

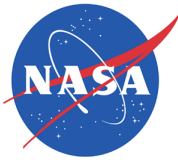


Acceleration Histories, Potential Reconstruction, Stacking

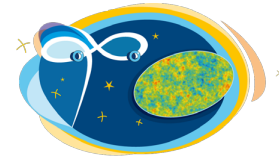
Dick Bond



planck



DTU Space
National Space Institute



Science & Technology
Facilities Council



Hfi PLANCK
a look back to the birth of Universe



National Research Council of Italy



Deutsches Zentrum
für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V.



UK SPACE
AGENCY



INSU
Observer & comprendre



IN2P3
Les deux infinis



Imperial College
London



MilliLab



US
University of Sussex



UNIVERSITÉ
DE GENÈVE



UNIVERSITY OF
TORONTO



UNIVERSITÉ DE
PARIS-SUD XI



Bond since 1993, Canada since 2001, 1st CSA pre-launch contract 2002-09, post-launch 2010-11, 2011-15

Planck+Herschel Launch
May14 09 French Guiana

1.5m telescope,

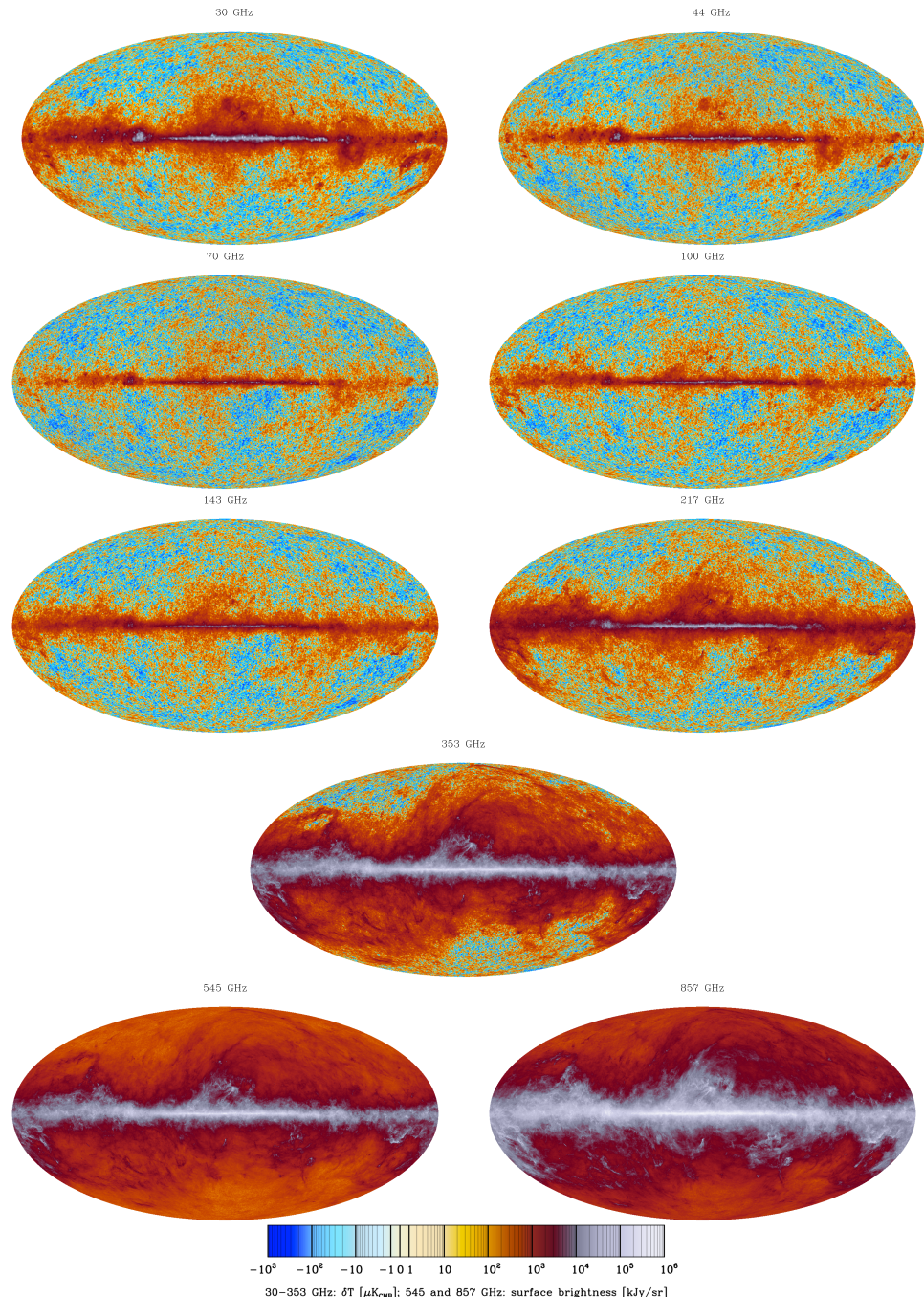
HFI bolometers @6freq
<100mK,

LFI HEMTs@3freq,

some bolometers & all
HEMTs are polarization
sensitive

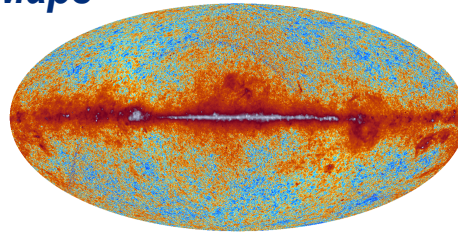
- Left earth at ~10 km/s,
1.5 million km in 45
days, cooling on the
way (20K, 4K, 1.6K, 0.1K
4 stage). @L2 on July 2
09; Survey started on
Aug 13 09
- spin@1 rpm, 40-50
minutes on the same
circle, covers all-sky in
~6 month, ~5 HFI
surveys, ~8 LFI surveys
- kicked out of L2 Oct
2013

Planck 1.3yr Frequency Maps



Some Planck Component Separated Maps

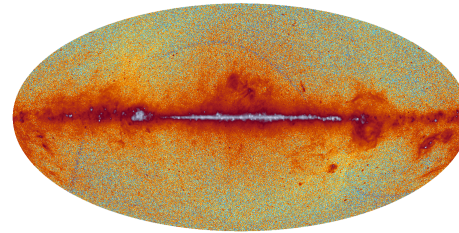
Planck_2013 30 GHz



Commander: Low-Frequency Emission Amplitude @ 30 GHz

C/R: Low-Frequency Emission Amplitude @ 30 GHz

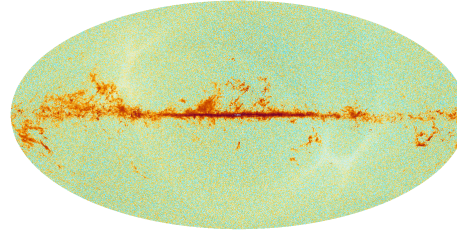
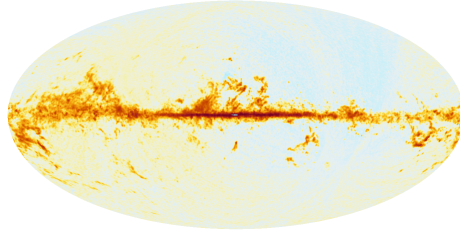
LF Synchrotron + bremsstrahlung



Commander: "discovery" CO map @ 100 GHz

C/R: "discovery" CO map @ 100 GHz

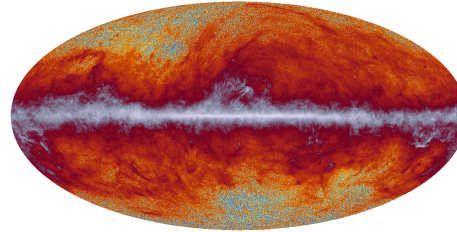
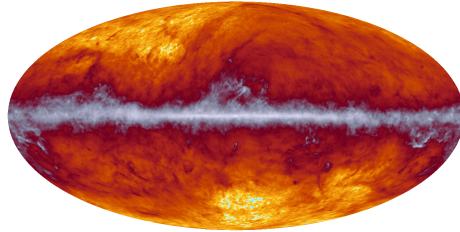
Galactic Carbon Monoxide



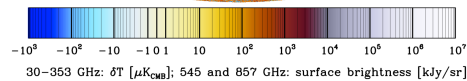
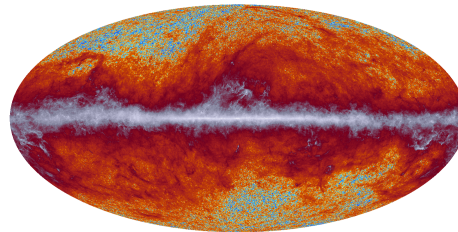
Commander: Dust Amplitude @ 353 GHz

C/R: Dust Amplitude @ 353 GHz

HF Thermal Dust Emission



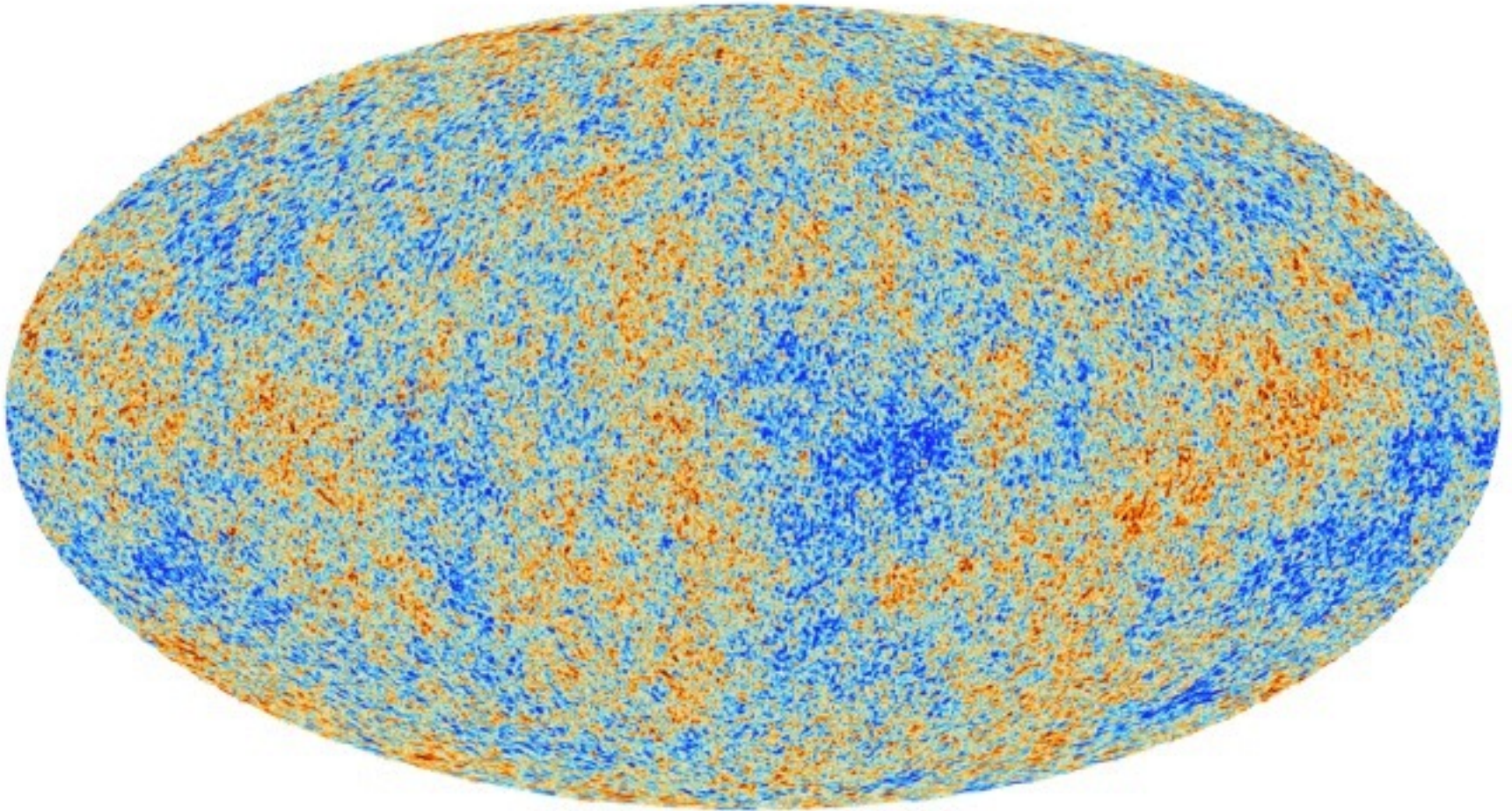
Planck_2013 353 GHz



Planck's primordial light unveiled, March 21, 2013

reveals the **SIMPLICITY** of primordial cosmic structure

7⁺ numbers, 3 densities, 2+1 early-Universe inflation



**Temperature changes
in micro-degrees**

SIMPLICITY

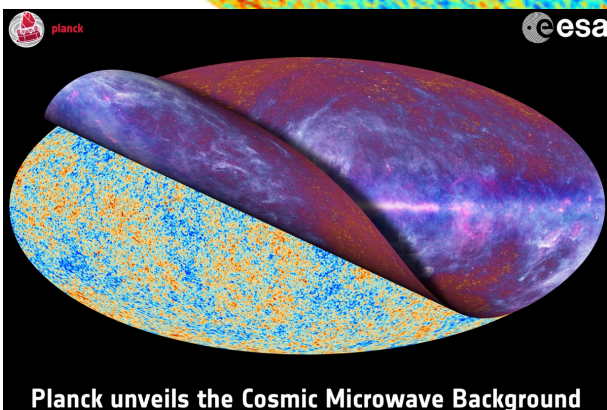
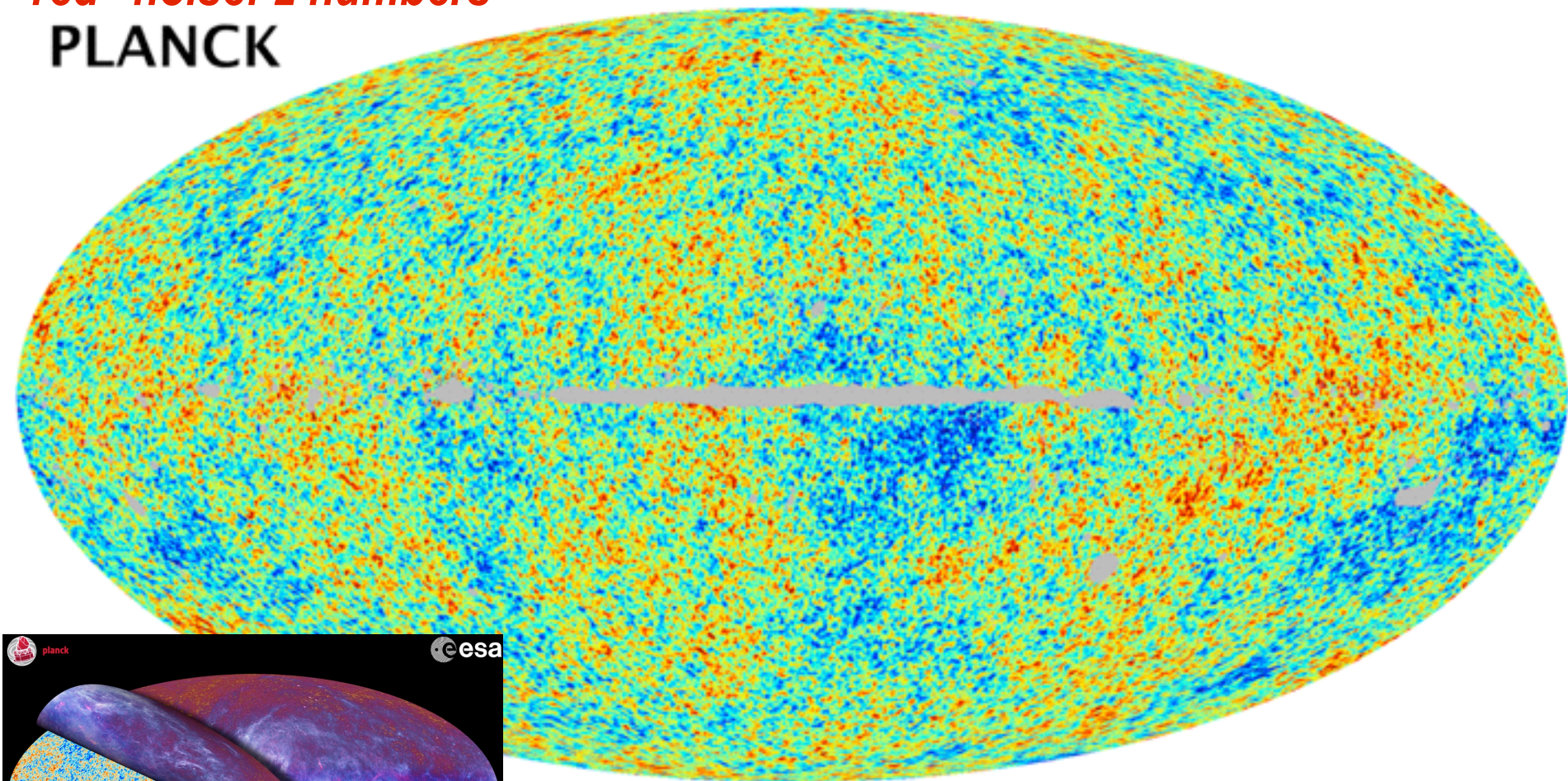
Planck 09 launch

at $a \sim e^{-7} \sim 1/1100 \Rightarrow$

at $a \sim e^{-67+60} \sim 1/10^{30+25}$
"red" noise: 2 numbers

PLANCK

Planck SMICA Map CMB-data Concordance



Planck CMB/SMICA map, $\sim 5'$ resolution
+ NILC, SEVEM, C-R 3 independent component
separated CMB maps show the same features

SIMPLICITY

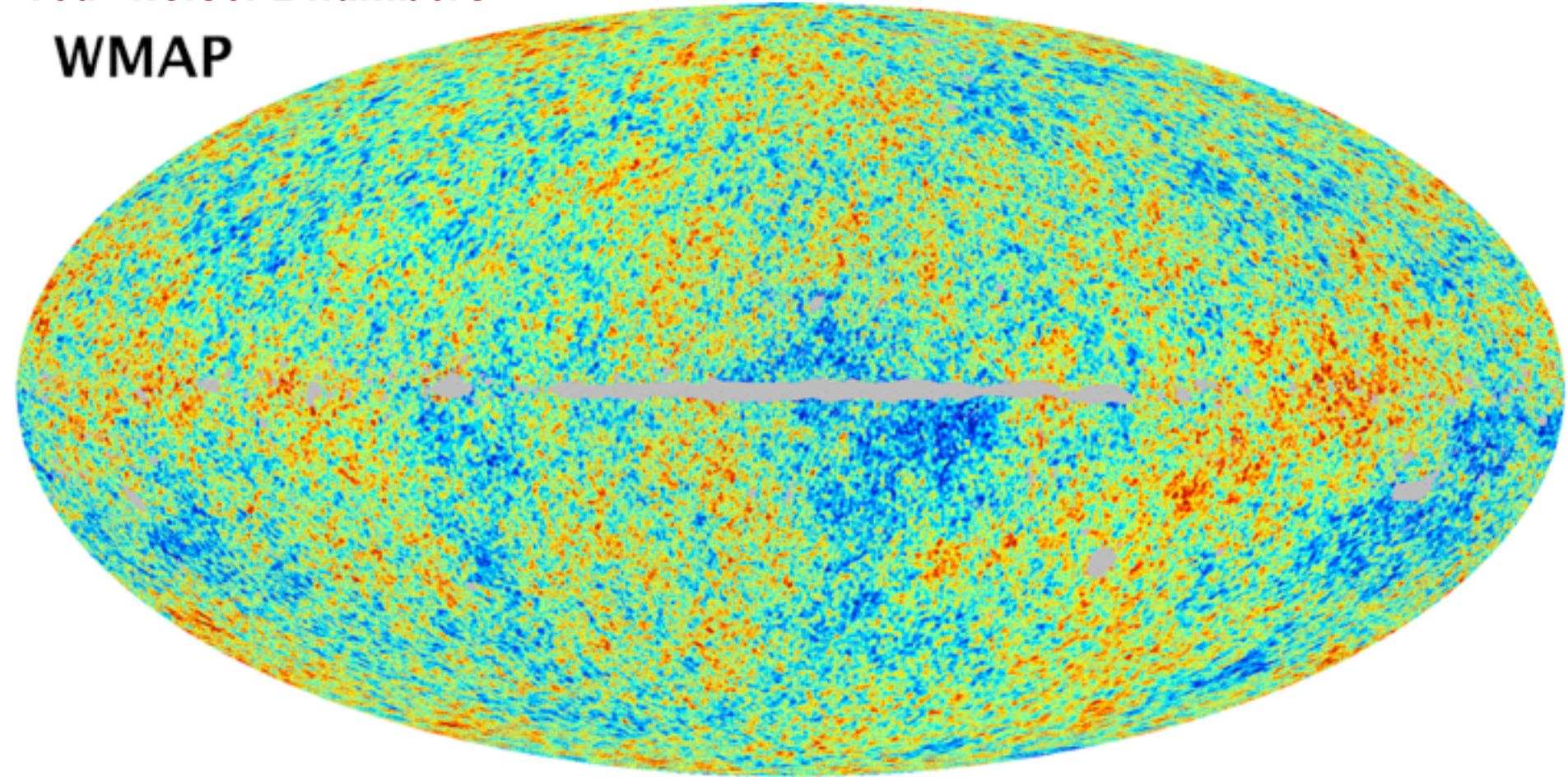
WMAP 01 launch

**WMAP W-band,
Template Cleaned
CMB-data Concordance**

at $a \sim e^{-7} \sim 1/1100 \Rightarrow$

at $a \sim e^{-67+60} \sim 1/10^{30+25}$
“red” noise: 2 numbers

WMAP



Cleaned with Planck 353 GHz dust map and low-frequency templates. 12' resolution.
similar tremendous agreement with the much higher (5X) resolution ACT & SPT maps
total focus on the 1.2% difference in “calibration” between P13 (HFI & LFI) & WMAP9
Planck’s information > 4X WMAP9 in multipoles

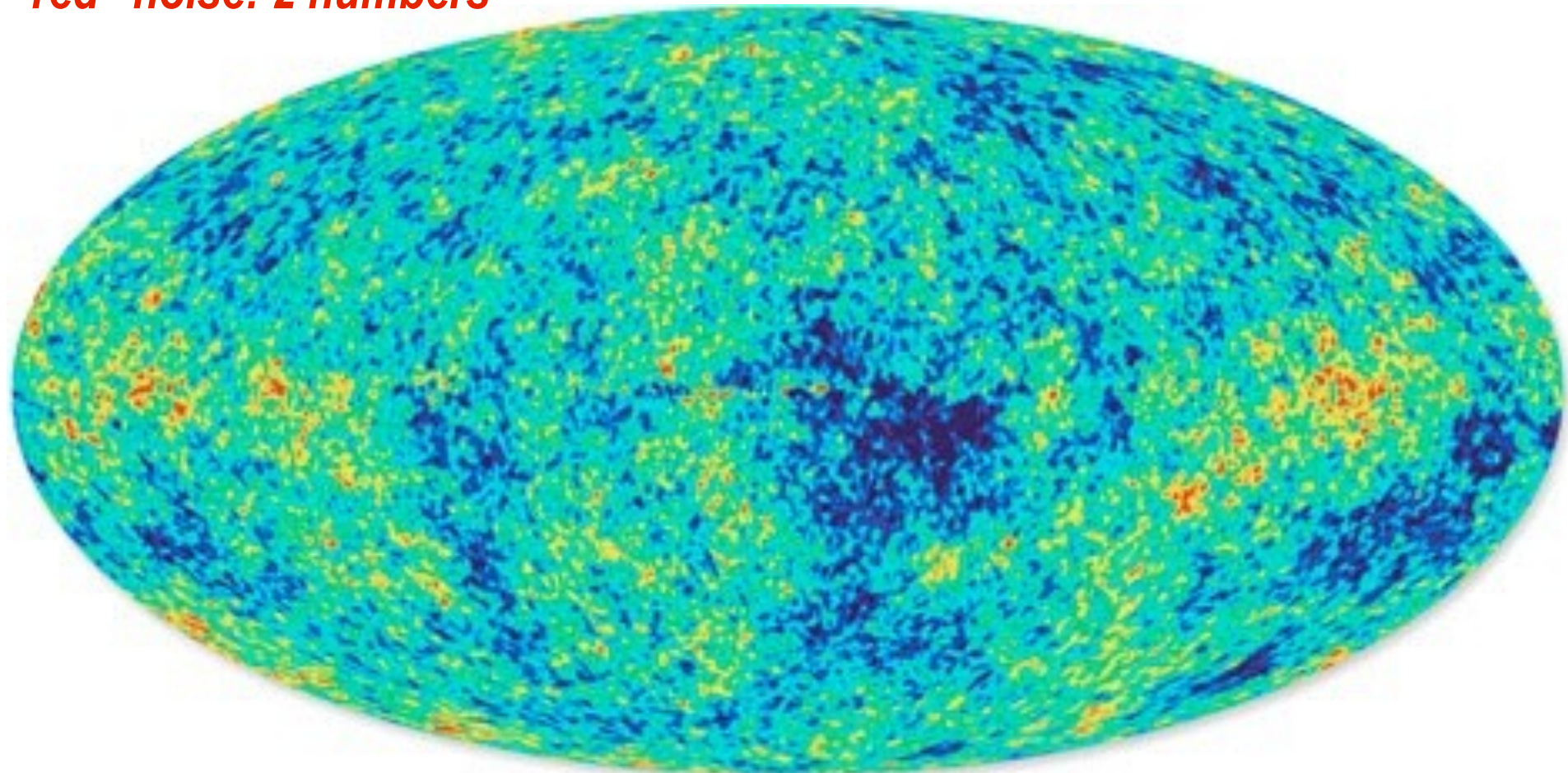
SIMPLICITY

WMAP 01 launch

WMAP W-band, Template Cleaned CMB-data Concordance

at $a \sim e^{-7} \sim 1/1100 \Rightarrow$

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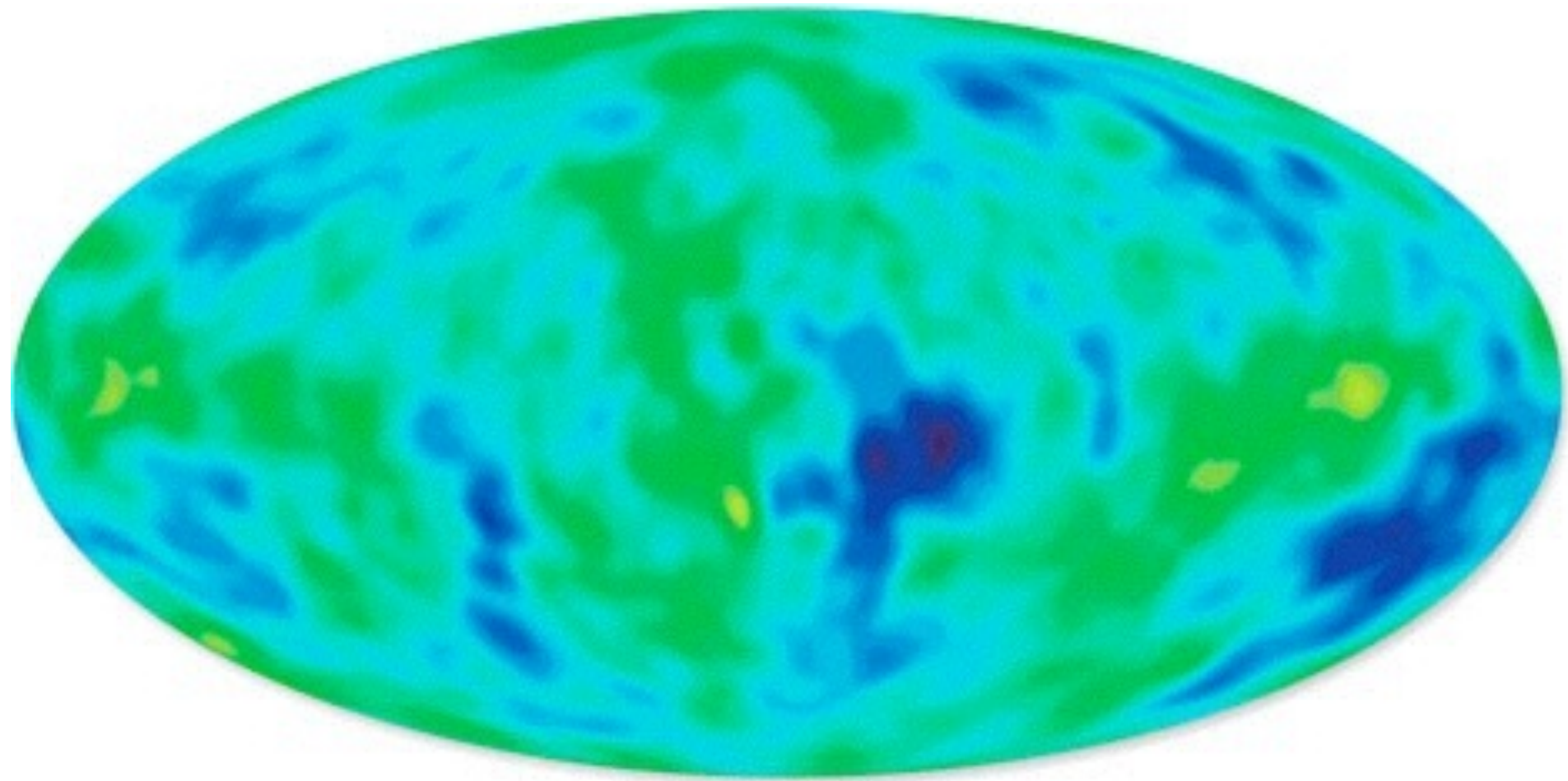
Cleaned with low-frequency templates only.

