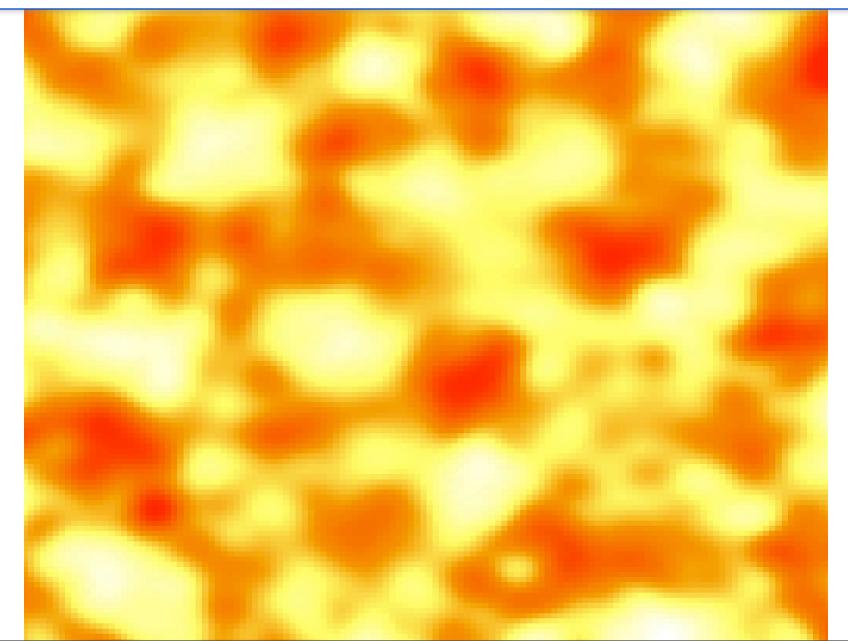
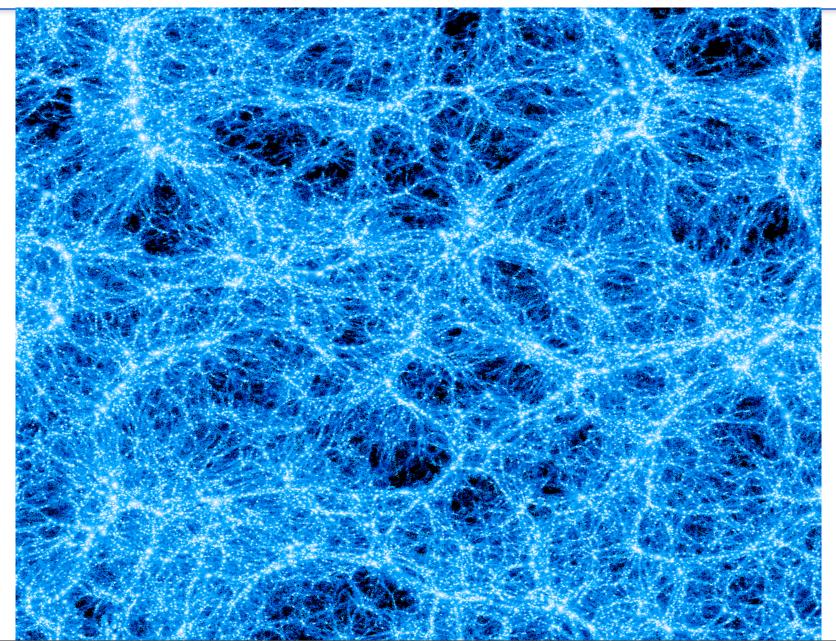


nonlinear Gas & Dark Matter Structure in the Cosmic Web the cluster/gp web "now", the galaxy/dwarf system "then"



nonlinear Gas & Dark Matter Structure in the Cosmic Web the cluster/gp web "now", the galaxy/dwarf system "then"



Today Life on earth Acceleration Dark energy dominate Solar system forms Star formation peak Galaxy formation era Earliest visible galaxies

Recombination Atoms form Relic radiation decouples (CMB)

Matter domination Onset of gravitational collapse

Nucleosynthesis Light elements created – D, He, Li Nuclear fusion begins

Quark-hadron transition Protons and neutrons formed

Electroweak transition

Electromagnetic and weak nuclear forces first differentiate

Supersymmetry breaking

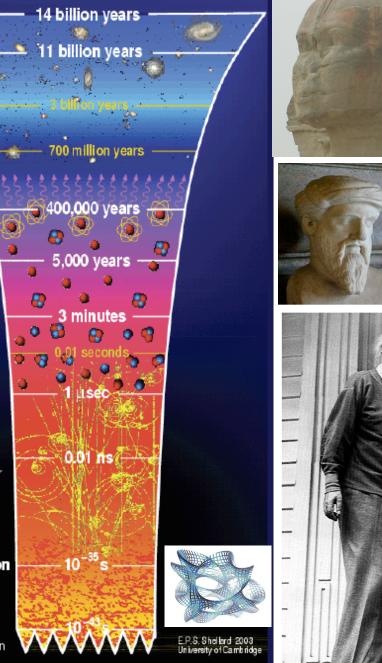
Axions etc.?

Grand unification transition

Electroweak and strong nuclear forces differentiate

Inflation

Quantum gravity wall Spacetime description breaks down





but the Facts will remain

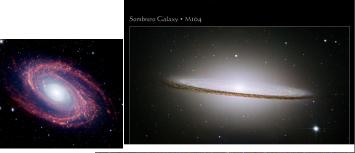
FLUCTUATION GENERATOR LINEAR AMPLIFIER NONLINEAR DISSIPATIVE AMPLIFIER

statistically homogeneous & isotropic Gaussian Random Fields => 2-point power spectra fns of 3D wavenumber |**k**|

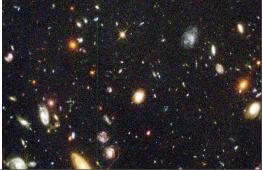
quantum noise $P_{\Phi}(k), P_{GW}(k)$

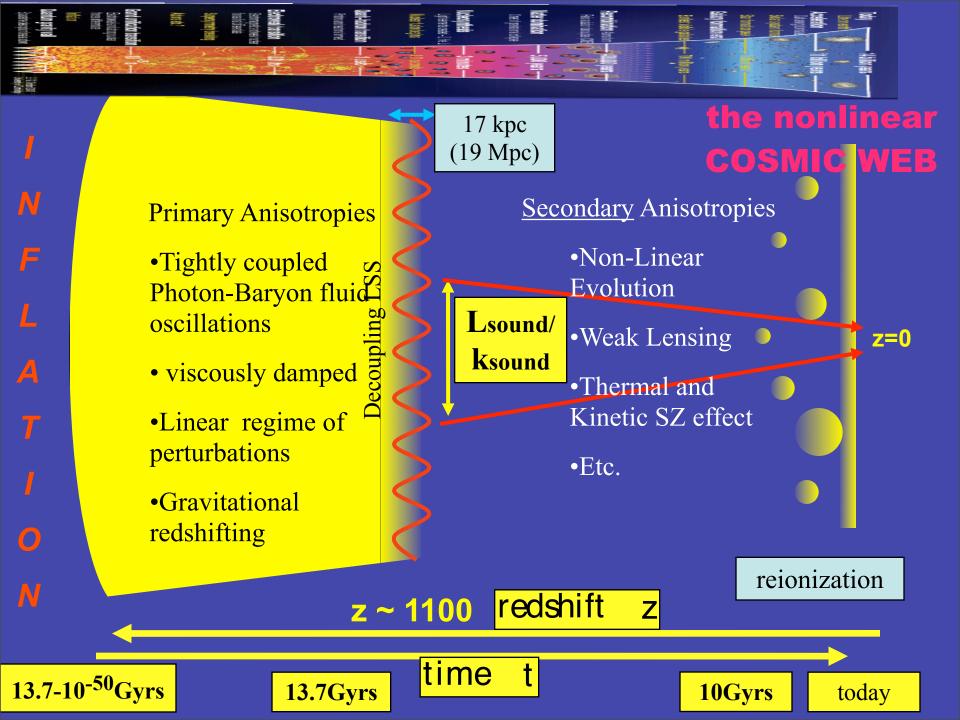
 $\Delta T(LM)$ $P_{\rho}(k), P_{v}(k)$ $P_{gal}(k), P_{cl}(k)$

