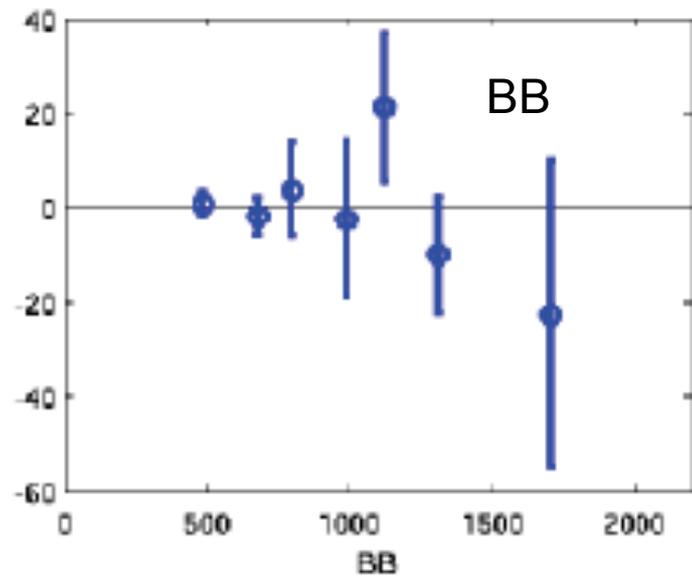
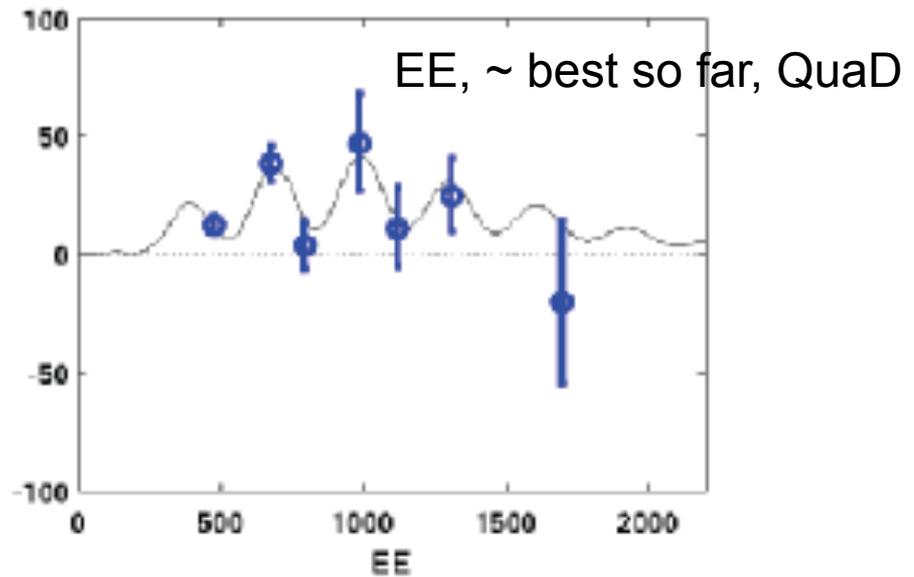
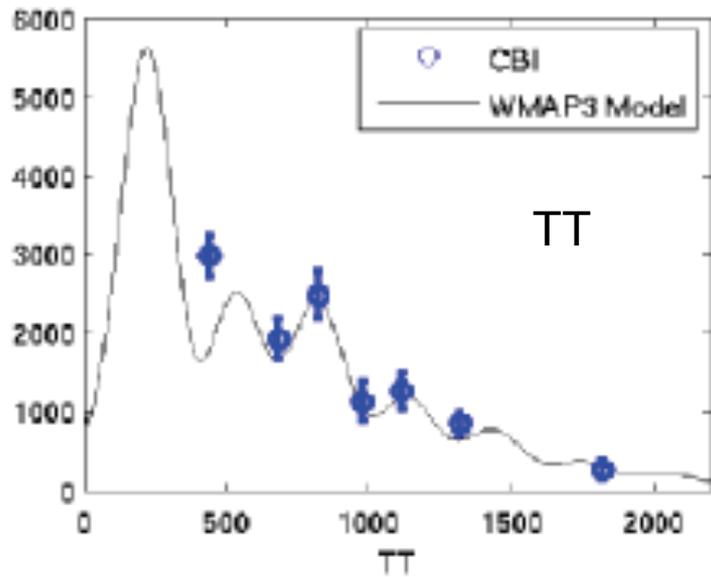
Polarbear

300 bolos
@Cal/Chile

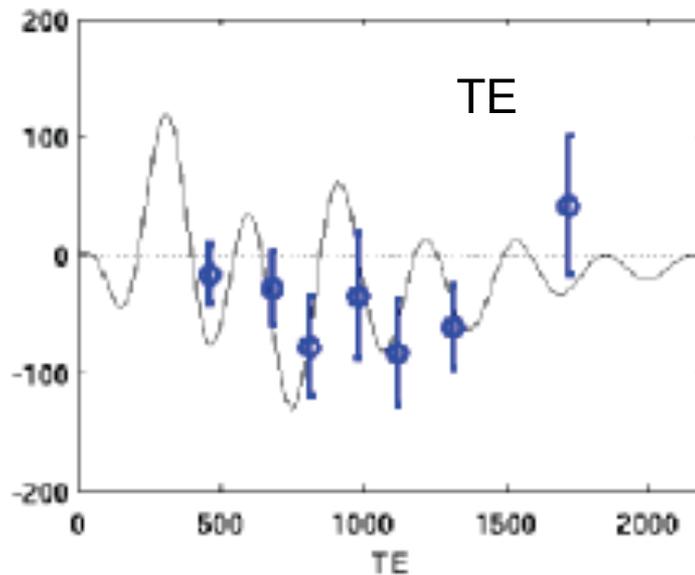
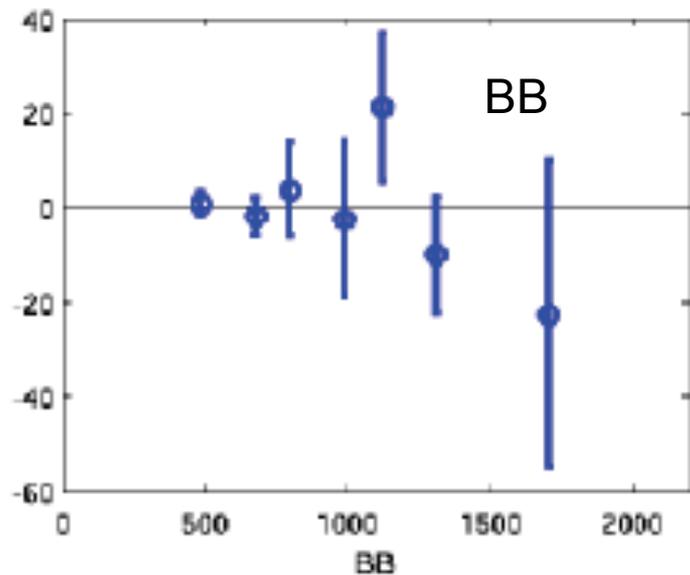
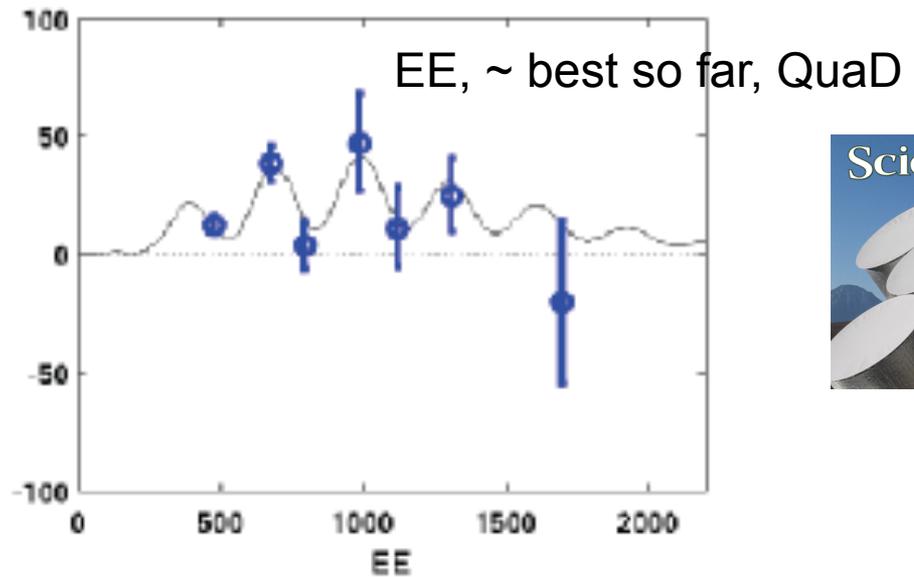
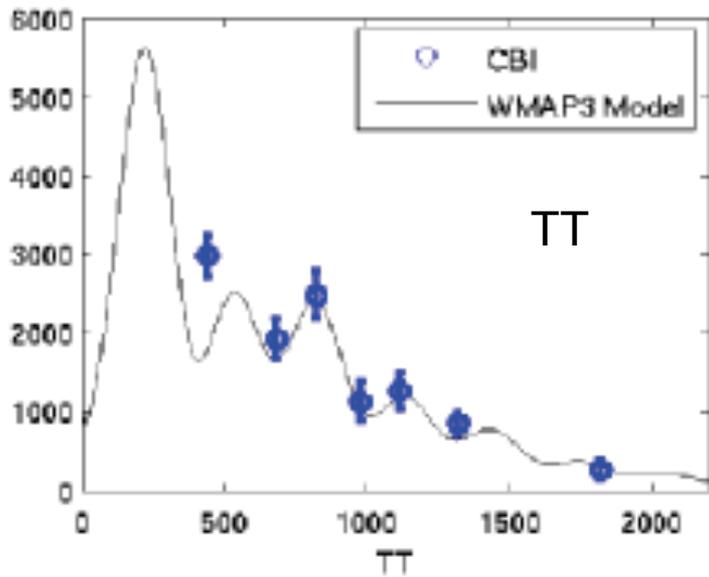
SPTpol



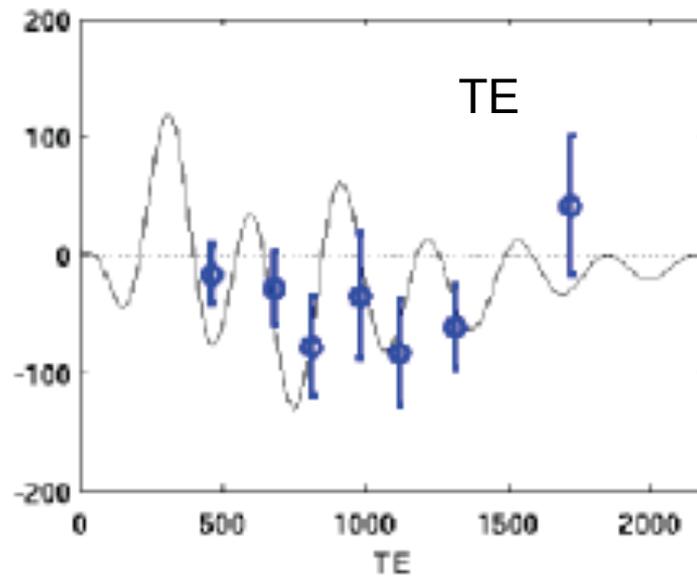
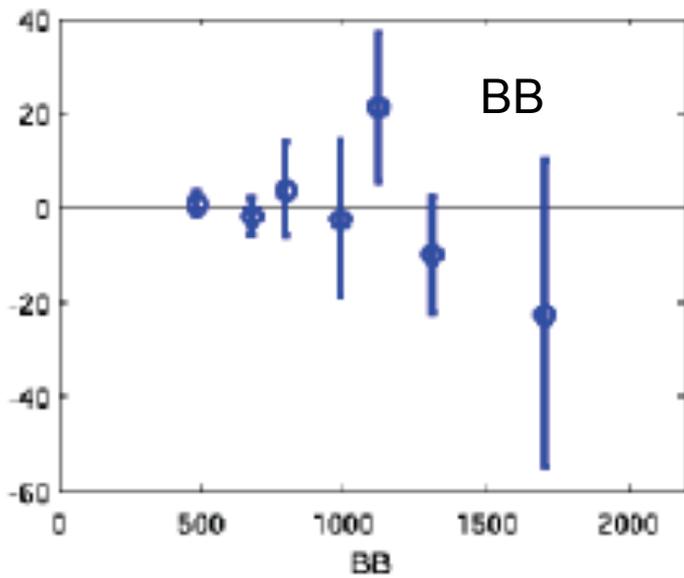
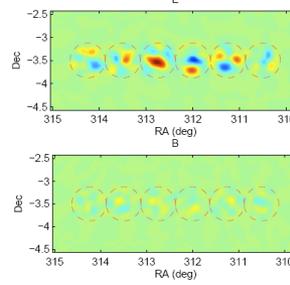
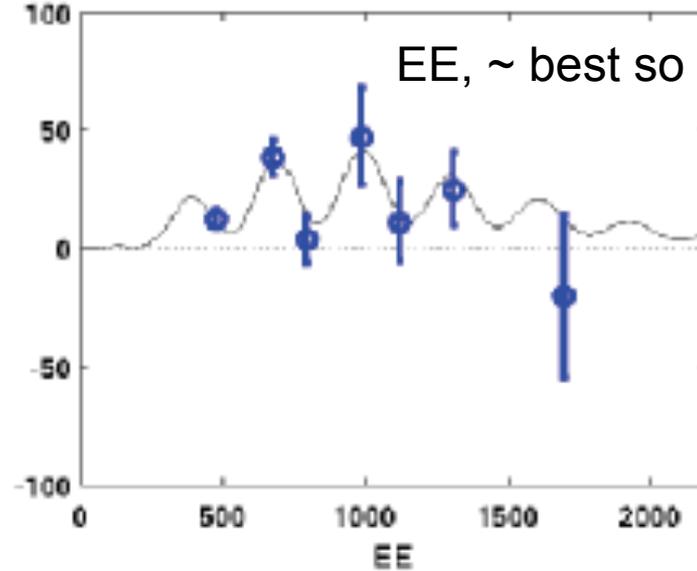
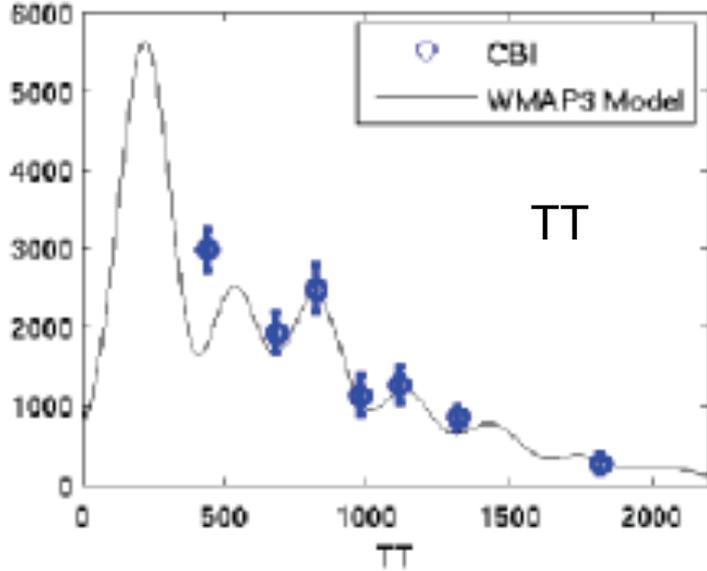
CBIpol 2.5yrs Sievers etal 05/06, Readhead etal 04