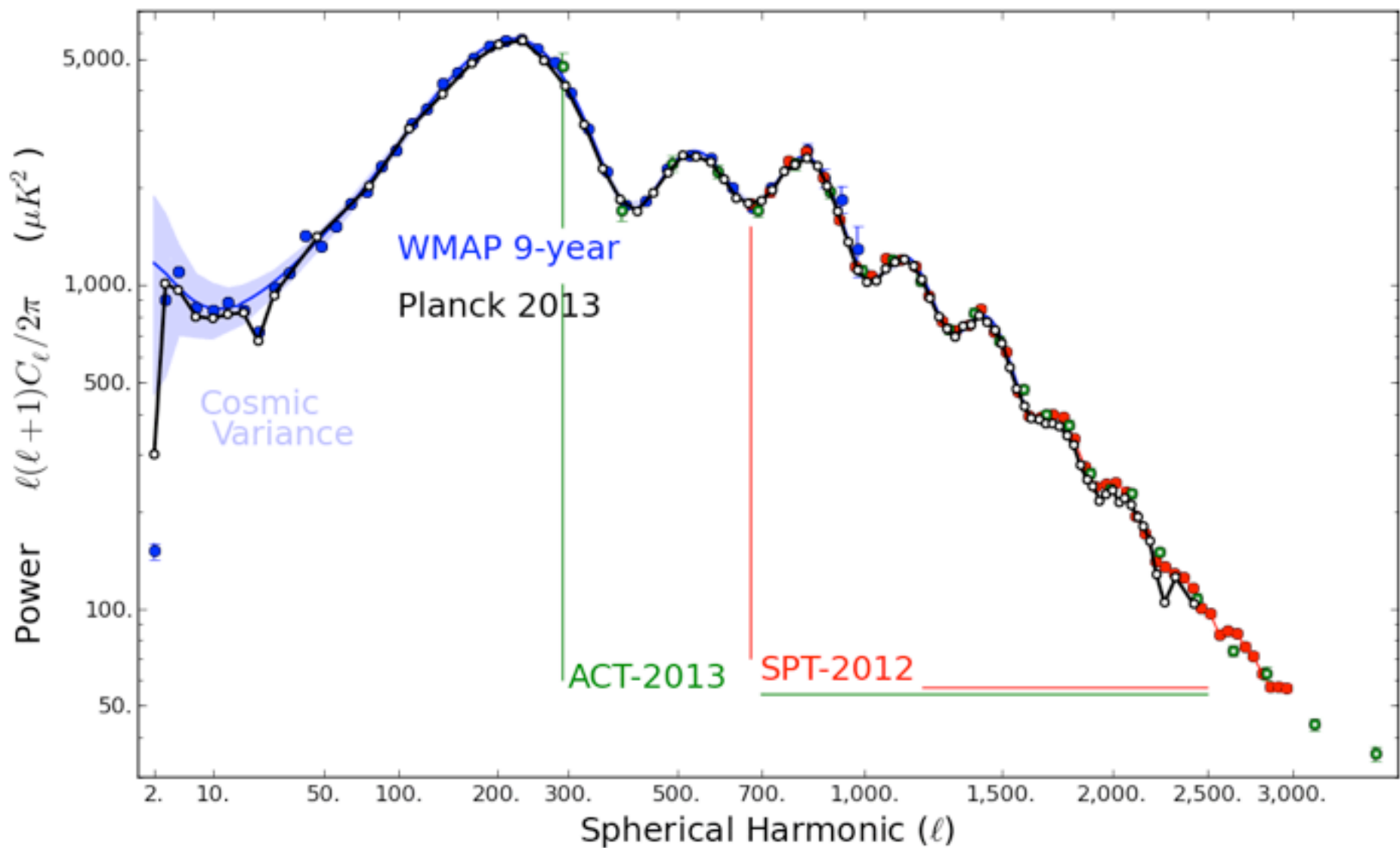
similar tremendous agreement with the much higher (5X) resolution ACT & SPT maps
total focus on the 1.2% difference in “calibration” between P13 (HFI & LFI) & WMAP9

COBE 89 launch

COBE

CMB-data Concordance

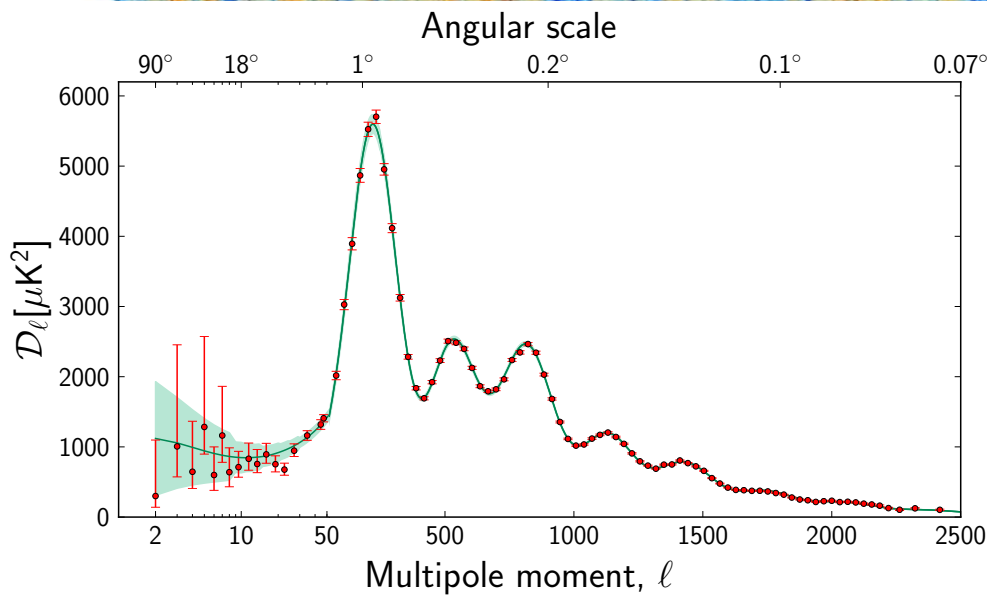
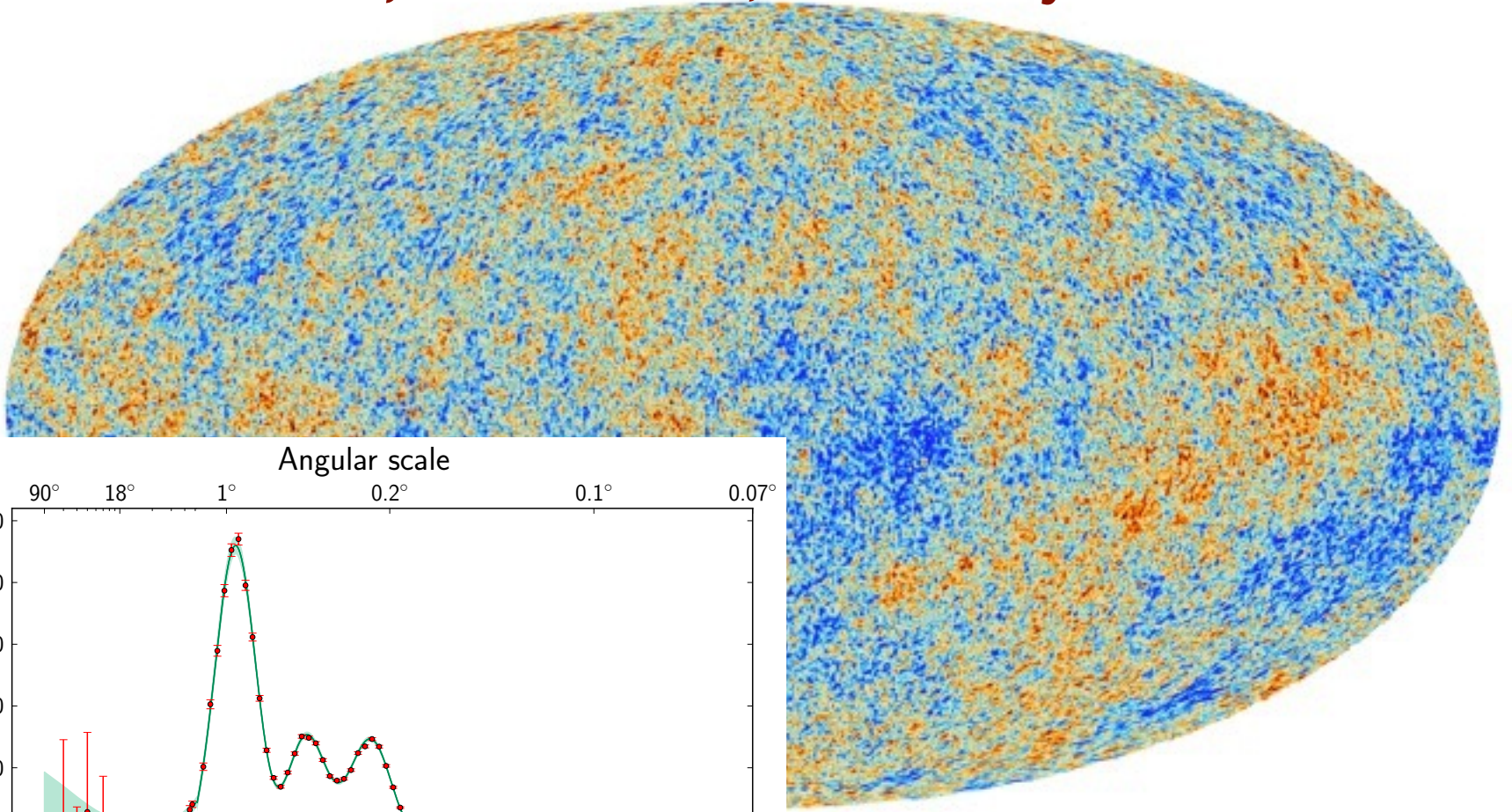




Halpern13 gif: WMAP9 cf. Planck2013 aka Planck1.3yr

reveals **primordial sound waves**
=> the inharmonious *'music of the spheres'*

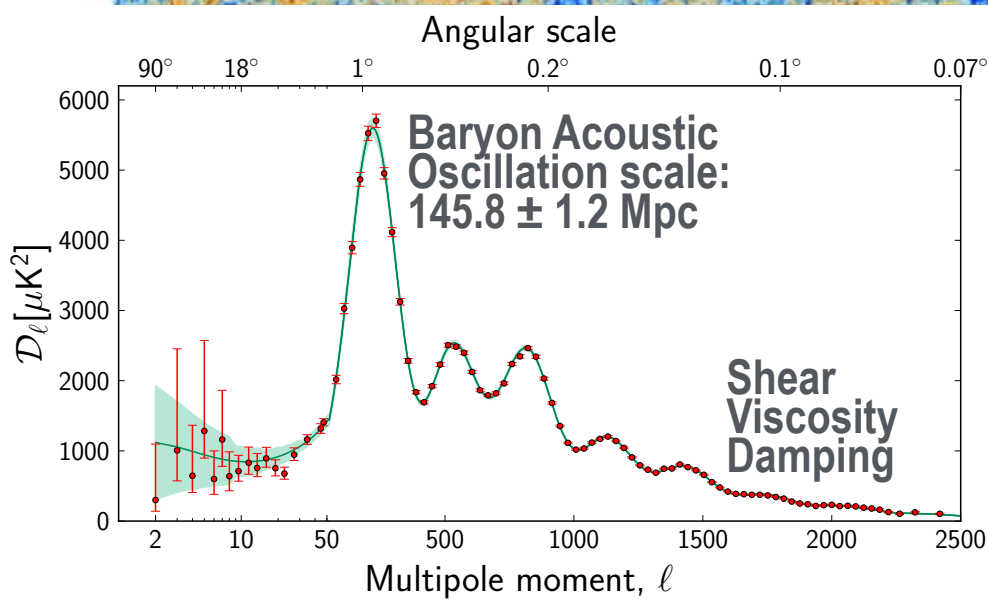
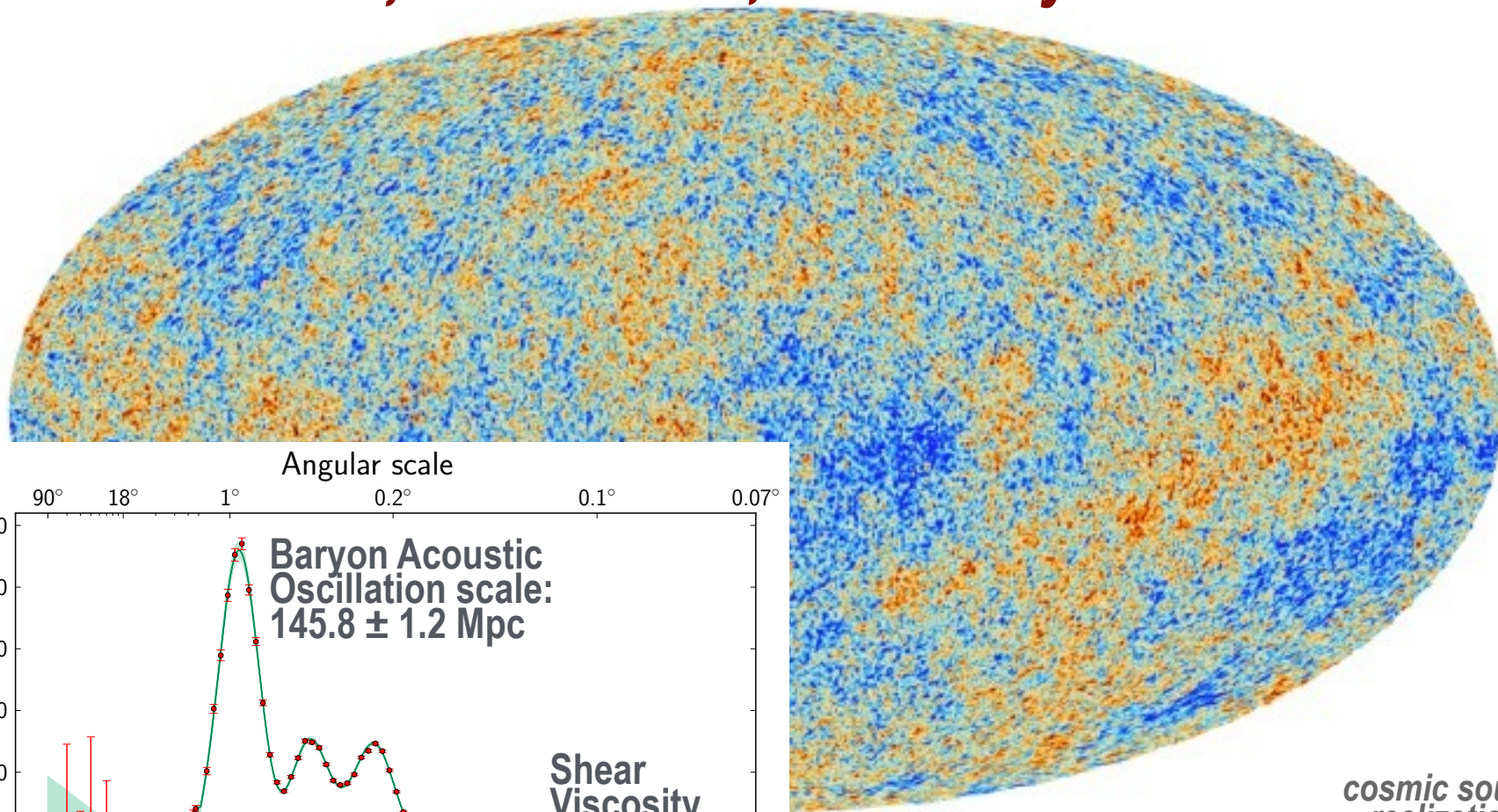
7⁺ numbers, 3 densities, 2+1 early-Universe inflation



reveals **primordial sound waves**

=> the inharmonious *'music of the spheres'*

7⁺ numbers, 3 densities, 2+1 early-Universe inflation



cosmic sound realization

SIMPLICITY

at $a \sim e^{-7} \sim 1/1100 \Rightarrow$

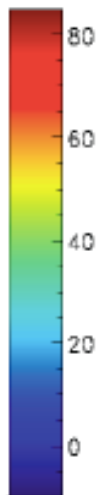
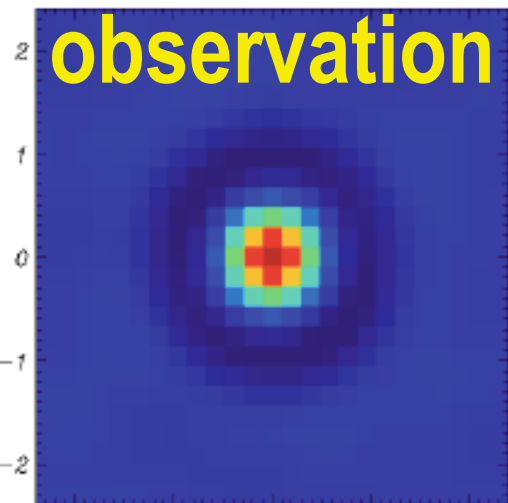
at $a \sim e^{-67+60} \sim 1/10^{30+25}$

reveals *primordial sound waves in matter*

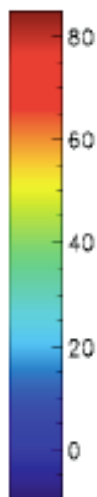
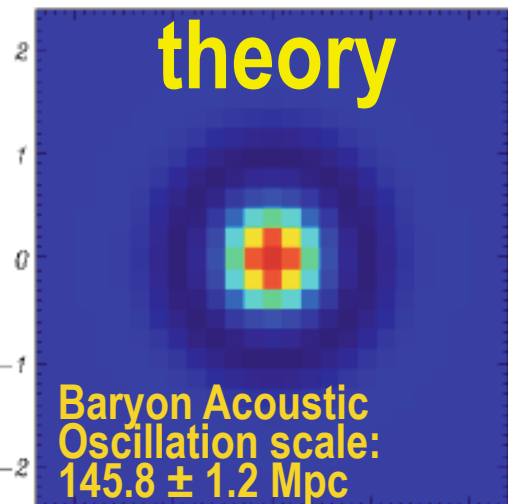
\Rightarrow learn **contents & structure** at 380000 yr, $a \sim e^{-7}$

\Rightarrow infer the structure far far earlier $a \sim e^{-67+60}$

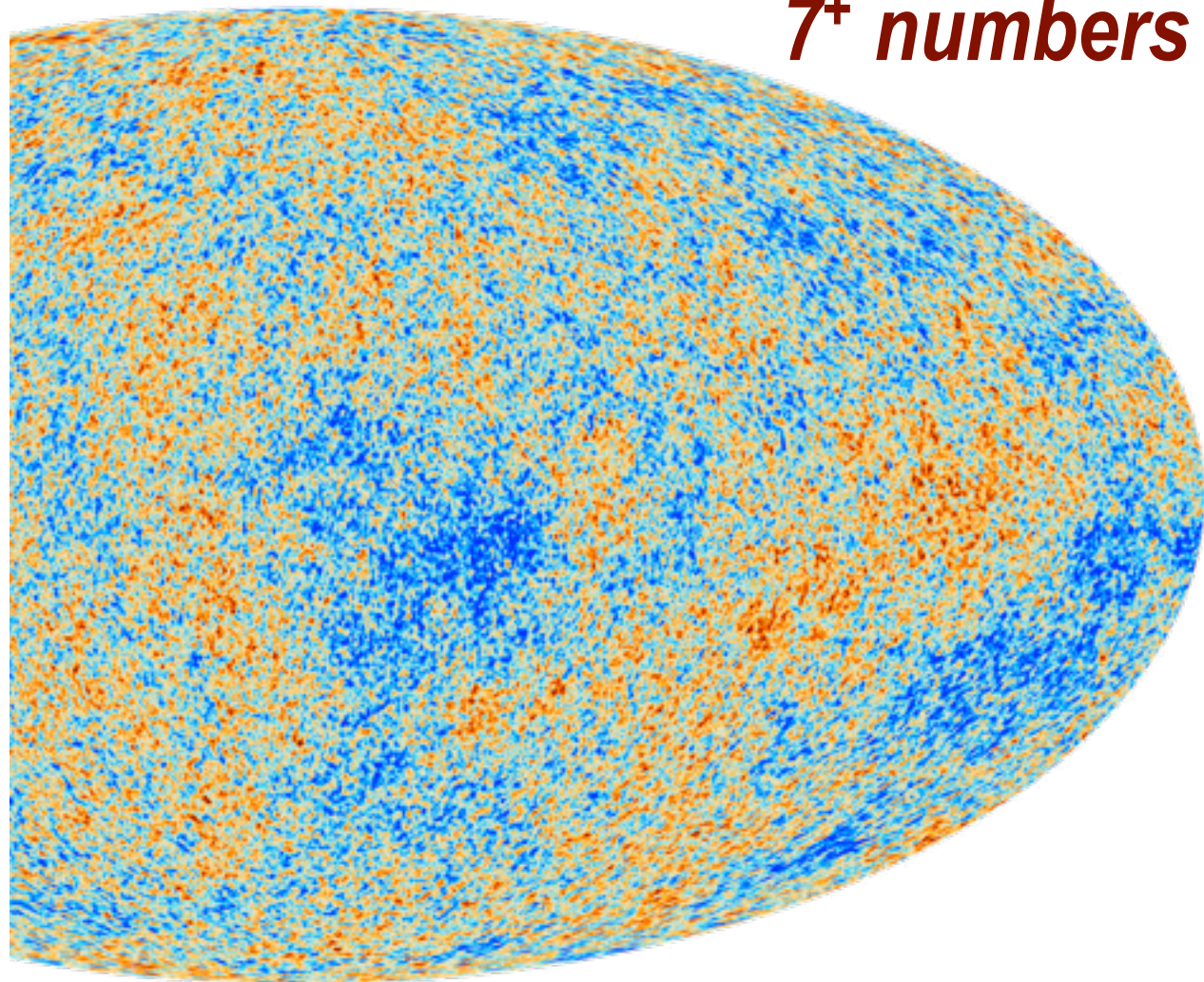
7⁺ numbers



G_{lm} (deg)
Intensity (hot spots)



**Baryon Acoustic
Oscillation scale:
 145.8 ± 1.2 Mpc**



the **nonlinear** COSMIC WEB



recombination

dS_G/dt

primary anisotropies

• linear perturbations: scalar/density, tensor/gravity wave

• tightly-coupled photon-baryon fluid: oscillations $\delta\gamma$ $v\gamma$ $\pi\gamma$

• viscously damped

• polarization $\pi\gamma$

• gravitational redshift

Φ SW $d\Phi/dt$

DarkM

Decoupling LSS

17 kpc (19 Mpc)

secondary anisotropies

• nonlinear evolution

• weak lensing

• thermal SZ + kinetic SZ

• $d\Phi/dt$

• dusty/radio galaxies, dGs

$dS/dt > 0$



L_{sound}/k_{sound}

DarkE

Type I to Type V



$z=0$



Bayesian flow prior to posterior via likelihood

$dS_{astro} < 0$

reionization

$dS/dt > 0$

$z \sim 1100$

redshift z

$z \sim 10$

$13.8 \cdot 10^{-50}$ Gyrs

$13.8 \cdot 10^{-3.4}$ Gyrs

time t

10 Gyrs

today

the **nonlinear** COSMIC WEB



recombination

dS_G/dt

primary anisotropies

- linear perturbations: scalar/density, tensor/gravity wave

- tightly-coupled photon-baryon fluid: oscillations $\delta\gamma$ $v\gamma$ $\pi\gamma$

- viscously damped

- polarization $\pi\gamma$

- gravitational redshift

Φ SW $d\Phi/dt$

$dS/dt > 0$

Decoupling LSS

17 kpc (19 Mpc)

secondary anisotropies

- nonlinear evolution

- weak lensing

- thermal SZ + kinetic SZ

- $d\Phi/dt$

- dusty/radio galaxies, dGs

$L_{sound}/\lambda_{sound}$

BAO

BMC SNa LENS

H0

BAO

(z)

cls

ISW

DarkE

0



z=0



Bayesian flow prior to posterior via likelihood

$dS_{astro} < 0$

I
N
F
L
A
T
I
o67
N

$dS/dt > 0$

z ~ 1100

redshift z

z ~ 10

13.8-10⁻⁵⁰ Gyrs

13.8-10^{-3.4} Gyrs

time t

10Gyrs

today

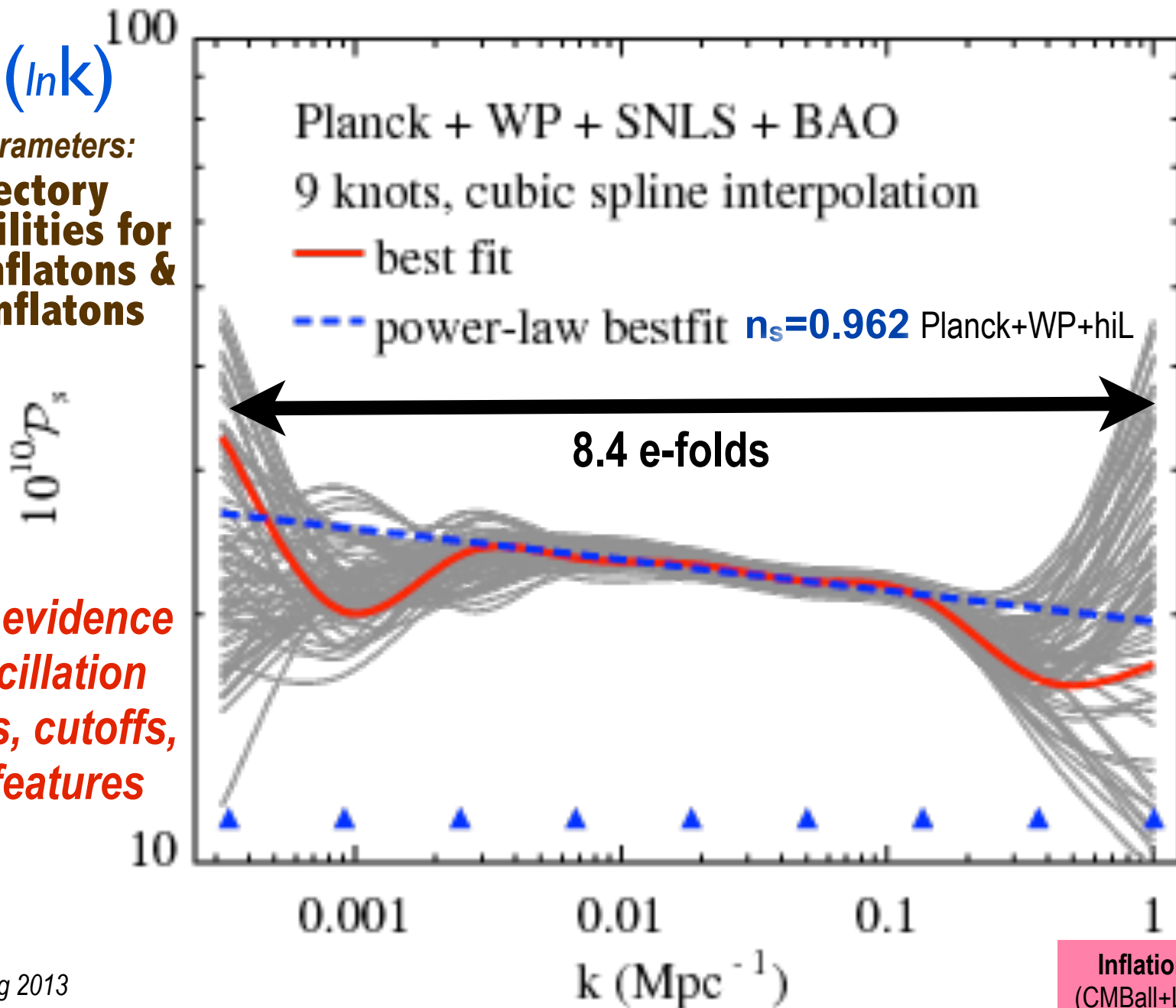
scan $\ln P_s(\ln k)/A_s$, $\ln A_s = \ln P_s(k_{pivot,s})$, $r(k_{pivot,t})$; consistency \Rightarrow reconstruct $\epsilon(\ln H a)$, $V(\psi)$