gastro-physics aka "sub-grid" aka astronomy nonlinear objects of various types & their clustering properties, N-point statistics Ngal Ncl ... Nhalos Npeaks



Cosmic Microwave Background Radiation statistically isotropic all-sky GRF on the 2-sphere $C_L = < |\Delta T(LM)|^2 >, k_{2D} \sim L + 1/2$

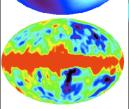




Nearly Perfect Blackbody T=2.725 ±.001 K COBE/FIRAS

CMB

Dipole: flow of the earth in the CMB

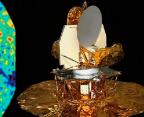


COBE/DMR: $\frac{\text{CMB} + \text{Galactic}}{\text{CMB} + \text{Galactic}} \approx 7^{\circ}$ is this a statistically isotropic Gaussian random field, when account is taken of the Milky Way emissions & extra-galactic sources? yes! maybe?



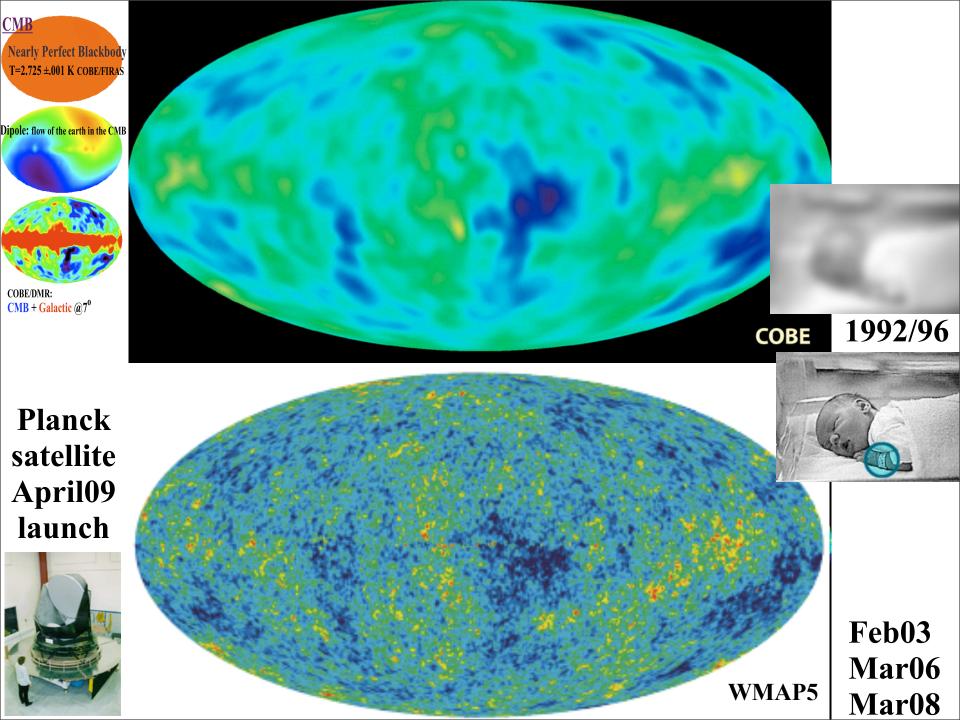
сове 1992/96





Feb03 Mar06 Mar08

WMAP



Delta T over Tea Toronto May 1987: first dedicated CMB conference, exptalists+theorists, primary+secondary ∆T/T

Primary Cosmic Microwave Background Radiation ~ a statistically isotropic

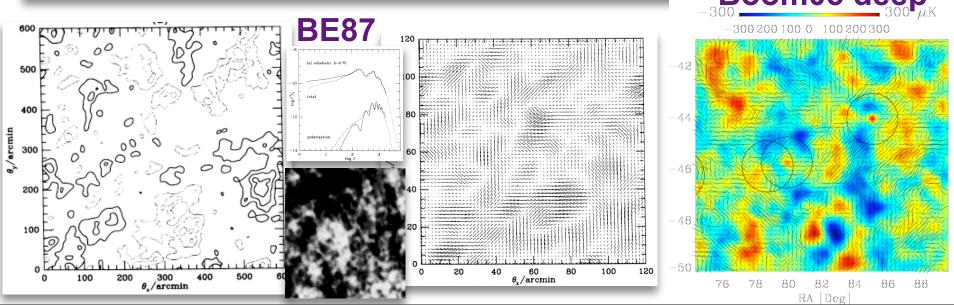
<u>all-sky GRF on the 2-sphere $C_L = < |\Delta T(LM)|^2 > with target C_L shapes</u>$ A tentative list of topics organized according to angular scale, with theory and observation intertwined,</u>

A tentative list of topics organized according to angular scale, with theory and observation intertwined, is:

 very small angle anisotropies - VLA results, secondary fluctuations via the <u>Sunyaev-Zeldovich</u> effect, <u>primeval dust emission</u>, and <u>radio sources</u>

 small angle anisotropies - current results, optimal measuring strategies, statistical methods for small signals in larger noise, which universes can we rule out, the <u>reheating issue</u>, future detectors and techniques, <u>CMB map statistics</u>, <u>polarization</u>

• intermediate and large angle anisotropies - $5^{\circ} - 10^{\circ}$ results, <u>future experiments at ~ 1° , COBE</u> and other large angle analyses, theoretical $C(\theta)'s$ and their angular power spectra, Sachs-Wolfe effect in open Universes, the isocurvature CDM and baryon stories, $\Delta T/T$ from gravitational waves, the cosmic <u>string story</u>. Boom05² deep