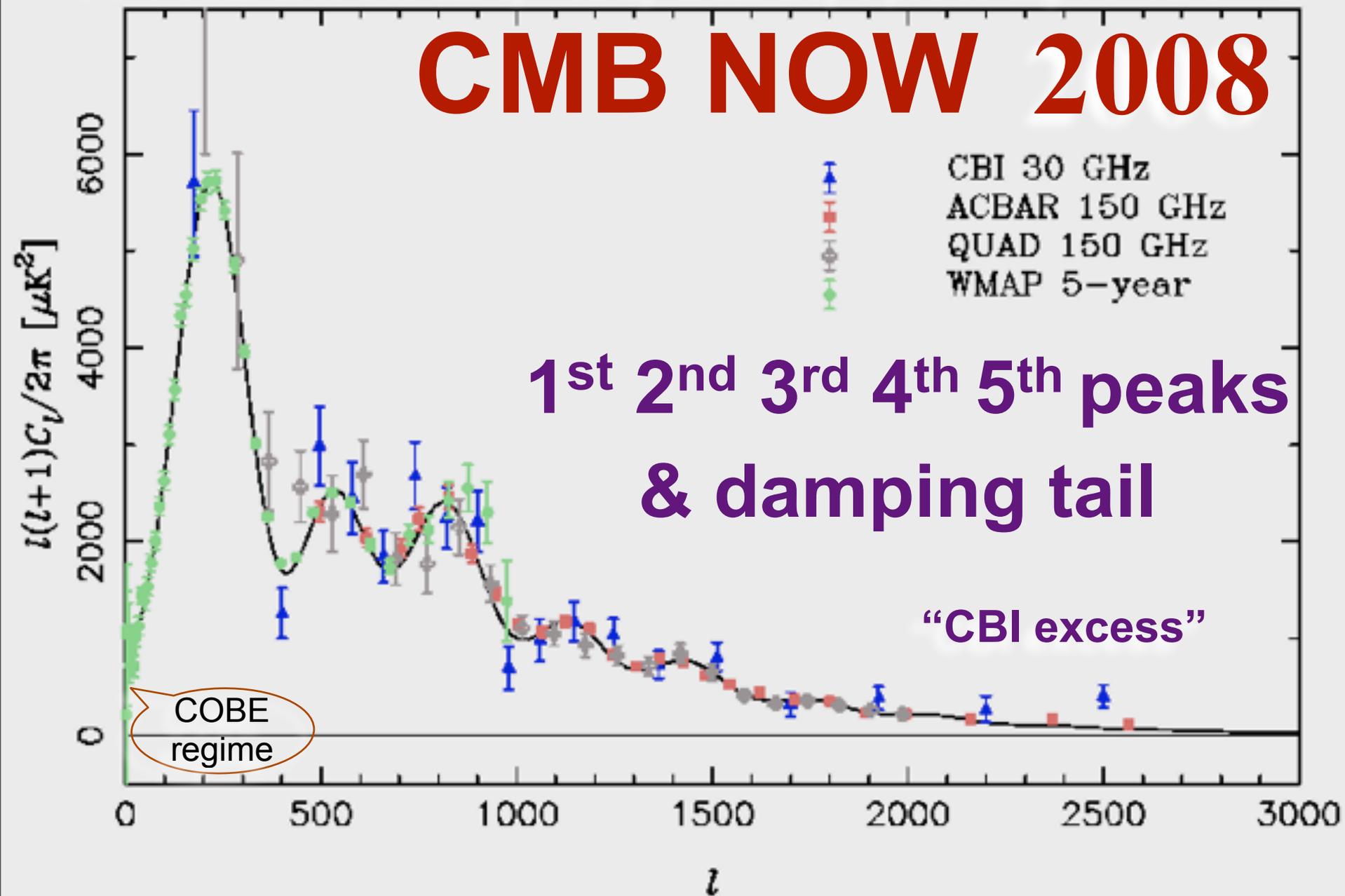
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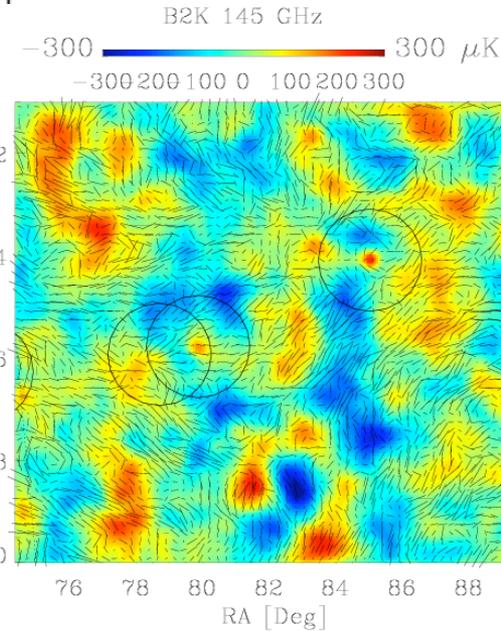
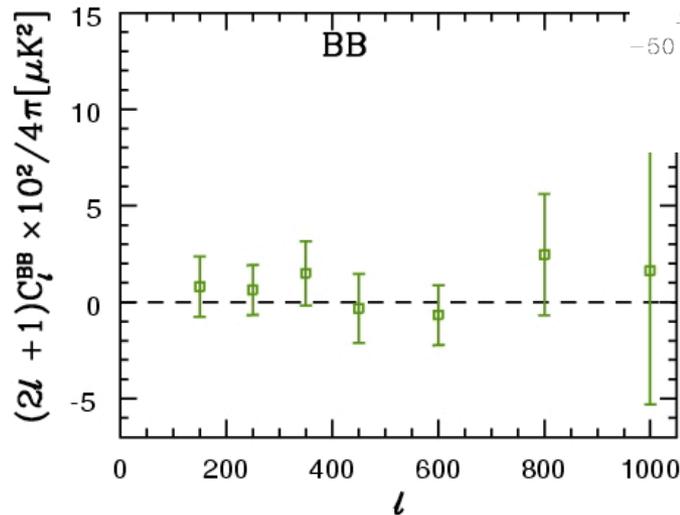
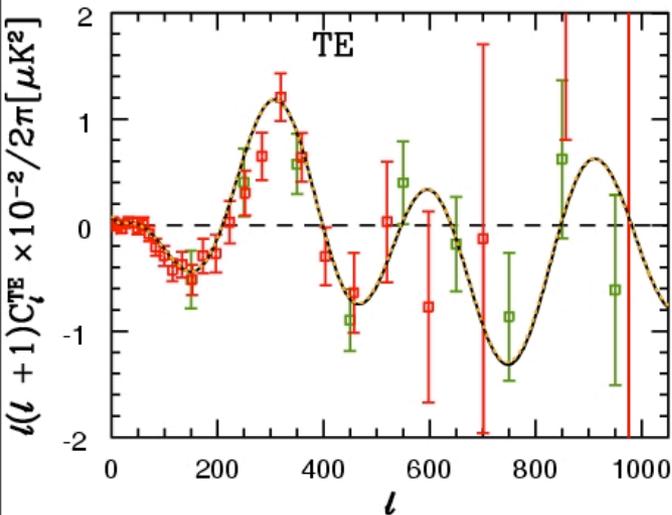
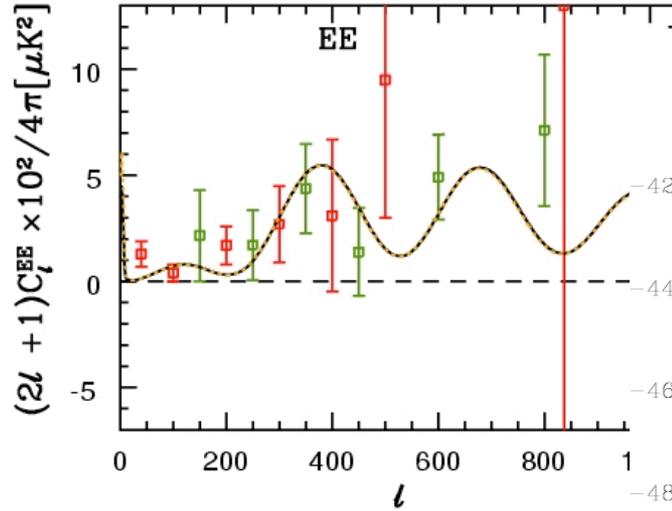
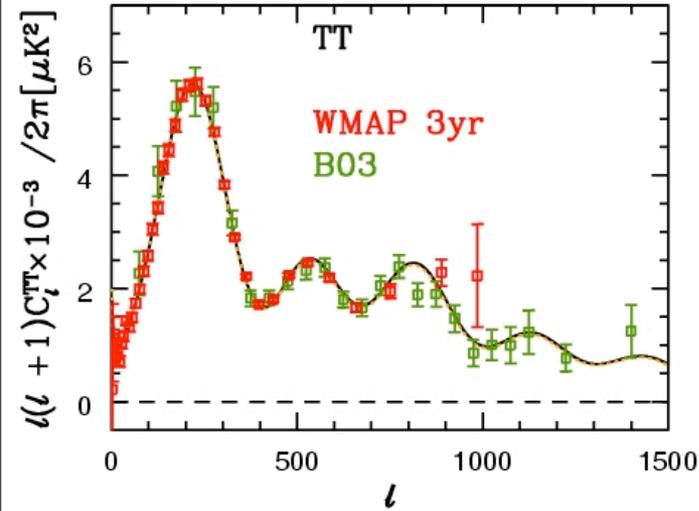
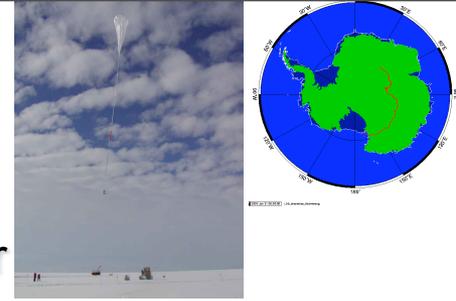


CMB NOW 2008



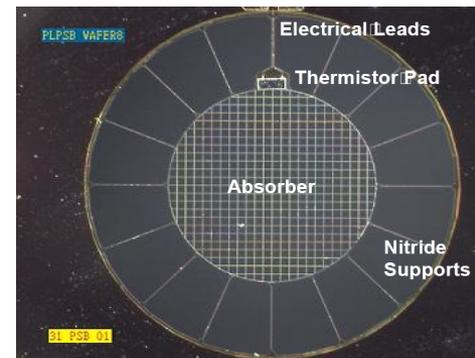
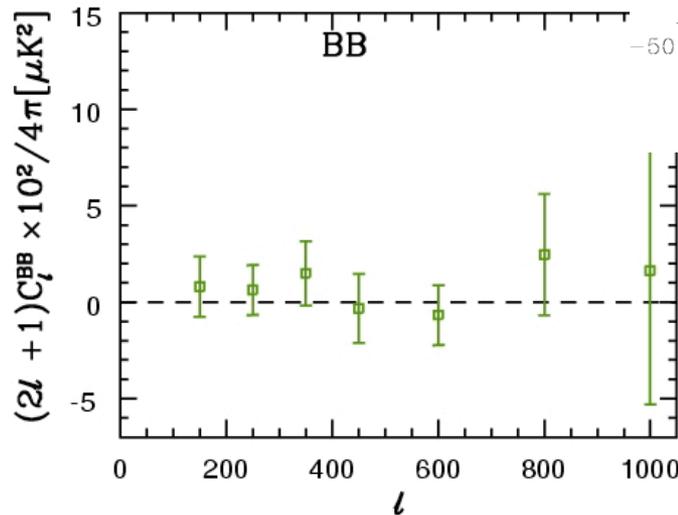
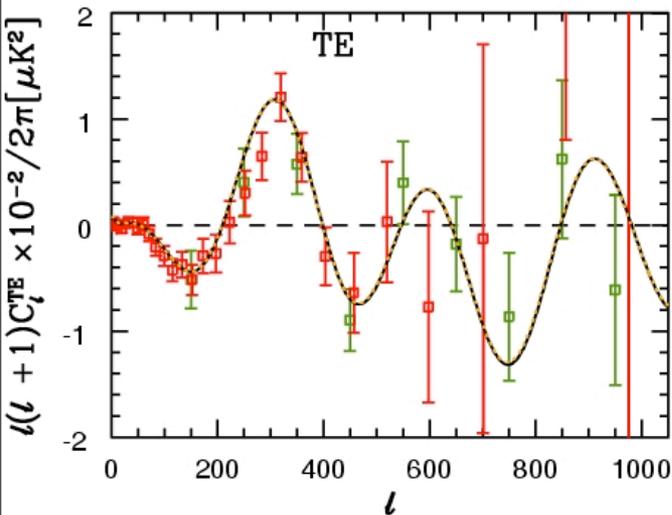
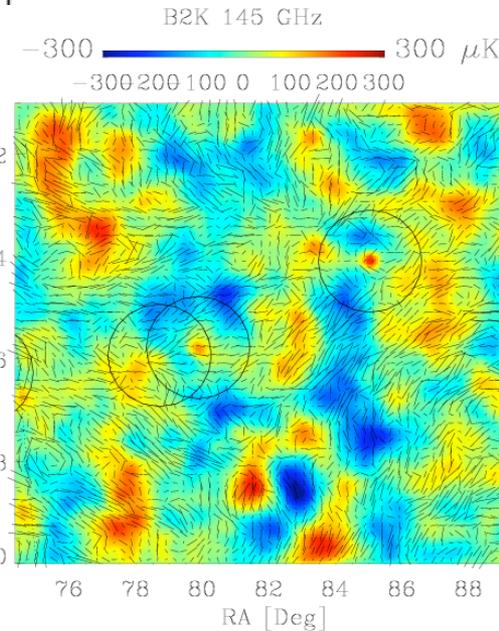
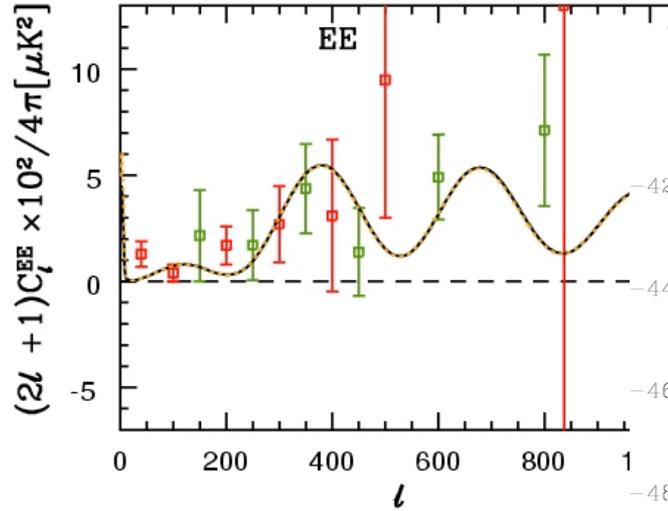
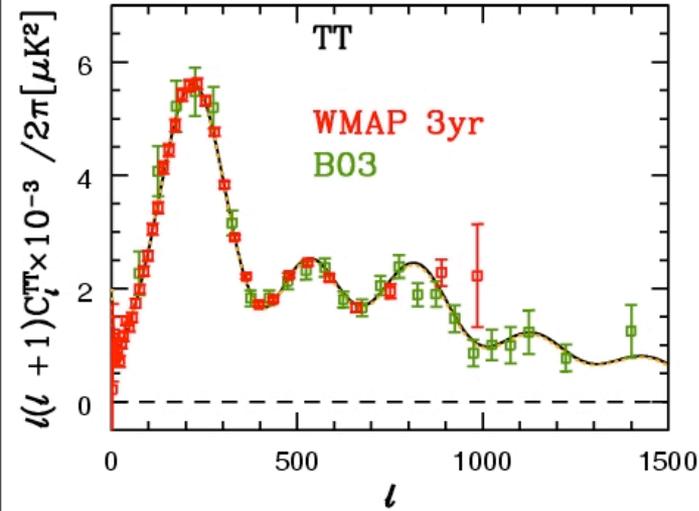
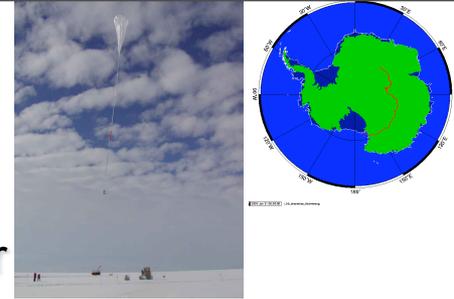
B03 pol TE, EE 2005 1st bolo detection