$\ln P_s(\ln k)$

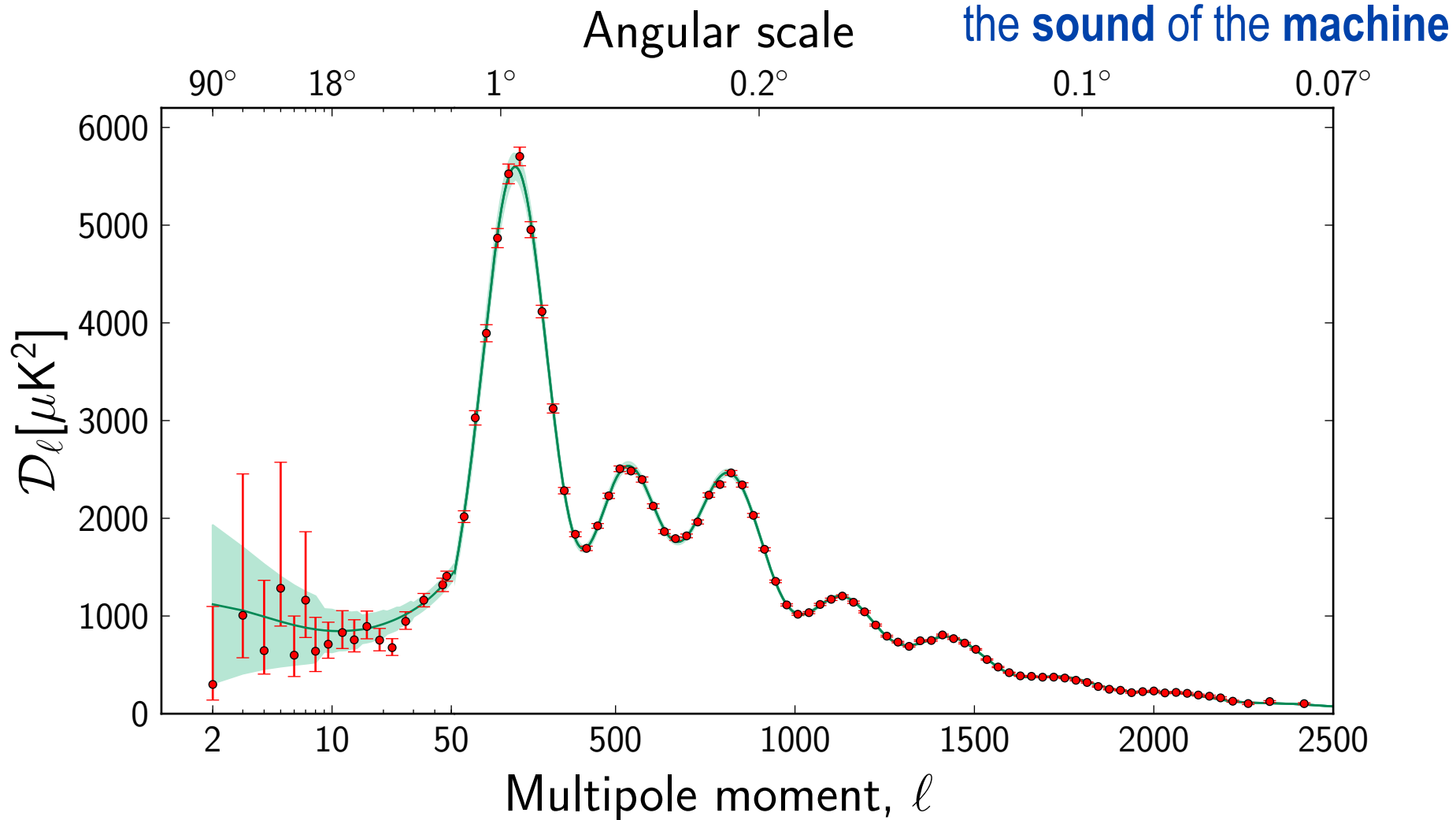
new parameters:

trajectory probabilities for early-inflatons & late-inflatons

no strong evidence for oscillation patterns, cutoffs, local features



Inflation Histories
(CMBall+LSS+SN+WL)



Excellent agreement between the Planck temperature spectrum at high L and the predictions of the tilted Λ CDM model. Checks with polarization data provide full support to this conclusion.

extensive grid of cosmic models strongly constrain the x in tilted Λ CDM + x , x = subdominant deviations

Planck basic parameters (Ω_b , H_0 ...), agree with BBN, BAO measure of acoustic scale. but H_0 lower than HST, small age change

No evidence for additional neutrino-like relativistic particles beyond the three families of neutrinos in the standard model.

The first 30 multipoles are low for the standard Λ CDM, with no obvious explanation. primordial fluctuation modification?

Exact scale invariance ruled out, $n_s < 1$, at $>4\sigma$ Planck alone, $>5.4\sigma$ Planck + WMAP polarization

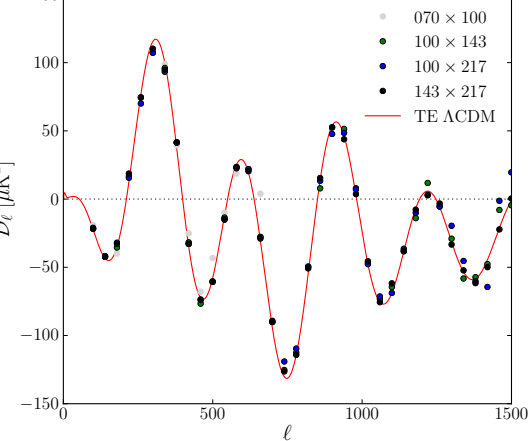
No substantial evidence for beyond basic single field slow roll, Bunch-Davies vacuum, standard kinetic term inflation. no f_{NL}

CMB Peak Statistics

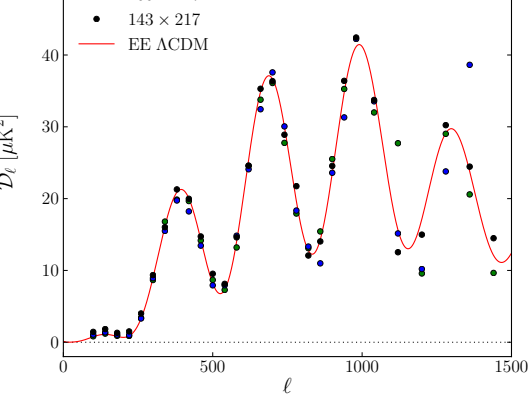
temperature stacked on temperature Peaks

polarization rotated & stacked on temperature Peaks

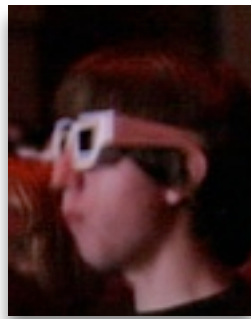
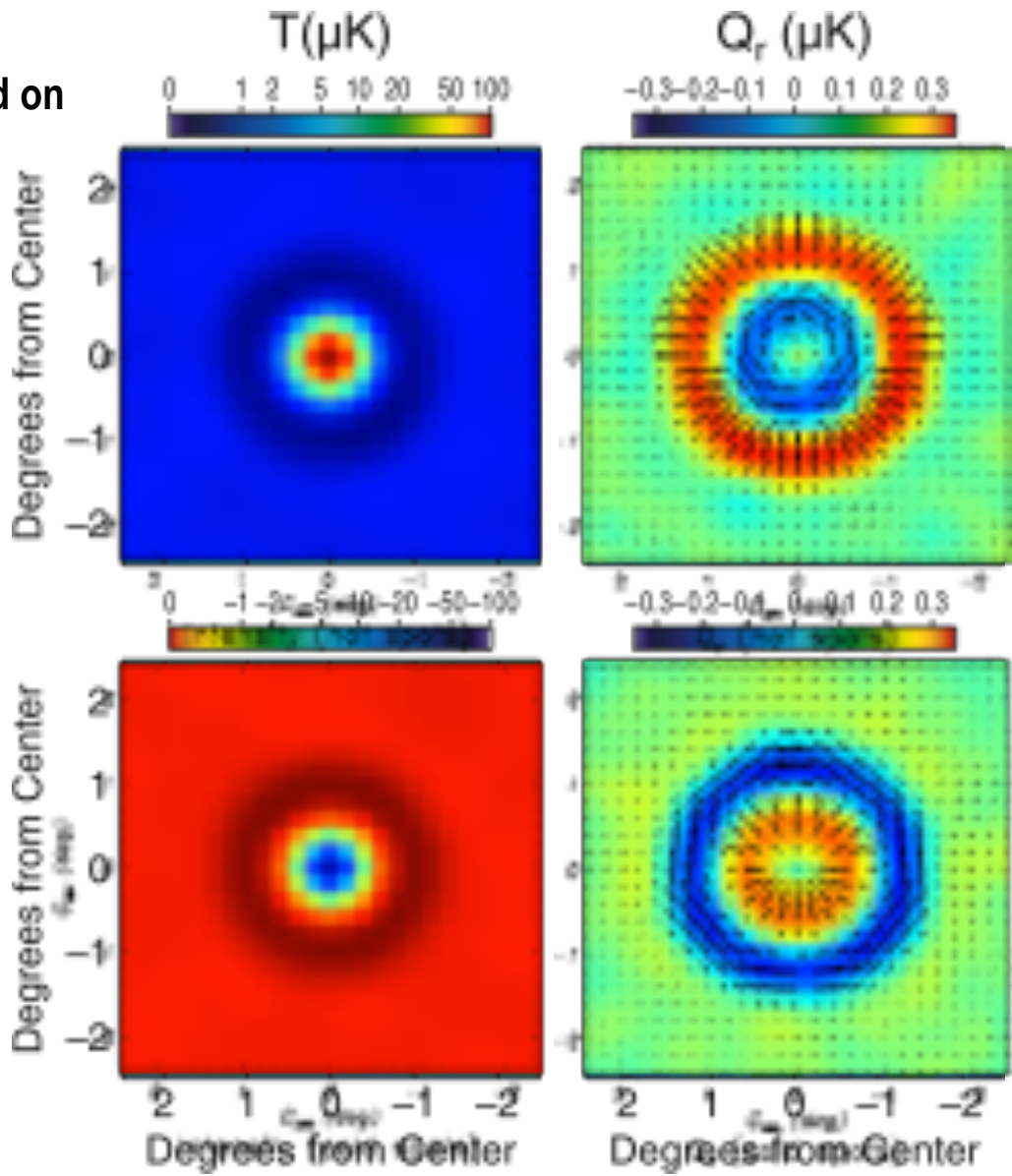
TE intensity X polarization



EE polarization



CMB Polarization BAO in the CMB - Planck2013



Planck2013 teaser for Planck2014 polarization release

E mode patterns



no B here

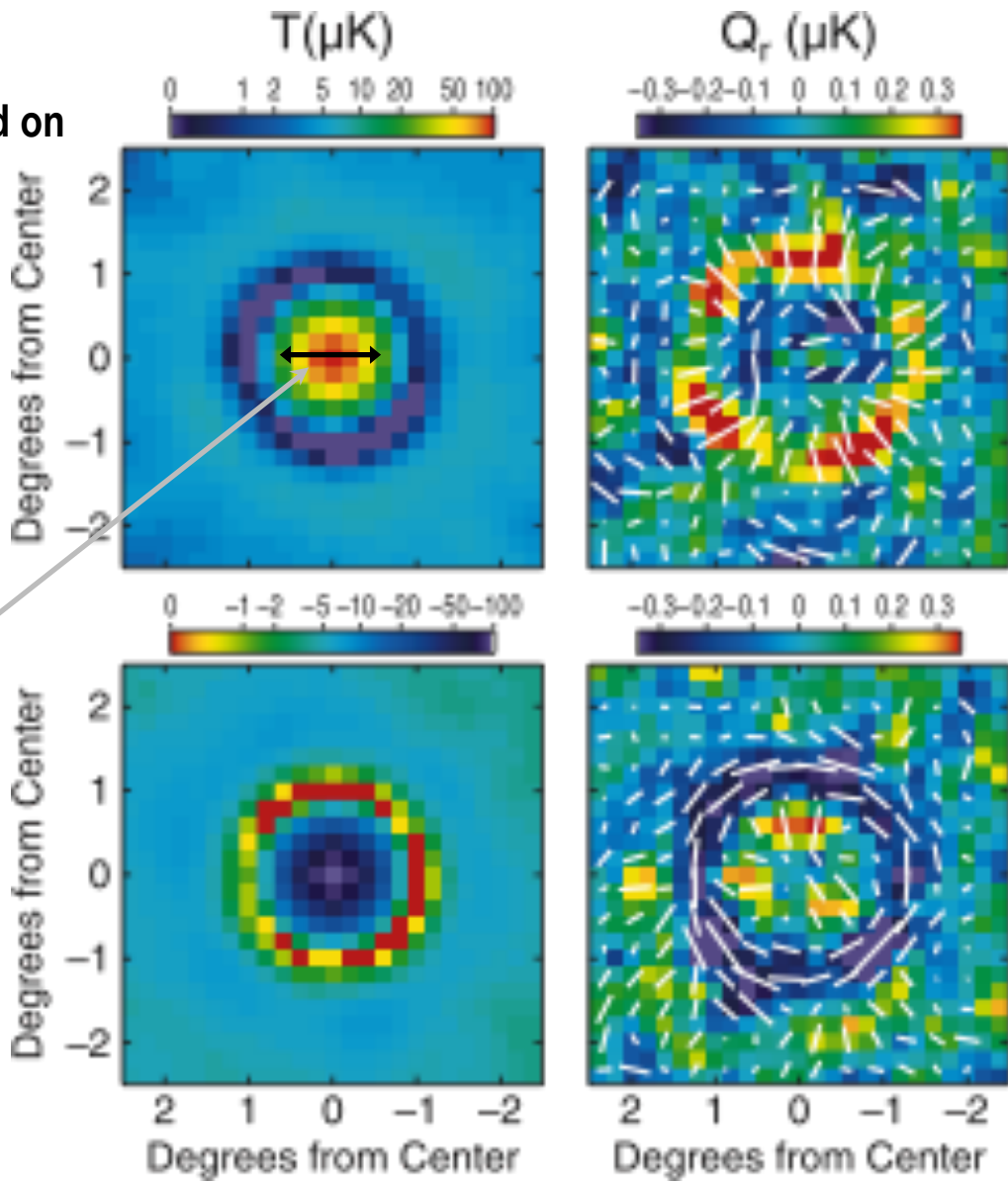
Planck2014, 2015 ACTpol, ABS, Spider, AdvACT, GLP, ..

CMB Peak Statistics

temperature stacked on temperature Peaks

polarization rotated & stacked on temperature Peaks

CMB Polarization BAO in the CMB – WMAP9



BAO scale:
 145.8 ± 1.2 Mpc



B mode of polarization cf. E mode

linear scalar fluctuations create only E patterns

strain from CMB lensing tides distorts E pattern into a bit of B ^{SPT}

anisotropic strain from gravity waves => E & B

BICEP KECK



photons under strain

BICEP2 collaboration 2014

380 sq deg
 $f_{\text{sky}}=0.009$

512 antenna coupled TES bolometers
150 GHz for 3 seasons
cross-correlate with BICEP1, 100 GHz,
preliminary cross-correlate with KECK

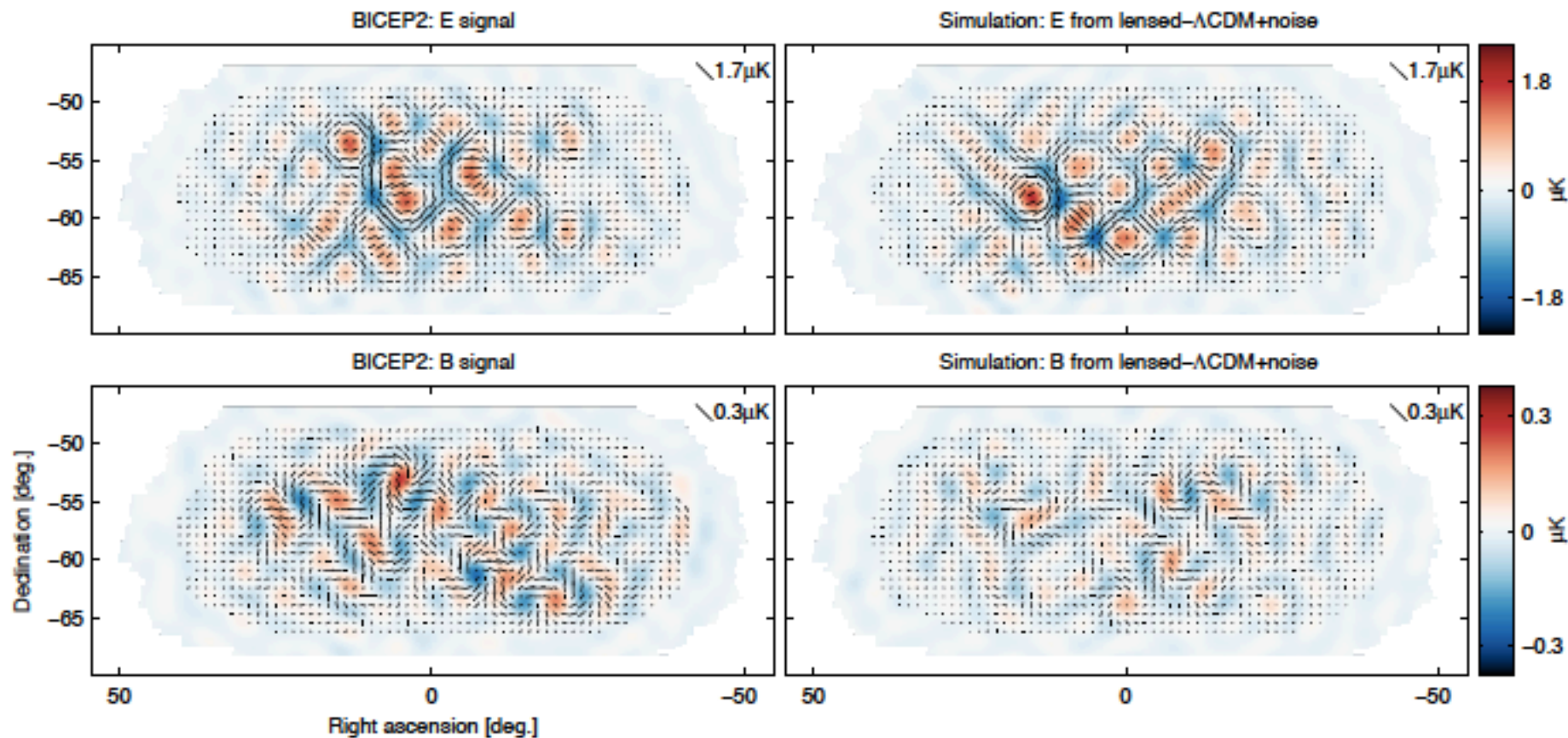
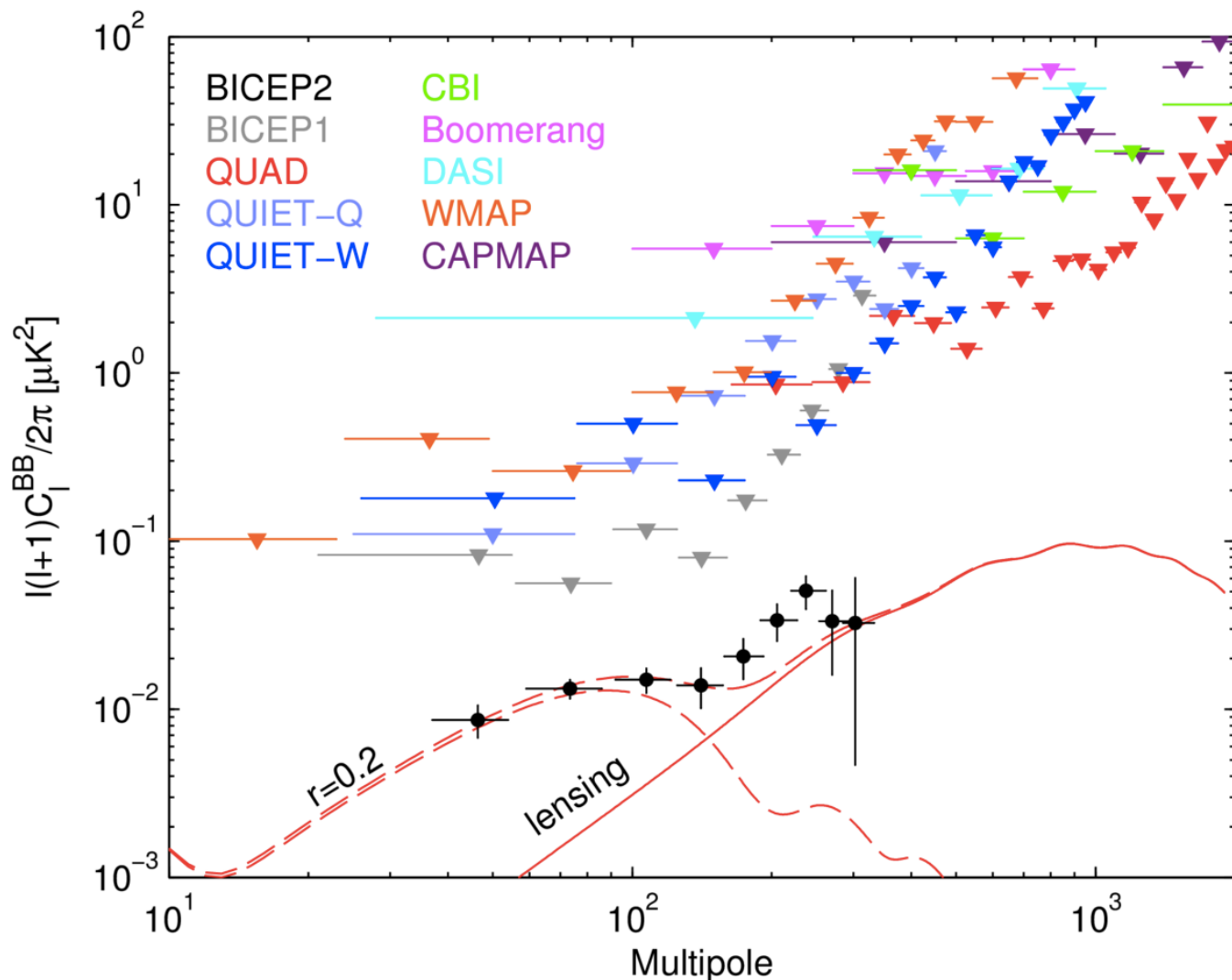


FIG. 3.— *Left:* BICEP2 apodized E -mode and B -mode maps filtered to $50 < \ell < 120$. *Right:* The equivalent maps for the first of the lensed- Λ CDM+noise simulations. The color scale displays the E -mode scalar and B -mode pseudoscalar patterns while the lines display the equivalent magnitude and orientation of linear polarization. Note that excess B -mode is detected over lensing+noise with high signal-to-noise ratio in the map ($s/n > 2$ per map mode at $\ell \approx 70$). (Also note that the E -mode and B -mode maps use different color/length scales.)

BICEP2 collaboration 2014 non-lensing B mode => $r=0.20 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.05$

cf. P13: r from TT

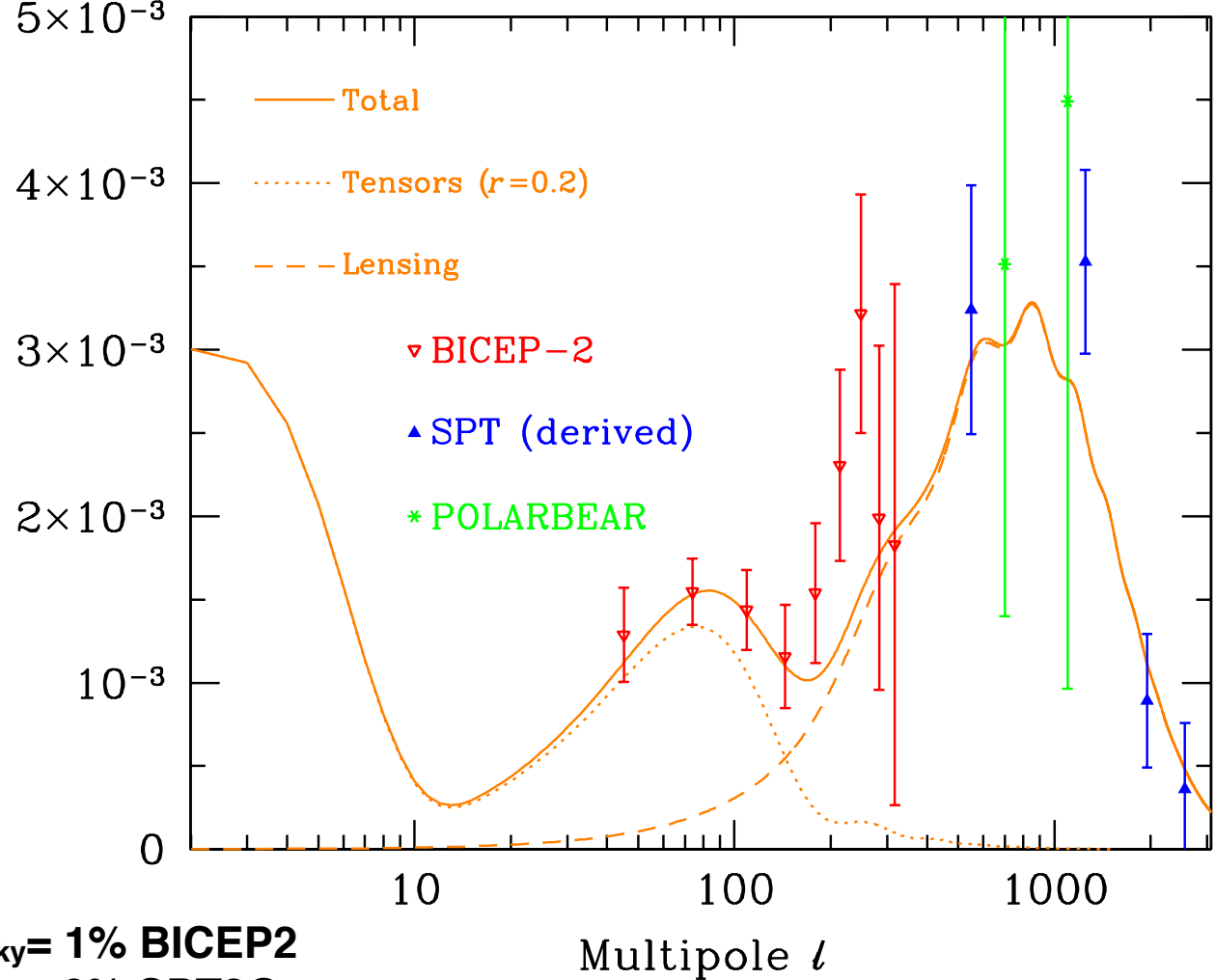
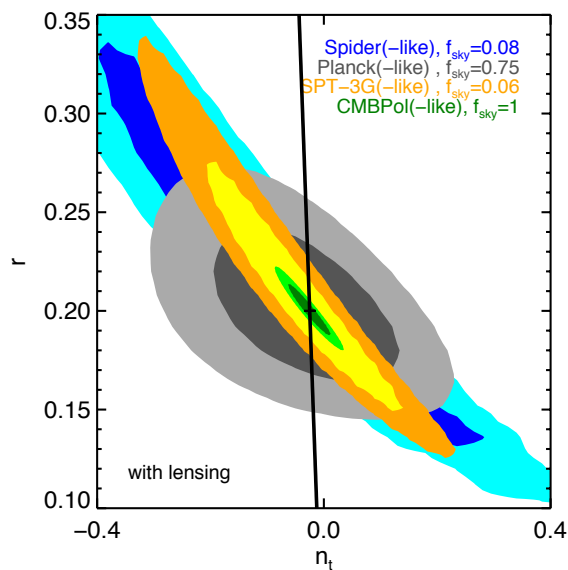
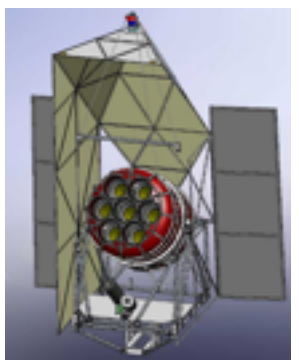
< 0.12 95% CL



$r = \text{GW power} / \text{scalar-curvature power} \approx 0.13 V / (2 \times 10^{16} \text{Gev})^4$
Potential Energy scale is the GUT level!