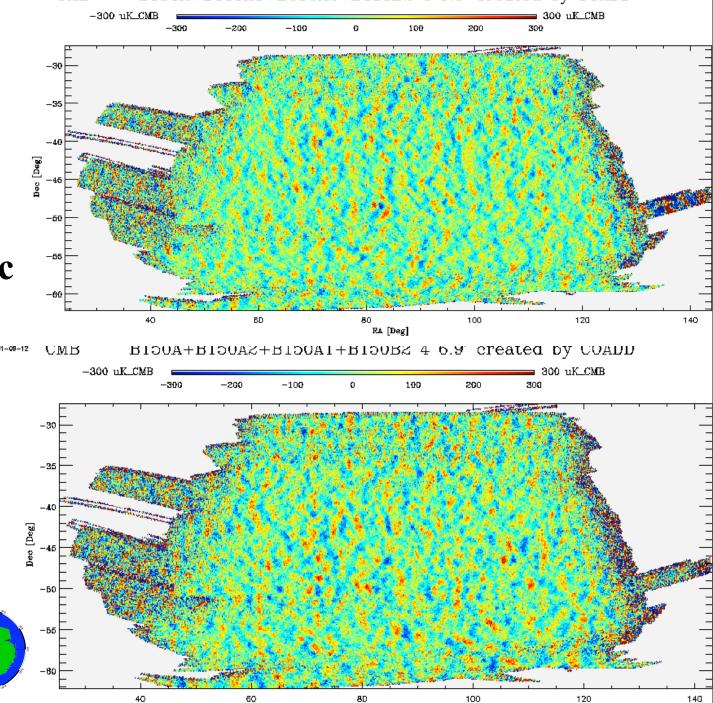


001-00-12 CWB BIDOA+BIDOA1+BIDOAX+BIDOBX 4 6.9 Created by COADD

Boomerang @150GHz is (nearly) Gaussian: Simulated vs Real

thermodynamic CMB temperature fluctuations 2.9% of sky ∆T~30 ppm



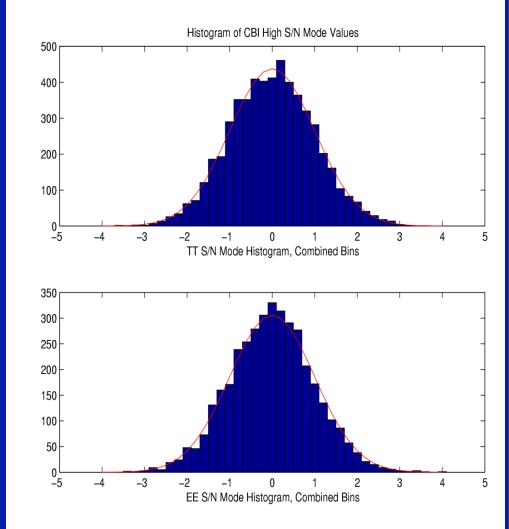


DA Dool

All non-primary CMB components are non-Gaussian: extragalactic radio and submm sources; Galactic synchrotron bremsstrahlung & dust emission, CMB-upscattering from hot gas in clusters, gravitational lensing of the CMB, ...

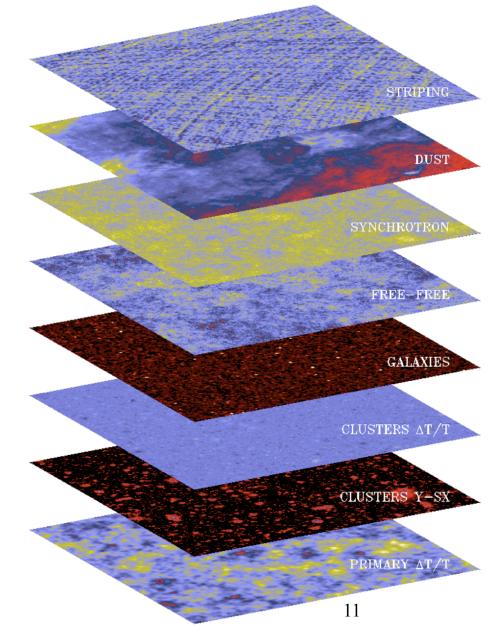
even the high resolution Cosmic Background Imager ΔT is ~ Gaussian, & so is its CMB polarization signal

- Method: Decompose data (with extragalactic radio sources removed) into uncorrelated S/N eigenmodes for each bin; Pick out modes expected to have signal; Check distribution for non-Gaussianity
- We kept 5500 modes for TT ΔT , 3800 for EE polarization
- all are consistent with Gaussian
- first check of EE polarization

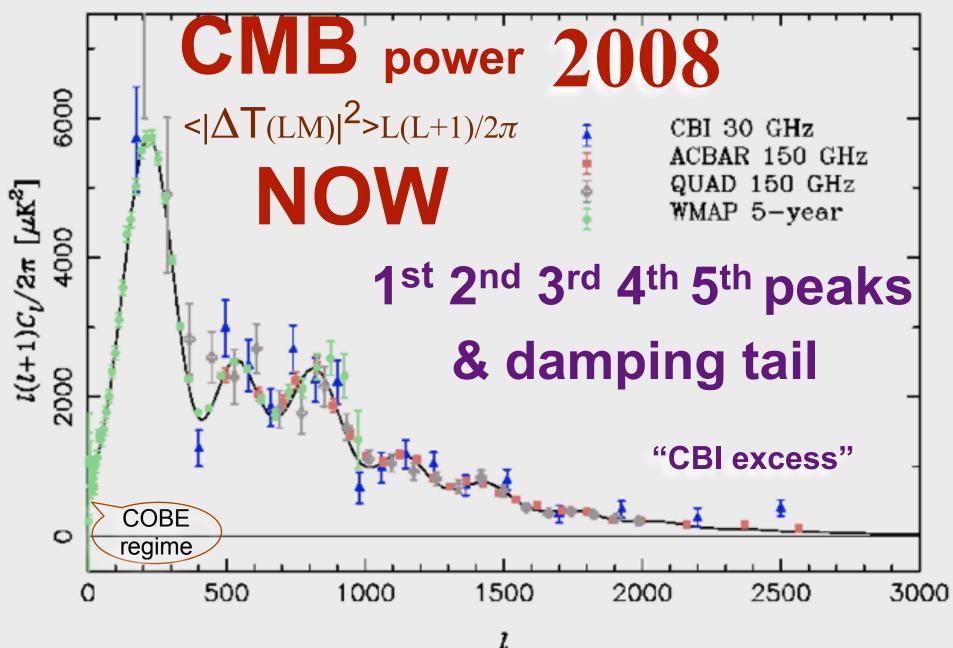


the quest for primordial non-Gaussianity within the primary CMB requires exquisite foreground removal, whether inflation-induced or cosmic-string-induced, ...

striping dust synchrotron bremsstrahlung dusty galaxies kinetic SZ thermal SZ PRIMARY