- ‘Shallow’ scan, 75 hours, $f_{\text{sky}}=3.0\%$, large scale TT
- ‘deep’ scan, 125 hours, $f_{\text{sky}}=0.28\%$ 115sq deg, $\sim 2 \times$ Planck2yr



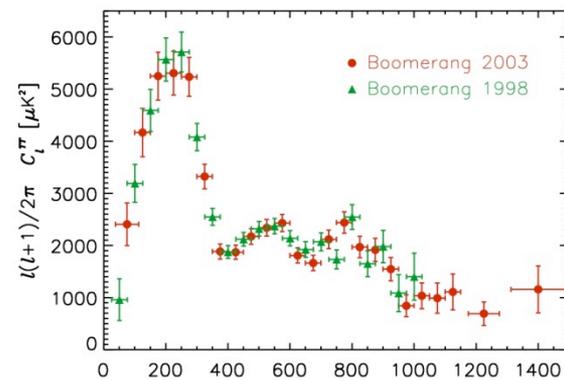
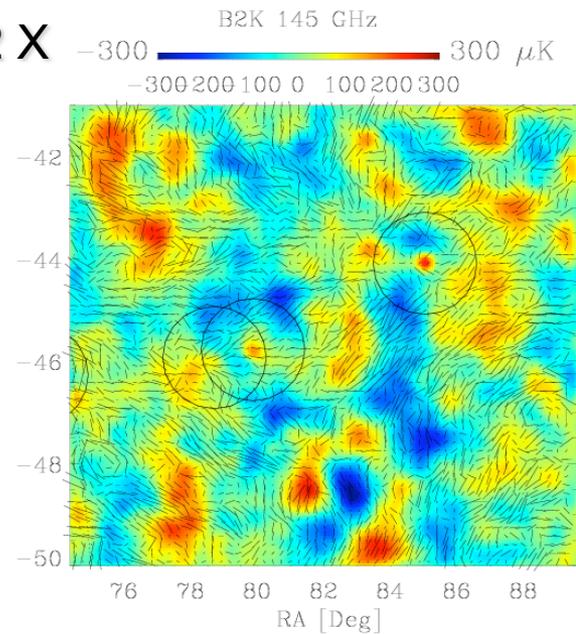
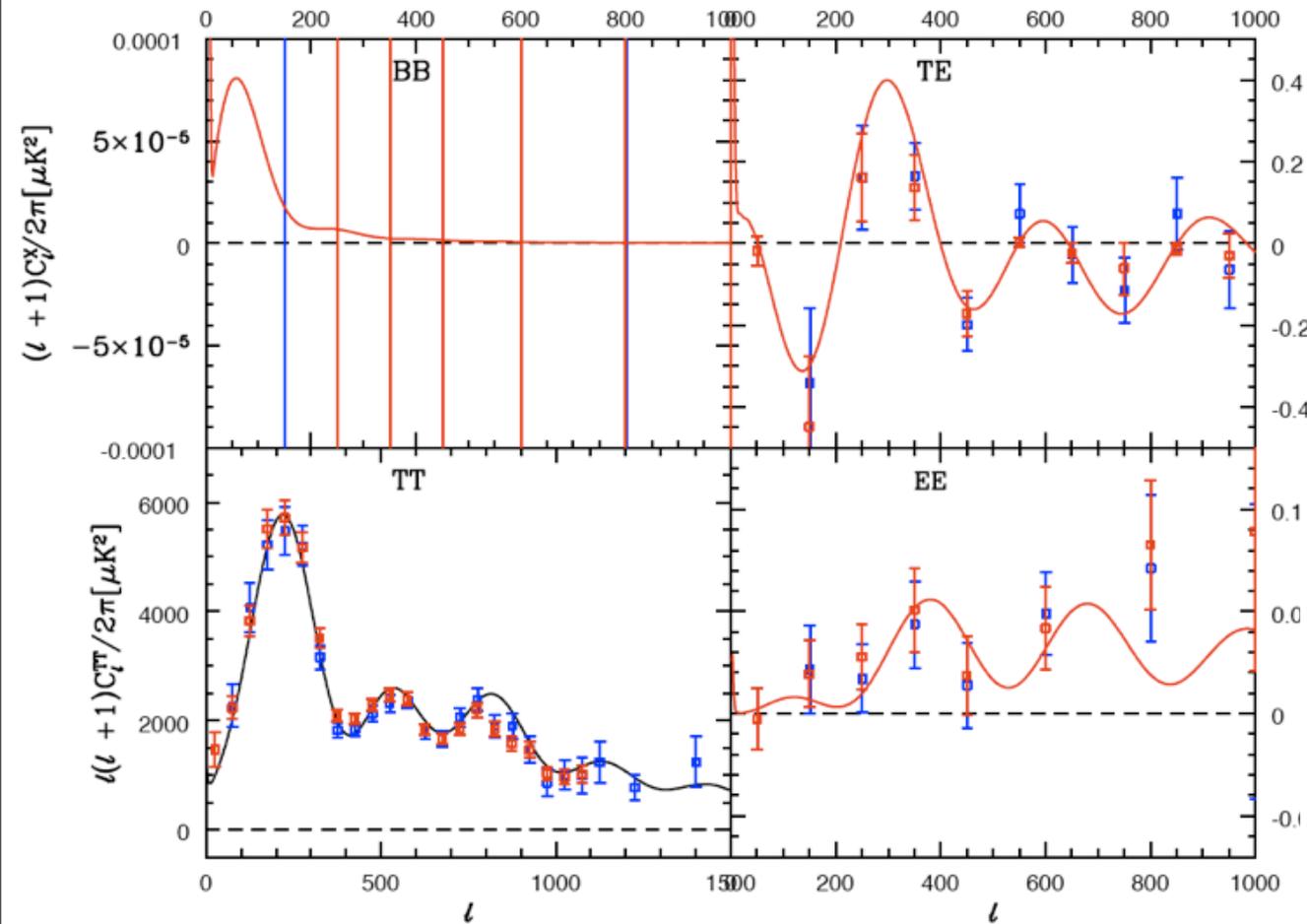
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B03+B98 *Contaldi et al 01..09! x faster! Boom/Planck/Spider workhorse*

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- ‘deep’ scan, 125 hours, $f_{\text{sky}}=0.28\%$ 115sq deg, $\sim 2 \times$ Planck2yr

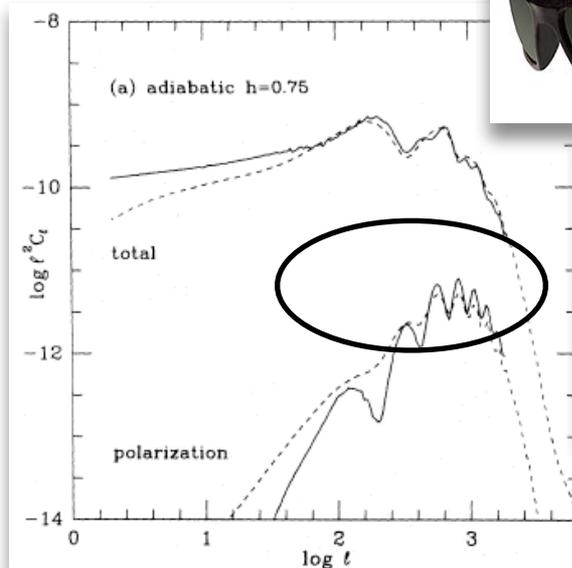
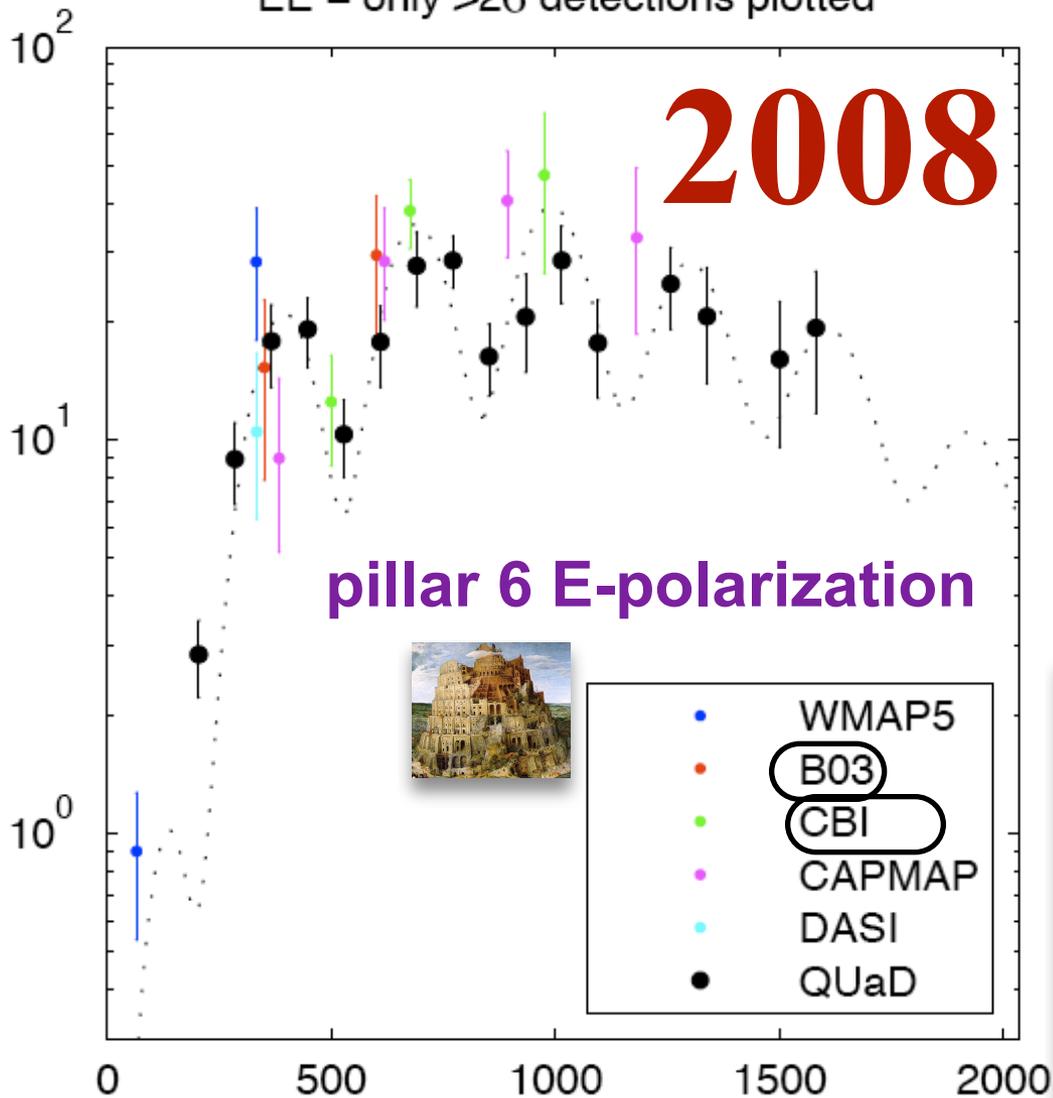


B03+B98 final soon

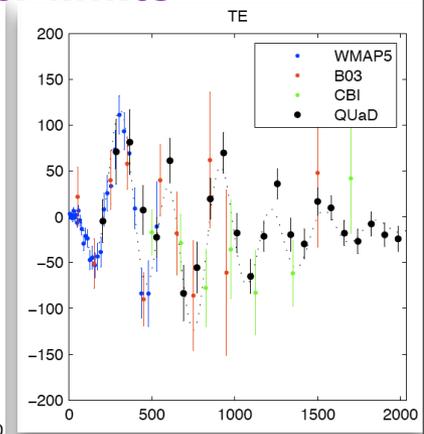
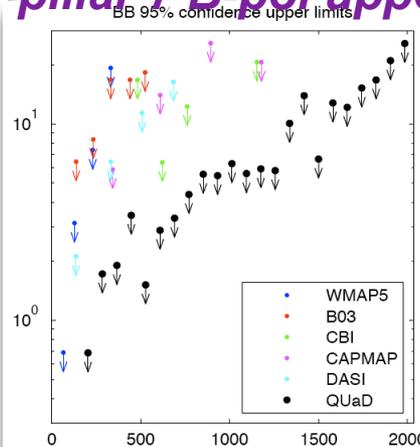
emergence of **CMB polarization** power

DASI02,04 CBI04 Boom05 CBI05 WMAP3,5 Capmap07 QUaD07,08

EE – only $>2\sigma$ detections plotted



pillar 7 B-pol upper limits



Standard Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation

$$\theta \sim \ell_s^{-1} \sim \ln \sigma_8^2$$

$$\Omega_k \quad \Omega_b h^2 \quad \Omega_{dm} h^2 \quad \Omega_\Lambda \quad \tau_c \quad \ln A_s \quad n_s \quad r = A_t / A_s$$

$$1+w_0, w_a$$

$$n_e(a)$$

$$dn_s / d \ln k$$

$$n_t$$

New Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation:
early-inflaton & late-inflaton trajectories

$$\epsilon_\phi = (1+w(a)) \times 3/2$$

$$\epsilon(k), \quad k \approx Ha \quad \ln H(k_p)$$

$$\epsilon_s f(a/a_{\Lambda eq}, a_s/a_{\Lambda eq}, \xi_s)$$

$$\ln P_s(k)$$

$$\ln P_t(k)$$

+ subdominant isocurvature/cosmic string/ tSZ ...

