

Bond, Frolov, Huang, Braden 14a,b,c,...

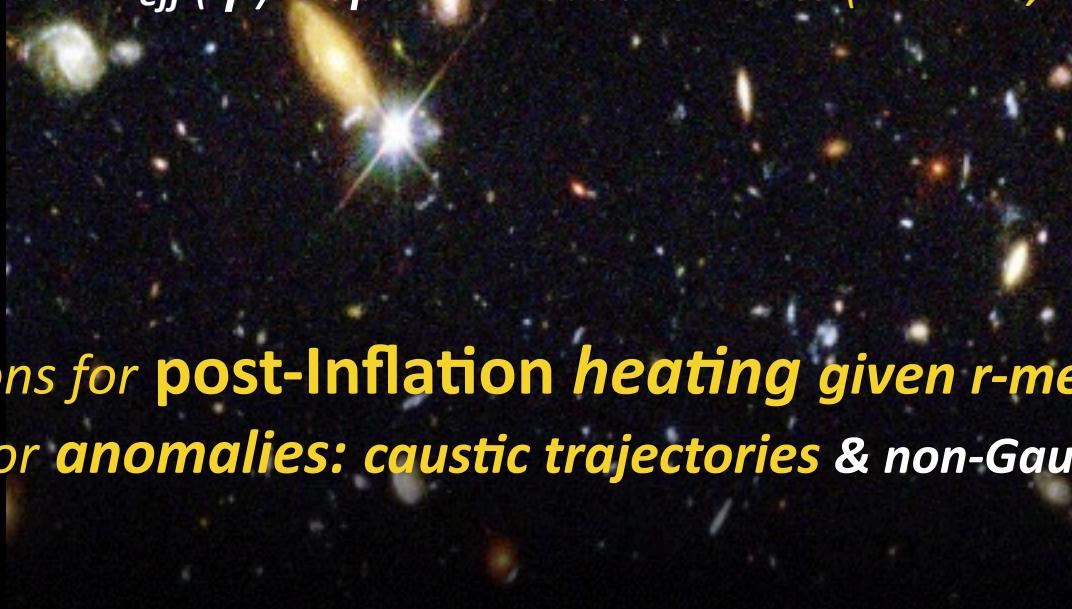
a **Map** is an **ensemble** = **mean-map** + **fluctuation-maps**, e.g.,

linear: $\langle T \rangle(\text{pixel}) + C^{TT}(\text{pix}, \text{pix}')^{1/2} GRD_{\text{pix}'}$, **quadratic:** $\langle C^{TT}_L \rangle + \langle \Delta C^{TT}_L \Delta C^{TT}_L \rangle GRD_L$,

Primordial Curvature/phonon-maps $\zeta = \ln a_{\text{com}}$ from the **CMB**

Linear: *Wiener-filtered* ζ_b *all-sky maps & stacking maps on (oriented) Peaks*

Quadratic: $P\zeta(k)$ *Power Spectra maps, Acceleration History* $\epsilon(\ln a)$ *maps & Inflaton Potential* $V_{\text{eff}}(\phi)$ *maps if r-measurements* (*BICEP2, Planck, Spider, AdvACT,..*)



Implications for post-Inflation heating given r-measurements?

Implications for anomalies: caustic trajectories & non-Gaussian Intermittency

CMB Polarization Q,U,E,B & Temperature Stacking maps on (oriented) T-Peaks

Super-duper LSS & the Super-WEB

aka the
gravitational potential web Φ_N
 \sim primordial 3-curvature web

phonon $\sim \zeta_{NL} = \ln(\rho a^{3(1+w)})/3(1+w) \sim \nabla^2$ scalar curvature @ iso-density

$= \text{Trace}(\alpha|_H)$ sb90 aka $\text{Trace}(\alpha|_{\text{com}})$

cf. the density web \sim strain web

$$dX^i(r,t) = \exp(\alpha) J^j(r,t) dr_{eq}^j$$

$\Phi_N \Rightarrow -\text{Trace}(\alpha|_{NL, \text{longitudinal}})$ with no anisotropic stress

$\Phi_N \Rightarrow -3/5(D(t)/a(t)) \text{Tr}\alpha$ if linear (low L ISW) $2 \frac{d\Phi_N}{dt}$