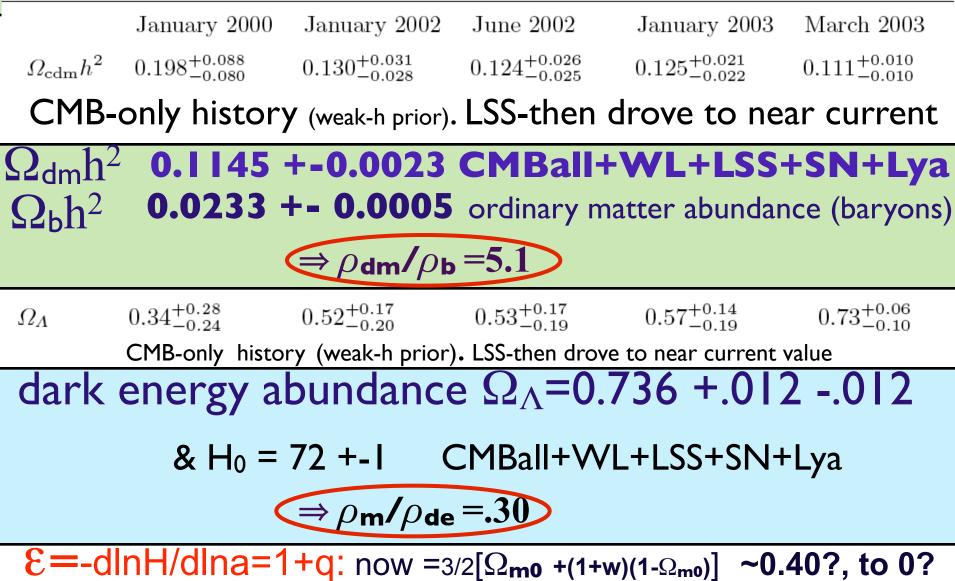
F.R. BOUCHET & R. GISPERT 1998



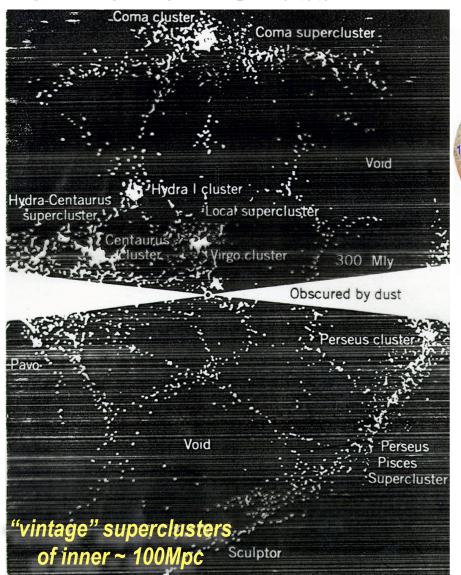
Sievers etal 2009 Jan astroph

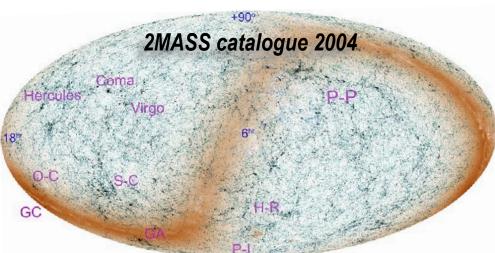
⇒ exquisite & increasingly precise determination of cosmic parameters

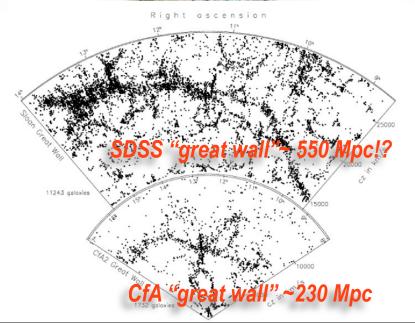
dark matter abundance $\Omega_m = 0.268 + .012 - .012$



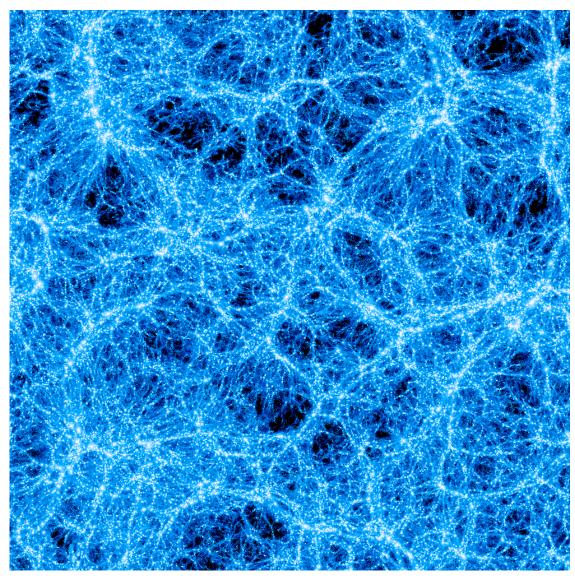
Cosmic Web & Superclustering: a natural consequence of the gravitational instability of a hierarchical Gaussian random density field



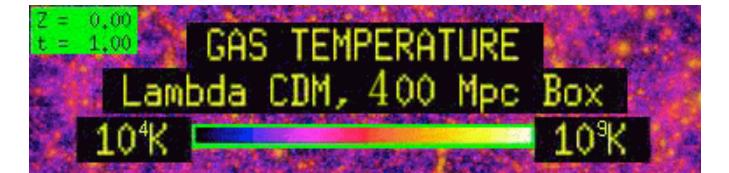




Cosmic Web & Superclustering: a natural consequence of the gravitational instability of a hierarchical Gaussian random density field



ACDM 400 Mpc treeSPH 512³ gas+CDM particles

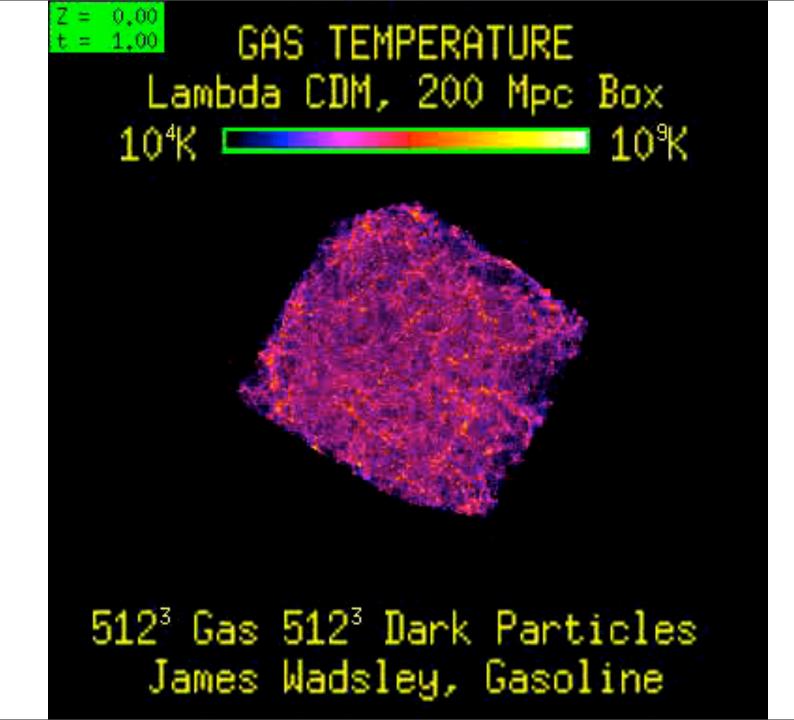


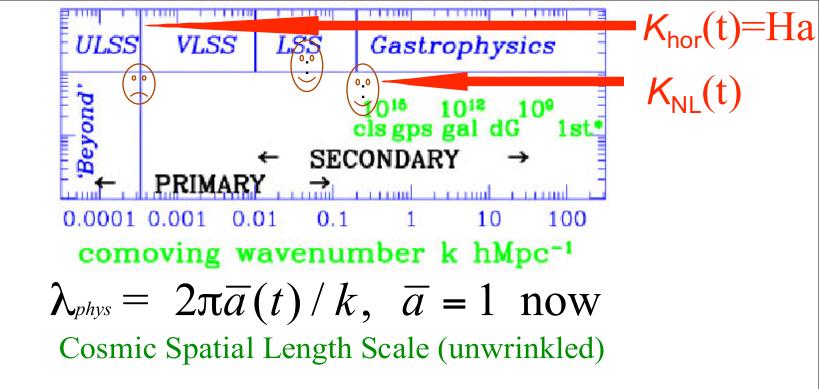
1.2 billion light years across gas+dark matter simulation of cosmic structure evolution