We are working heavily on Planck polarization, E Nov 2014, B ?

Spider collaboration, LDB flight Fall 2014 +/- .02 supposed to fly Fall 13, but US sequester stopped it



f_{sky} = 1% BICEP2
= 6% SPT3G
= 8% SPIDER
= 70% PLANCK
= 50% AdvACT

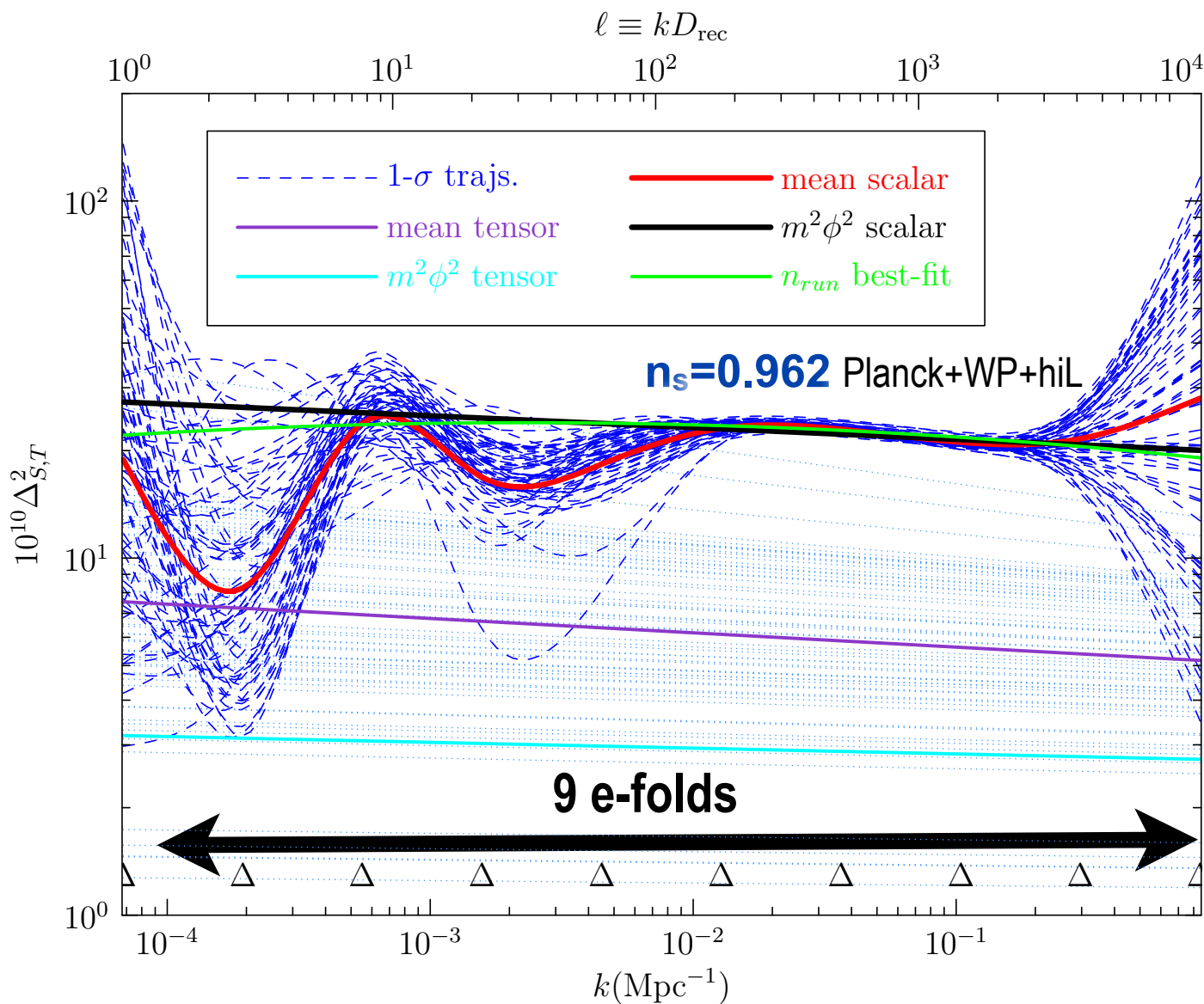
Spider24days+Planck2.5yr:
r-n_t matrix-forecast
for r=0.2 input
(2σ_r ~0.04 including fgnds)

similar r-forecasts for ABS+, Keck, AdvACT,..

scan $\ln P_s(\ln k)/A_s$, $\ln A_s = \ln P_s(k_{pivot,s})$, $r(k_{pivot,t})$; consistency \Rightarrow reconstruct $\epsilon(\ln H a)$, $V(\psi)$

$\ln P_s(\ln k)$

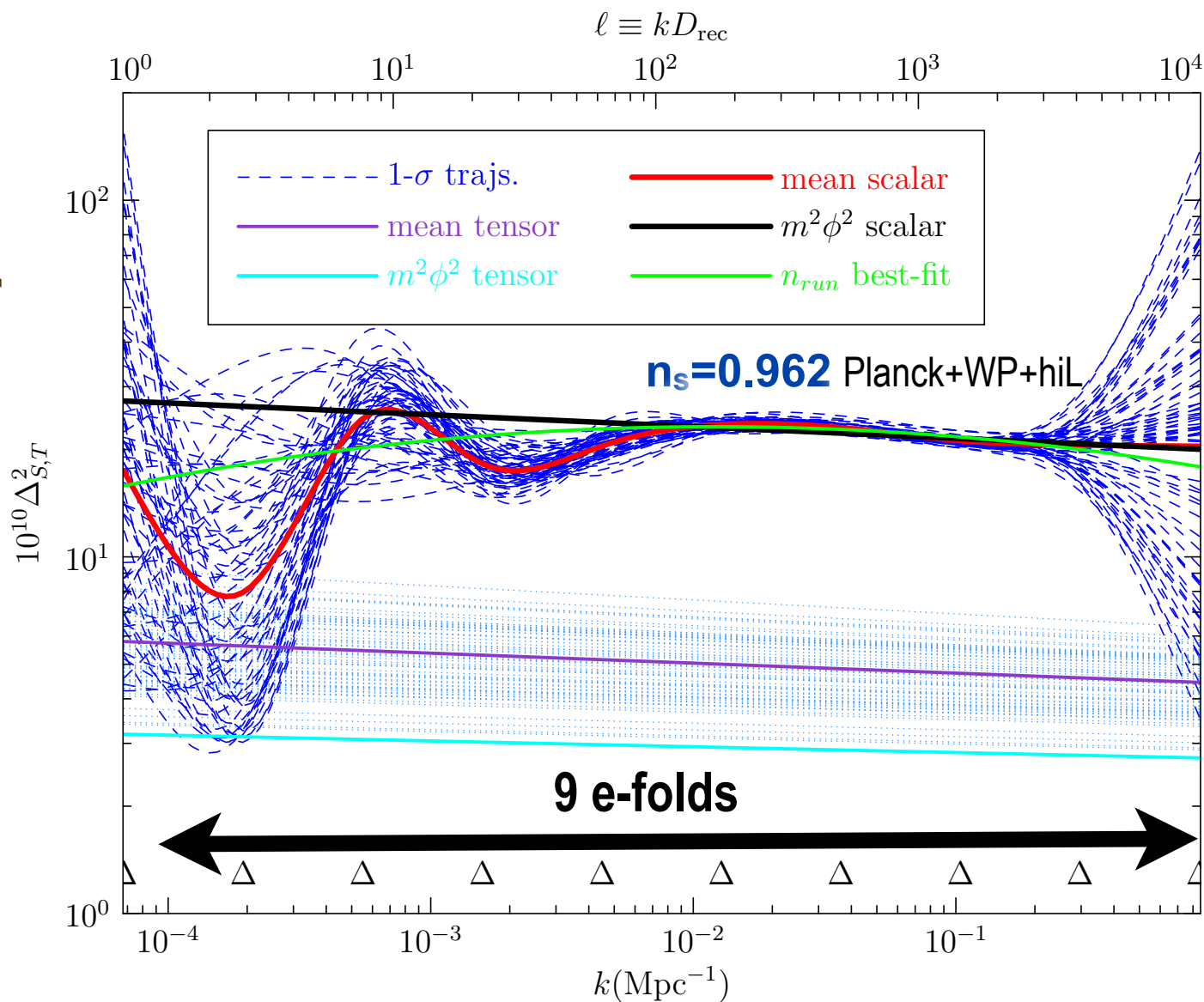
**new parameters:
trajectory
probabilities for
early-inflatons**



scan $\ln P_s(\ln k)/A_s$, $\ln A_s = \ln P_s(k_{pivot,s})$, $r(k_{pivot,t})$; consistency \Rightarrow reconstruct $\epsilon(\ln H a)$, $V(\psi)$

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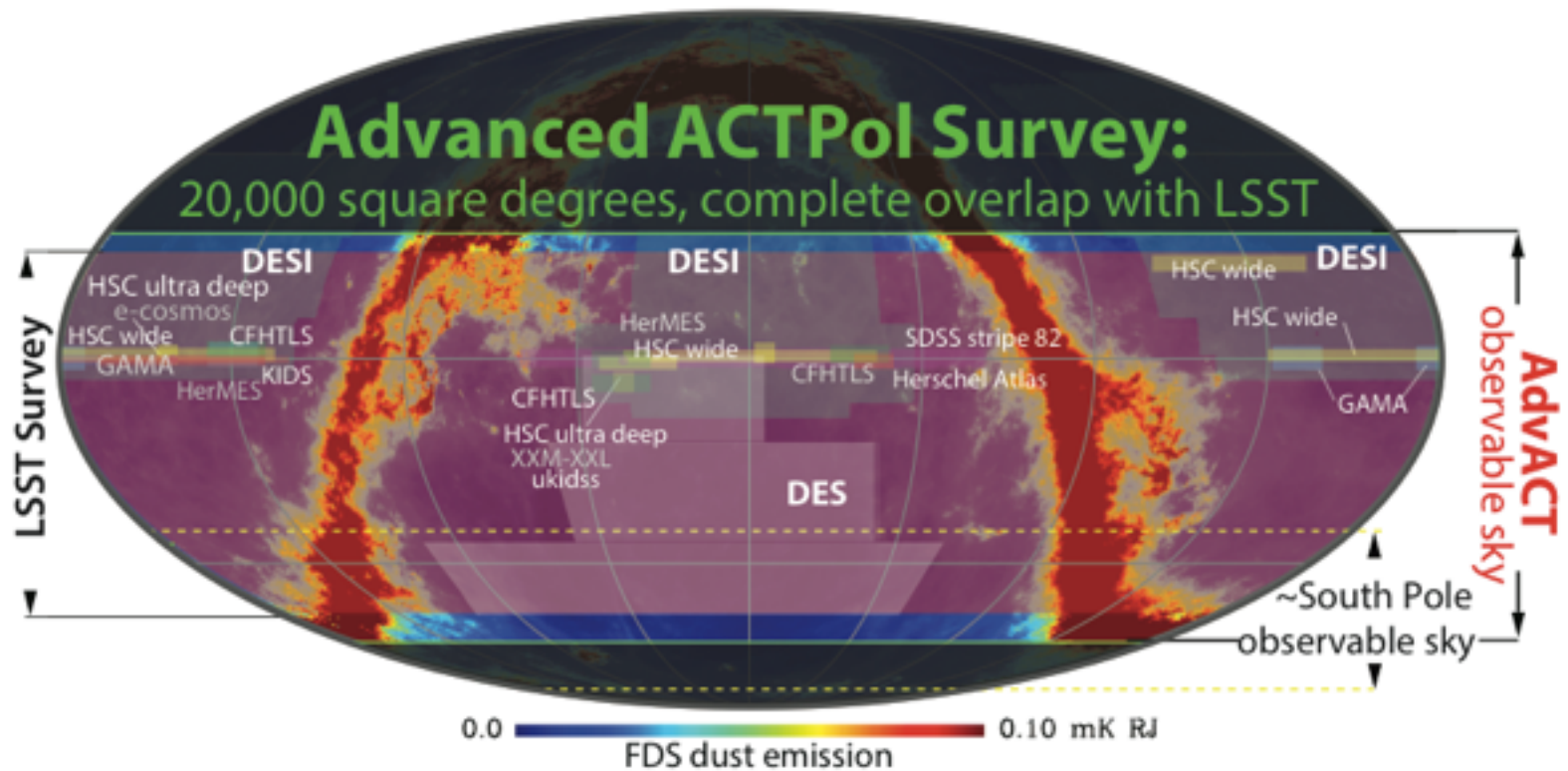


The ACT Collaboration

ACT, now ACTpol, => Advanced ACTpol

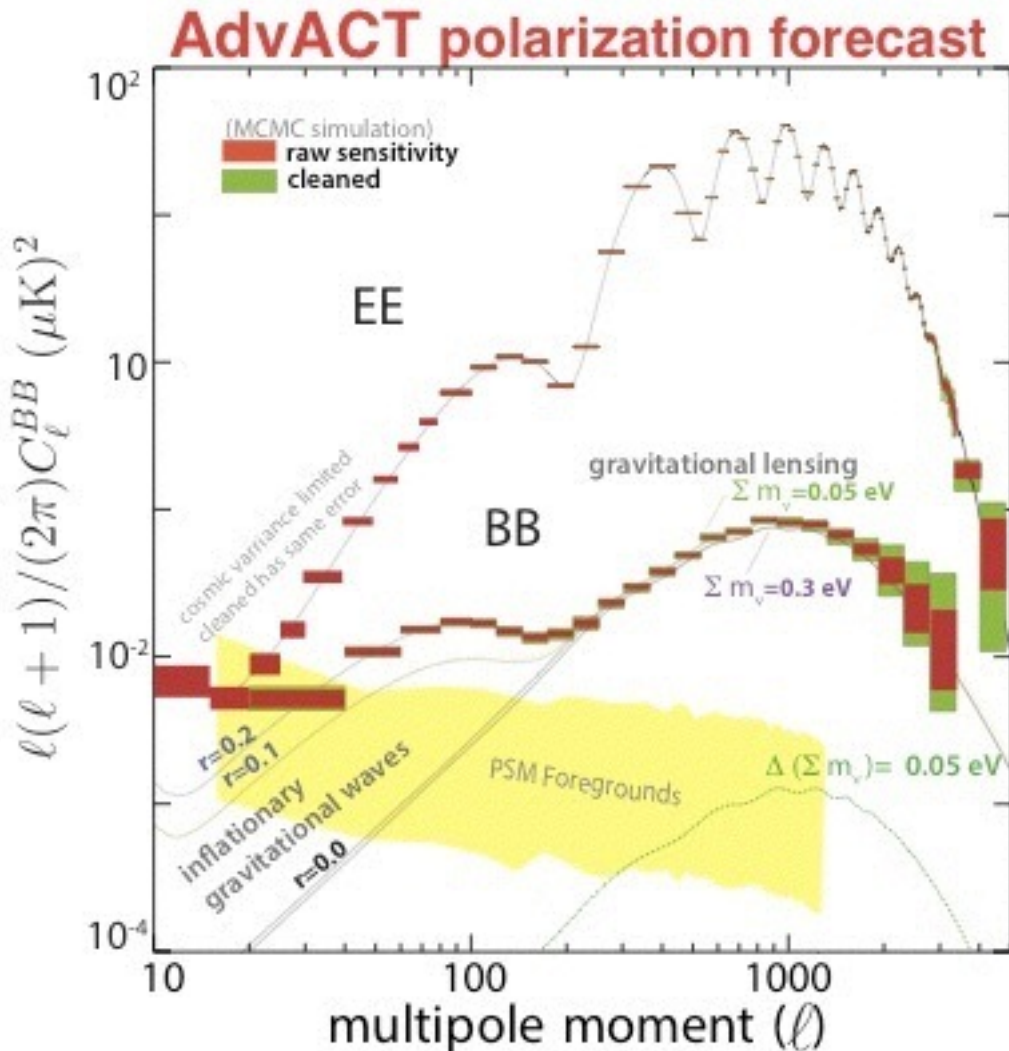


Advanced ACTPol (AdvACT) Observations



- $\sim 20,000 \text{ deg}^2$ survey ($f_{\text{sky}} \sim 0.5$) with complete LSST overlap as well as DES, ALMA, and other observatories located in Chile
- Substantial overlap with spectroscopic surveys (SDSS, PFS, DESI)

AdvACT: Power Spectra



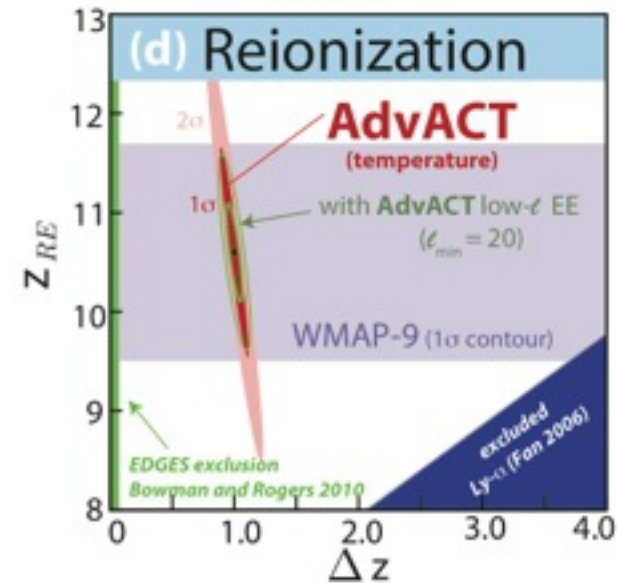
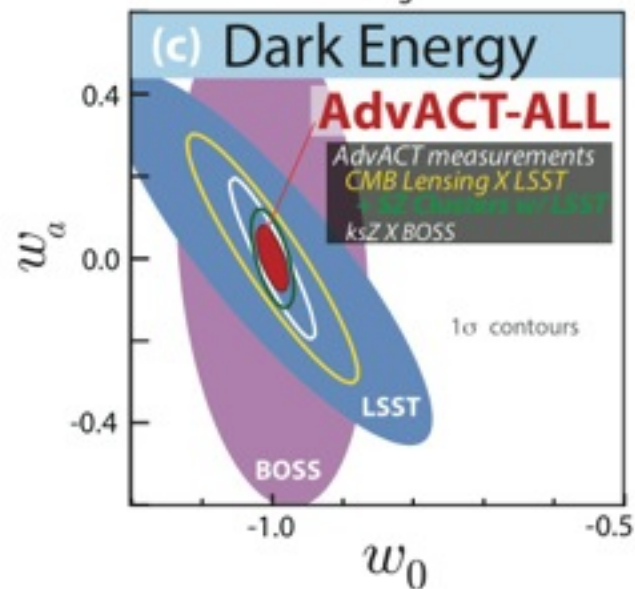
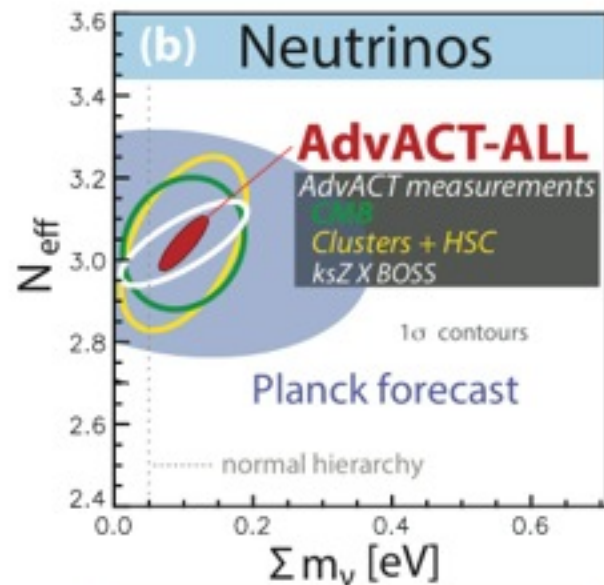
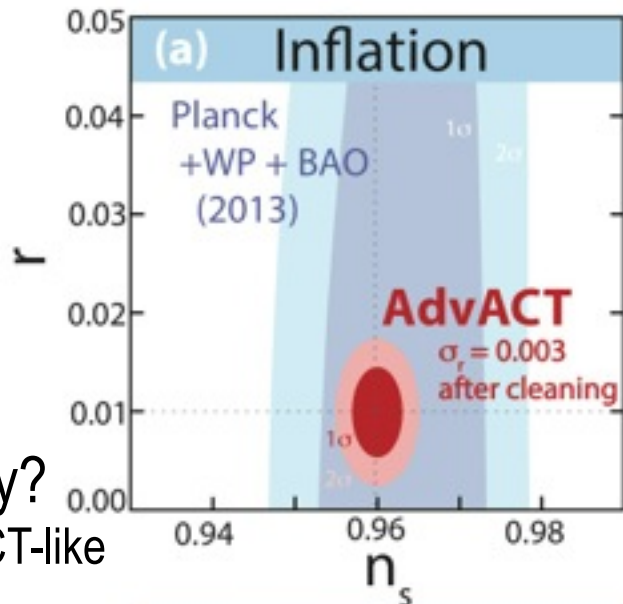
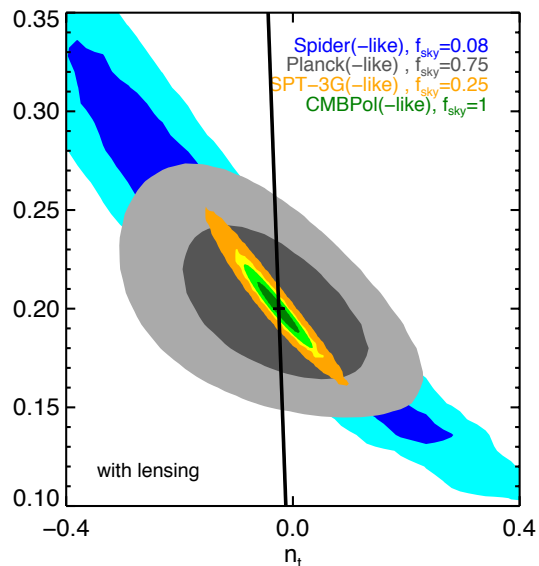
Error bars above shown for $r = 0.2$

High S/N B-mode detections for $r > 0.01$ are measured in independent frequency bands (90 & 150 GHz) and on many patches across the sky. This provides important cross-checks on any detected signal

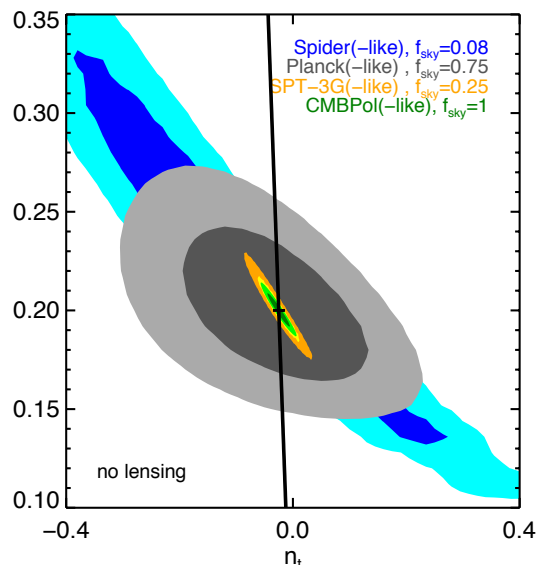
Also shown:

- Error bars before and after foreground cleaning
- Varying amplitudes of the gravitational lensing signal for different values of the sum of the neutrino masses
- Planck forecasts

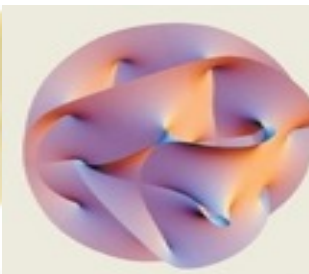
AdvACT: Cosmological Forecasts & Planck2.5, Spider, future SPT3g, CMBpol



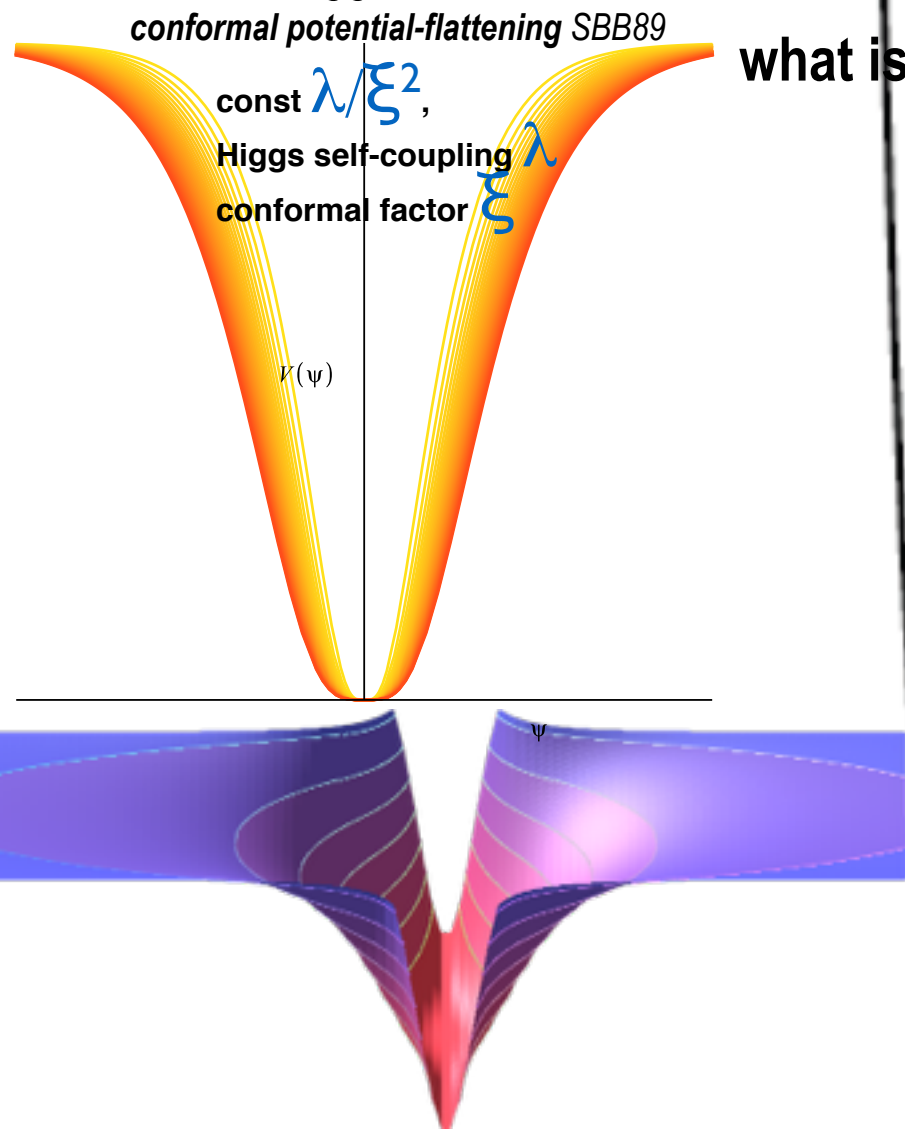
testing tensor consistency?
 better $f_{\text{sky}}=25\%$ for spt3g/AdvACT-like
 than current 6% goal for spt3g



how was matter & entropy generated at the end of acceleration = inflation?