What do we learn from E polarization?

- 0 - EE/TE agree with TT forecasts! *pillar6: out-of-phase pks/valleys*
- 1 - constrain radically broken scale invariance *out-of-phase pks*
- 2 - constrain subdominant isocurvature modes CBI
- 3 - constrain anomalies *e.g., WMAP haze, COBE/WMAP "hole" TBD*
- 4 - aid in lensing reconstruction of lensed CMB *TBD*
- 5 - aid in separation of components, dust & synchrotron: *SZ*

WMAP1 $.166 \pm .08$ TE, WMAP3 $.089 \pm .03$ EE fgnd-clean,

WMAP5 $.086 \pm .016$, WMAP5 $.090 \pm .019$ GibbsMCMC; Planck1yr 09.3 ± 1.5 yr $\pm .005$;

Spider test flight 2-6d, 2010.3, Alice Springs, $\pm .007$

6- reionization epoch

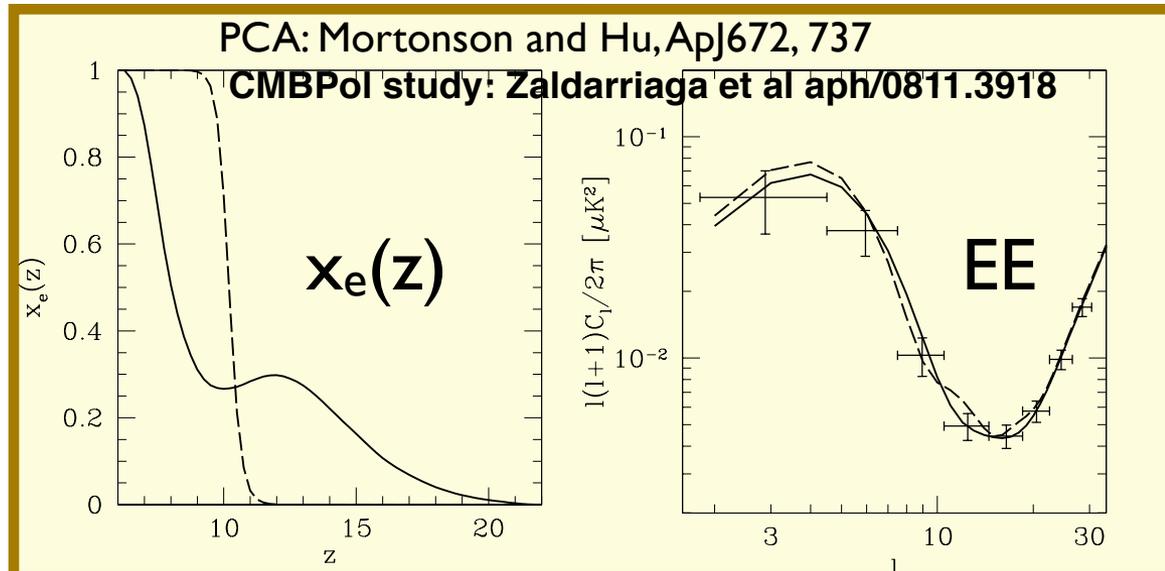
$$\tau_C = \int_{\text{l.o.s.}} n_e \sigma_T c dt$$

$$\sim .1 \left(\frac{1+z_{\text{reh}}}{15} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$\left(\frac{\Omega_b h^2}{.02} \right) \left(\frac{\Omega_m h^2}{.15} \right)^{-1/2}$$

$0.085 \pm .017$ CMBall_{cbi10}

$z_{\text{reh}} = 0.8 \pm 1.5$



INFLATION THEN

PROBES NOW



the quest for Pillar 7, B-modes from primordial zero-point gravity waves

“standard inflation space”: n_s $dn_s/d\ln k$ r @k-pivots

$$n_s(k_p) = .962 \pm .013 \text{ (+-.005 Planck1)} \quad .959 \pm .011 \text{ all data}$$

$$r = P_t/P_s(k_p) < 0.40_{\text{cmb}} \text{ 95\% CL (+-.03 P1, +- .01 Spider+P2.5)}$$

$$dn_s/d\ln k(k_p) = -.016 \pm .019 \text{ (+-.005 Planck1)}$$

(partially) blind trajectories e.g., $n_s(k)$ and $r(k_p)$, are better

INFLATION THEN

WHAT IS PREDICTED?

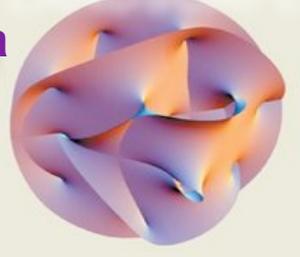
Smoothly broken scale invariance
by nearly uniform braking (standard
of 80s/90s/00s) $r \sim 0.03-0.5$

or highly variable braking r tiny
(stringy cosmology) $r < 10^{-10}$

Old view: Theory prior = delta function of THE correct one and only theory

New: Theory prior = probability distribution of late-flows on an energy LANDSCAPE

6/7 tiny extra dimensions



1980

R^2 -inflation

Old Inflation

Chaotic inflation

New Inflation

Double Inflation

Power-law inflation

SUGRA inflation

Radical BSI inflation

variable M_p inflation

Extended inflation

1990

Natural pNGB inflation

Hybrid inflation

SUSY F-term inflation

SUSY D-term inflation

Assisted inflation

Brane inflation

2000

SUSY P-term inflation

Super-natural Inflation

K-flaton

2003 KKL T

N-flaton

DBI inflation

ekpyrotic/cyclic

$D3 - D7$ inflation

Tachyon inflation

Warped Brane inflation

Racetrack inflation

Roulette inflation Kahler moduli/axion



INFLATION THEN

WHAT IS ALLOWED?

radically broken scale invariance
by variable braking as acceleration
approaches deceleration,
preheating & the end of inflation

$$\varepsilon(k) = (1+q)(a) = -d \ln H / d \ln a = r(k) / 16$$

Blind power spectrum analysis cf. data, then & now

expand $\varepsilon(k)$ in localized mode functions e.g. Chebyshev/B-spline coefficients ε_b

the measures on ε_b matter - choice for “theory prior” = informed priors?

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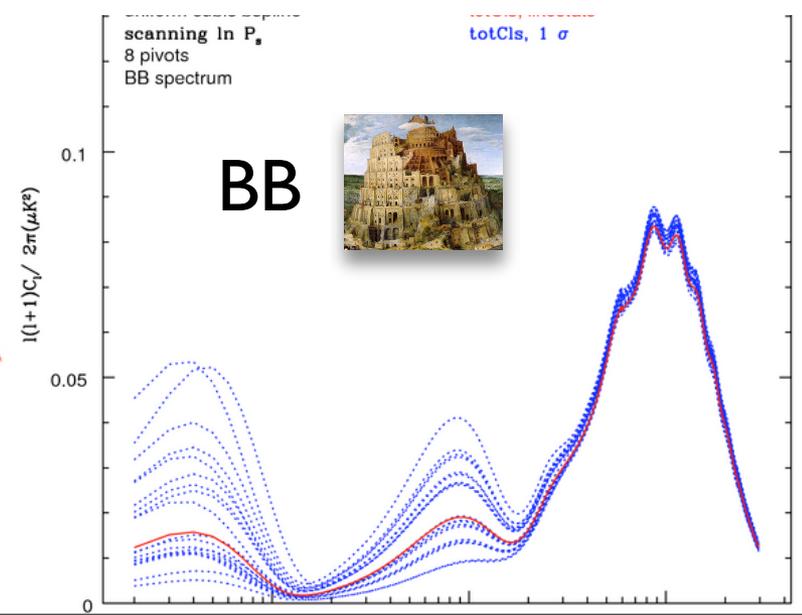
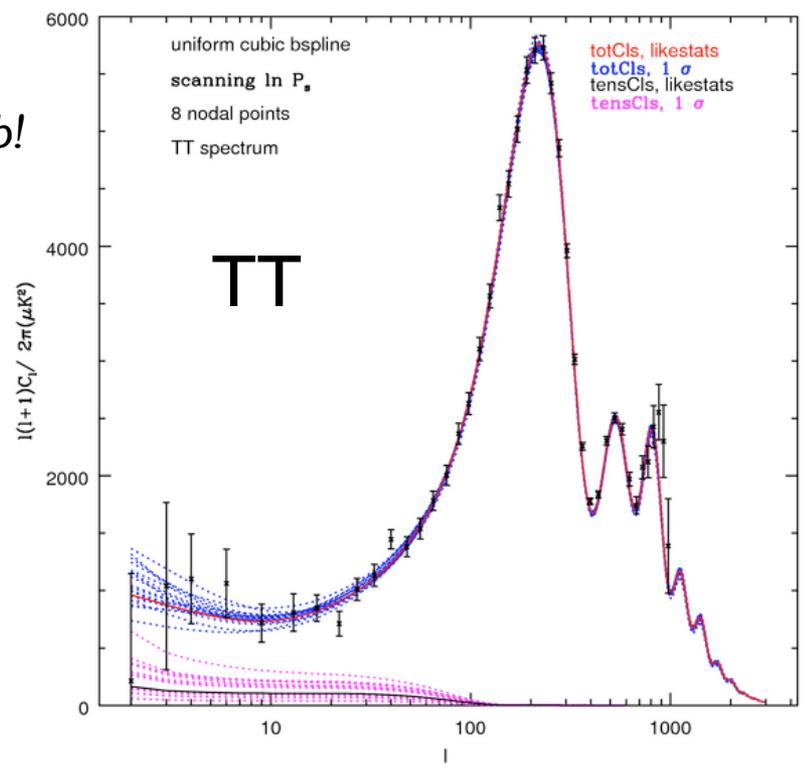
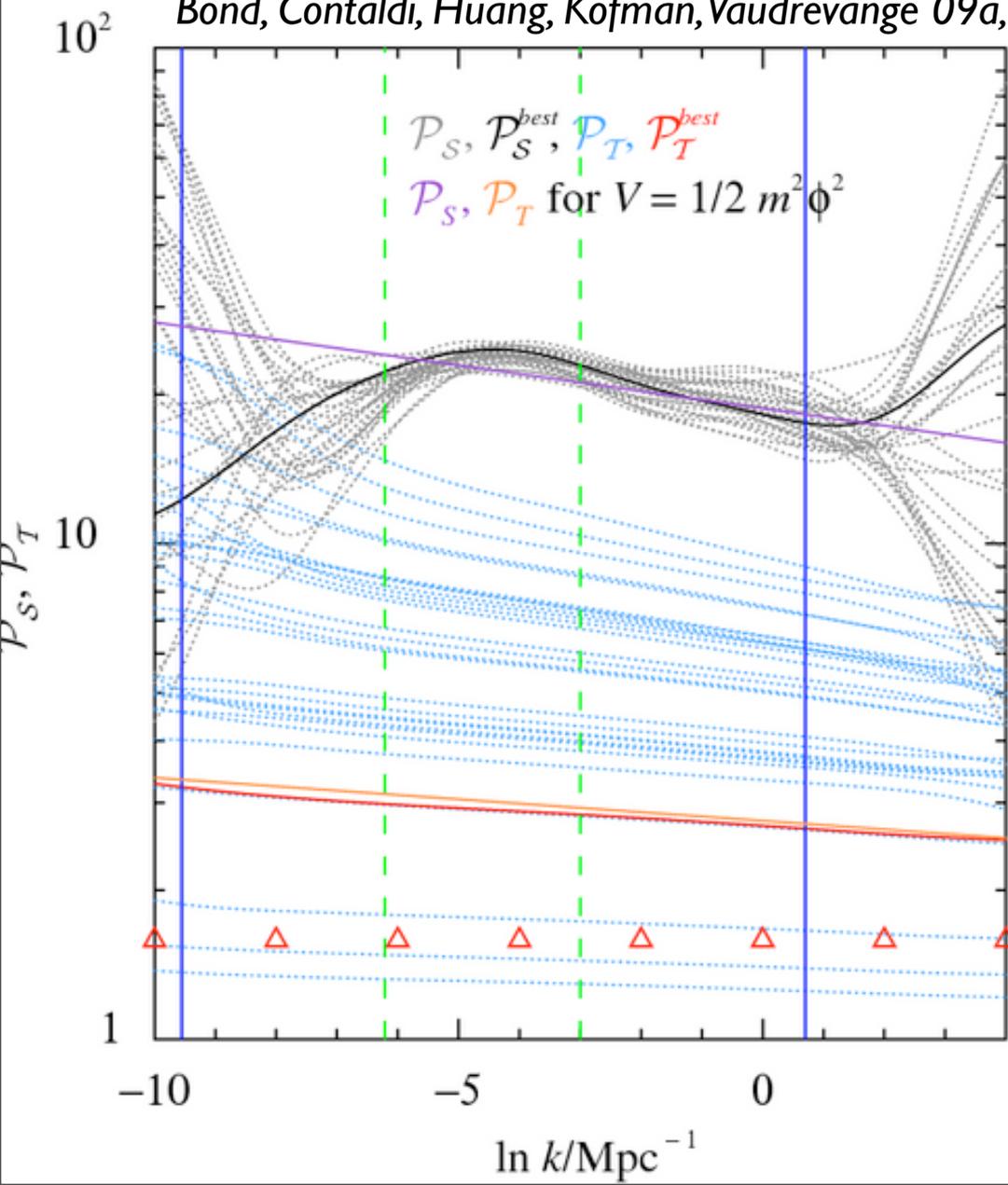
expand $\varepsilon(k)$ in localized mode functions e.g. Chebyshev/B-spline coefficients ε_b

or dual $\ln P_s(k); P_t(k)$

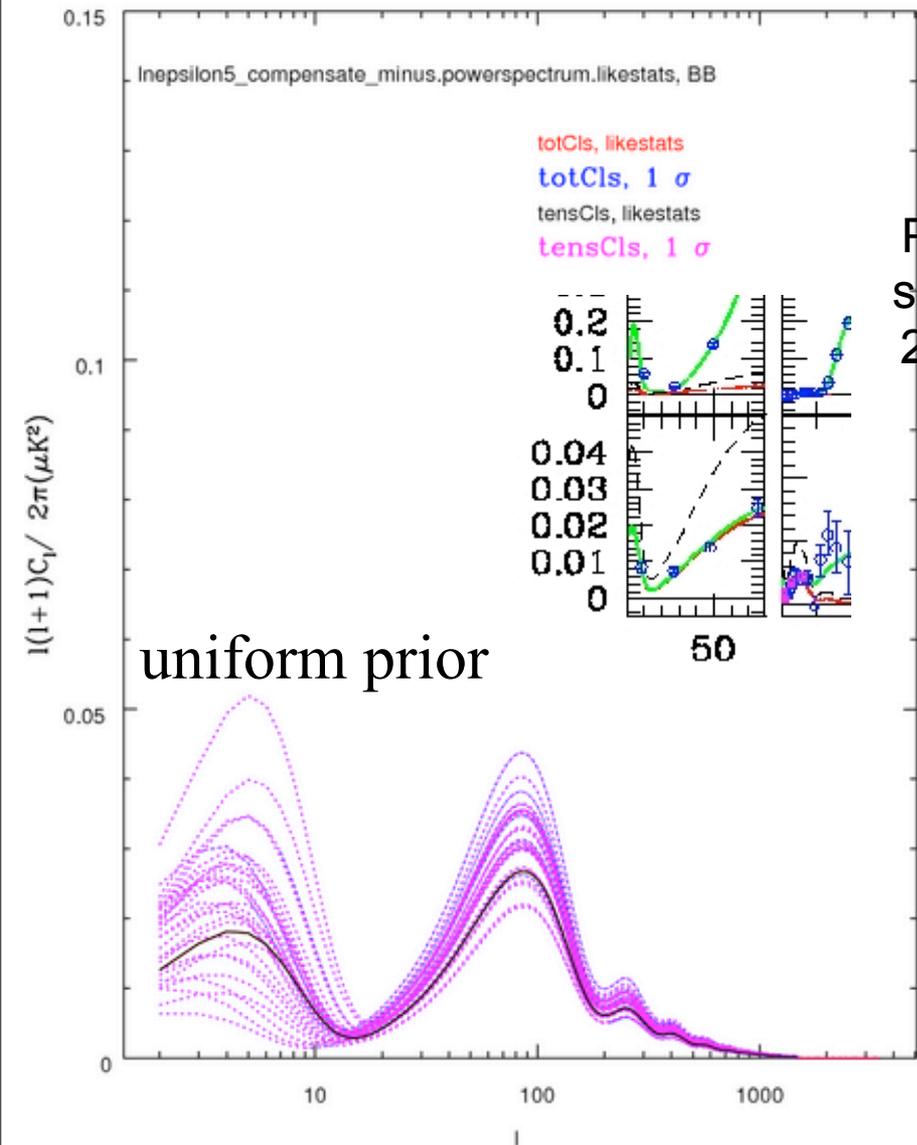
the measures on ε_b matter - choice for “theory prior” = informed priors?