~ biggest gasdynamical simulations ~ 0.3 billion particles

Millenium dark matter simulation: ~ 10 billion particles

512³ Gas 512³ Dark Particles James Wadsley, Gasoline



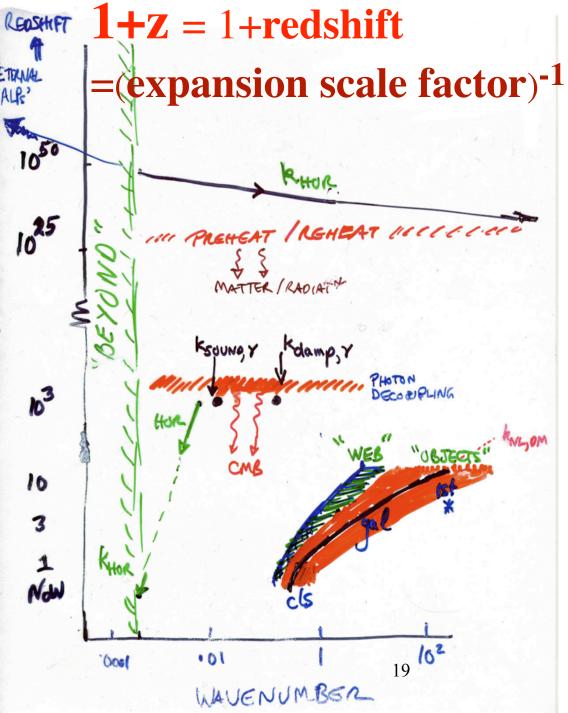


Momentum Space PROBES



Redshift vs wavenumber:

k_{NL} & the cosmic web "virialized" collapsed objects bridged by a network of filaments, membranes & voids



brief history of understanding objects and their distribution in the cosmic web

50s Neyman&Scott point process of galaxies - Poissonian ideas; 70s Peebles etal: 2-pt & 3-pt correlation functions in angular in the Shane-Wirtanen galaxy catalogue; 80s APM catalogue Efstathiou etal; 50s-80s Abell cluster catalogue & 2-point cg and cc; 80s: superclusters are real, large voids exist. 3D redshift surveys CfA ⇒ 2dF, SDSS,cosmos

70s: Doroshkevich, Shandarin, Zeldovich: 1st order Lagrangian dynamics, statistics of 1D collapsing entities (caustics & pancakes) in a GRF; 80s: Arnold, Shandarin & Zeldovich: influential picture of 1st order Catastrophes;1D⇒2D⇒3D pancake⇒filament⇒cluster flows

brief history of understanding objects and their distribution in the cosmic web

80s: hot, warm & cold collisionless dark matter paradigm $\Rightarrow xCDM$ 87: X = s/H0 / Λ / Open/ is /is+ad/ h-c/ h+/ b/ b / Λ +b / Op+b / τ /BSI /BSI2 90s-00s: data settled on X = Λ +tilt \Rightarrow dark-energy +tilt 70s: Doroshkevich, Shandarin, Zeldovich: 1st order Lagrangian dynamics, statistics of 1D collapsing entities (caustics & pancakes) in a GRF; 80s: Arnold, Shandarin & Zeldovich: influential picture of 1st order Catastrophes;1D⇒2D⇒3D pancake⇒filament⇒cluster flows

80s: hot, warm & **cold** collisionless **dark matter** paradigm ⇒**x**CDM

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{X}(\mathbf{r},t) &= \mathbf{a}(t) \left(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{s}(\mathbf{r},t)\right) \text{ general map of a cold medium, onto multi-stream map;} \\ \mathbf{d} \mathbf{X}^{i} / \mathbf{a} &= (\mathbf{V}^{i} - \mathbf{H} \mathbf{X}^{i}) / \mathbf{a} \, \mathbf{d} t + \mathbf{e}^{i}_{l}(\mathbf{r},t) \mathbf{d} \mathbf{r}^{l} = \mathbf{v}_{\text{pec}}^{i} \mathbf{d} t + (\delta^{i}_{l} + \varepsilon^{i}_{l}(\mathbf{r},t)) \mathbf{d} \mathbf{r}^{l}; \ \mathbf{v}_{\text{pec}} = -\Delta \Phi_{\text{P}}, \\ \text{where } \rho_{\text{m}} / \langle \rho_{\text{m}} \rangle = 1 + \delta_{\text{m}} = 1 / \det(1 + \varepsilon) \Rightarrow \ln \rho / \langle \rho \rangle = -\text{Trace } \ln(1 + \varepsilon); \ \varepsilon = \text{strain tensor} \end{split}$$

Lagrangian 1st order linear $S(\mathbf{r},t)=D(t)S(\mathbf{r})=D(t)\nabla\psi_{s}(\mathbf{r})$ separable 1-1 & onto => caustics, $\Delta\psi_{s}=\delta_{L}=-\text{Tr }\varepsilon=\Phi_{P}(\mathbf{a}/\mathbf{D})/4\pi G < \rho_{m} > a^{3}$, ε ~tidal tensor: velocity potential $\Psi_{v}=-dD/dt \psi_{s}$, ε ~shear





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90s: threshold-based excursion sets & 1-pt statistics of "dark matter" halos BCEK,...