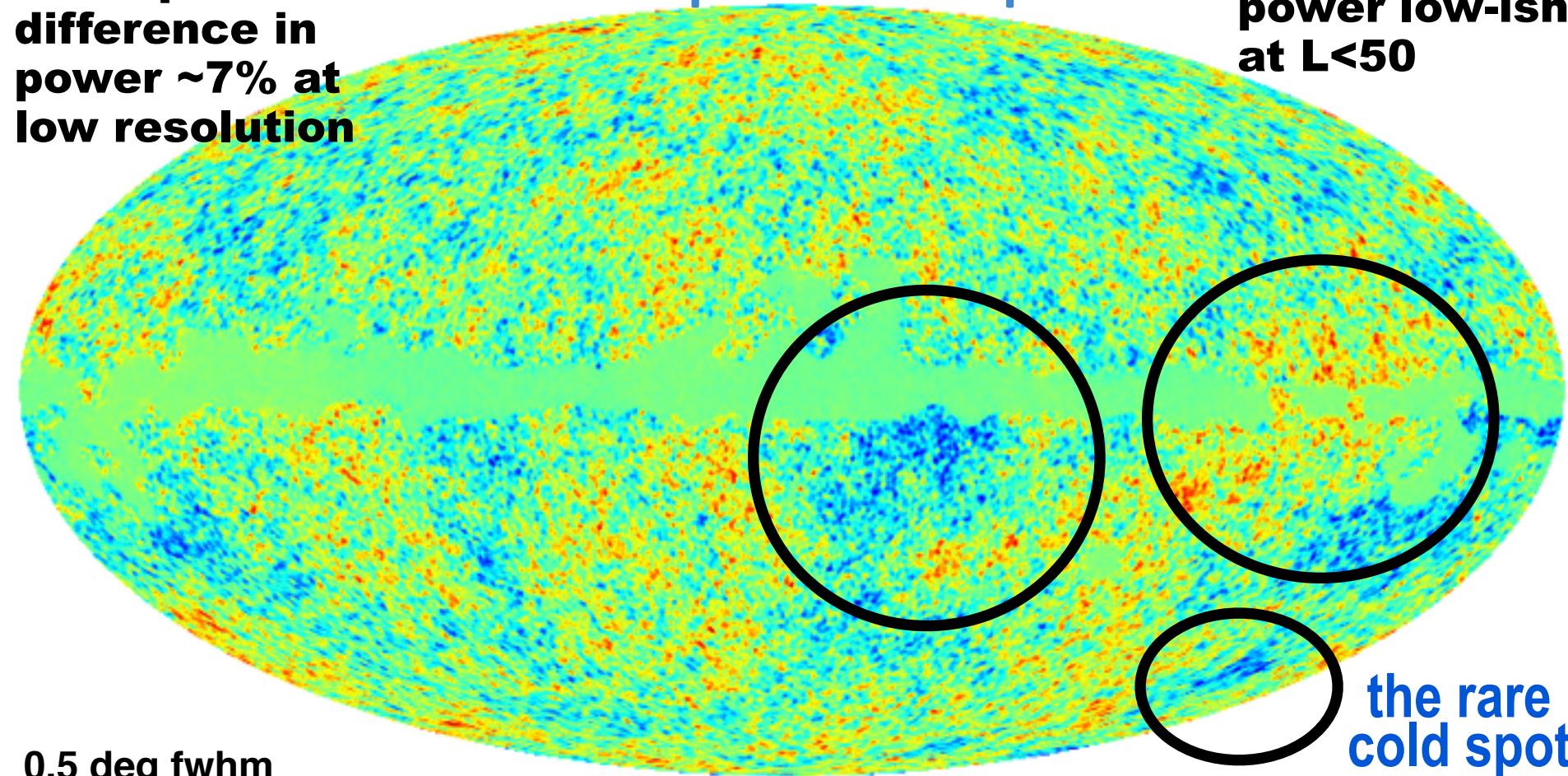
Gaussian to high precision for high multipole,
anomalies at low multipoles, non-Gaussian, anisotropic
anomalies => inflation COMPLEXITY at $t \sim 10^{-36}$ seconds?