partially-blind acceleration trajectories obeying tensor/scalar consistency relation. May08 data

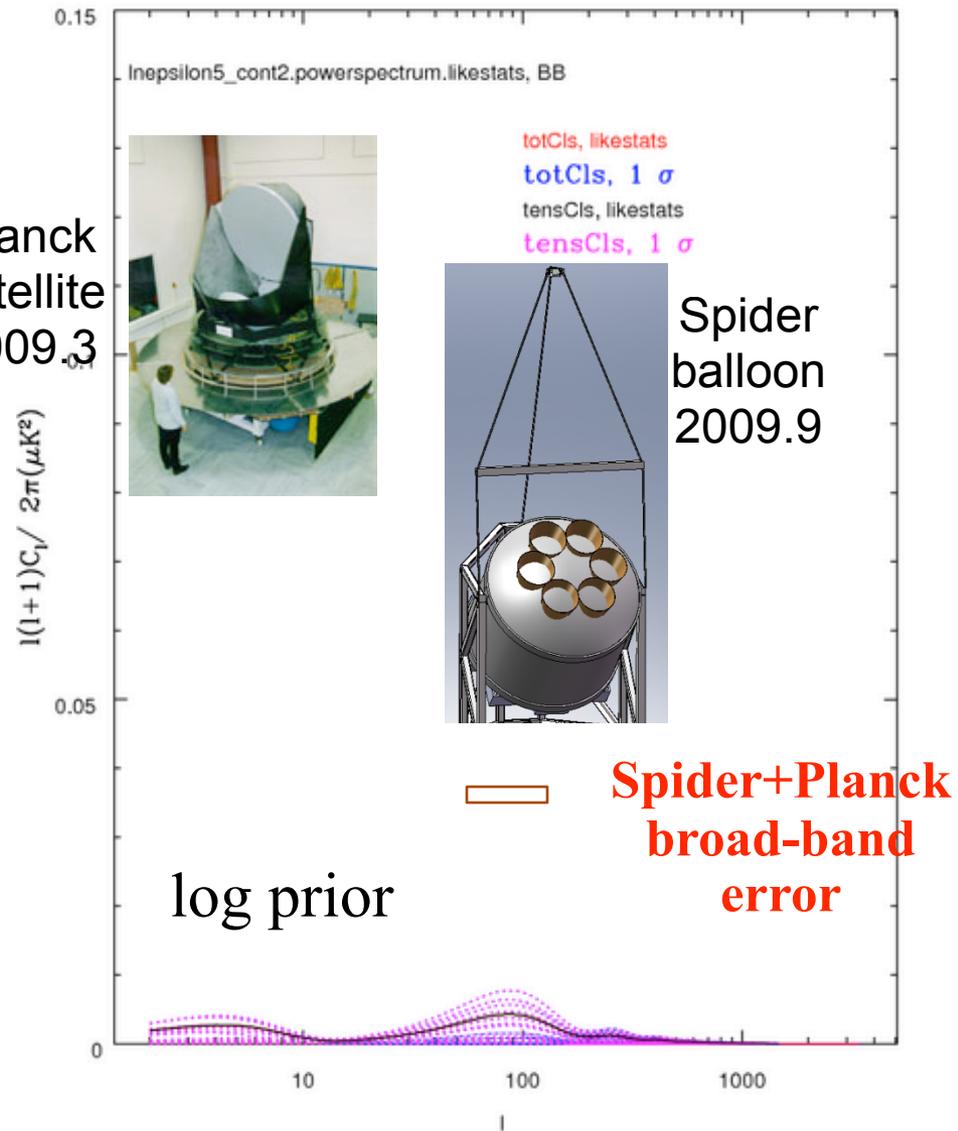
Bond, Contaldi, Huang, Kofman, Vaudrevange 09a,b!



C_L BB for $\ln \epsilon_s$ (nodal 5) + 4 params inflation trajectories reconstructed from CMB +LSS data using Chebyshev nodal point expansion & MCMC



Planck satellite 2009.3



INFLATION

THEN

PROBES

THEN

CBI pol to Apr'05 @Chile

QUaD @SP

Quiet1
@Chile

Quiet2
1000 HEMTs

Boom03@LDB

Bicep @SP

Bicep2

Keck/Spud

WMAP @L2 to **2009-2013?**

Planck09.3



EBEX
@LDB

Spider

2312 bolos
@LDB



DASI @SP

CAPMAP

(52 bolometers)
+ HEMTs @L2
9 frequencies

CHIP

2004

2006

2008

LHC

2011

Bpol
@L2

2005

2007

2009

BLASTpol

Clover
@Chile

Polarbear

300 bolos
@Cal/Chile

SPTpol



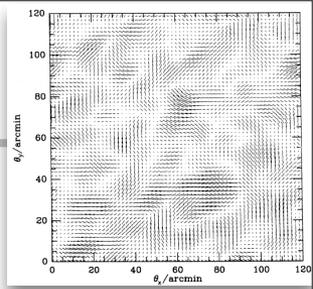
SPIDER Tensor Signal

Gravity Waves from Inflation

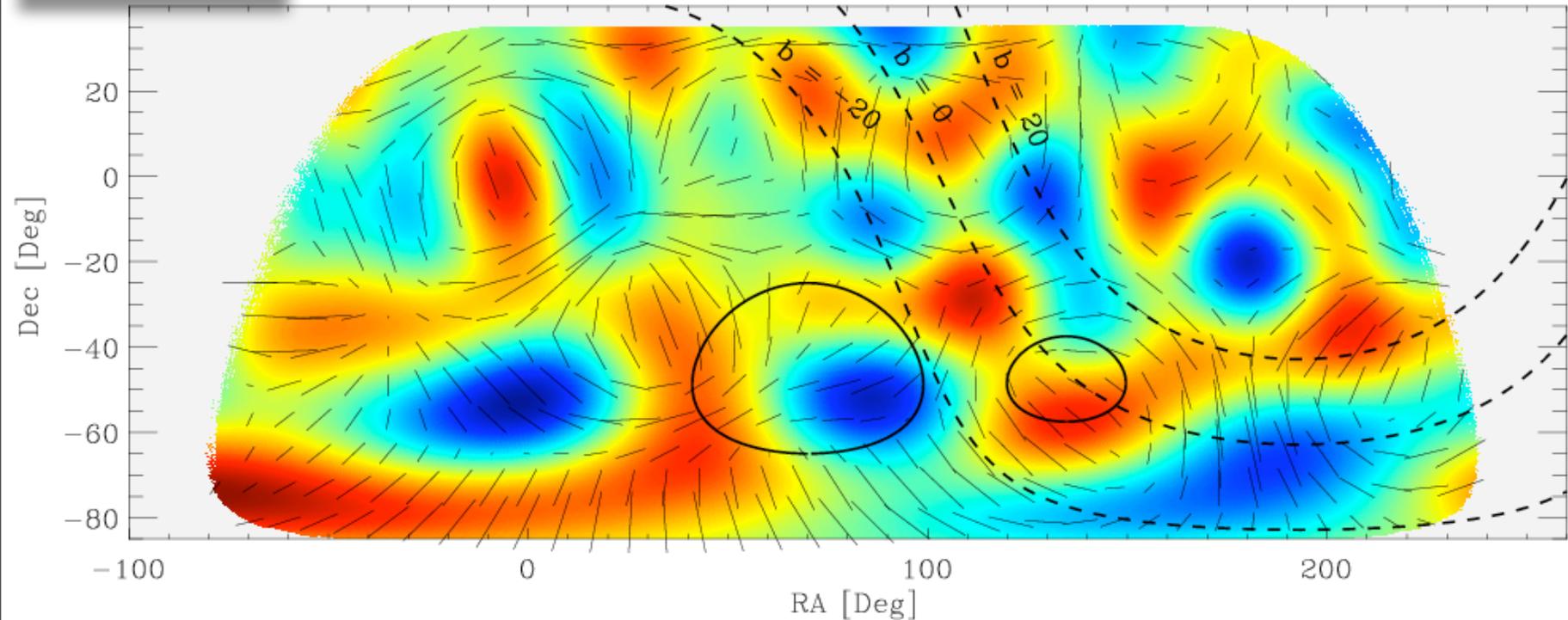
- Simulation of large scale polarization signal

http://www.astro.caltech.edu/~lgg/spider_front.htm

$$\frac{A_T}{A_S} = 0.1$$



Tensor



GW/scalar curvature: current from CMB+LSS: $r < 0.3$ 95%; good shot at **0.02** 95% CL with **BB polarization** (+- .02 PL2.5+Spider), .01 target; **Bpol .001 BUT** foregrounds/systematics? **But $r(k)$, low Energy inflation**

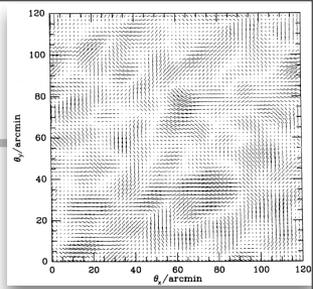
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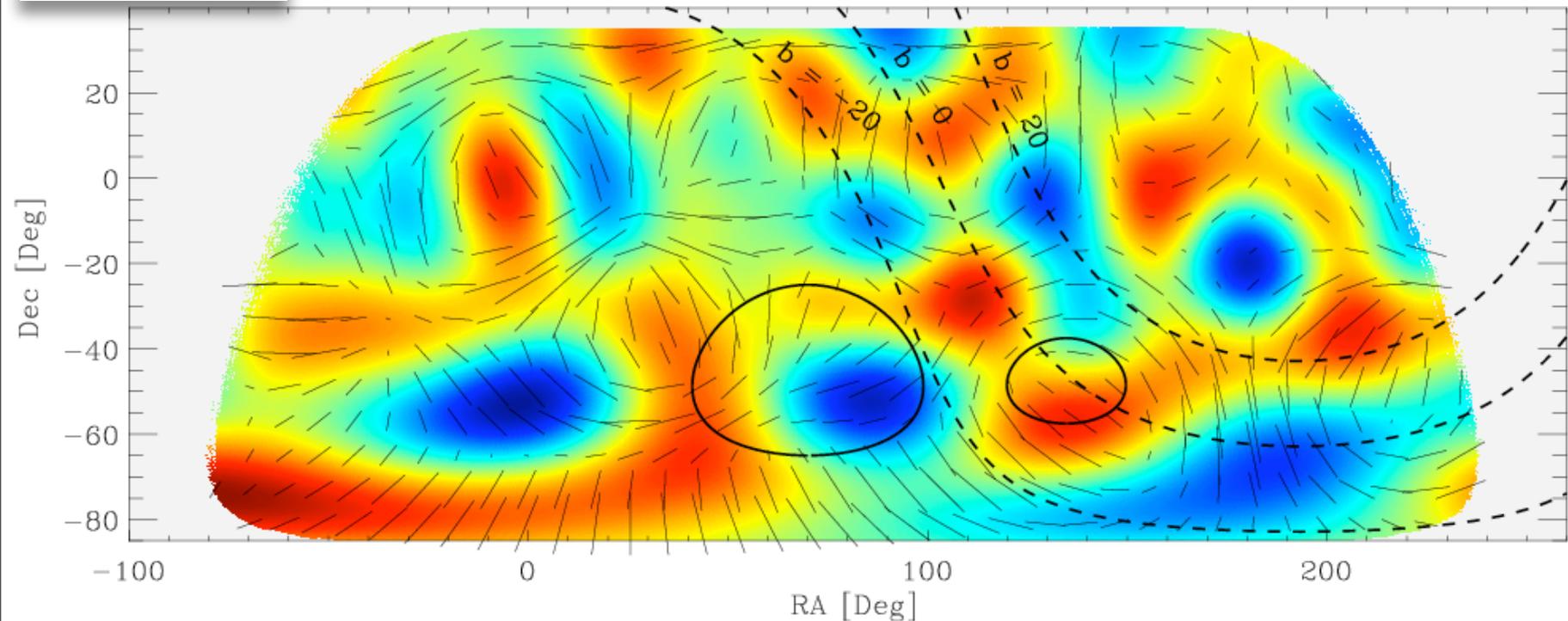
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No Tensor