90s: the **peak-patch picture of cosmic catalogues** BM96a,b,c: tidal/strain fields εⁱ_I(r_{pk},t,R_{pk}) fundamental in evolution; accurate mass & spatial structure determination; shearing patch simulations BW96-99-02, BWKP99 90s: the **COSMIC Web** of interconnected filaments, membranes & voids, with $\varepsilon^{i_{I}}$ -oriented peak-patches playing a determining role BKP98 \implies **"molecular" picture** of large scale

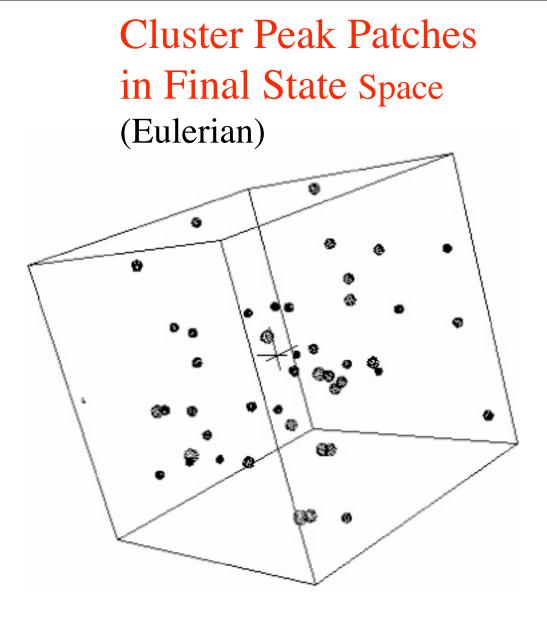
peak-patches $\delta > 100$, massive galaxies at $z \sim 3$ are the rare "events" in the medium \Rightarrow "intermittency" (dwarf galaxies at higher z, groups then clusters at lower z) **filaments** $\delta \sim 5-10$, bridge massive galaxies, dwarfs bead the bridges & there are smaller dwarf bridges 2-peak constraint of nearly-aligned tidal tensors => strong bridges **membranes** $\delta \sim 2$ intra-filament webbing 3,4,...-peak constraint of "clustering patches' of peaks

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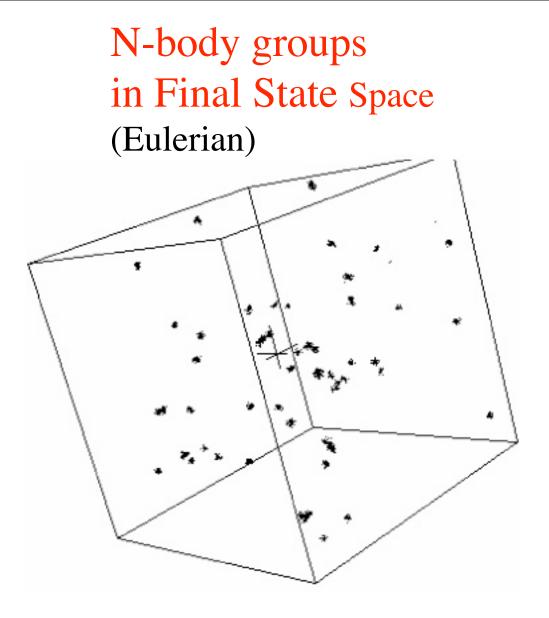
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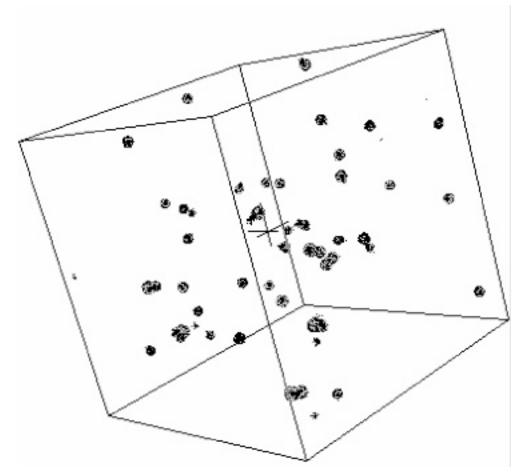