hemisphere difference in power ~7% at low resolution

mean temperature, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 30 arcmin,

temperature map

power low-ish at $L < 50$



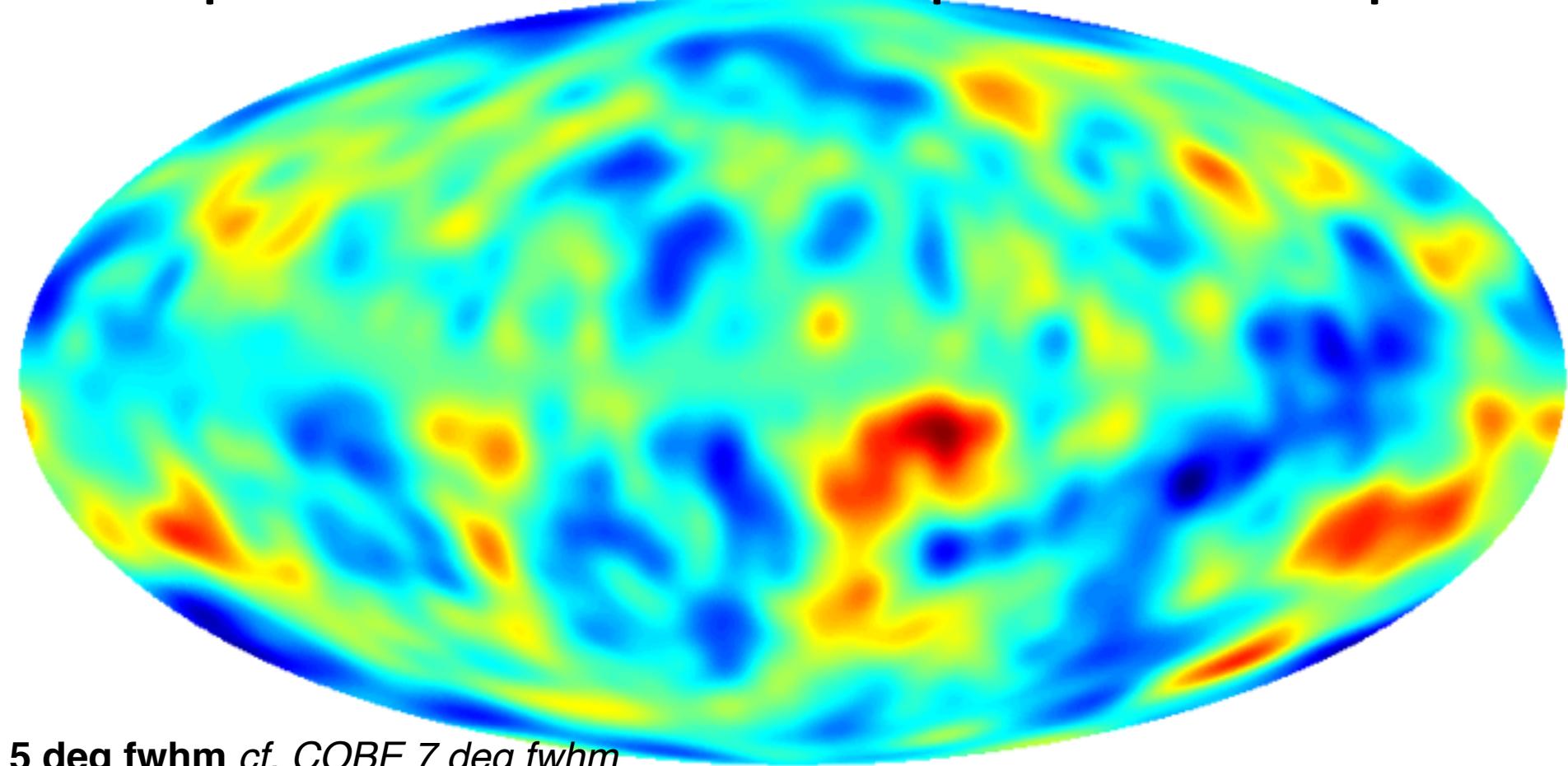
Grand Unified Theory of Anomalies? TBD
intermittent strain-power bursts (in curvature)?