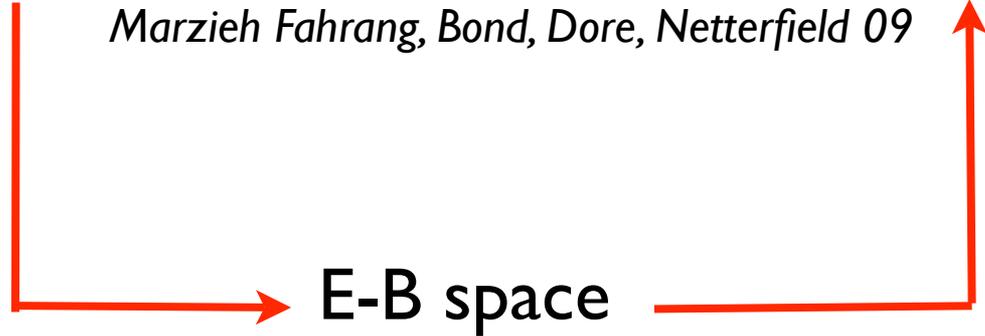


GW/scalar curvature: current from CMB+LSS: $r < 0.3$ 95%; good shot at **0.02** 95% CL with **BB polarization** (+- .02 PL2.5+Spider), .01 target; **Bpol .001** BUT foregrounds/systematics? But $r(k)$, low Energy inflation

tensor-mode parameters: direct *map-based* MLE cf. (partial) E/B separation?
automatically takes care of the E/B problem; used for CBI & feasible for Spider analysis



Marzieh Fahrang, Bond, Dore, Netterfield 09

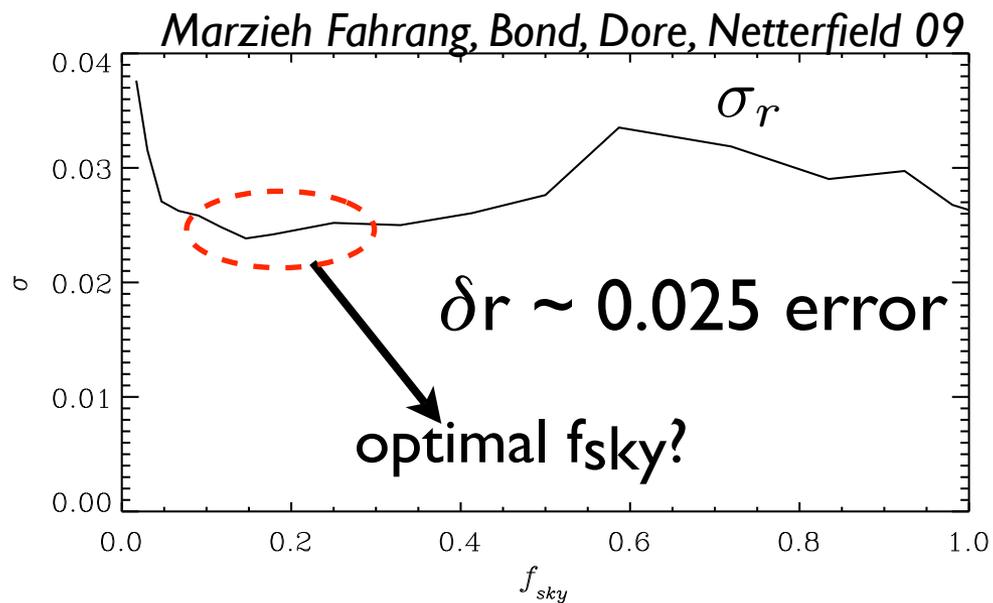
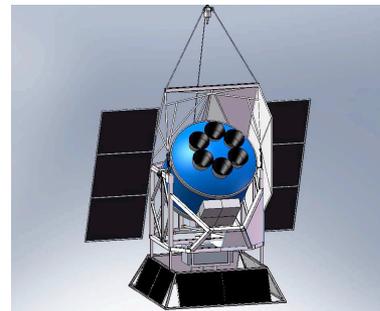
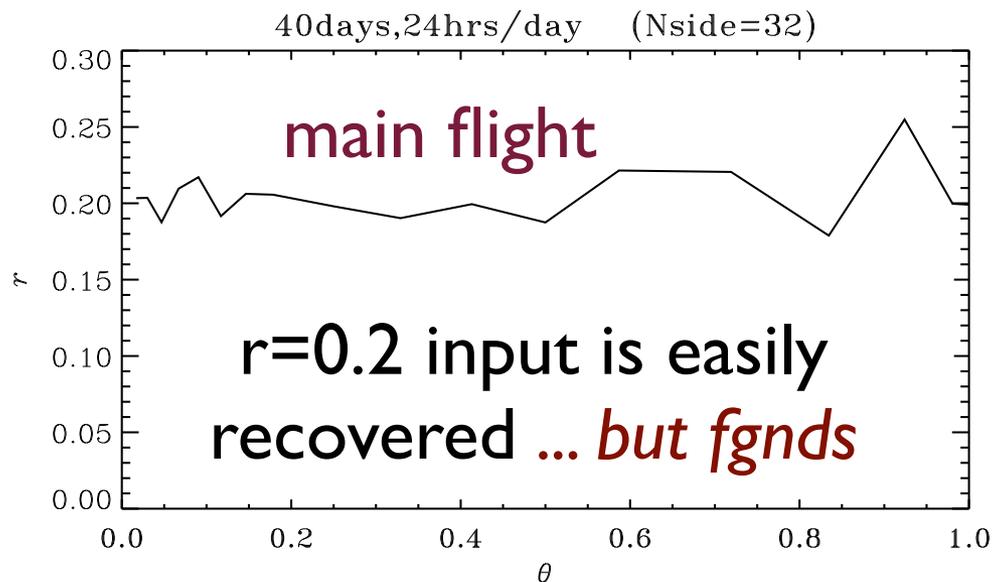


finite sky patch → E/B mixing

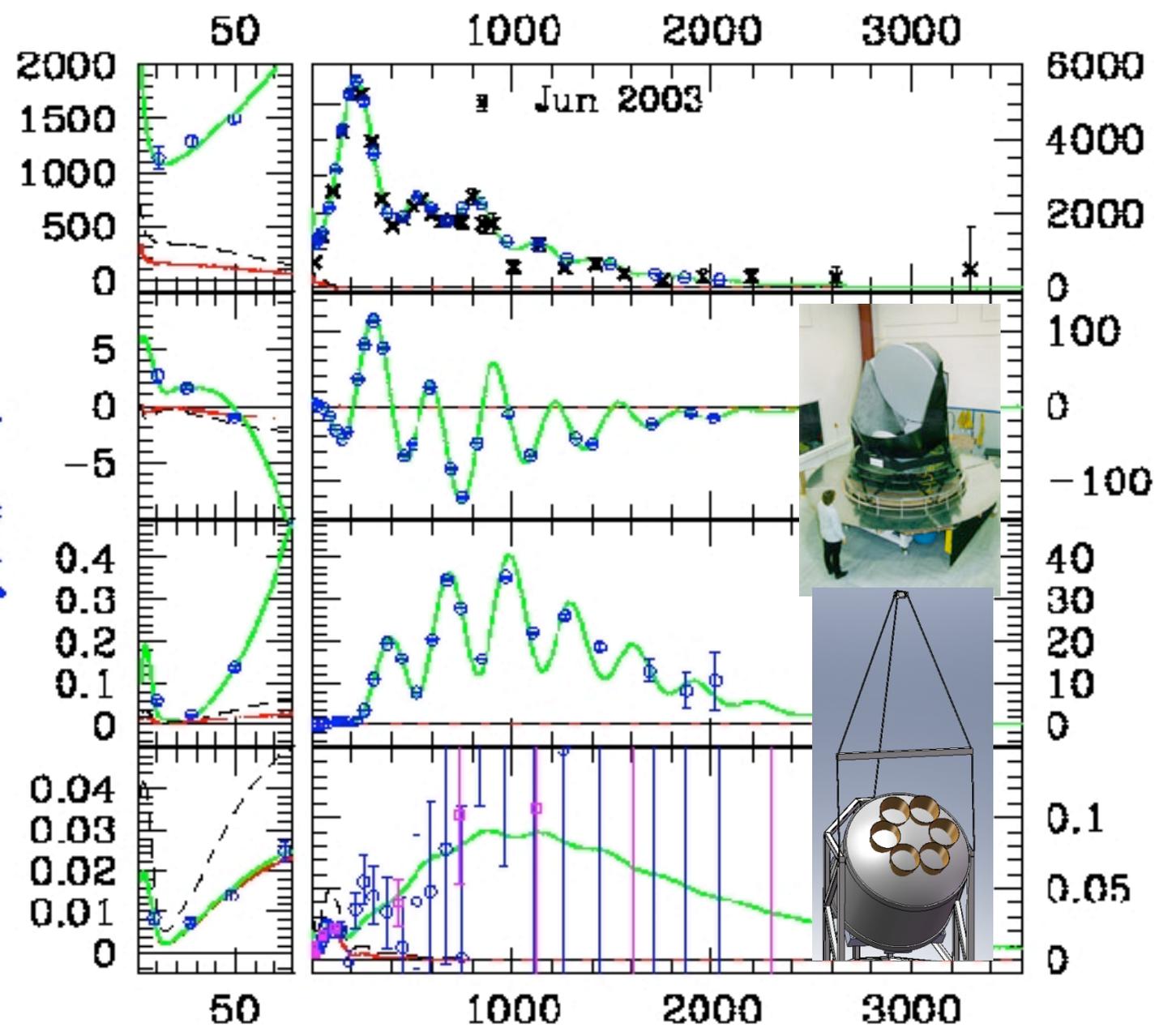
Bunn 02, 08, Bunn etal 03, Lewis etal 06, Smith & Zaldarriaga 07

Spider/Keck: best f_{sky} for E/B-demixing via direct max-L filters for r τ

- ▶ test LDB flight: 2-6 days, 10.3 Alice Springs
- ▶ main LDB flight: 20-40 days, 11.9 Antarctica
 $N_t \sim 2.5$ Tbytes, $N_p \sim 10$ Mb



forecast
 Planck2.5
 100&143
 Spider10d
 95&150

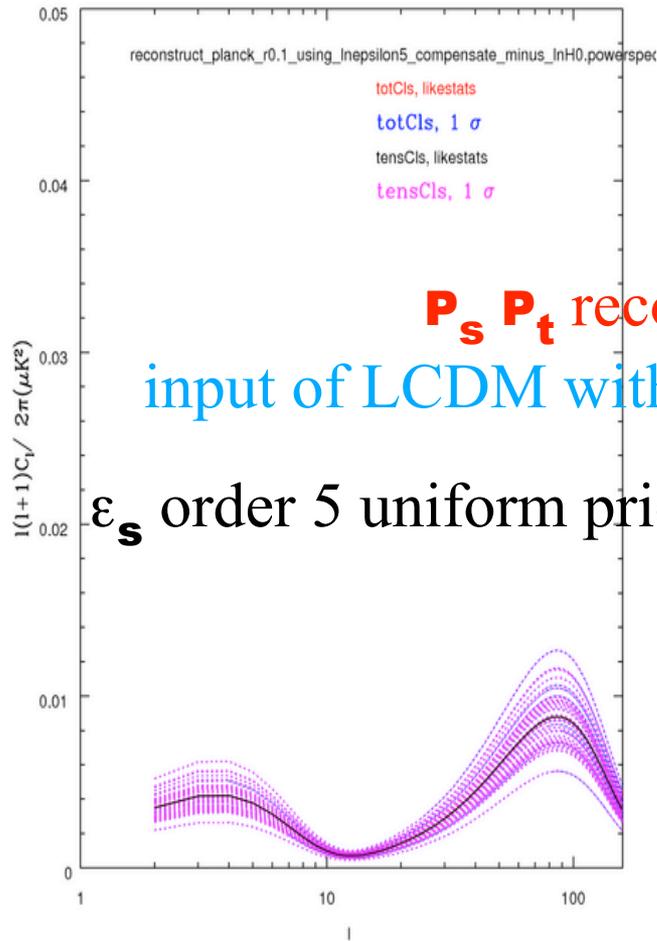


Synchrotron pol'n
 Dust pol'n
 are higher in B
 Foreground
 Template removals
 from multi-
 frequency data
 is crucial

$C_l / (\mu K^2)$

l

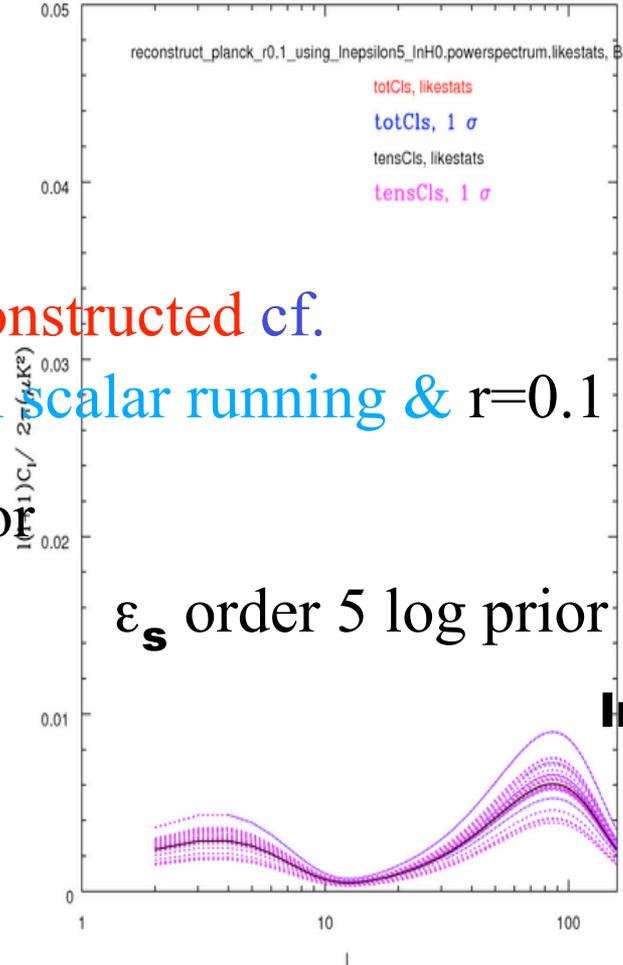
Planck1 simulation: input LCDM (Acbar)+run+uniform tensor r (.002 /Mpc) reconstructed cf. r_{in} to $\lesssim 0.05$ prior-independent



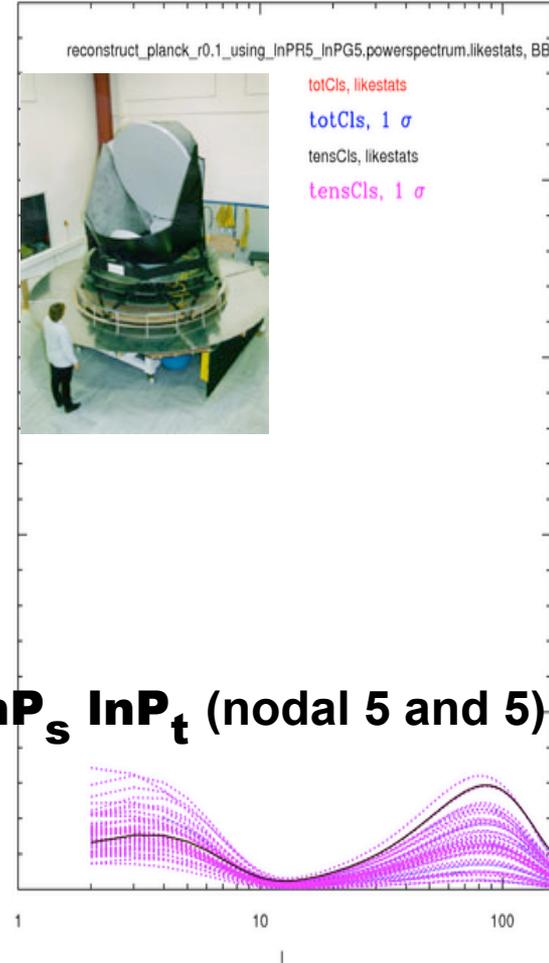
$P_s P_t$ reconstructed cf.