(400 Mpc)³ simulation

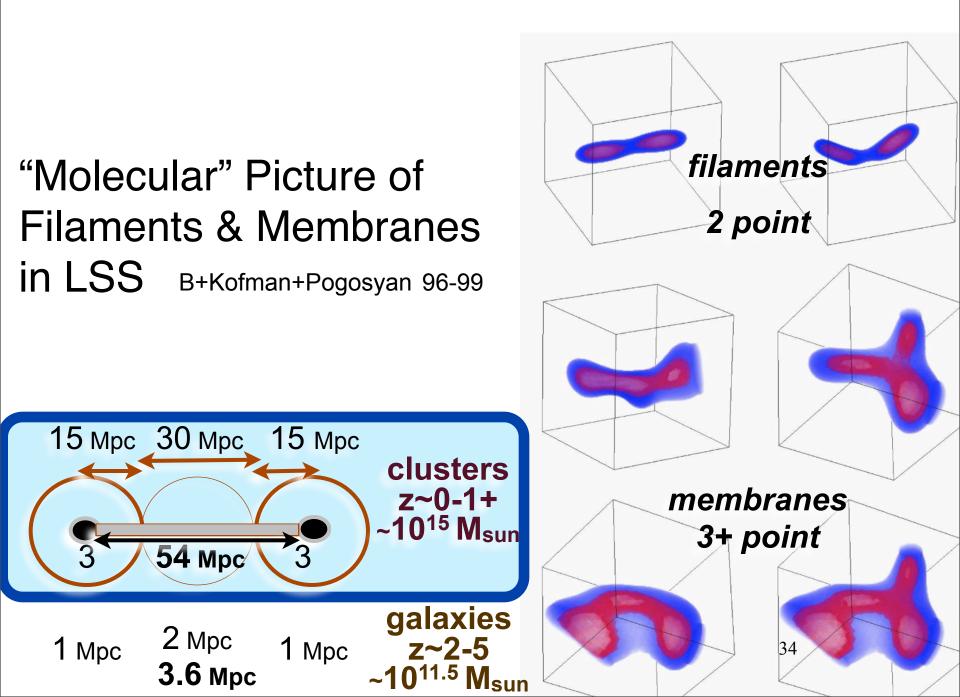


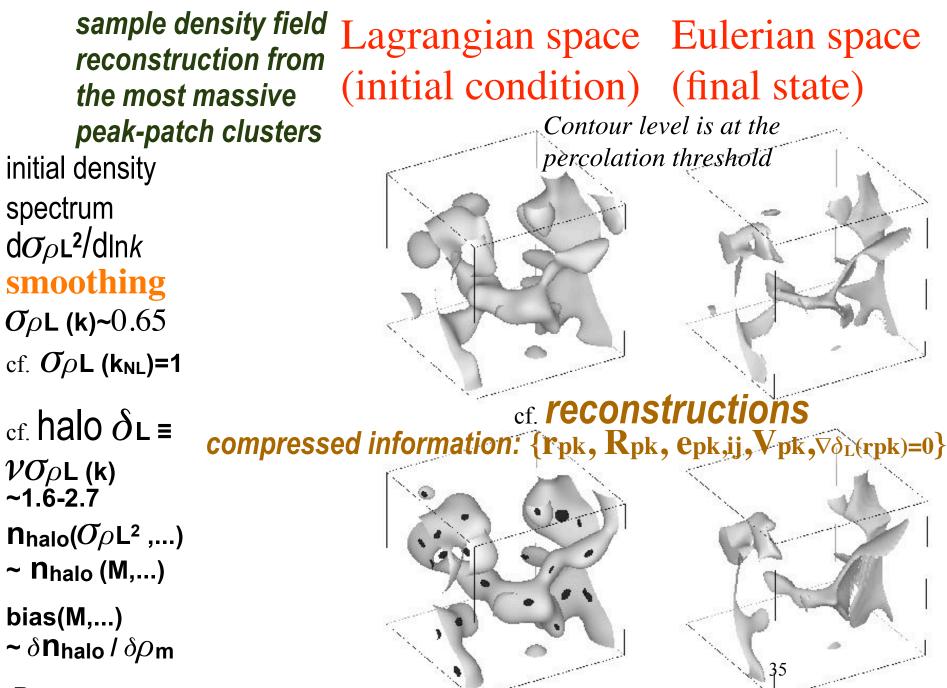
(400 Mpc)³ simulation

Cluster peak patches & N-body groups overlapped

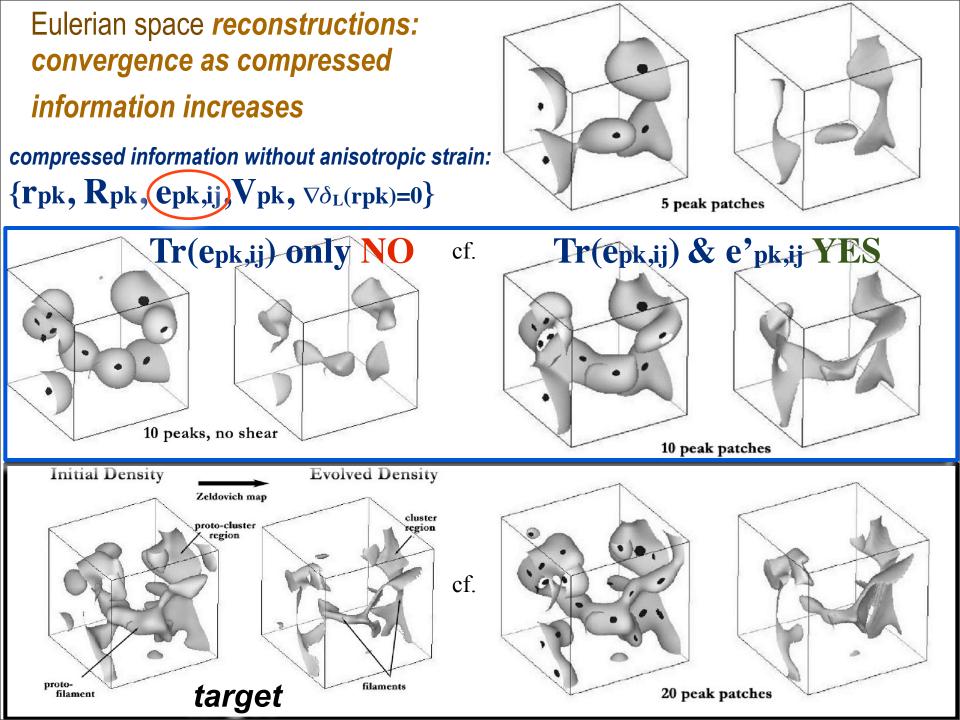


(400 Mpc)³ simulation





P(subhalo|halo)



Cosmic Web varies with initial density spectrum tilt $d\sigma_{\rho} L^2/d\ln k \sim k^{(n+3)}$

neff (k) varies for 'standard' tilted *ΛCDM model: neff (k)* ~ .962 ± .013 small k, -1.3 cluster scale, -2.3 galaxy scale, -2.8 Lyman α scale -3.04 large k

smoothing *σ*ρ**L~**0.65 n=0.5 n = -1Cluster regime n = -2n = -2.7Galaxy, Lyman α forest regime 37

Applications of Peak-patch/web ideas

clusters & superclusters at z~0-1.5: SZ, lens, X-rays (sph/treeP₃M) "reconstruct" initial conditions with "top N" peaks/voids \Rightarrow compression of essential LSS info {rpk,Rpk,epk,ij,Vpk, $\nabla \delta_L(rpk)=0$ } constrained-field gastrophysics simulations (via direct construction or select from large N-body simulation) for clusters, superclusters, Local Group, ...

galaxy bias & likelihood of rare super-patches at $z \sim 2-5$ peak-patch clustering via multi-box tiling of large regions with phase-coherent ultra-long waves as well as short ones

starbursting galaxies at $z \sim 2-5$, seen in submm merging peak-patches *Intergalactic medium Lyman* α **forest** at $z\sim 2-5$, filaments + dG's (sph/treePM)

"shearing patches", constrained by $\{\langle e_{ij} \rangle_V\} \sim \{\nu, e_v, p_v, e_{igen-orientations}\}$, linear tidal field = linear strain field = linear shear field

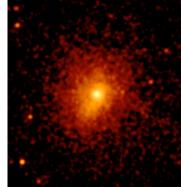
First Objects: inhomogeneous reionization at $z \sim 10-20$ Stromgren spheres around 'dwarflet' peak-patch clusters

galaxy clusters: intermittency in cosmic random fields of mass, pressure, X-ray & optical luminosity, tides/shear (lensing) ...

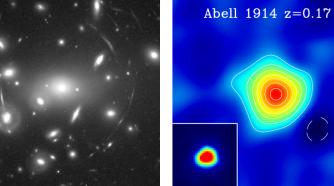
• The most massive, collapsed structures in the universe, probed through galaxies, hot, ionized gas (10⁷⁻⁸K) and dark matter, and maybe cosmic rays and magnetic fields. They are good probes because they are massive and "easy" to detect, but they have complex cores.

Light from galaxies

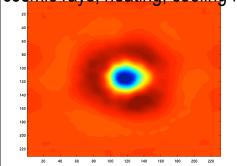
X-ray emission



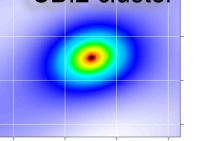
Gravitational lensing Sunyaev-Zel'dovich effect



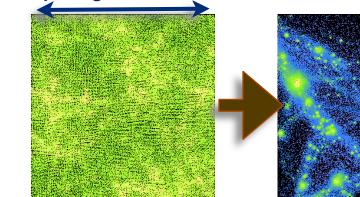
Sample constrained Virgo-like cluster as CBI1 would see it (treePM-SPH sim includes CMB, cosmic rays, heating, cooling PSSB08)