Relate it to the Higgs & standard model?



what is the inflaton's potential energy?

detecting $r \sim 0.2 \Rightarrow$
shape cannot be too flat

entropy generation in preheating from the coherent inflaton (origin of all matter)

let there be heat

$\langle \tau \rangle =$

quantum diffusion spatial jitter

drift

$\ln a(\mathbf{x}, \ln H)$

isocon directions, e.g., axion

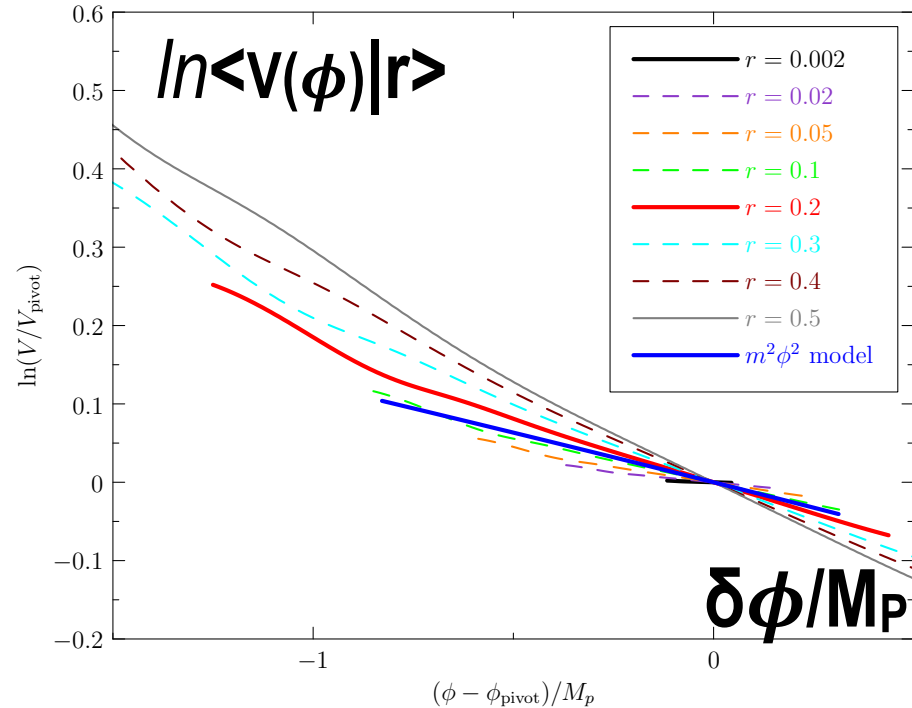
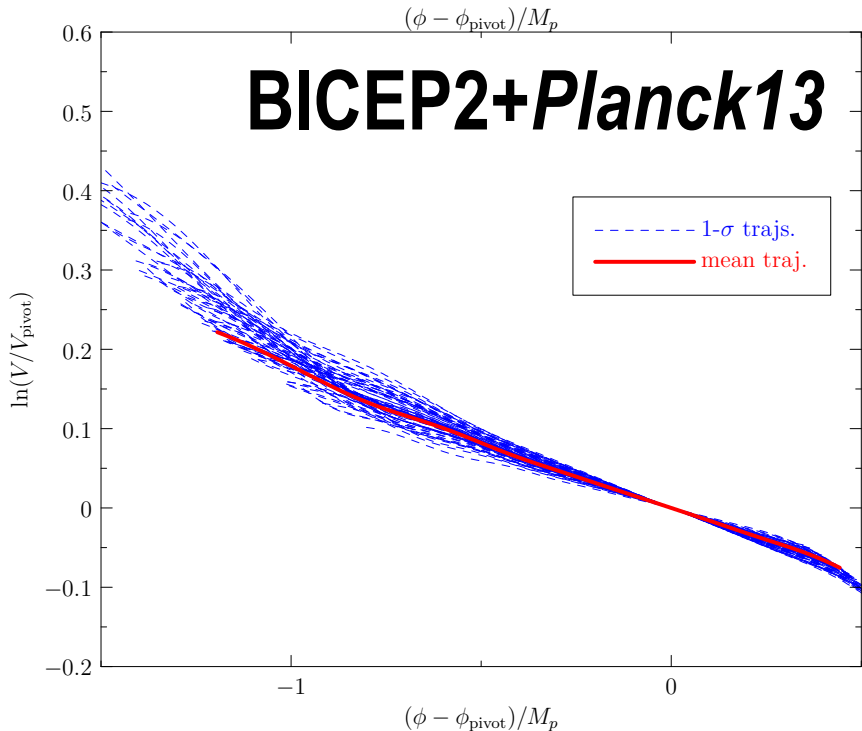
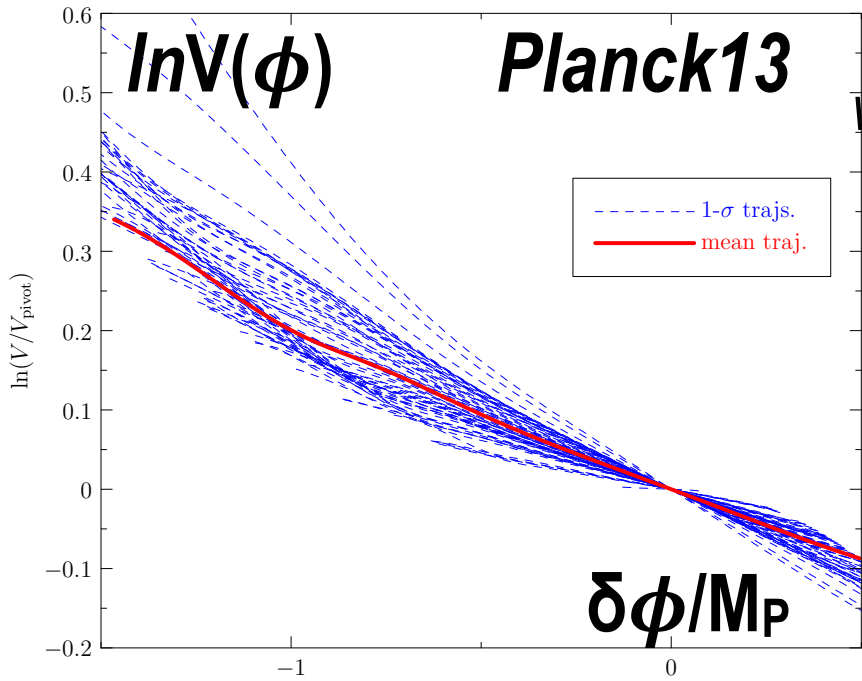
S-E-M-I-THERMAL INFLATION

what is the inflaton's $V(\phi)$?

we reconstruct the scalar curvature power (isotropic strain) & the early universe acceleration histories as well

detecting $r \sim 0.2 \Rightarrow$
 $V(\phi)$ shape cannot be too flat over the observable range

Reconstructed mean potential (without BICEP constraint)



simplest is $V(\phi) \sim m^2\phi^2$

END

reconstructing ζ aka primordial **scalar curvature** @uniform density

Bond, Frolov, Huang, Braden, Nolta

Wiener-filtered ζ maps instead of $\zeta(\mathbf{x}), \zeta(\mathbf{k})$, make

$\zeta_{LM}(\chi), \chi=|\mathbf{x}|$ & $\zeta_{LM}(k), k=|\mathbf{k}|$ maps

$$\mathbf{T}_{LM c,s} \sim \int \zeta_{LM c,s}(k) \mathbf{U}_{L c,s}^T(k) dk + res \sim \int \zeta_{LM c,s}(\chi) \mathbf{V}_{L c,s}^T(\chi) d\chi + res$$

Gaussian stats $\Rightarrow C^{\zeta\zeta}_L(\chi_1, \chi_2), C^{\zeta T}_L(\chi), C^{TT}_L$

$\langle \int \mu_b(\chi) \zeta_{LM c,s}(\chi) d\chi | \mathbf{a}_{LM c,s} \rangle + inhomog$ **Gaussian fluctuations**

visibility masks $\mu_b(\chi)$ select bands $\Delta\chi_b$ about $\chi_b \sim$ decoupling, reionization (also ISW). \exists only a single-mode $\mathbf{V}_{L c,s}^T$ direction, fluctuations in orthogonal directions are huge. use the mask for shaped-weighting to control fluctuation-swamping.

full $\zeta_{LM}(k)$ reconstruction $\langle \zeta_{LM}(k) | \mathbf{a}_{LM} \rangle$ is fluctuation-swamped

\exists E-pol vector $\mathbf{V}_{L c,s}^E$ overlaps \mathbf{V}^T but it differs enough so reconstruction improves with E-pol

$$C^{\zeta^E}_L(\chi), C^{EE}_L, C^{TE}_L$$

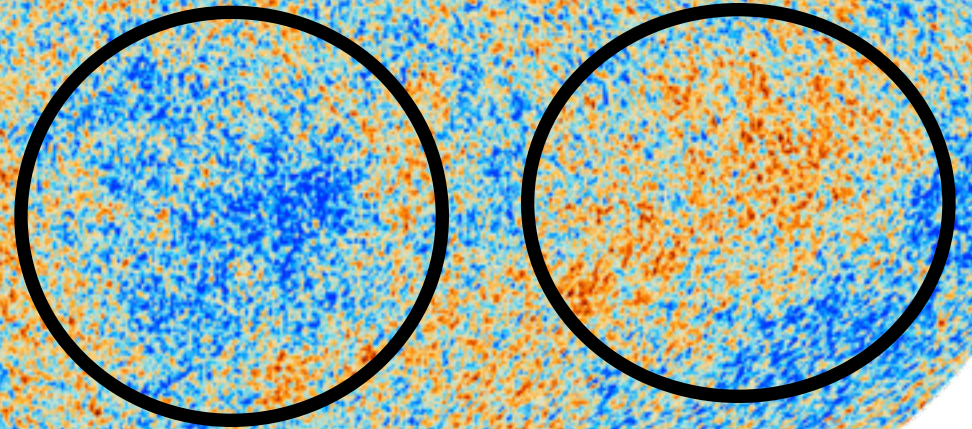
Planck's primordial light unveiled, March 21, 2013

reveals the **SIMPLICITY** of primordial cosmic structure

7⁺ numbers, 2+1 are inflation numbers

Gaussian to high precision for high multipole,
anomalies at low multipoles, non-Gaussian, anisotropic

=> inflation COMPLEXITY at $t \sim 10^{-36}$ seconds?



+ anomalies

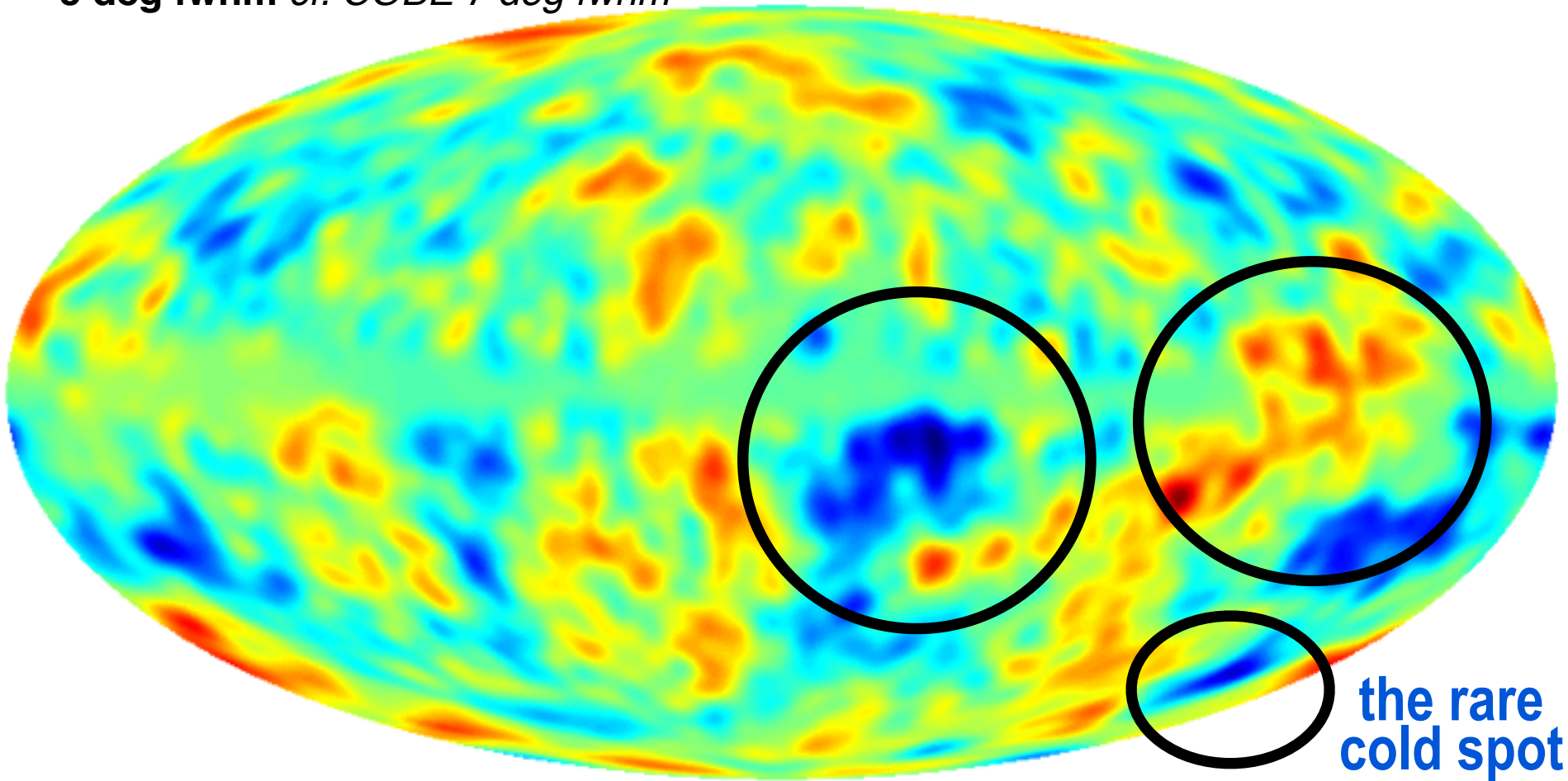
**the rare
cold spot**

**hemisphere
difference in
power ~7% at
low resolution**

Grand Unified Theory of Anomalies? TBD
intermittent strain-power bursts (in curvature)?

temperature map

mean temperature, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 300 arcmin,
5 deg fwhm *cf. COBE 7 deg fwhm*



-151.

+145.

Temperature changes
in micro-degrees

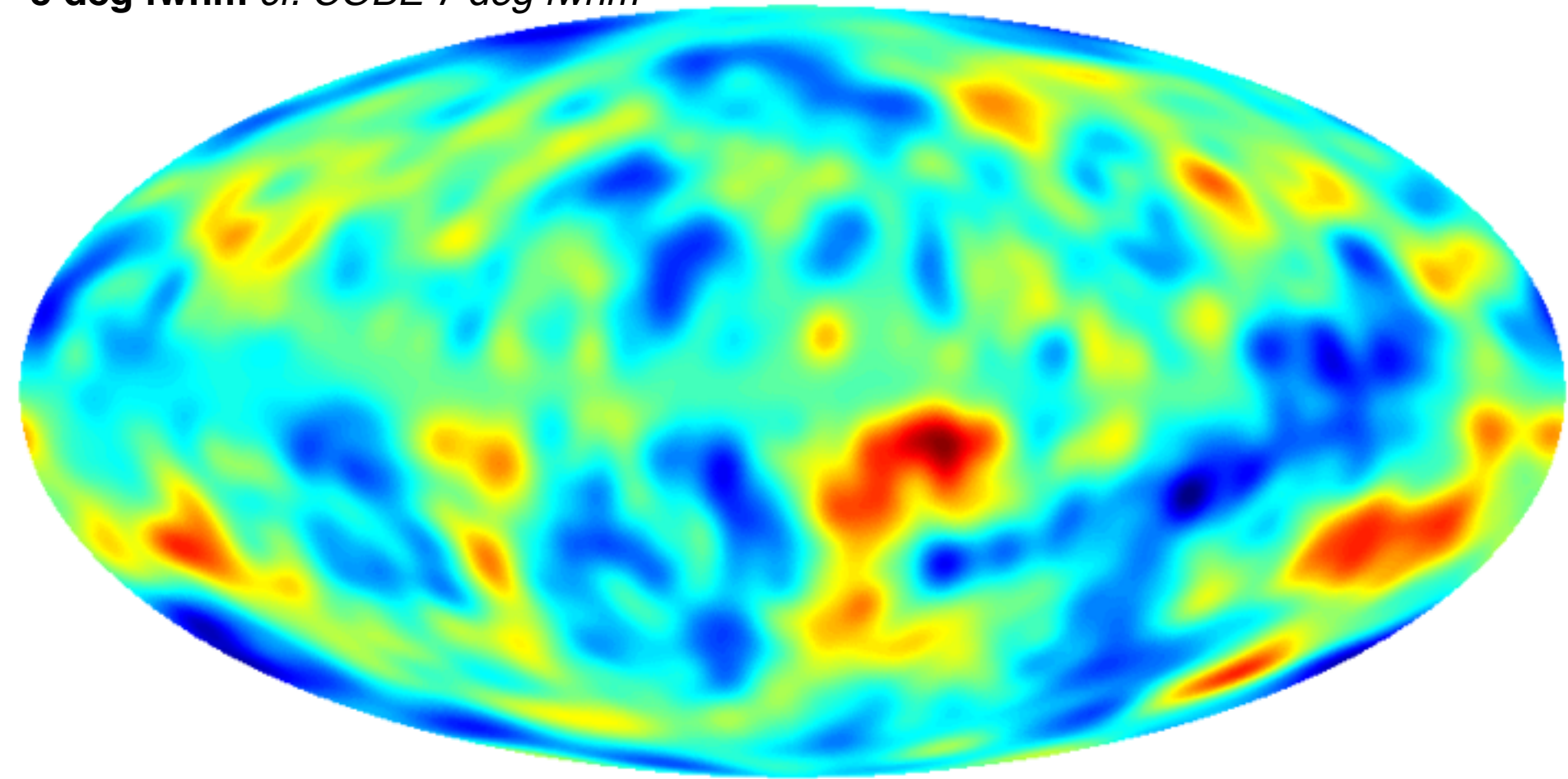
the rare
cold spot

reveals map of **primordial isotropic strain / phonons**

$$\langle \text{Trace}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) | \text{Temp} \rangle$$

mean zeta, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 300 arcmin,

5 deg fwhm *cf. COBE 7 deg fwhm*



-2.94



+3.58

Reconstructing the Early Universe

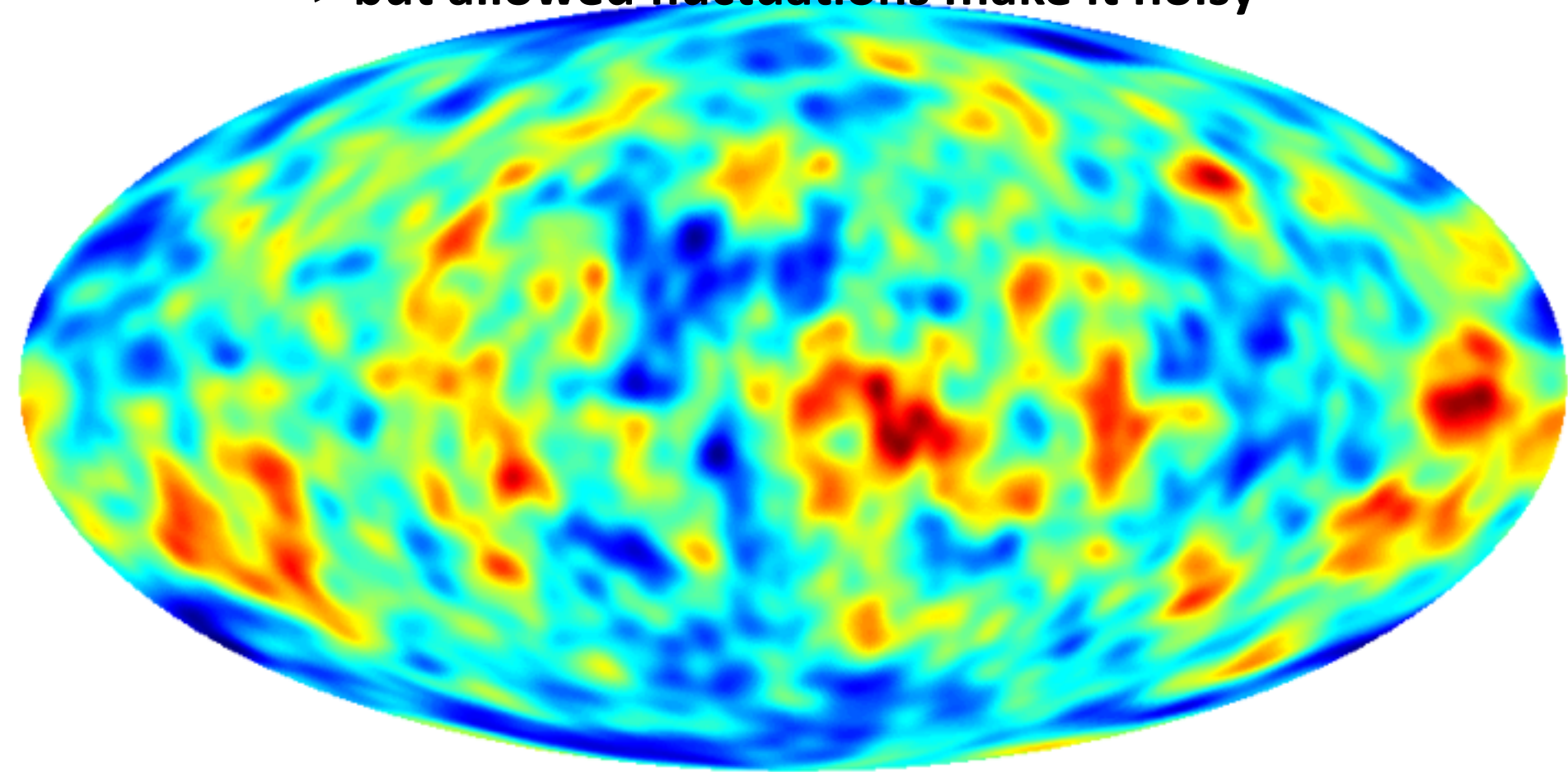
visibility mask

reveals map of **primordial isotropic strain / phonons**

$$\langle \text{Trace}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) | \text{Temp} \rangle + \delta \text{Trace}(\boldsymbol{\alpha})$$

one realization of fullsky zeta, fwhm = 300 arcmin

=> but allowed fluctuations make it noisy



-3.59

+4.06

5 deg fwhm cf. COBE 7 deg fwhm

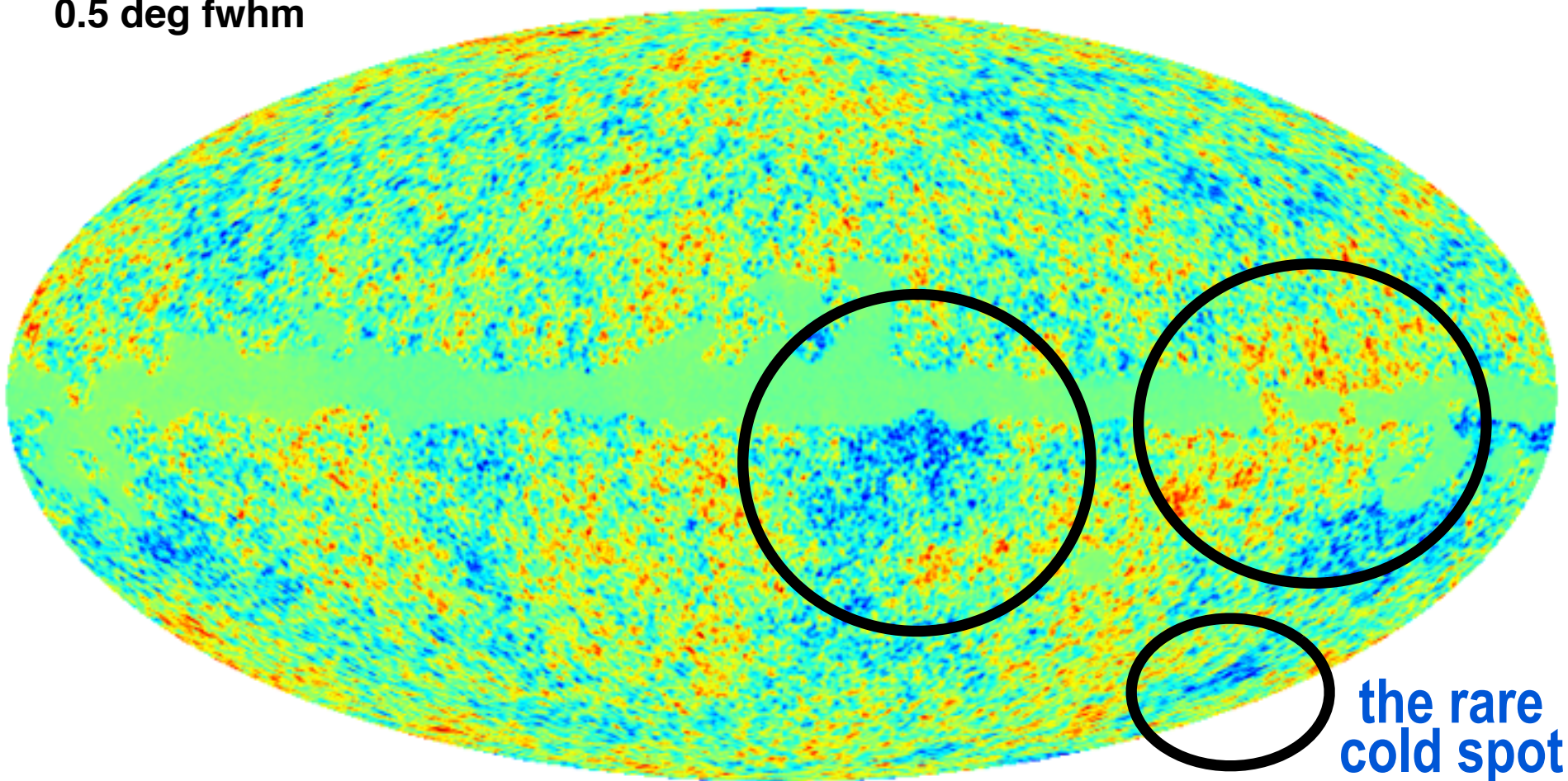
Reconstructing the Early Universe

visibility mask

temperature map

mean temperature, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 30 arcmin,

0.5 deg fwhm



-355.  +340.