input of LCDM with scalar running & $r=0.1$

ϵ_s order 5 uniform prior



ϵ_s order 5 log prior

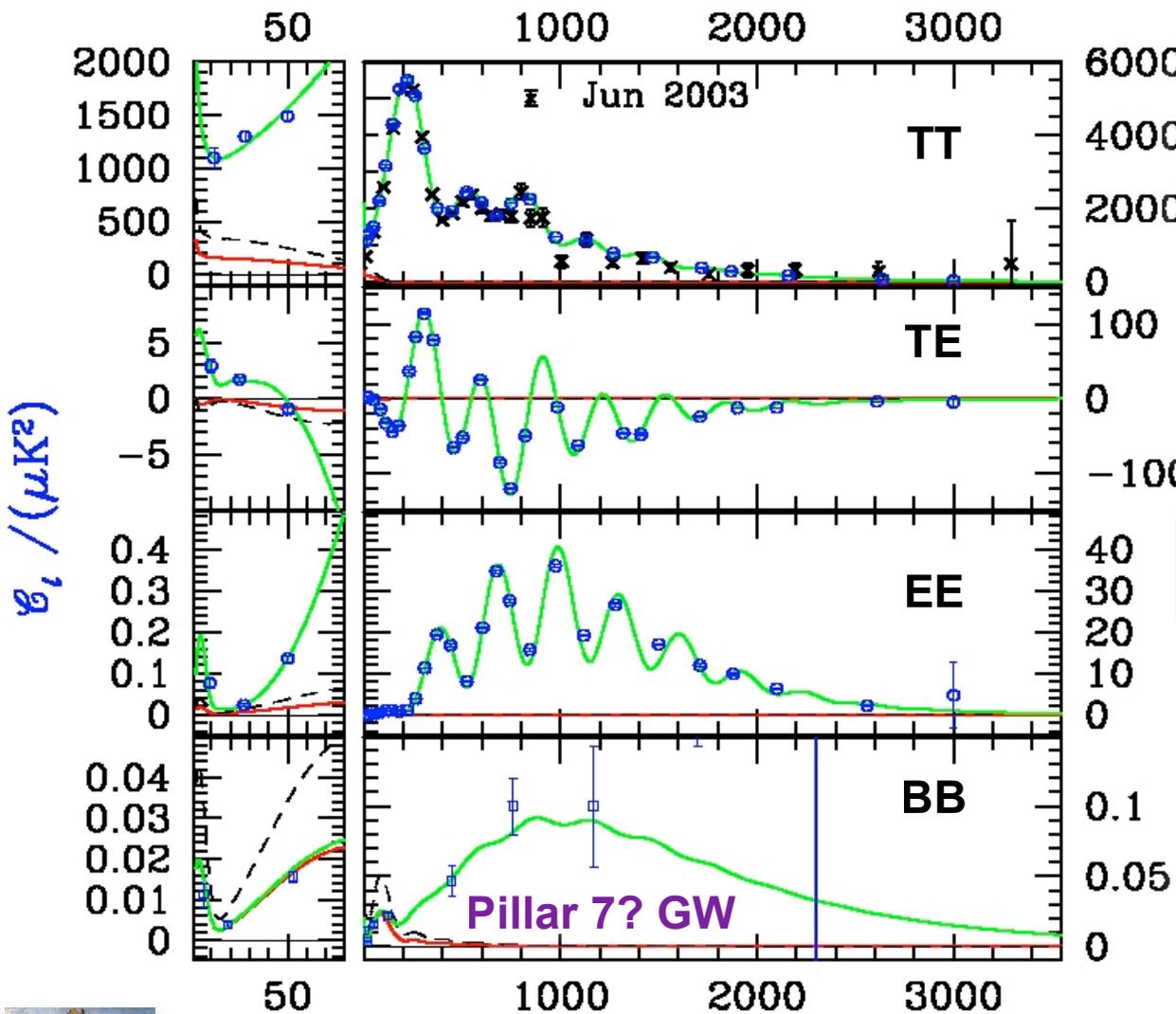


$\ln P_s \ln P_t$ (nodal 5 and 5)

B-pol simulation: ~10K detectors > 100x Planck r_{in} to $\lesssim 0.001$
a very stringent test of the ϵ -trajectory methods: A+ prior-independent

PRIMARY END @ 2012?

CMB ~2009+ Planck1+WMAP8+SPT/ACT/Quiet+Bicep/QuAD/Quiet +Spider+Clover



Pillar 7? Gravity Waves

An ensemble of trajectories arises in many-moduli string models, whether braney or holey. Roulette inflation: complex hole sizes in 6D TINY $r < 10^{-10}$ & n_s from data-selected braking! ('theorem': $\Delta\psi < 1 \rightarrow r < .007$)

nearly uniform acceleration (power law, exp, PNGB, ..potentials) $r \sim .03-.3!$ is $\Delta\psi \sim 10$ deadly?

Even with low energy inflation, the prospects are good with Spider plus Planck to either detect the GW-induced B-polarization or set a strong blind upper limit $r < 0.02$ indicating stringy or other exotic models. Both experiments have strong Cdn roles. Bpol 2020?, to $r \sim 0.002$

+ Pillar 4: primordial non-Gaussianity

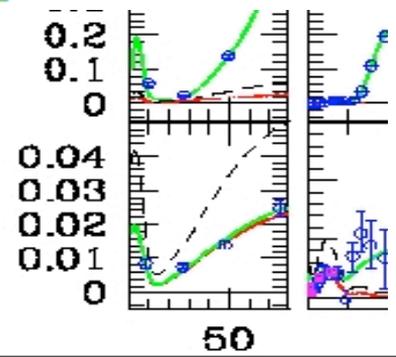
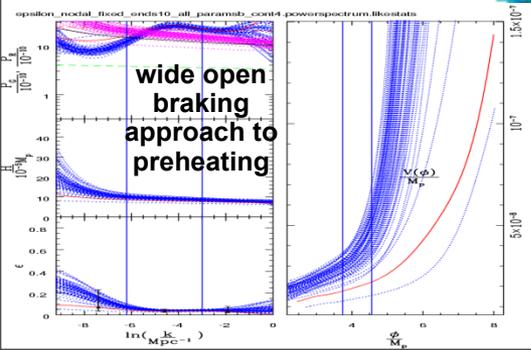
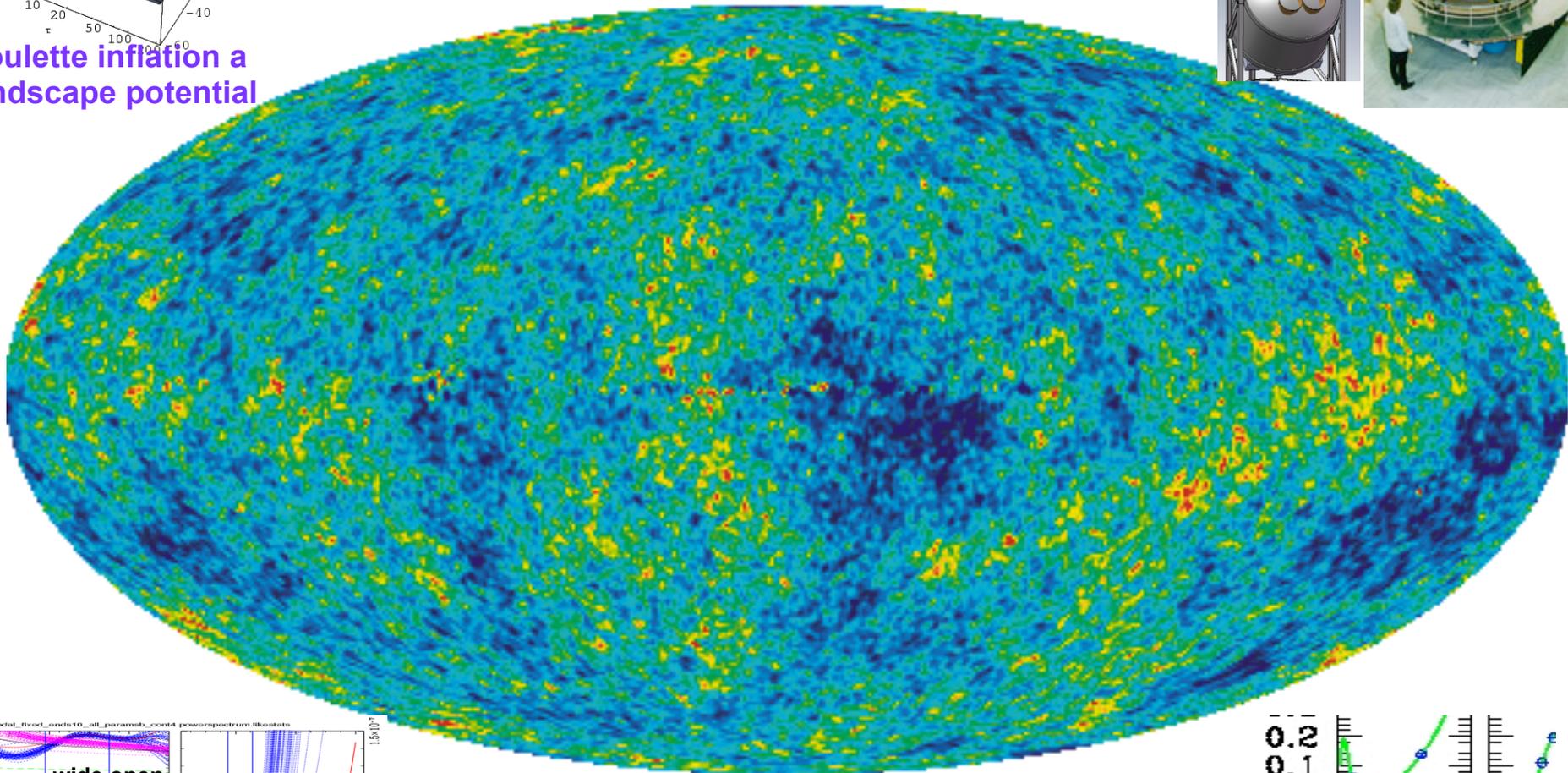
$-9 < f_{NL} < 111$ (+- 5-10 Planck1)



end1

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roulette inflation a landscape potential

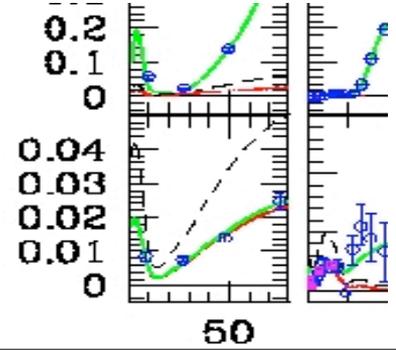
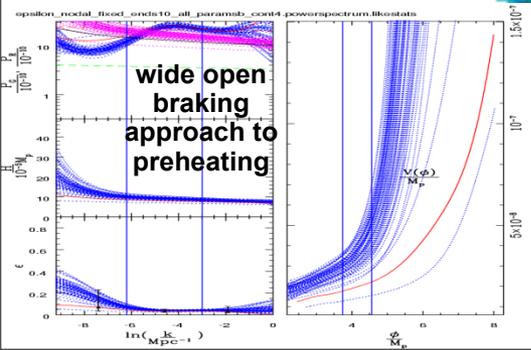
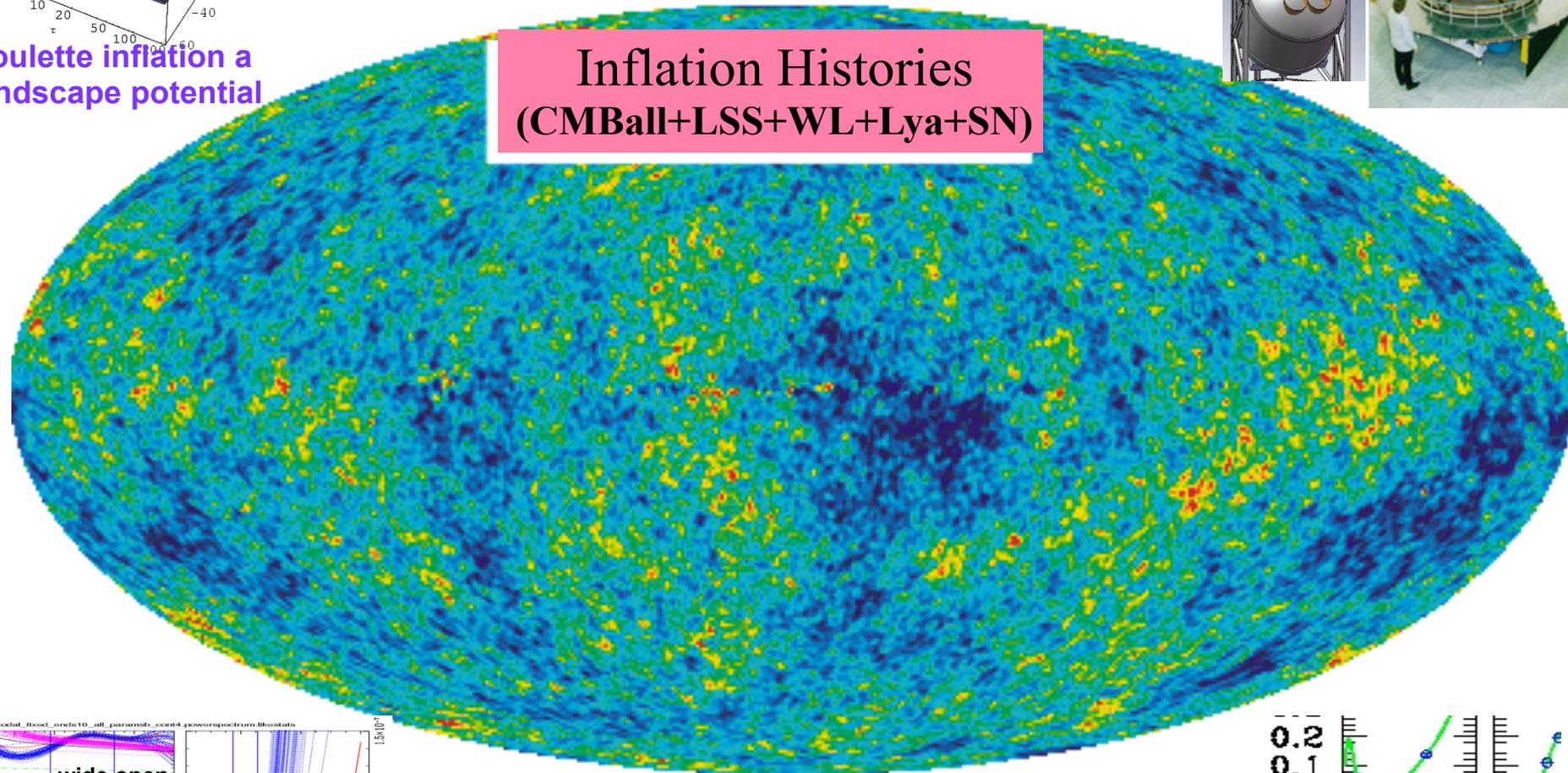
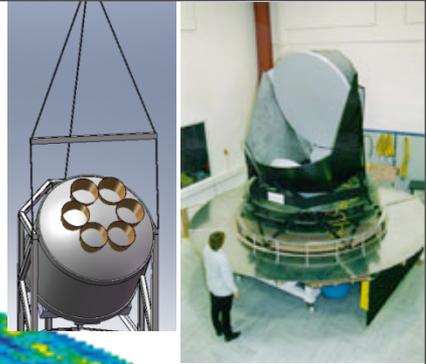