reveals map of primordial isotropic strain /phonons

$\int d\text{visibility}(\text{distance}) \langle \text{Trace}(\mathbf{a}) | \text{Temp} \rangle$ (angles, distance)

mean zeta, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 300 arcmin,

=> primordial scalar curvature map of the inflation epoch



5 deg fwhm cf. COBE 7 deg fwhm

-2.94

+3.58

Reconstructing the Early Universe

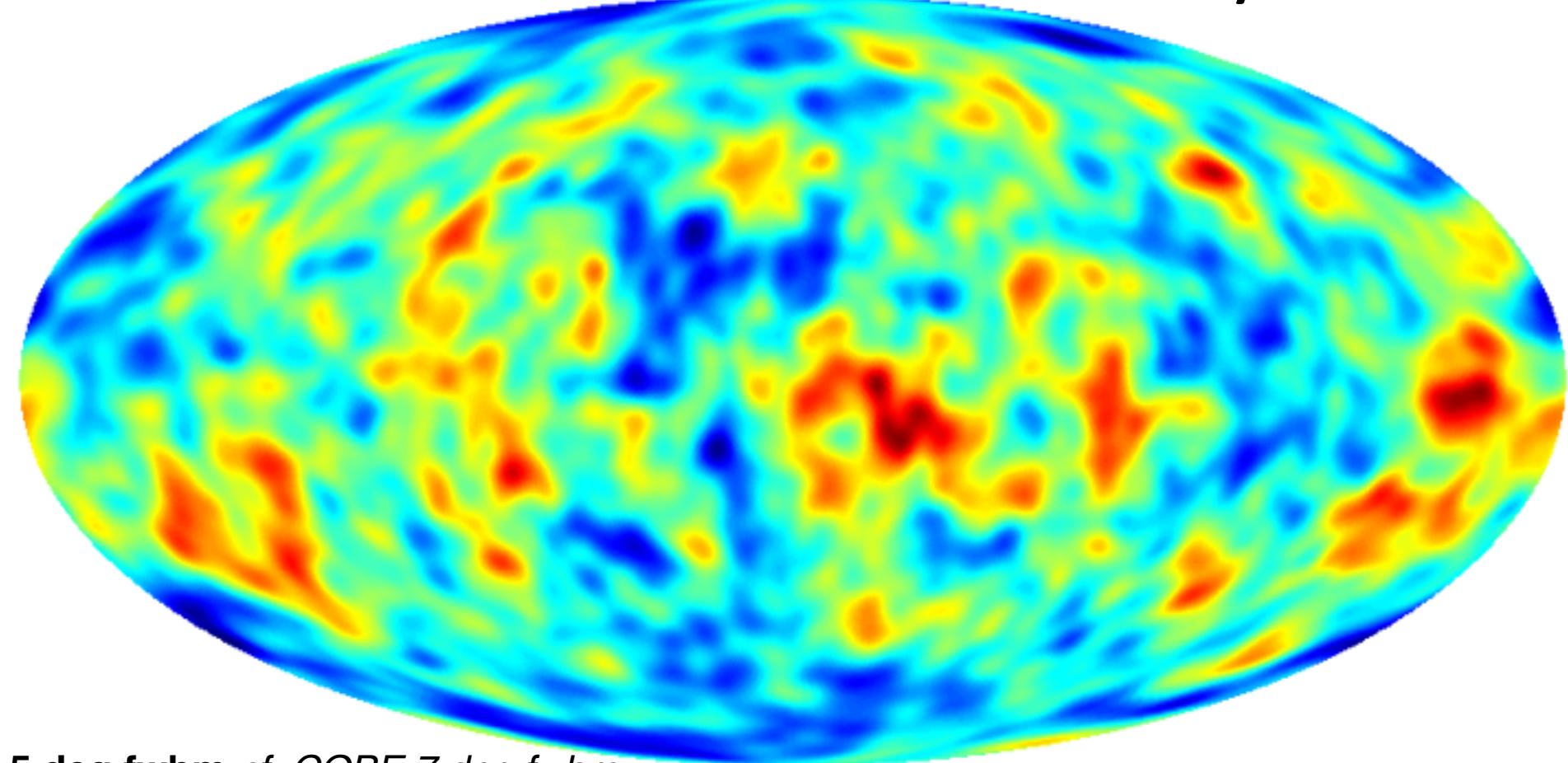
visibility mask

reveals map of primordial isotropic strain /phonons

$$\text{d} \mathbf{visibility}(distance) <\mathbf{Trace}(\alpha)|Temp> + \delta\mathbf{Trace}(\alpha)$$