Temperature changes
in micro-degrees

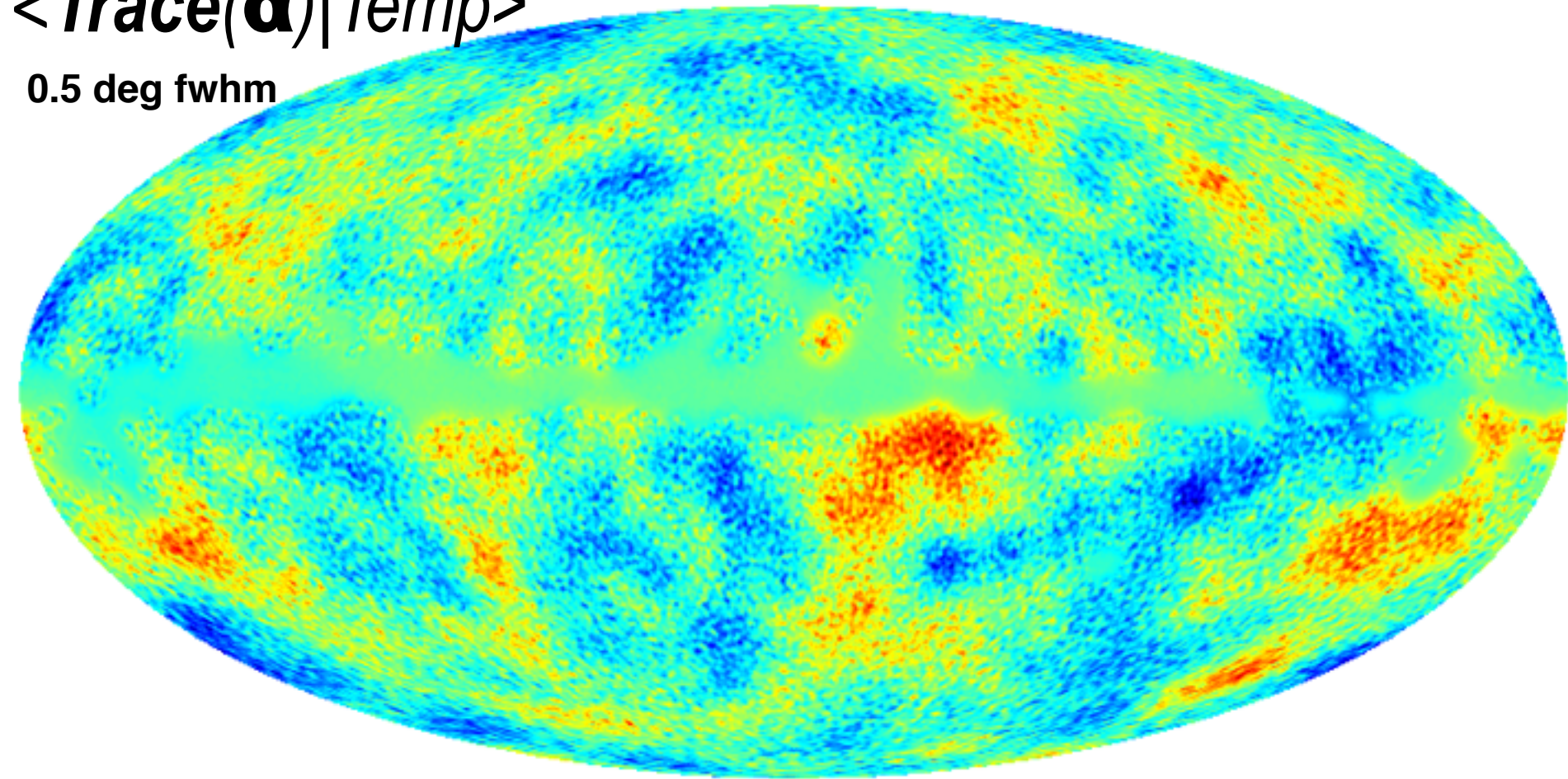
0.5 deg fwhm

reveals map of **primordial isotropic strain /phonons**
=> primordial scalar curvature map of the inflation epoch

mean zeta, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 30 arcmin,

$\langle \text{Trace}(\alpha) | \text{Temp} \rangle$

0.5 deg fwhm



-4.70



+5.18

Reconstructing the Early Universe

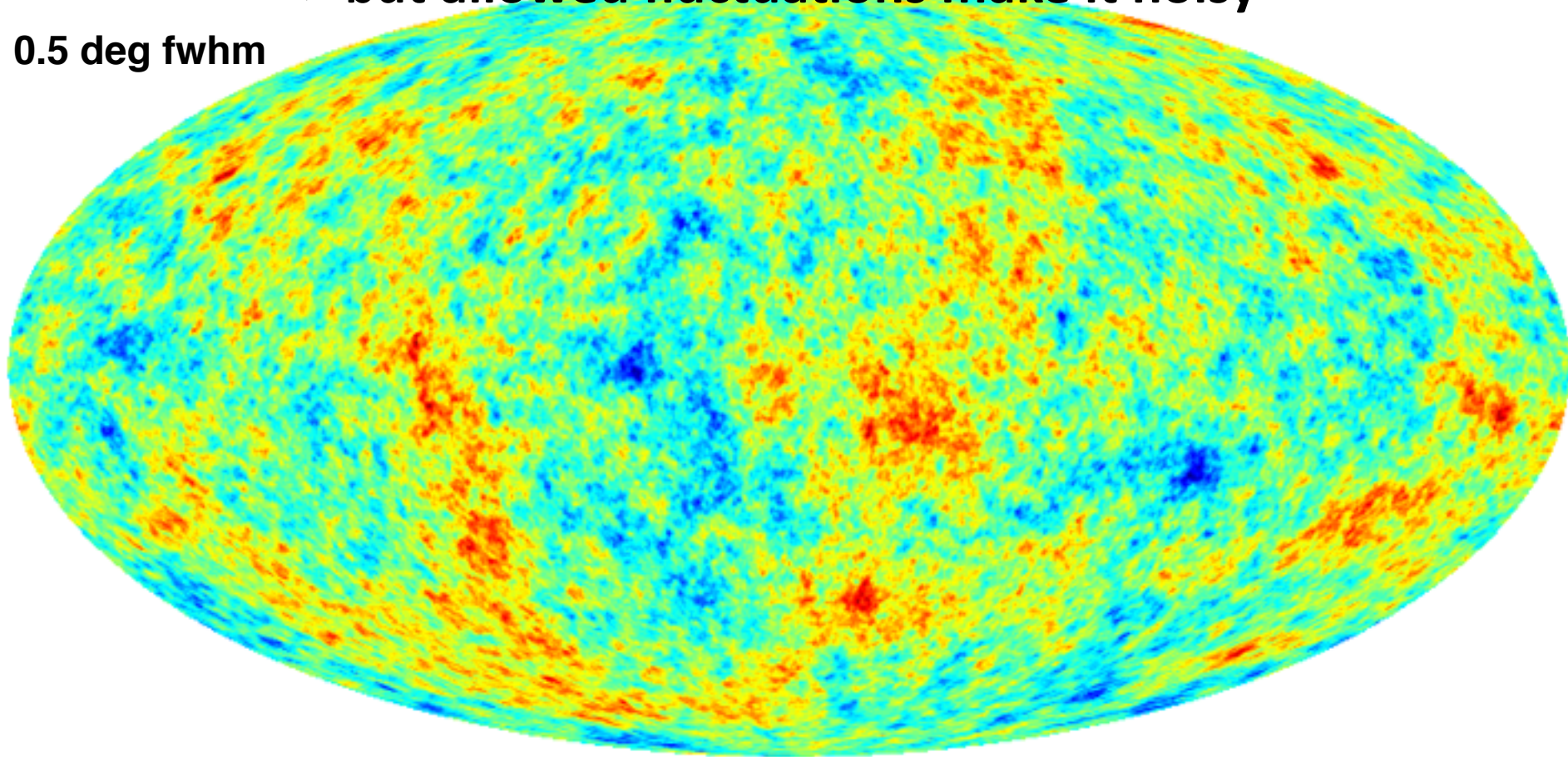
visibility mask

reveals map of **primordial isotropic strain / phonons**
 $\langle \text{Trace}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) | \text{Temp} \rangle + \delta \text{Trace}(\boldsymbol{\alpha})$

one realization of fullsky zeta, fwhm = 30 arcmin

=> but allowed **fluctuations** make it noisy

0.5 deg fwhm



-8.61



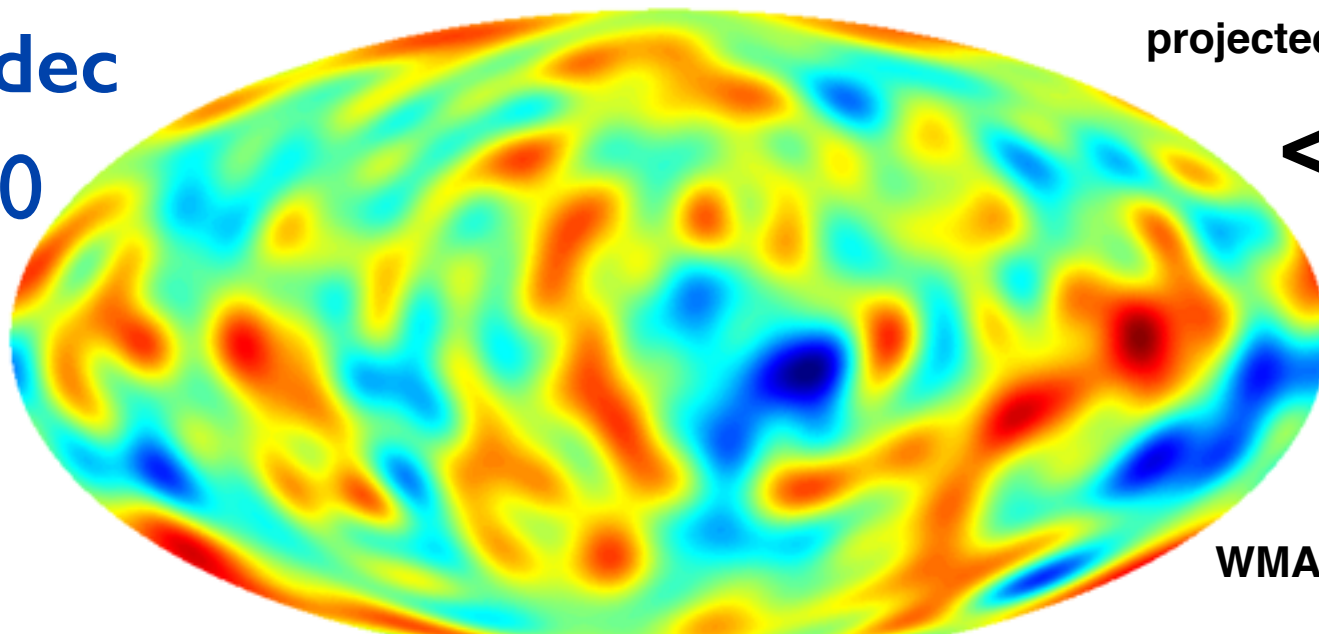
+7.54

Reconstructing the Early Universe

visibility mask

$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{dec}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 20$$



projected curvature map

$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

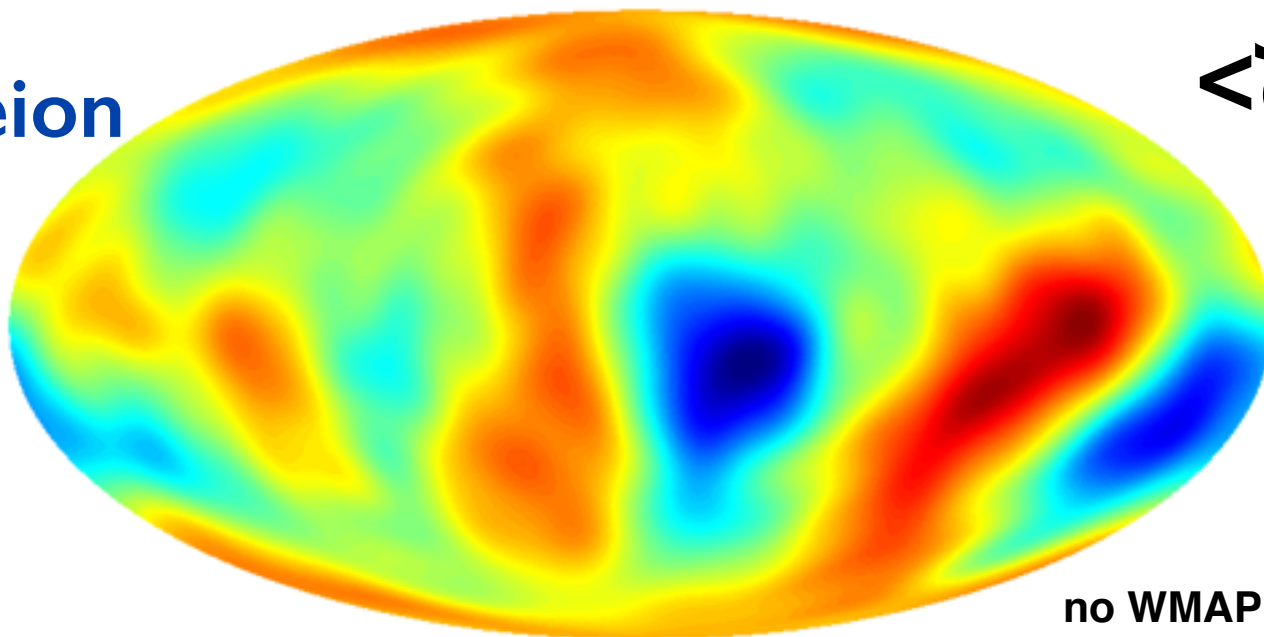
WMAP T COLD SPOT

SMICA preDX11, unmasked so far, mask methods as per Frolov talk



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 20$$



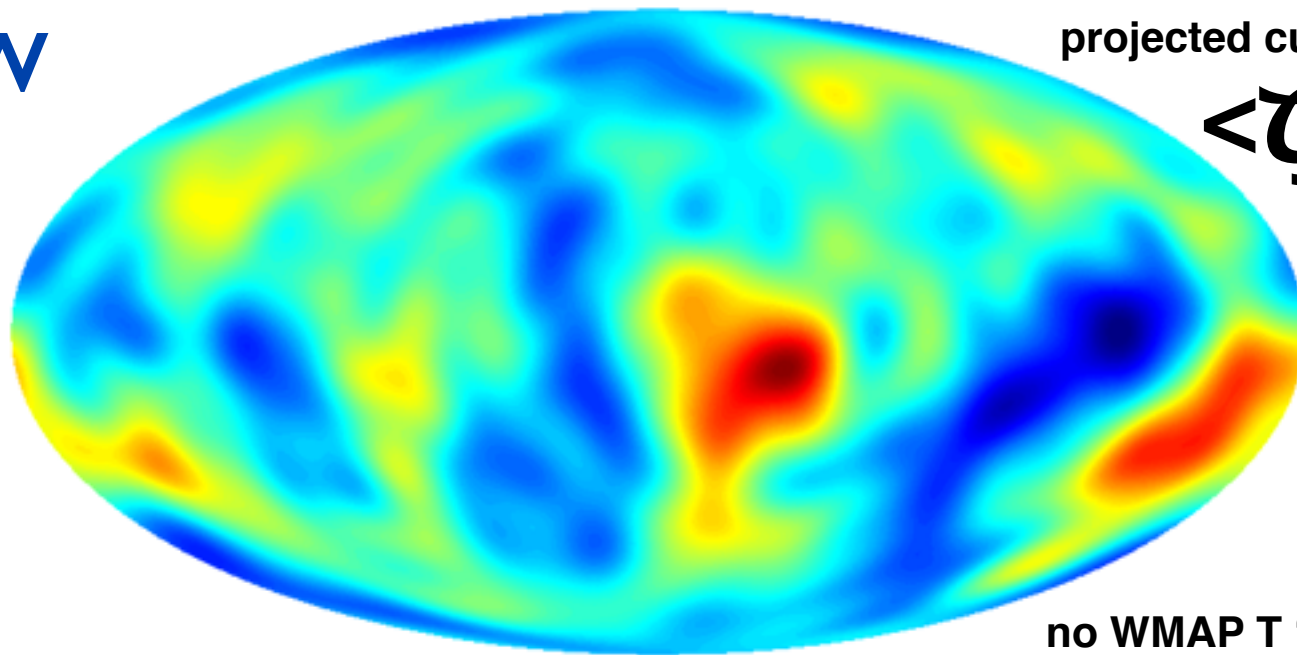
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

no WMAP T COLD SPOT



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{ISW}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 20$$



projected curvature map

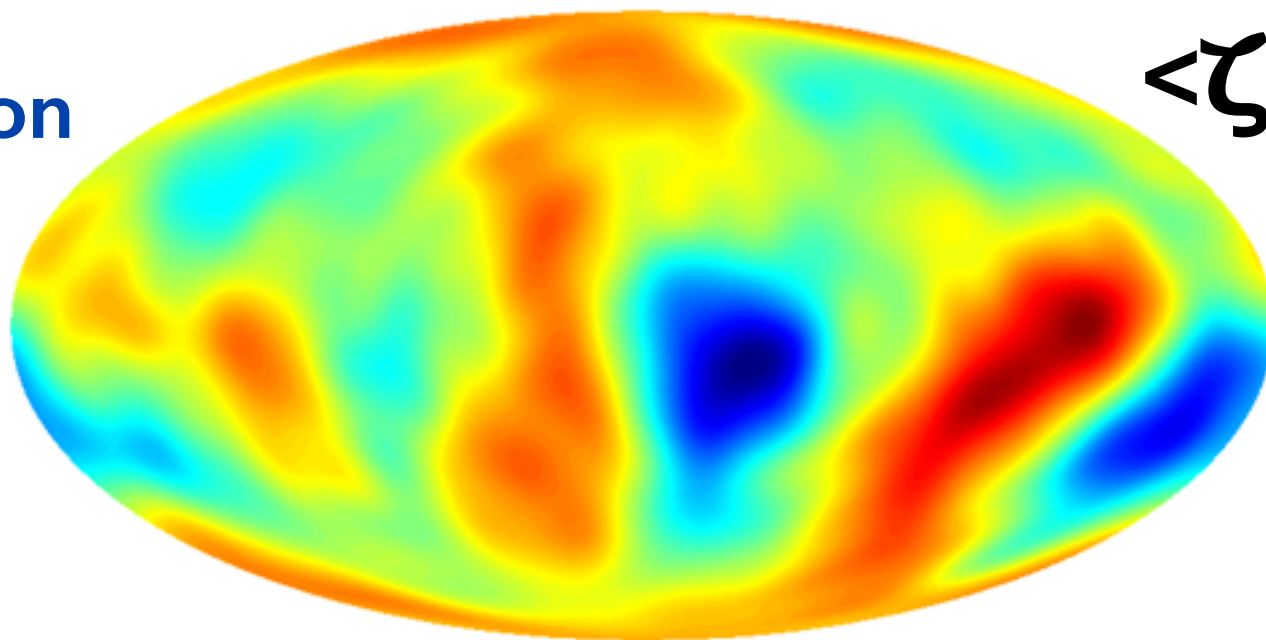
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

no WMAP T 'COLD' SPOT



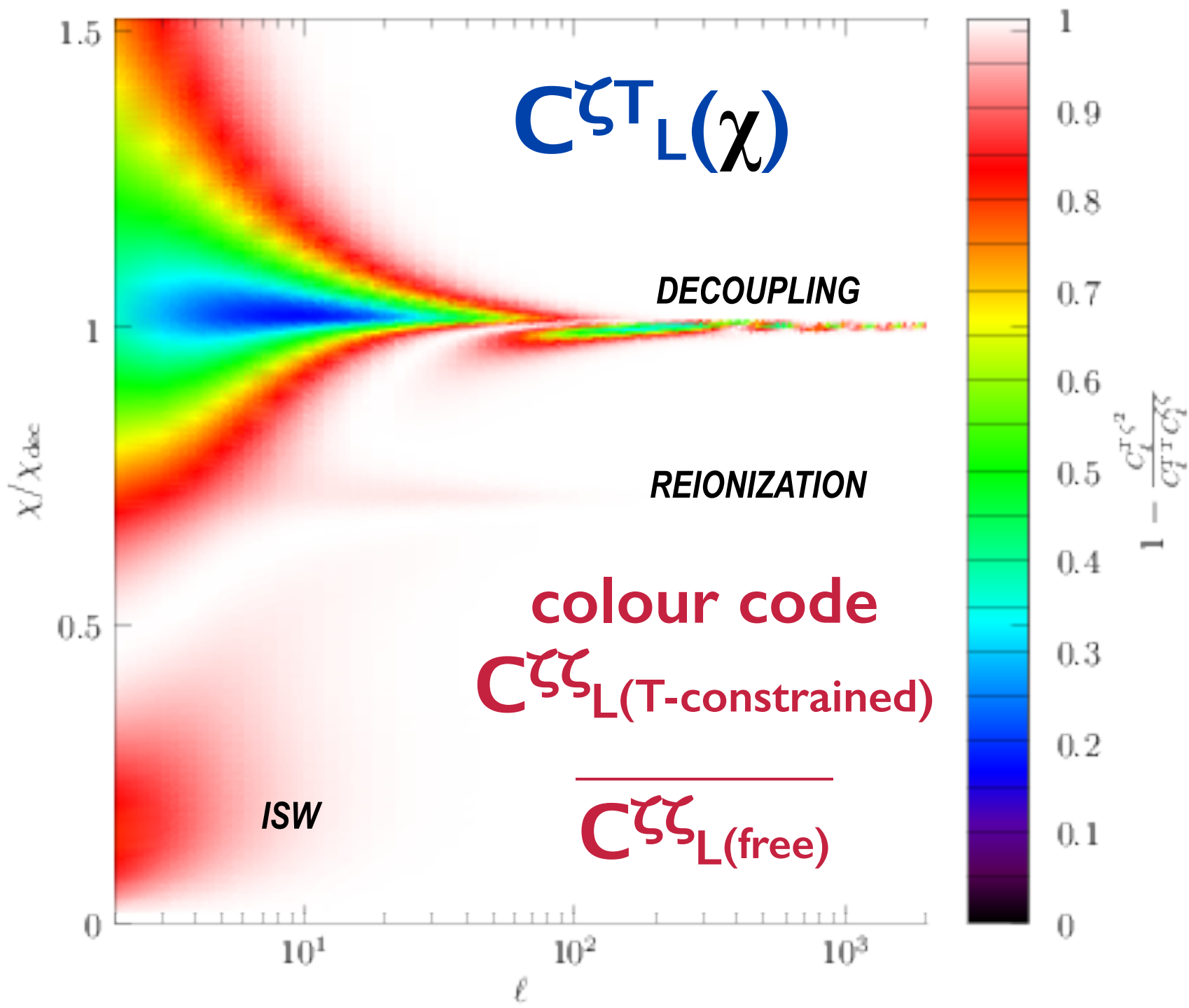
$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 20$$



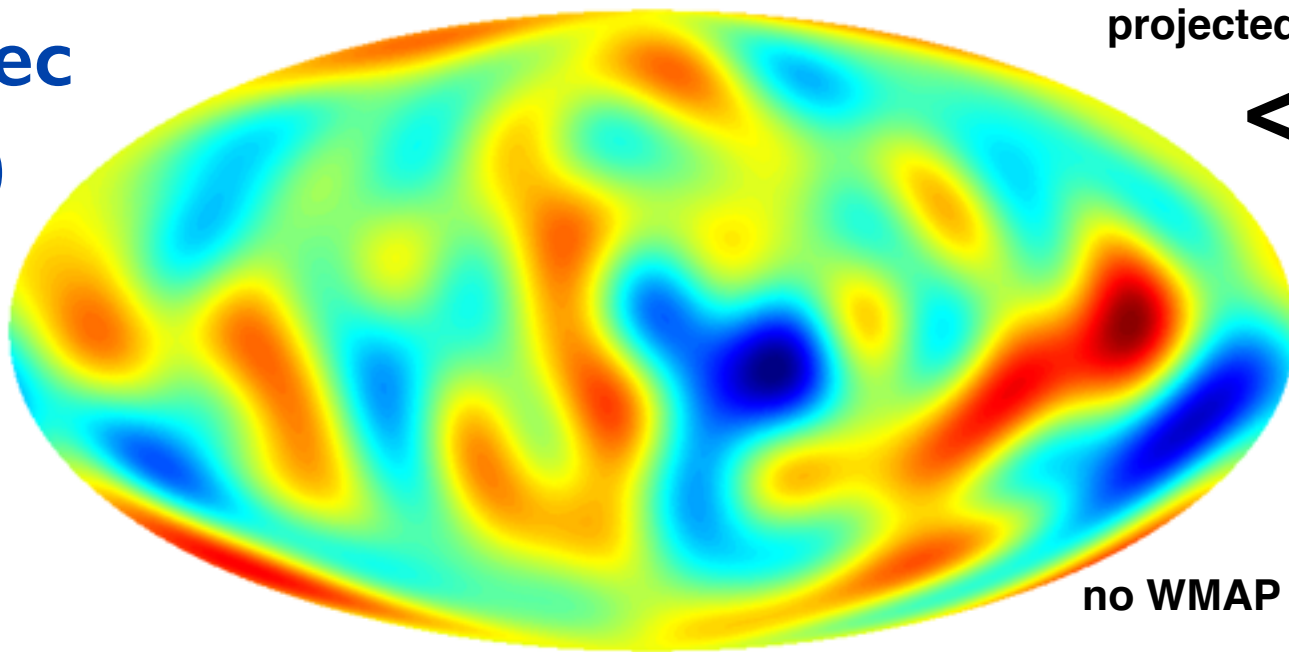
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$





$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{dec}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 10$$



projected curvature map

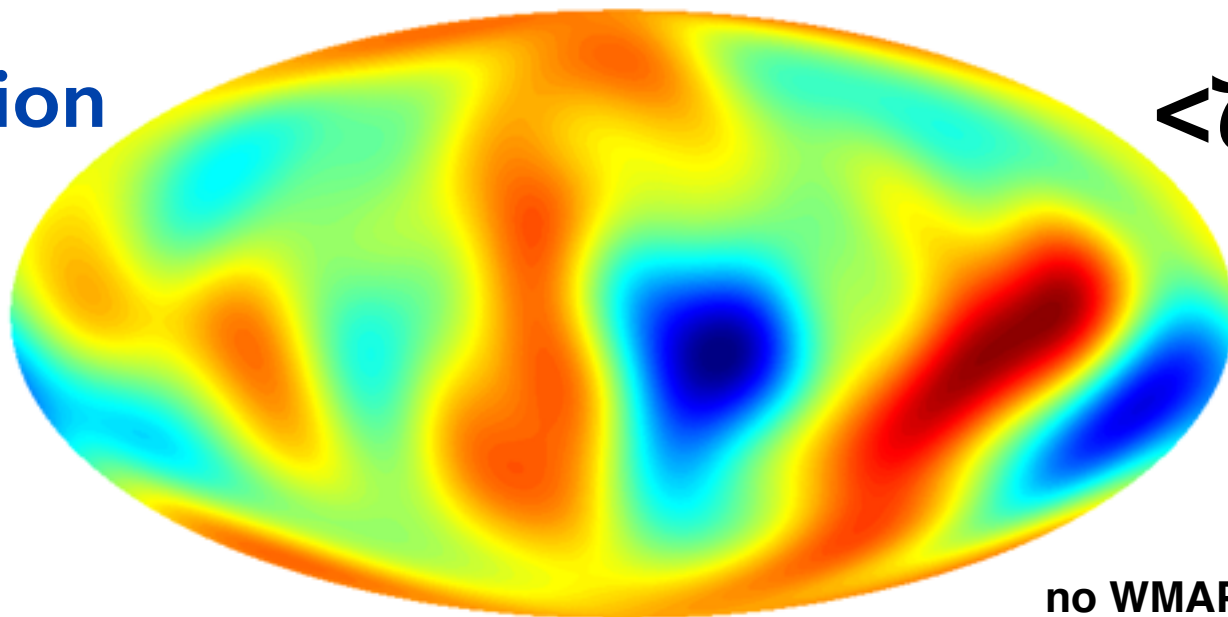
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

no WMAP T COLD SPOT



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 10$$



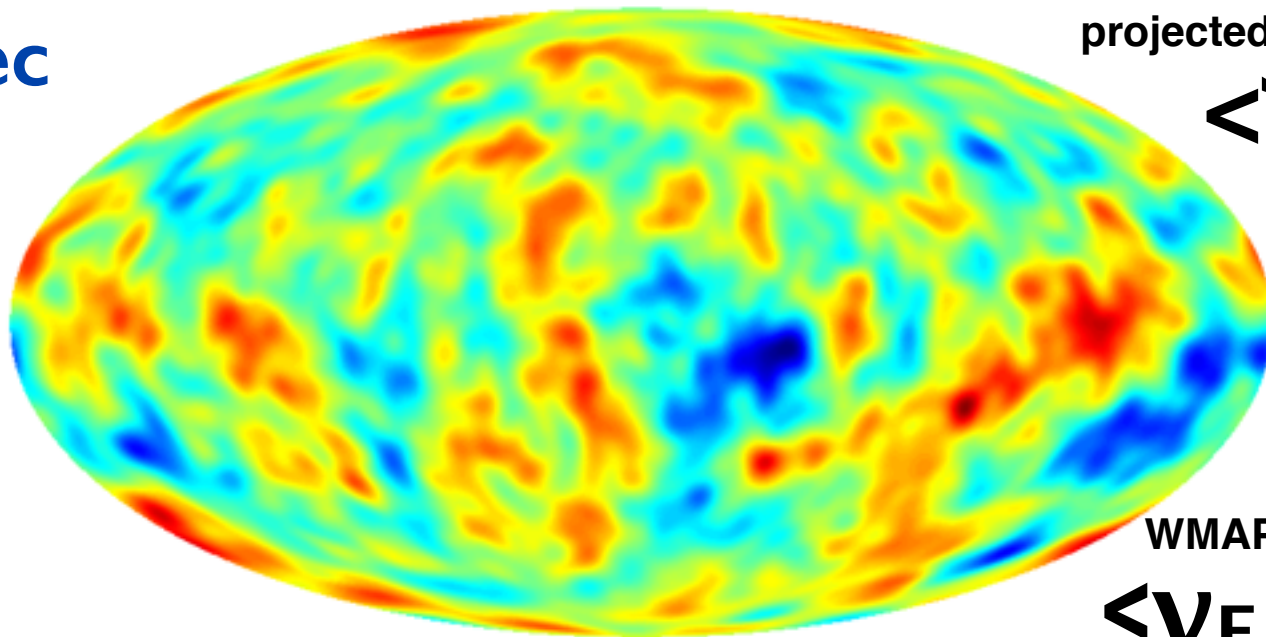
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

no WMAP T COLD SPOT



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{dec}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 60$$