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roulette inflation a landscape potential

Inflation Histories
(CMBall+LSS+WL+Lya+SN)



CMBology

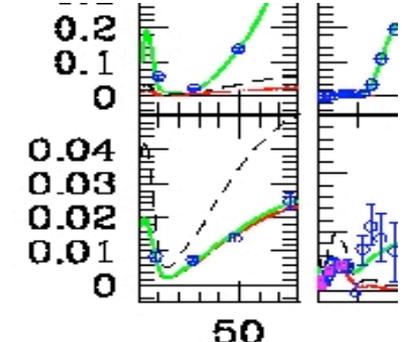
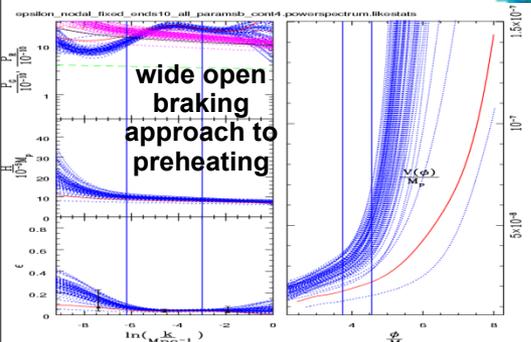
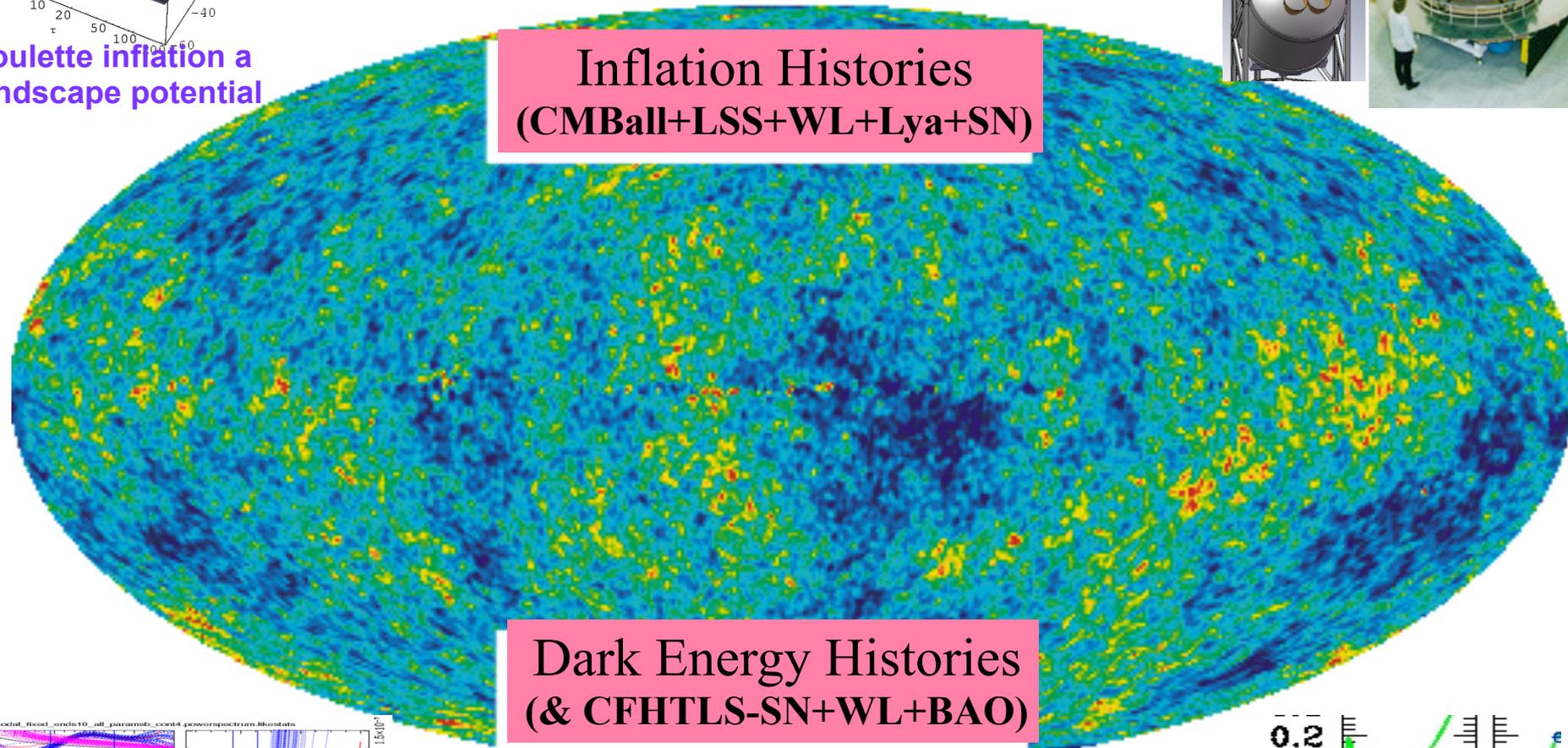
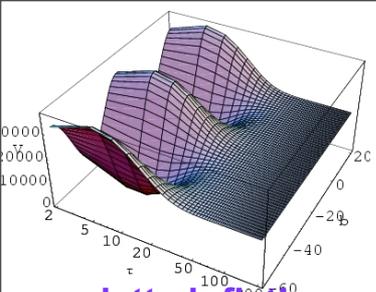
Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web



roulette inflation a landscape potential

Inflation Histories
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Dark Energy Histories
(& CFHTLS-SN+WL+BAO)



CMBology

Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web

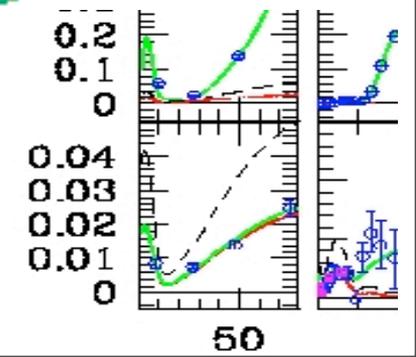
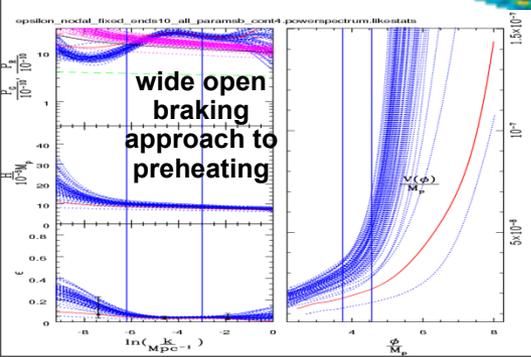
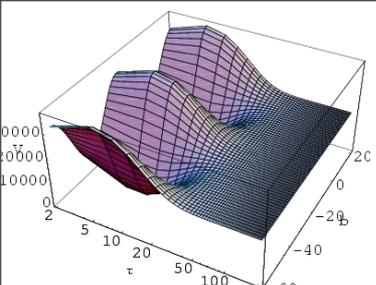


roulette inflation a landscape potential

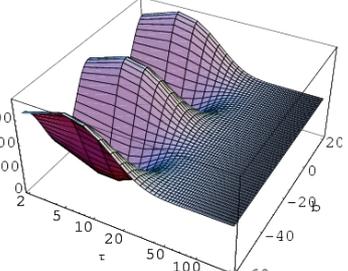
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subdominant phenomena
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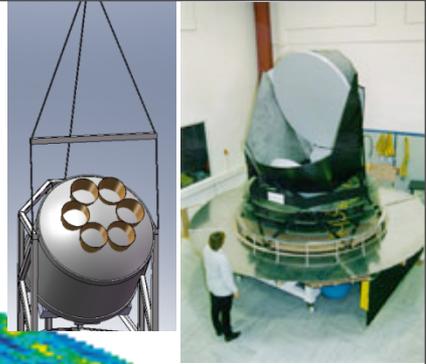
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roulette inflation a landscape potential

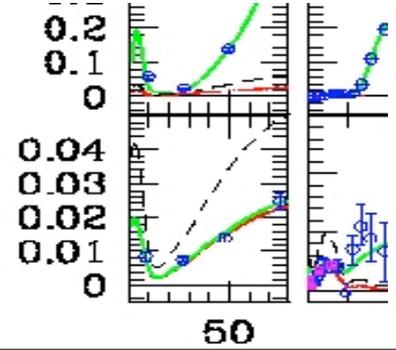
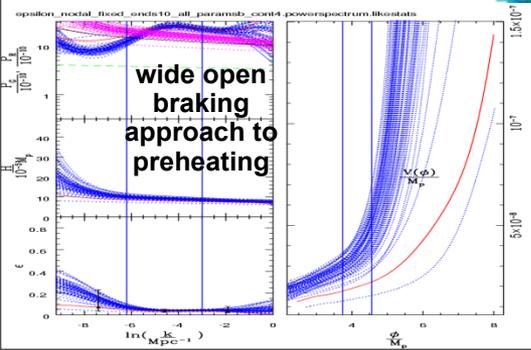


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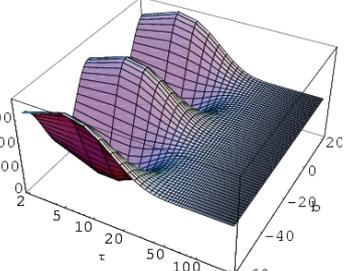
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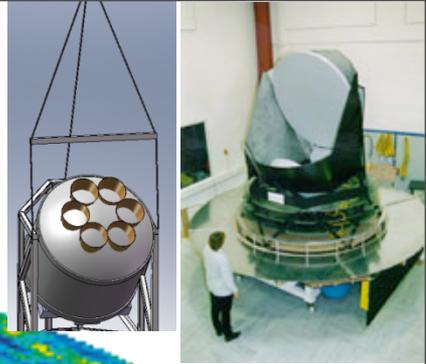
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roulette inflation a landscape potential



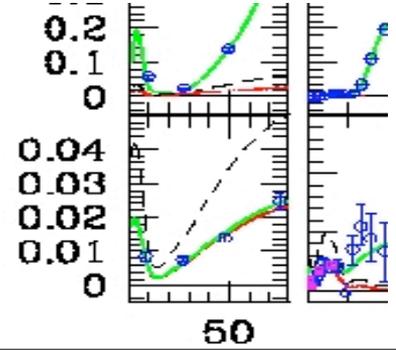
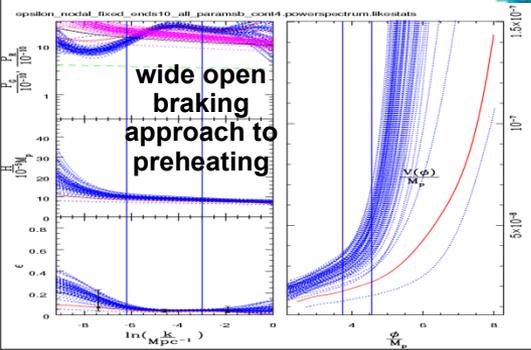
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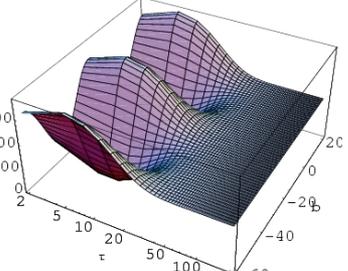
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**Polarization of
the CMB, Gravity Waves
(CBI, Boom, Planck, Spider, Keck)**

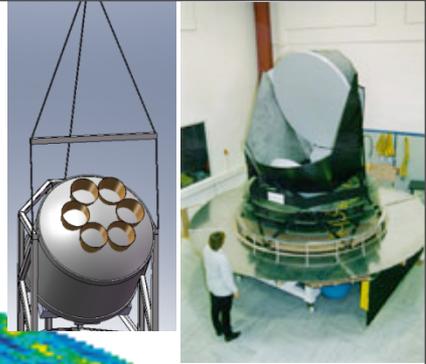
**Dark Energy Histories
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roulette inflation a landscape potential



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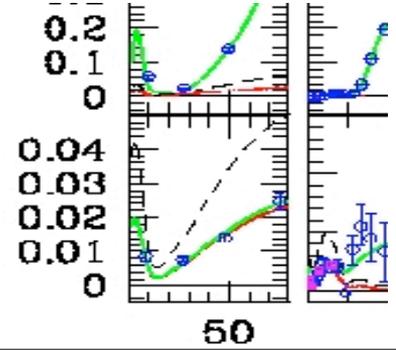
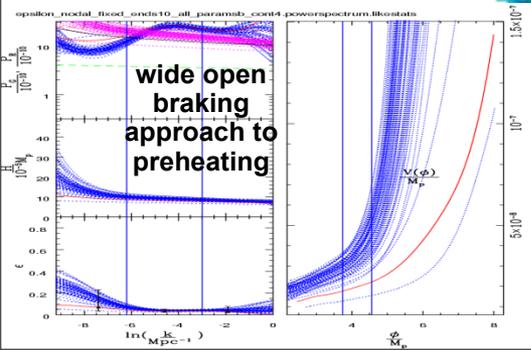
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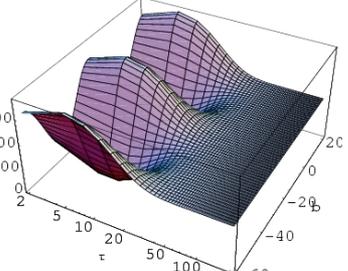
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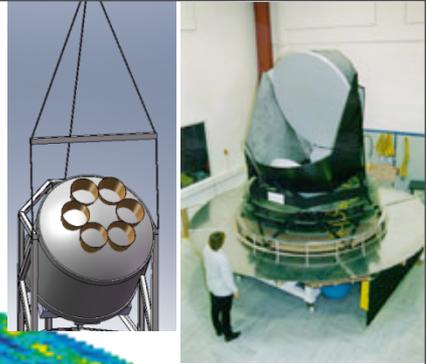
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CMBology Probing the linear & nonlinear cosmic web



roulette inflation a landscape potential



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Foregrounds
CBI, WMA, Planck

non-Gaussianity
(Boom, CBI, WMAP, Planck)

Polarization of the CMB, Gravity Waves
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