one realization of fullsky zeta, fwhm = 300 arcmin

=> but allowed fluctuations make it noisy



5 deg fwhm cf. COBE 7 deg fwhm



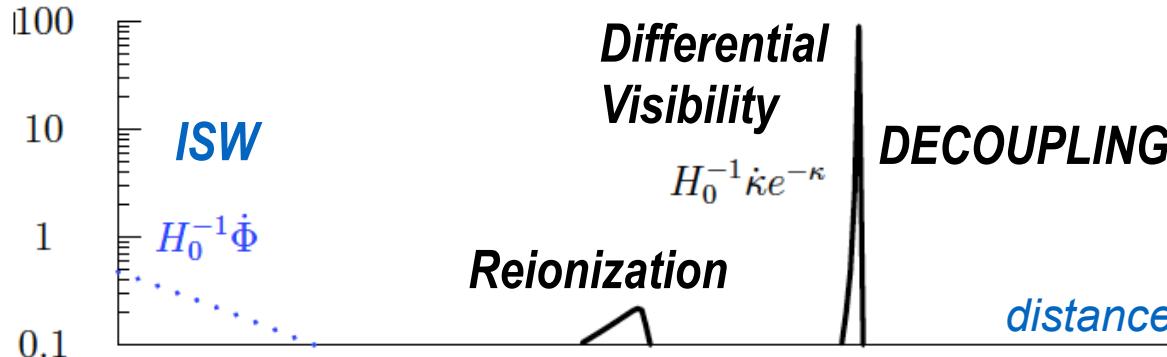
Reconstructing the Early Universe

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$$\delta \text{visibility}(\text{distance}) <\text{Trace}(\alpha)|\text{Temp}> + \delta \text{Trace}(\alpha)$$

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CMB-probe no tomography (*radial distance (redshift)*):

CMB-probe ~ differential visibility

at decoupling/recombination (all L)

reionization/reheating (low L)

CMB-probe ~ changing gravitational potential

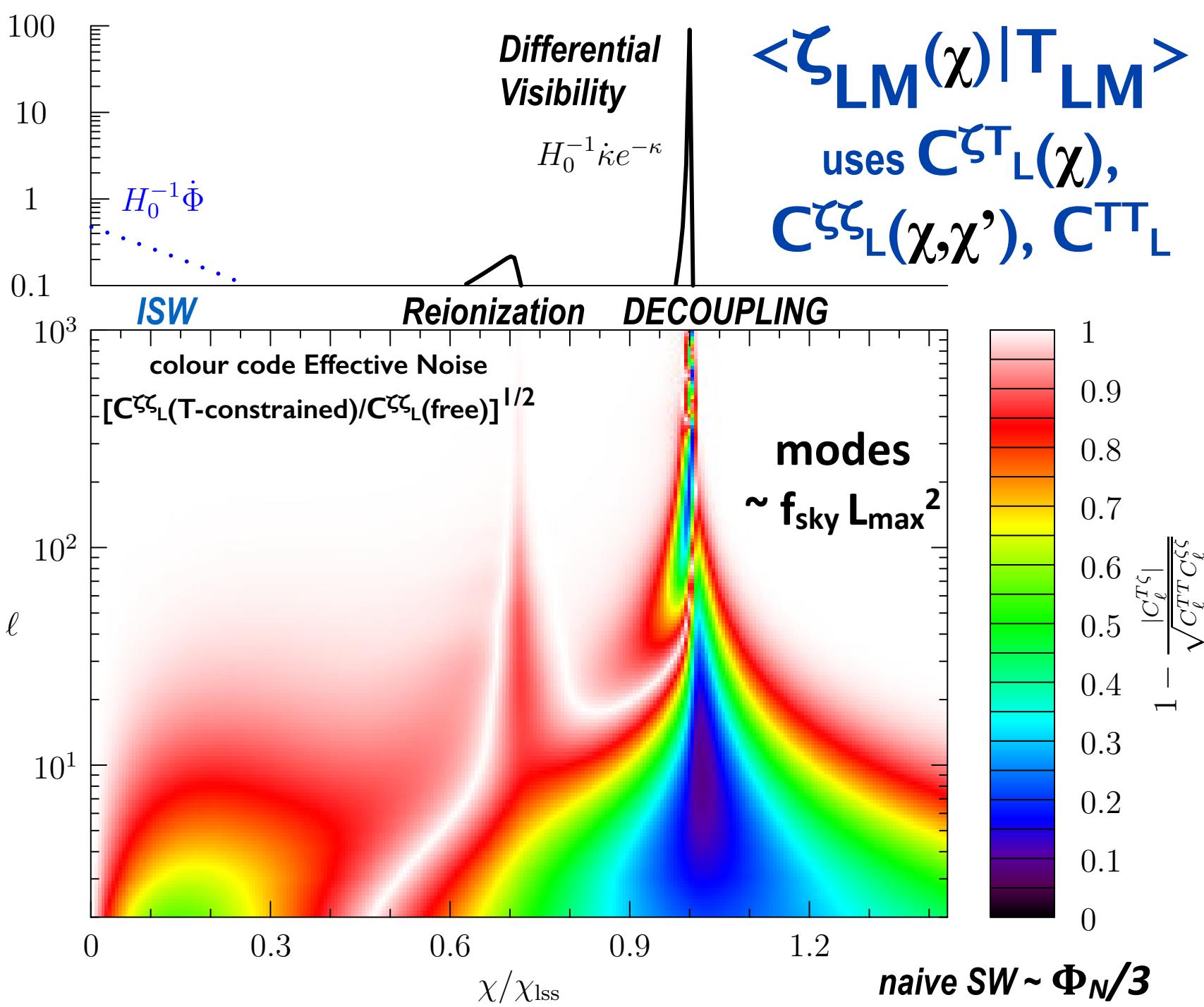
Integrated Sachs Wolfe effect (low L), Rees-Sciama effect (hi L)