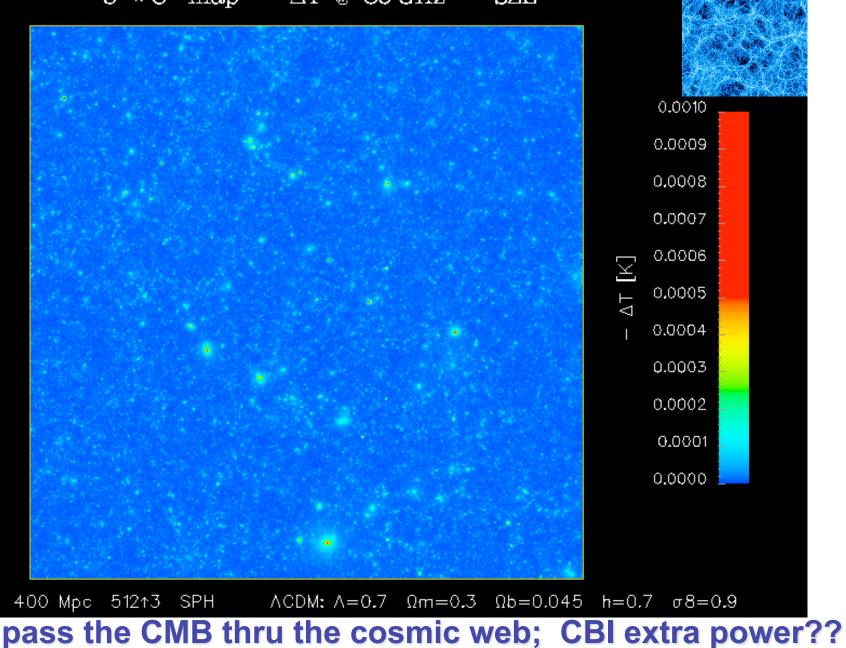
cf. an Observed CBI2 cluster



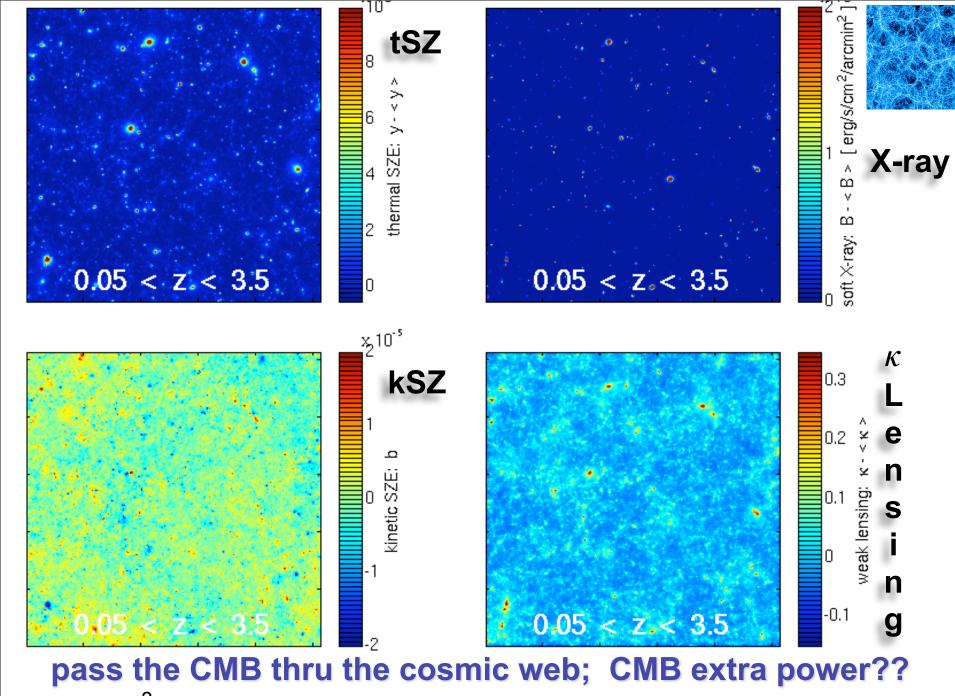
constrained supercluster sim treePM-SPH BKPW97/99 largest k-range of its time (>> Virgo sim) 104 Mpc HighResolution +166 MedRes +266 LoRes



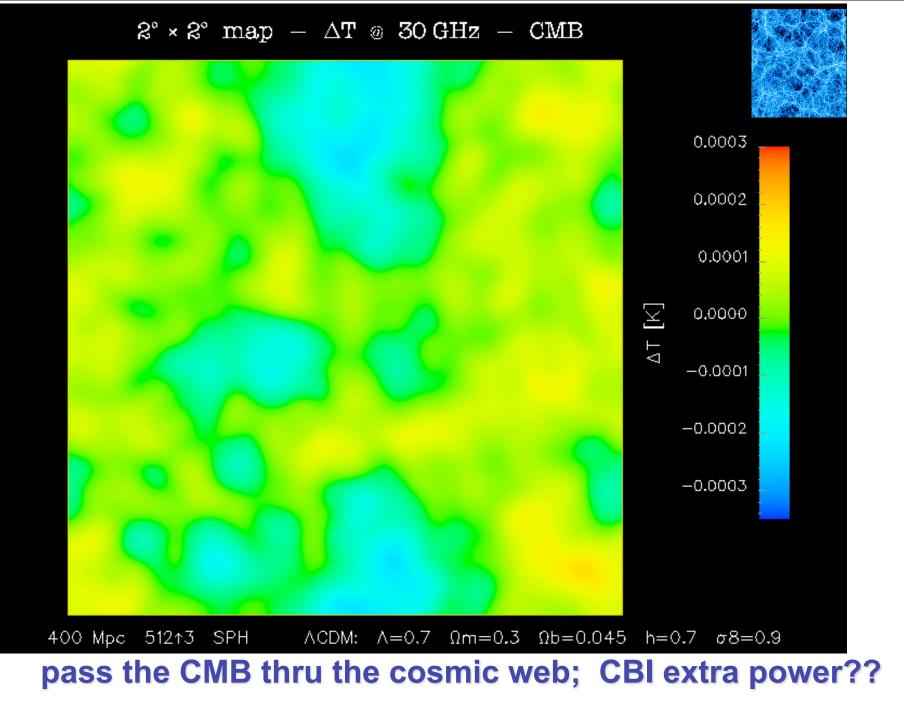




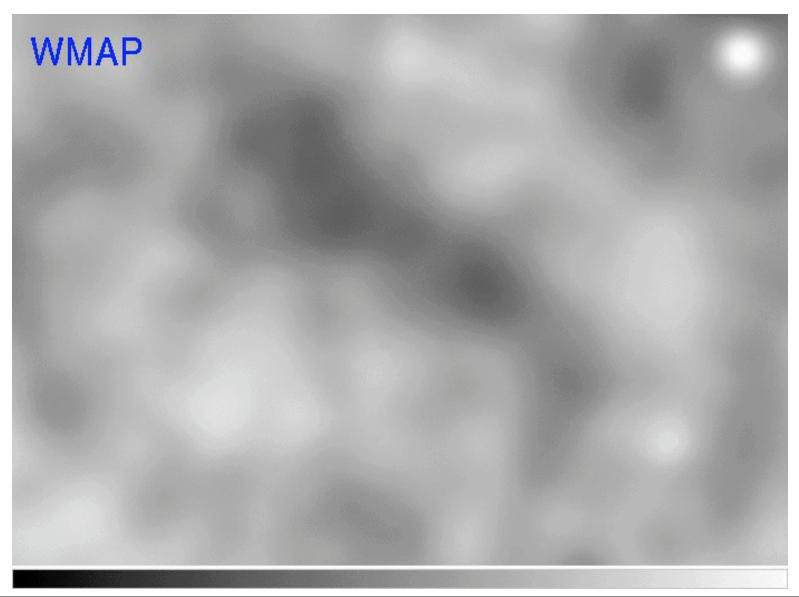
512³ LCDM sim tSZ maps: rotate & translate copies(z) of 400 Mpc box



512³ LCDM sim tSZ maps: rotate & translate copies(z) of 400 Mpc box



WMAP⇒BOOM⇒ACBAR⇒ACT the high resolution CMB frontier



Toby Marriage

ACT@5170m

why Atacama? driest desert in the world. thus: cbi, toco, apex, asti, act, alma, quiet, clover CBI205040m

end