projected curvature map

$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

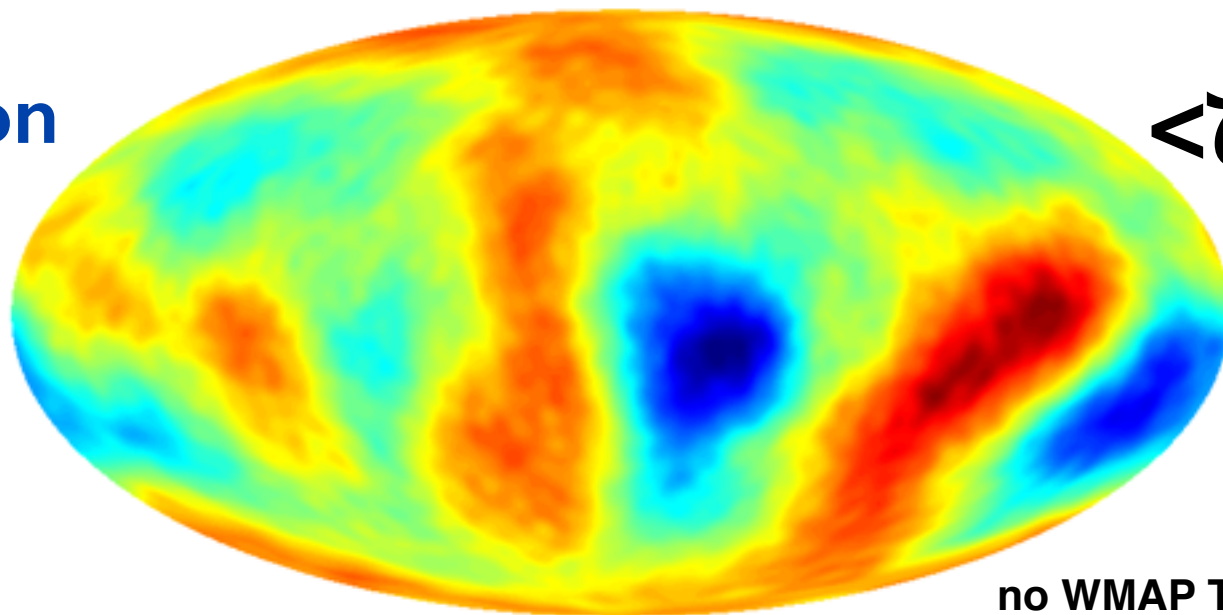
WMAP T COLD SPOT

$$\langle v_E | v_T \rangle \sim 2$$



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 60$$



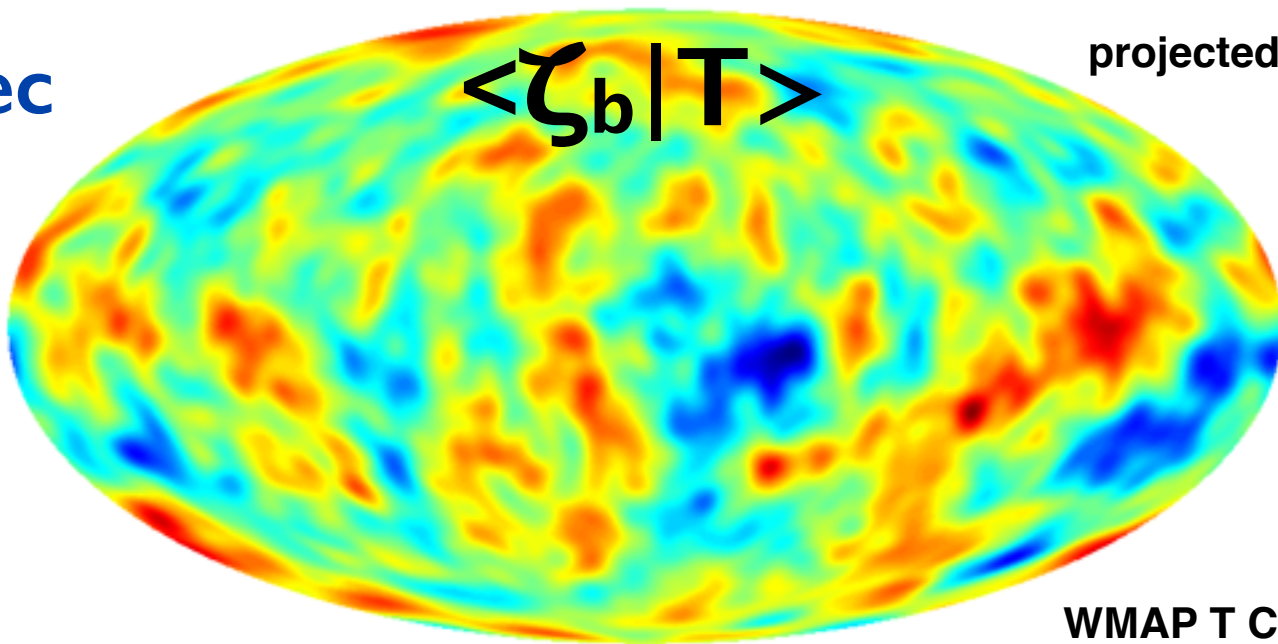
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

no WMAP T COLD SPOT



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{dec}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 60$$



projected curvature map

$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$

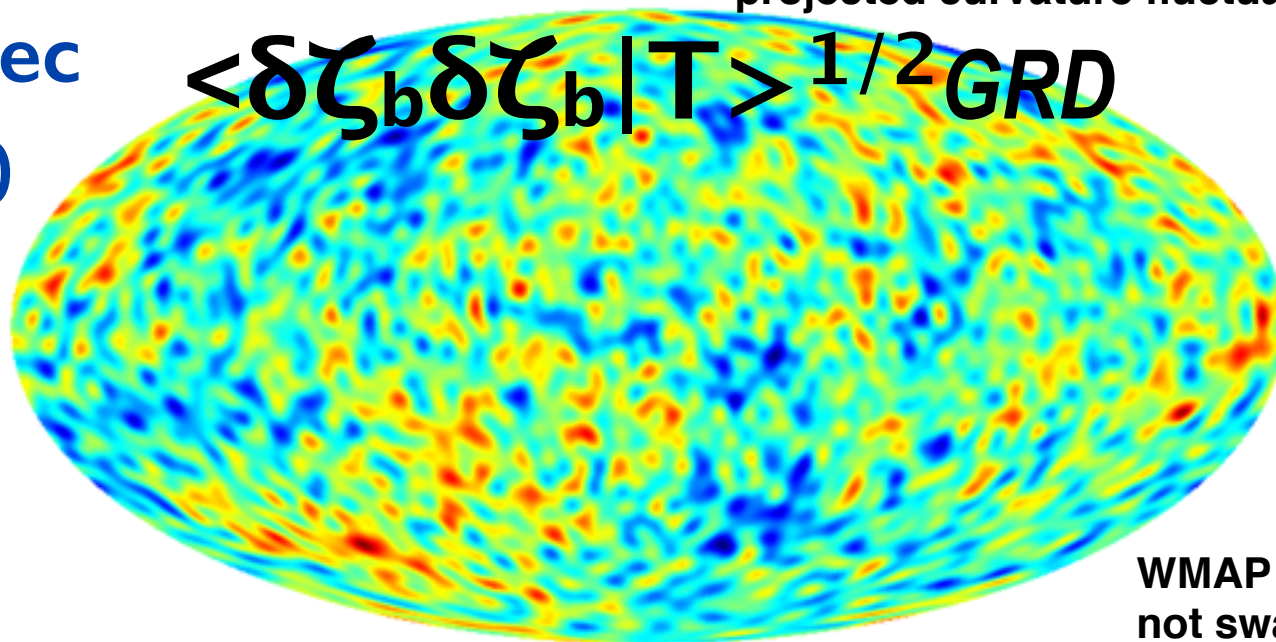
WMAP T COLD SPOT



projected curvature fluctuation realization

$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{dec}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 60$$



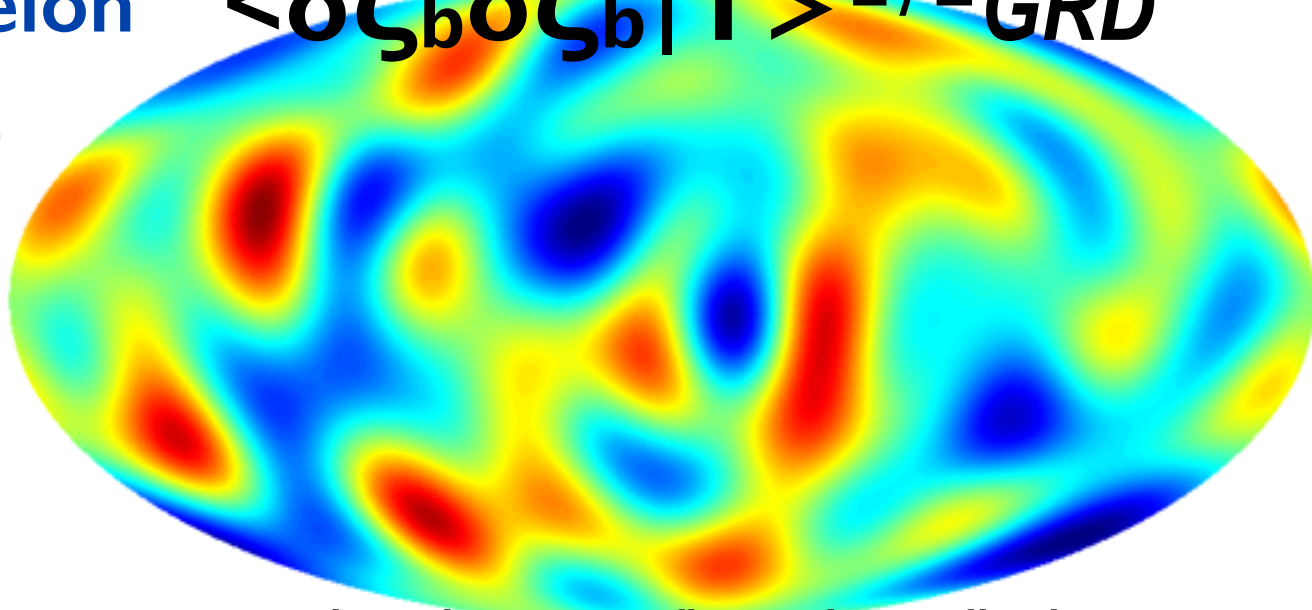
$$\langle \delta \zeta_b \delta \zeta_b | T \rangle^{1/2} \text{GRD}$$

WMAP T COLD SPOT
not swamped by flucs



$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}} \quad \langle \delta\zeta_b \delta\zeta_b | T \rangle^{1/2} \text{GRD}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 10$$



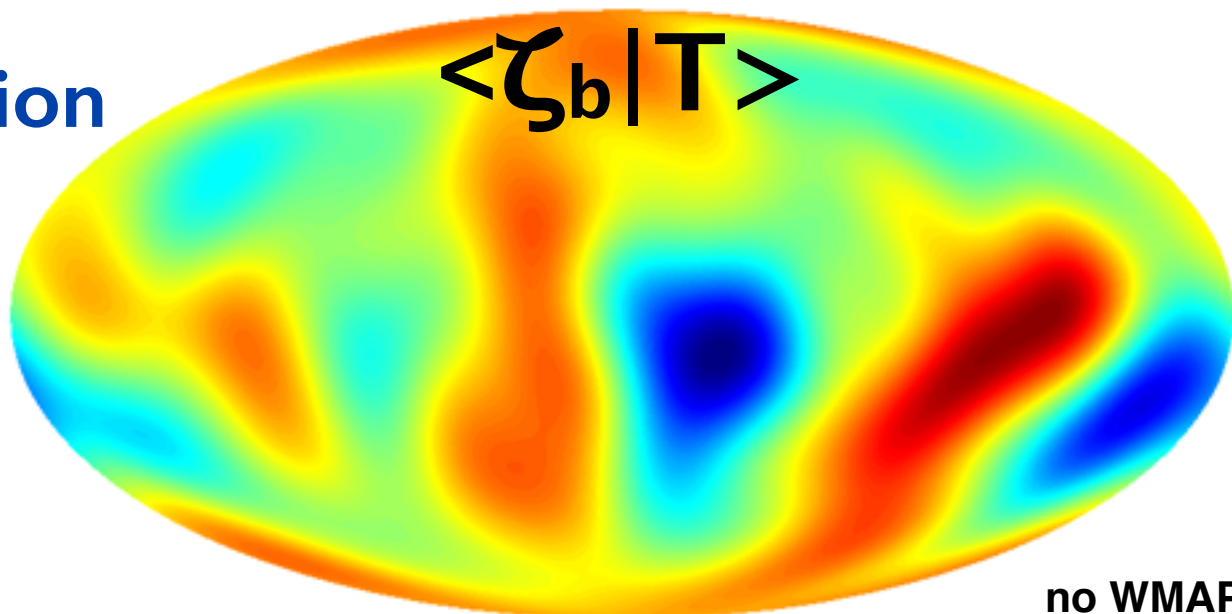
projected curvature fluctuation realization



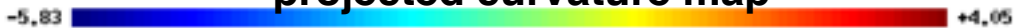
$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$L_{\text{cut}} = 10$$

$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$



projected curvature map



no WMAP T COLD SPOT

Power Deviation from fiducial $\langle \zeta | T \rangle \langle \zeta | T \rangle + \langle \delta \zeta \delta \zeta | T \rangle - \langle \zeta \zeta | \text{free} \rangle$
byproduct, cf. quadratic $P_{\zeta\zeta}$ reconstruction, extra C_s/C_{tot} & regularizer $P^{(i)}_{\zeta\zeta}$

Wiener-filtered anisotropic stress maps, pks & E-pol

from $\langle \zeta_{LM} c,s(\chi) | a_{LM} c,s \rangle$ reconstruct

(1) *actual* Wiener **T_{dec} map** at decoupling (not T_{now})

(2) *actual* Wiener **anisotropic photon stress-tensor** (aka quadrupole) **at** χ_{dec} **to correlate with E-pol** (\sim sources E)

=> novel **Peaks** (eigen-**P_Tpeaks**), statistics, **mean fields**, stacks

“analytic” results exist or derivable, *a la* BE87, BM96, BKP97

complications: other cosmic parameters fixed at maxL value; inhomogeneous generalized noise enters Wiener filters; is error assessment with FFPn adequate?; de-lensing; ...

simple proxy for $\langle (\nabla^{-2} \nabla_i \nabla_j - \delta_{ij}/2) T_{\text{dec}} | T_{\text{now}} \rangle$ anisotropic

stress: if direct transport from χ_{dec} then $(\nabla^{-2} \nabla_i \nabla_j - \delta_{ij}/2) T_{\text{now}}$

decompose into **Q_T U_T E_T E_T P_T ψ _T** akin to **Q U E P ψ** , with enhanced peak-stacking correlations, oriented stacks

some work on this, reported by Frolov HFI-CT 13.06

primordial sub-dominant **intermittent nonGaussianity**

Bond, Frolov, Huang, Braden

phonon $\sim \zeta_{NL} = \ln(\rho a^{3(1+w)})/3(1+w) \sim$ scalar curvature @ uniform density

$$\zeta_{NL}(x) = \zeta_G(x) + f_{NL}^* (\zeta_G^2(x) - \langle \zeta_G^2 \rangle) \Rightarrow f_{NL}^* = 3/5 f_{NL} - 1$$

$\zeta_{NL}(x) = \zeta_G(x) + F_{NL}(\chi_G)$, inflaton ζ_G & uncorrelated isocon χ_G

F_{NL} = local non-G from modulated preheating caustics

= a multiple-line spectrum: spacing = Lyapunov instability

coefficient, strength by ?, blending by $\psi_{G,HF}$ marginalization

a weak quadratic non-G regime \Rightarrow translate f_{NL}^* constraint

& a strong non-G regime \Leftarrow super-bias of the ζ -web

F_{NL} generic if isocon ψ_G is light & inflaton-coupled

\Rightarrow search for localized low L extended-sources

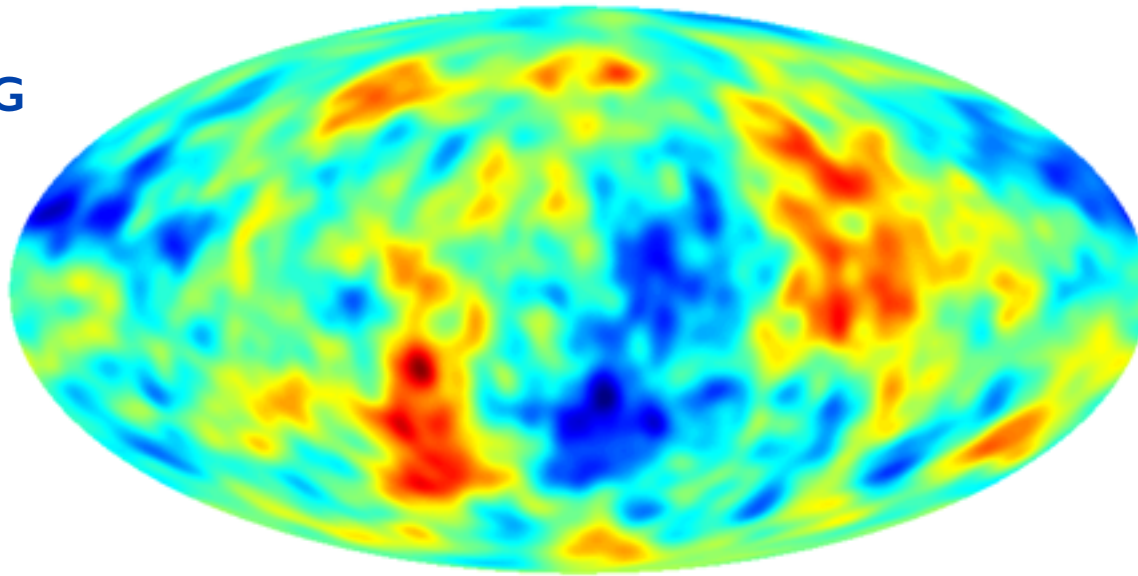
\Rightarrow **CONSTRUCTING INTERMITTENT CMB MAPS**

“realistic” lattice-computed smoothed F_{NL}

Gaussian lines (cf. BBKS threshold functions, $> \chi_{crit}$)

typical T map

T from ζ_G

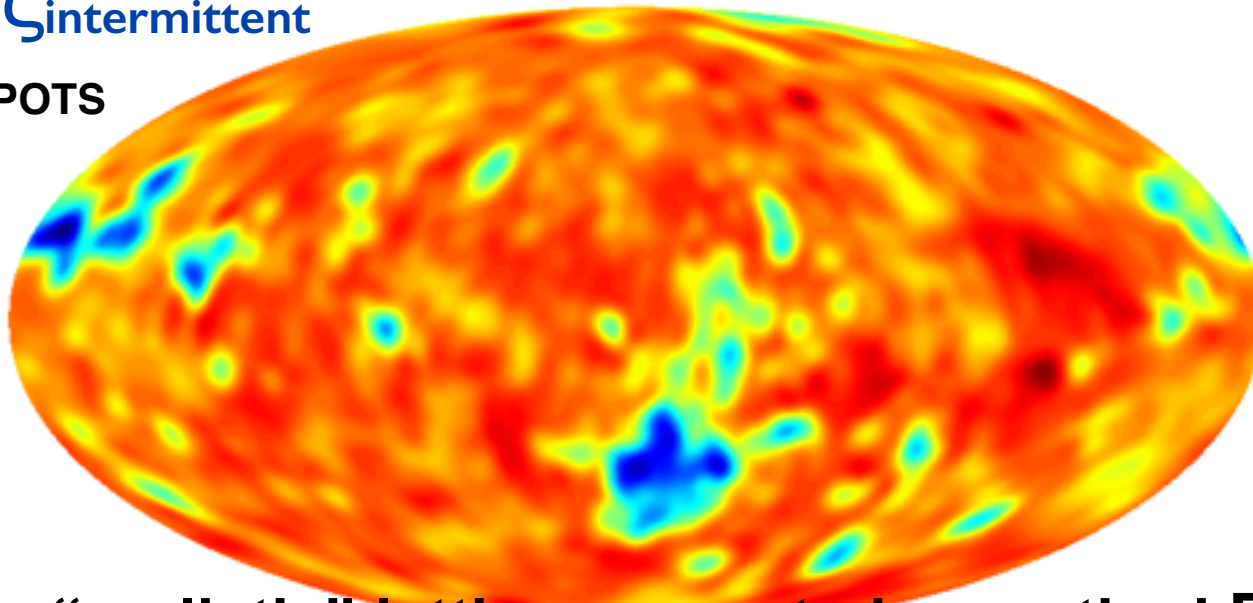


-173.  +170.

T from $\zeta_{\text{intermittent}}$

T from $\chi^2 = 42e-7$ and $r_{\text{ns},\chi^2}=3$

T COLD SPOTS

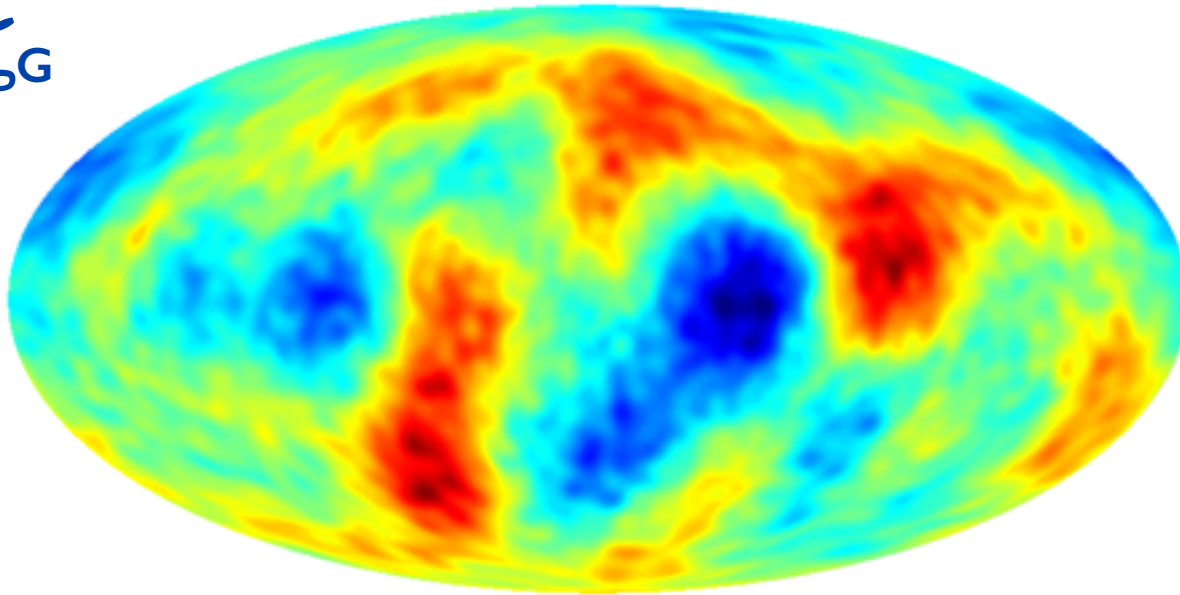


“realistic” lattice-computed smoothed F_{NL}

-3.99  +1.36

typical E map

E from ζ_G

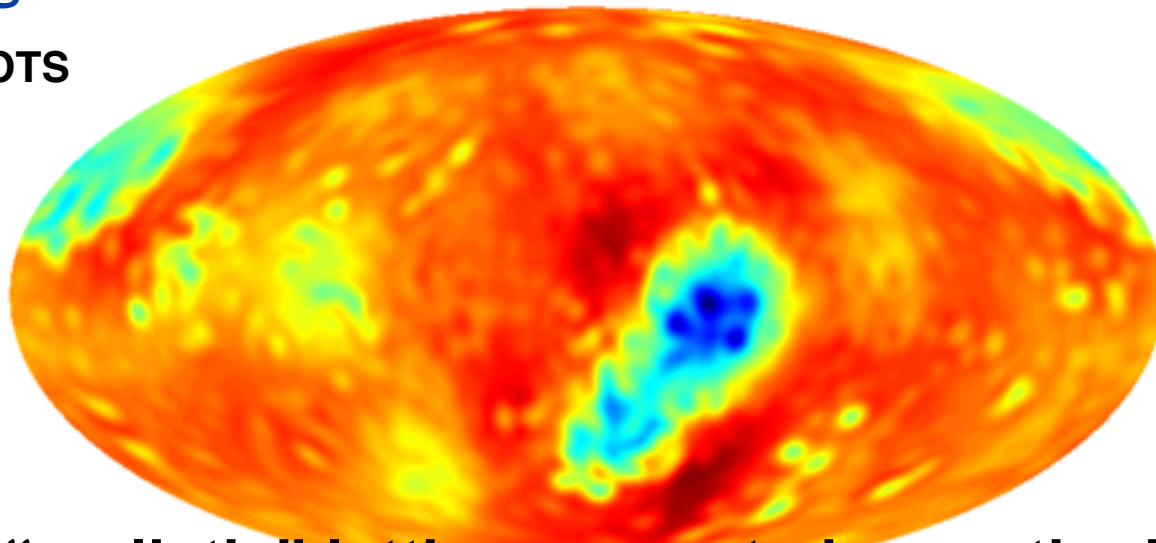


-1.12  +0.990

E from $\chi^2 = 42e-7$ and $rms_{\chi^2}=3$

E from $\zeta_{intermittent}$

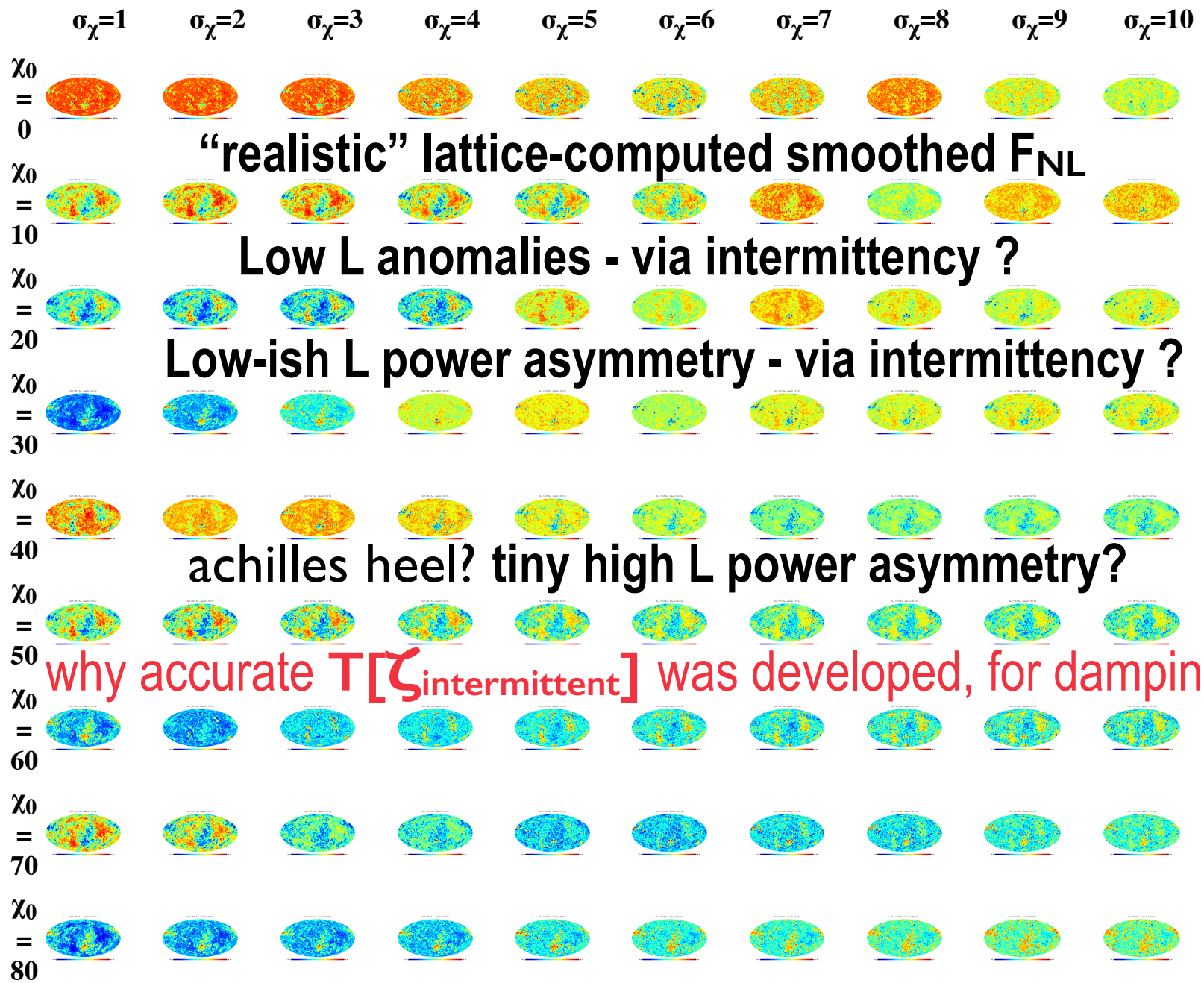
E COLD SPOTS



“realistic” lattice-computed smoothed F_{NL}

-2.335E-02  +7.939E-03

scan super-horizon $\chi_{>h}$ & (LSS/CMB smoothing) width); strength fixed by model
Unit $10^{-7} M_p$



“realistic” lattice-computed smoothed F_{NL}

Low L anomalies - via intermittency ?

Low-ish L power asymmetry - via intermittency ?