available modes: $f_{\text{sky}} L_{\max}^2 - f_{\text{sky}} L_{\min}^2$ $L_{\max} \sim L_{\text{damp}}$

Large Scale Structure Galaxy Surveys

available modes ~ $f_{\text{sky}} L_{\max}^2 k_{\max} d_{\max}$

~ $f_{\text{sky}} (k_{\max}^3 d_{\max}^3)$, $k_{\min} \sim 2\pi/d_{\max}$ $V_{\text{com}} \sim d_{\max}^3$



reconstructing ζ aka primordial **scalar curvature** @uniform density

Bond, Frolov, Huang, Braden, Nolta

Wiener-filtered ζ maps instead of $\zeta(x), \zeta(k)$, make
 $\zeta_{LM}(\chi), \chi=|x|$ & $\zeta_{LM}(k), k=|k|$ maps

$T_{LM c,s} \sim \int \zeta_{LM c,s}(k) U^T_{L c,s}(k) dk + res \sim \int \zeta_{LM c,s}(\chi) V^T_{L c,s}(\chi) d\chi + res$
Gaussian stats => $C^{\zeta\zeta}_L(\chi_1, \chi_2), C^{\zeta T}_L(\chi), C^{TT}_L$
 $\langle \int \mu_b(\chi) \zeta_{LM c,s}(\chi) d\chi | a_{LM c,s} \rangle + inhomog Gaussian fluctuations$

visibility masks $\mu_b(\chi)$ select bands $\Delta\chi_b$ about $\chi_b \sim$ decoupling, reionization (also ISW). \exists only a single-mode $V^T_{L c,s}$ direction, fluctuations in orthogonal directions are huge. use the mask for shaped-weighting to control fluctuation-swamping.

full $\zeta_{LM}(k)$ reconstruction $\langle \zeta_{LM}(k) | a_{LM} \rangle$ is fluctuation-swamped
 \exists E-pol vector $V^E_{L c,s}$ overlaps V^T but it differs enough so reconstruction improves with E-pol

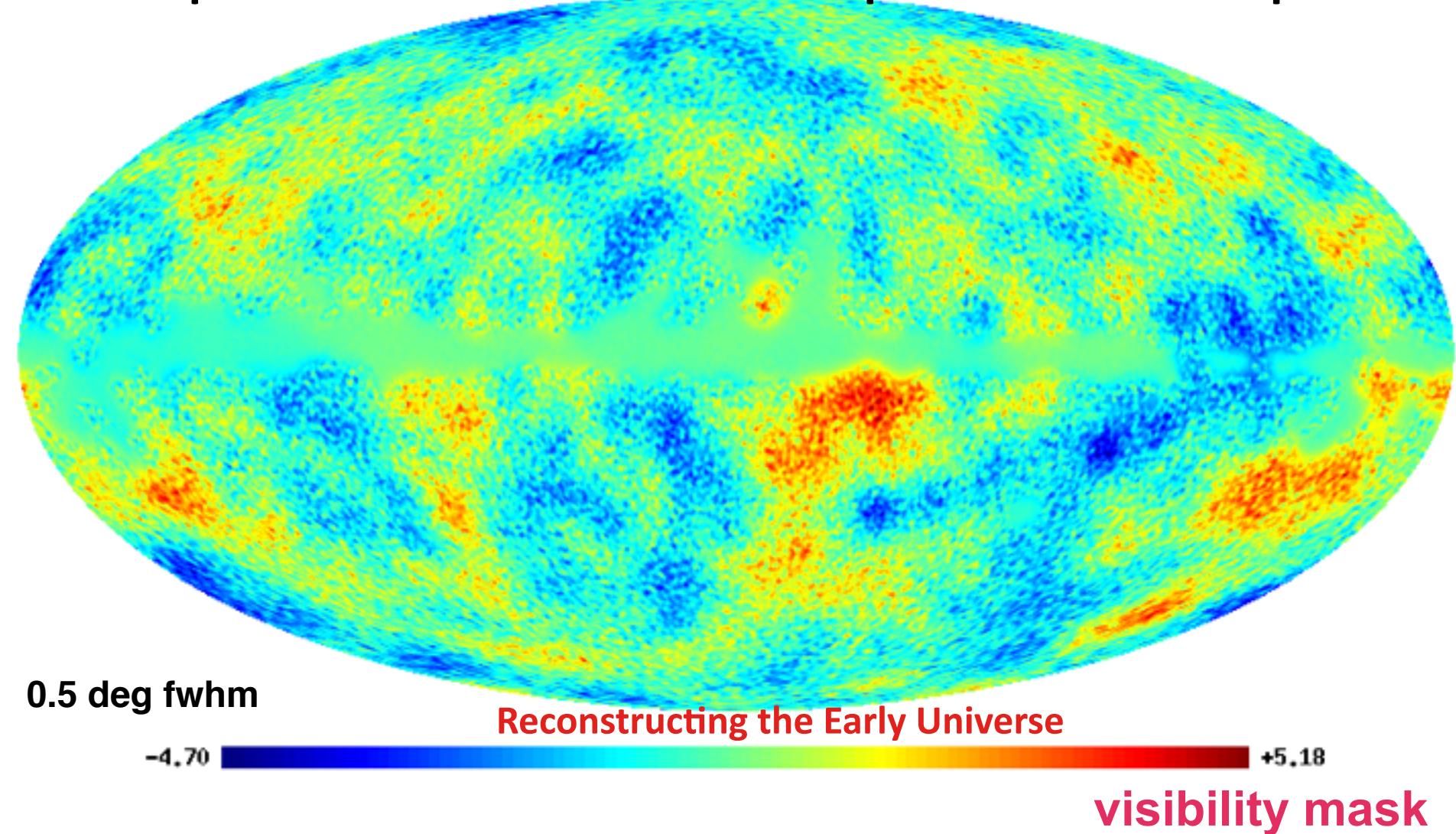
$C^{\zeta E}_L(\chi), C^{EE}_L, C^{TE}_L$

reveals map of primordial isotropic strain /phonons

$\int d\text{visibility}(\text{distance}) \langle \text{Trace}(\mathbf{a}) | \text{Temp} \rangle$ (angles, distance)