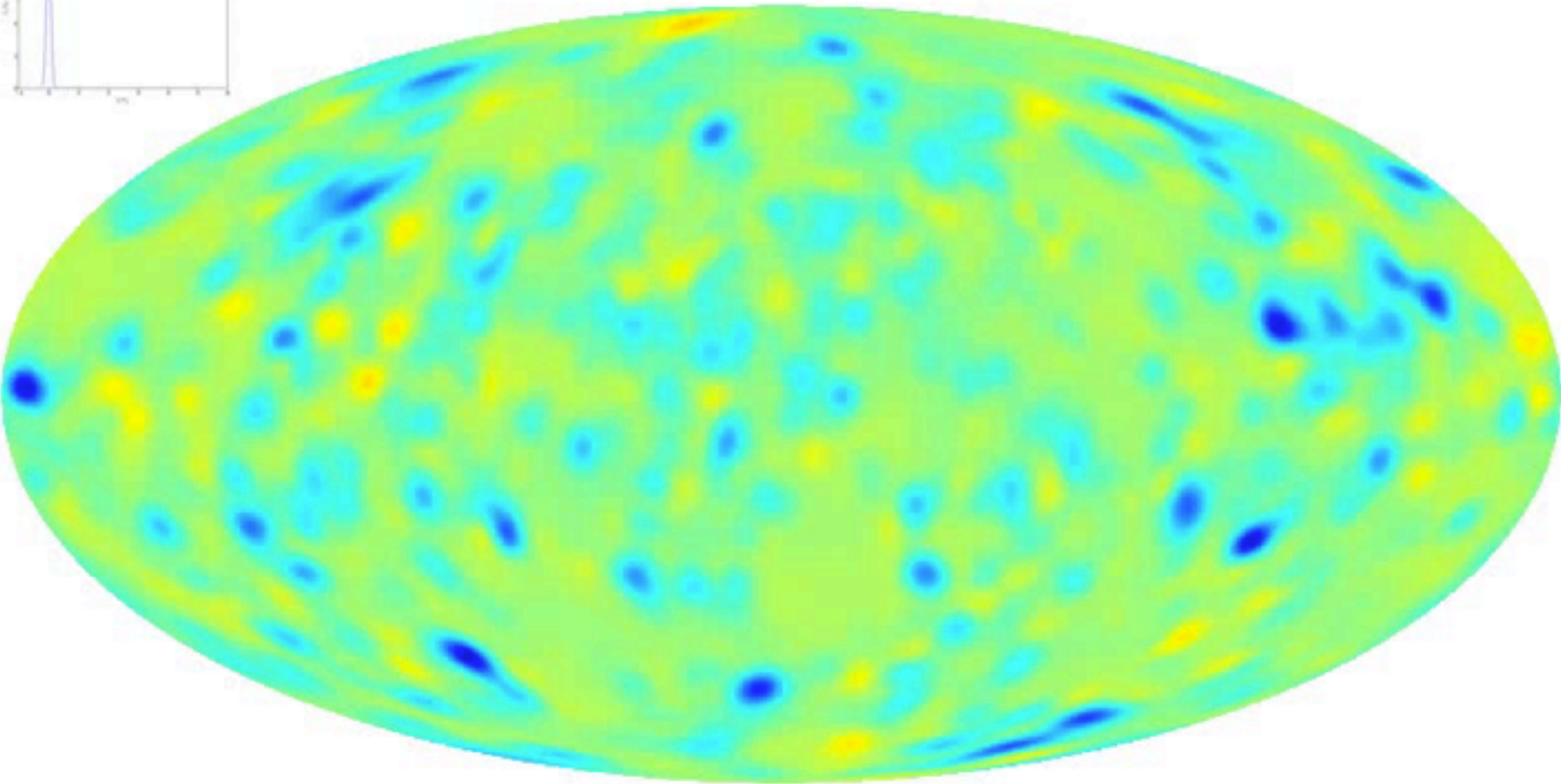
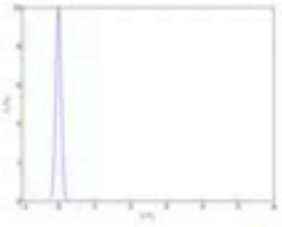
achilles heel? tiny high L power asymmetry?

why accurate $T[\zeta_{intermittent}]$ was developed, for damping etc.

END

phenomenological **Gaussian line**: scan super-horizon $\chi_{>h}$, width, strength

chi0/sigma = 0

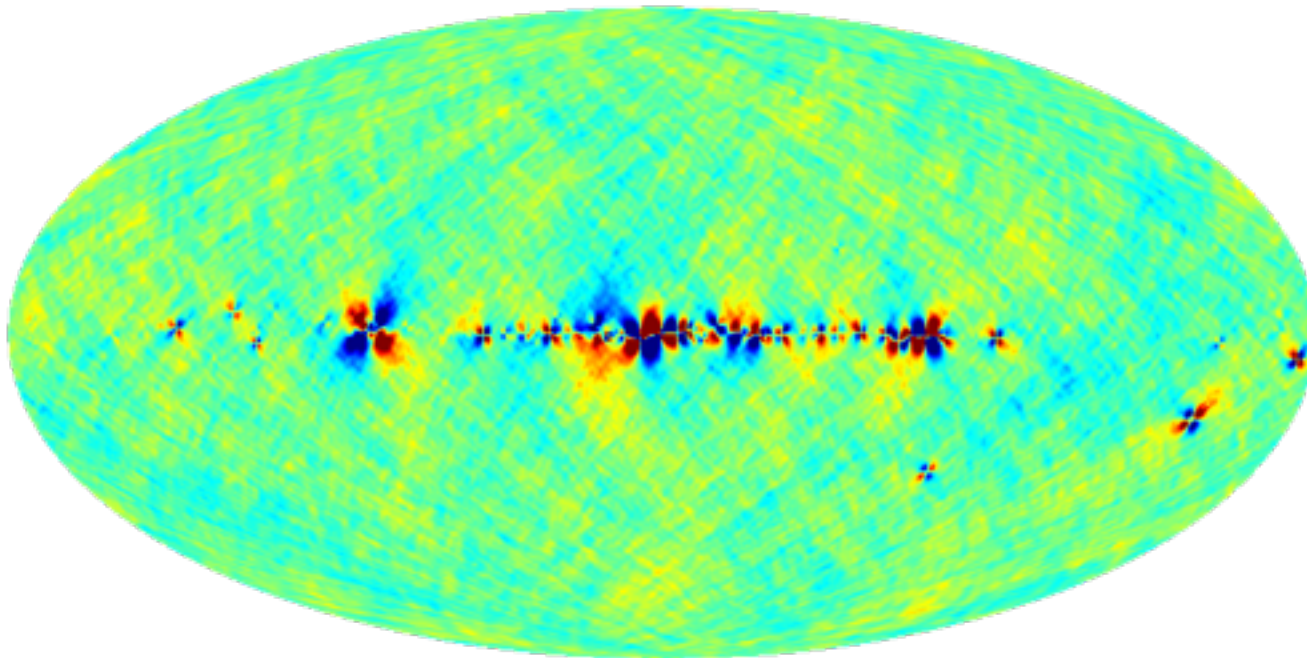


-120.



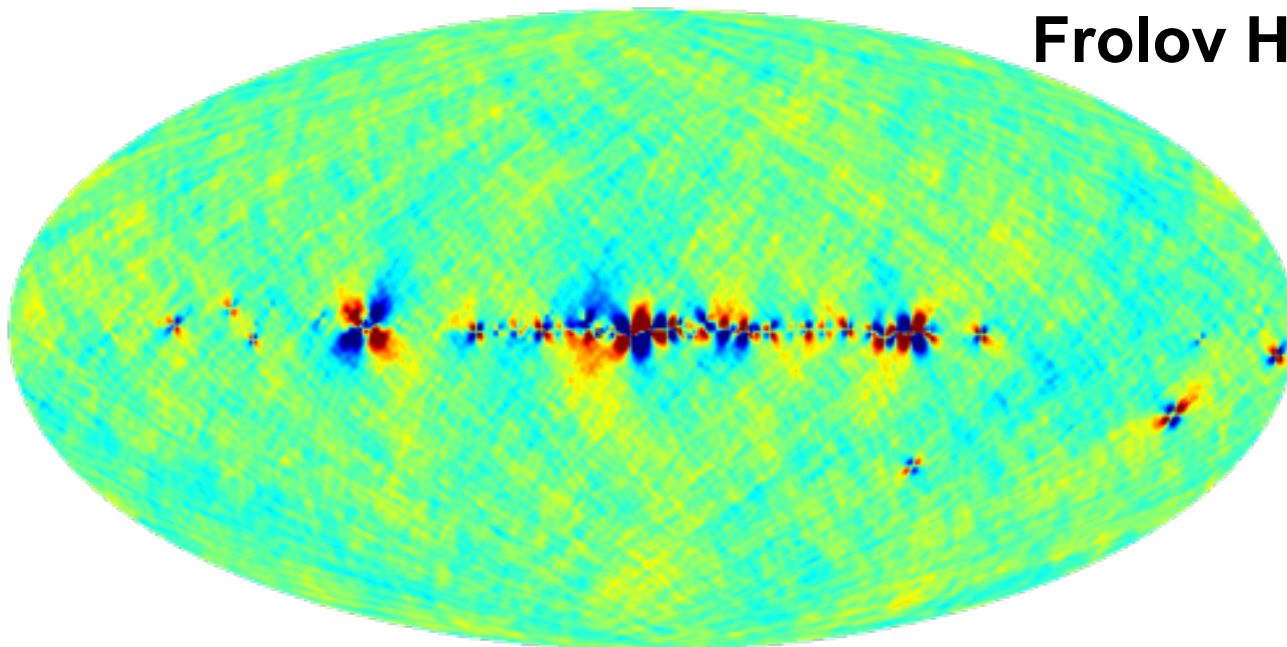
+120.

Q_T

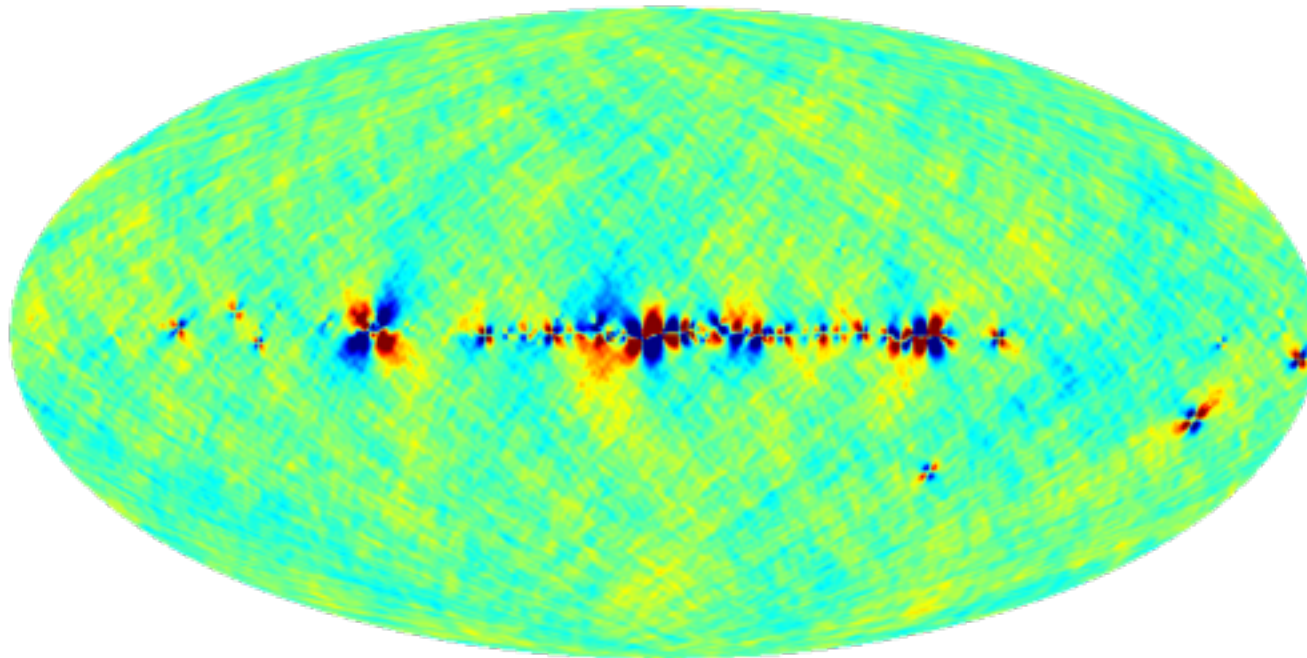


Frolov HFI-CT 13.06

U_T



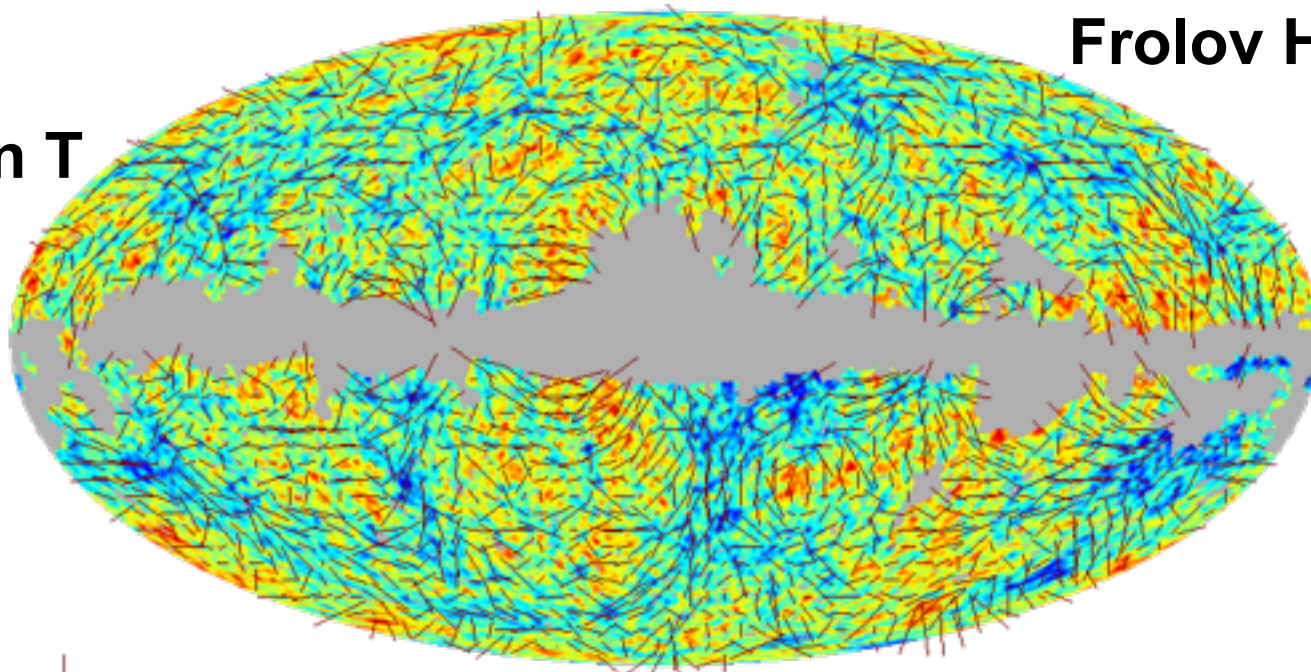
Q_T



-0.500  +0.500

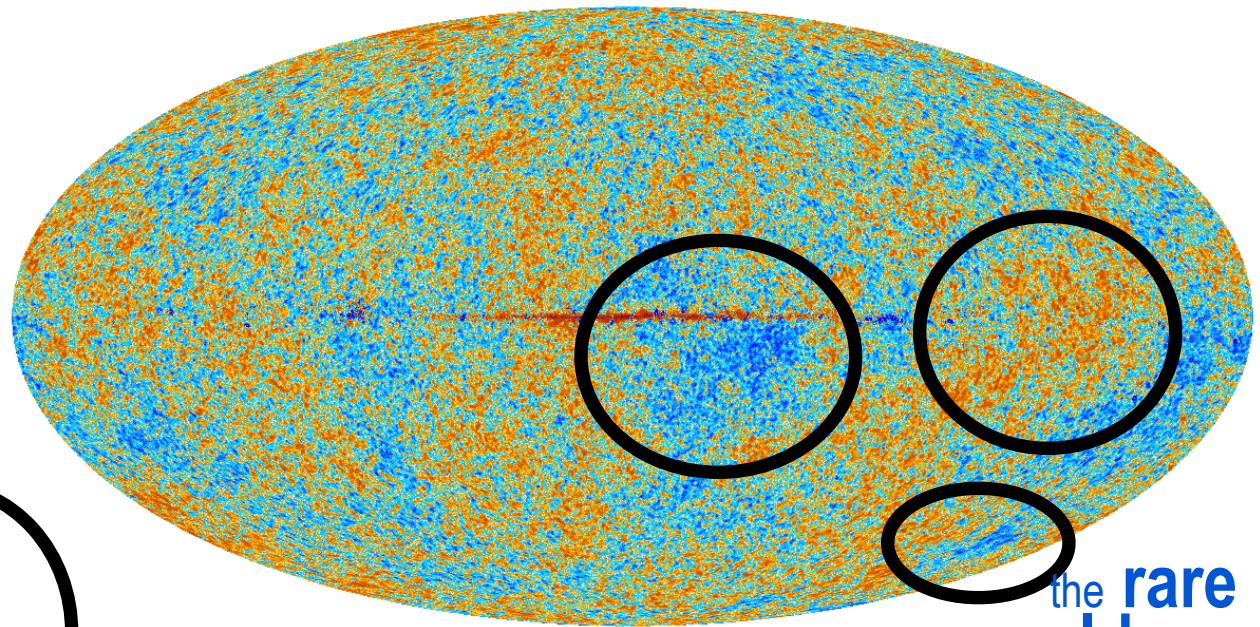
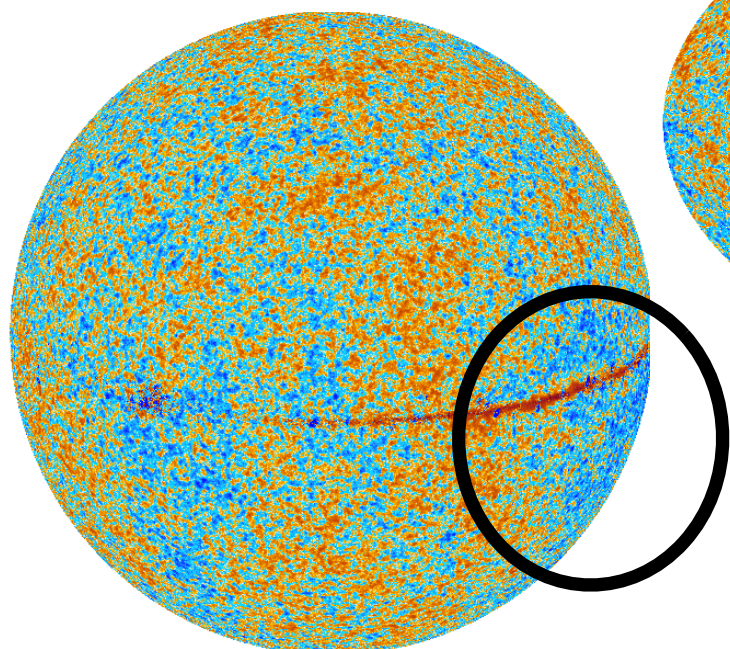
Frolov HFI-CT 13.06

$P_T \psi_T$ on T



0.22  -0.26 0.26

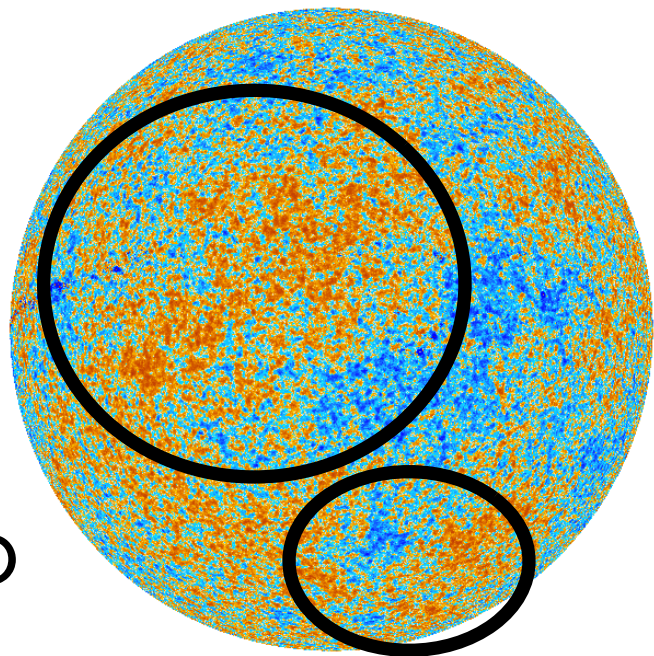
COMPLEXITY at $a \sim e^{-67}$?



the rare cold spot

WHITEN => MASK => FILTER BANK (SSG42 filter)
=> EXTRACT PEAKS (hierarchical peak patches)

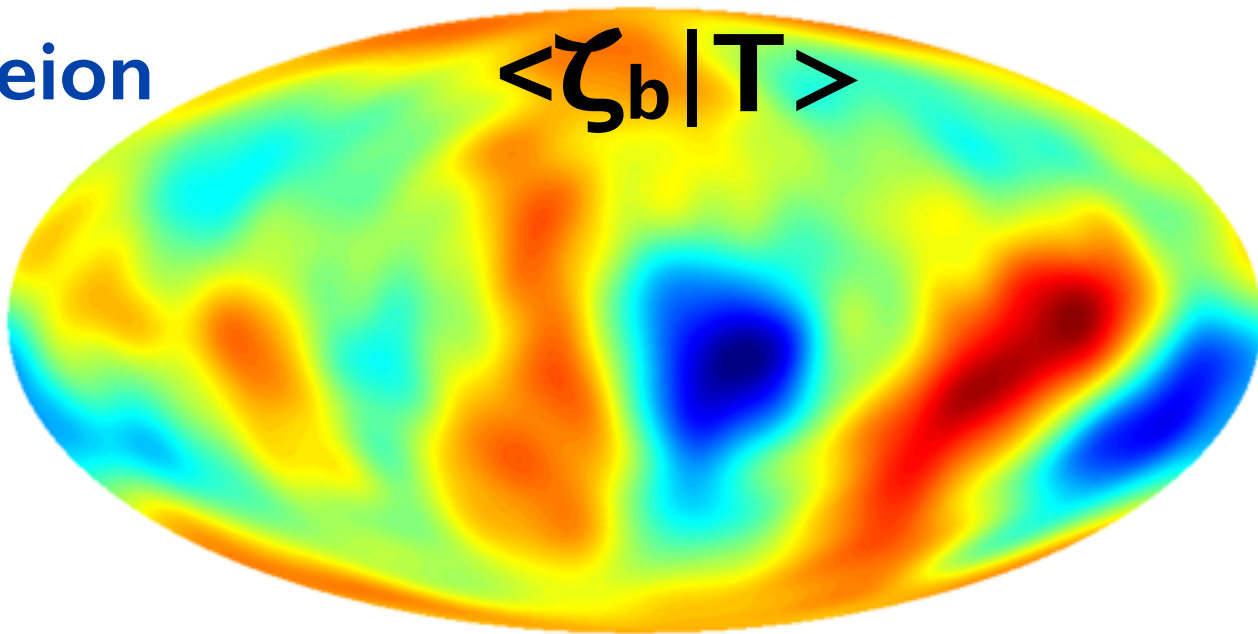
filter = extra dimension: scale space analysis ADS of our CFT
hot & cold peaks agree with BE87 Gaussian stats $n_{pk}(<v)$
PLANCK2013: 826', 105 peaks, coldest -4.97σ 1:497
WMAP7: 800', coldest -4.87σ significance 1:300



Grand Unified Theory of Anomalies TBD
Anomalies in Polarization? TBD

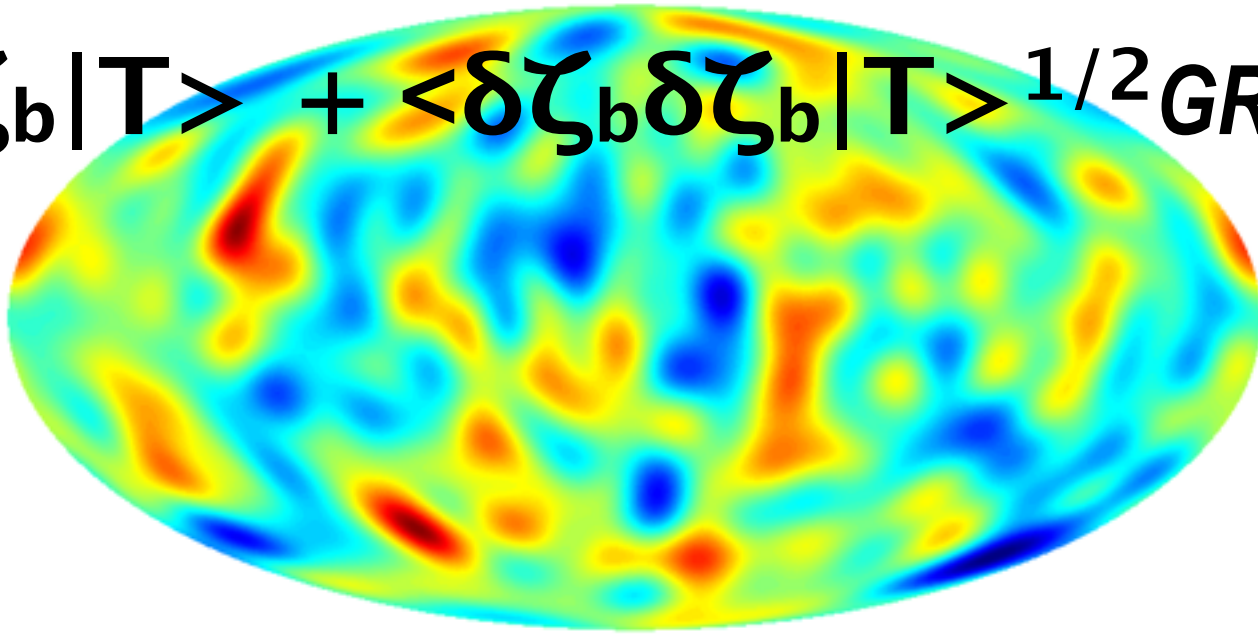
$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$



-5,93  +4,24

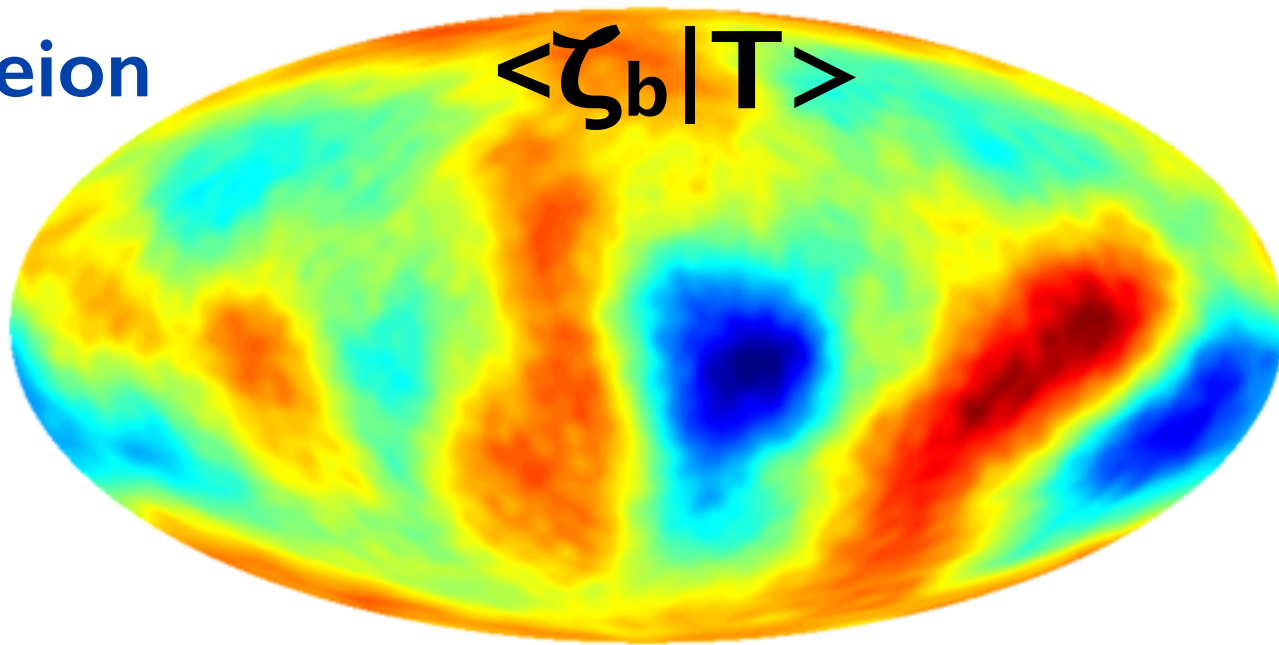
$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle + \langle \delta \zeta_b \delta \zeta_b | T \rangle^{1/2} GRD$$



-31,7  +31,5

$$\chi_b = \chi_{\text{reion}}$$

$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle$$



$$\langle \zeta_b | T \rangle + \langle \delta \zeta_b \delta \zeta_b | T \rangle^{1/2} GRD$$