mean zeta, 1000 realizations, smooth scale fwhm = 30 arcmin,

=> primordial scalar curvature map of the inflation epoch

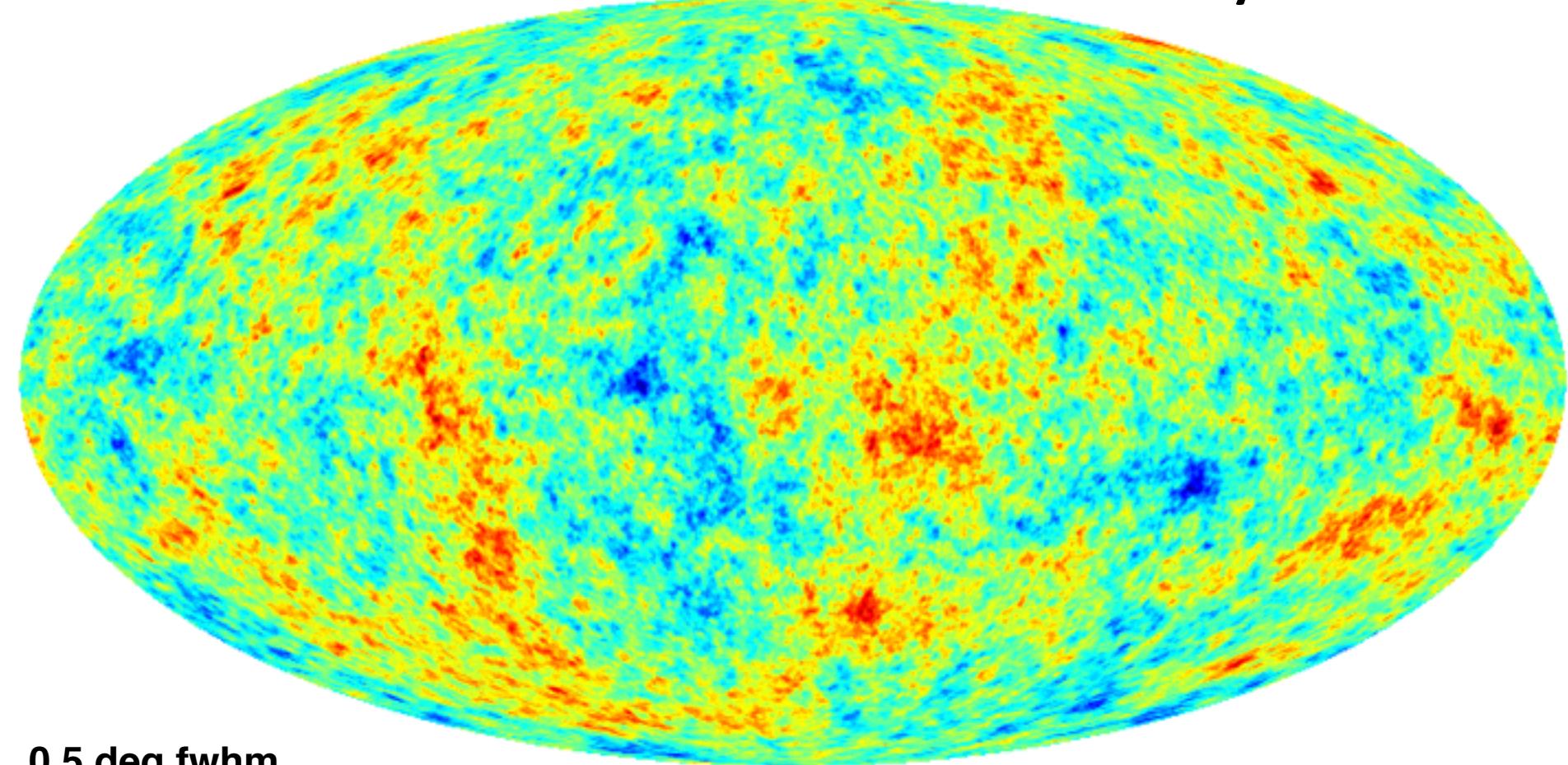


reveals map of primordial isotropic strain /phonons

$\int d\text{visibility}(\text{distance}) \langle \text{Trace}(\alpha) | \text{Temp} \rangle + \delta \text{Trace}(\alpha)$

one realization of fullsky zeta, fwhm = 30 arcmin

=> but allowed fluctuations make it noisy



0.5 deg fwhm



Reconstructing the Early Universe

visibility mask

reveals map of primordial isotropic strain /phonons

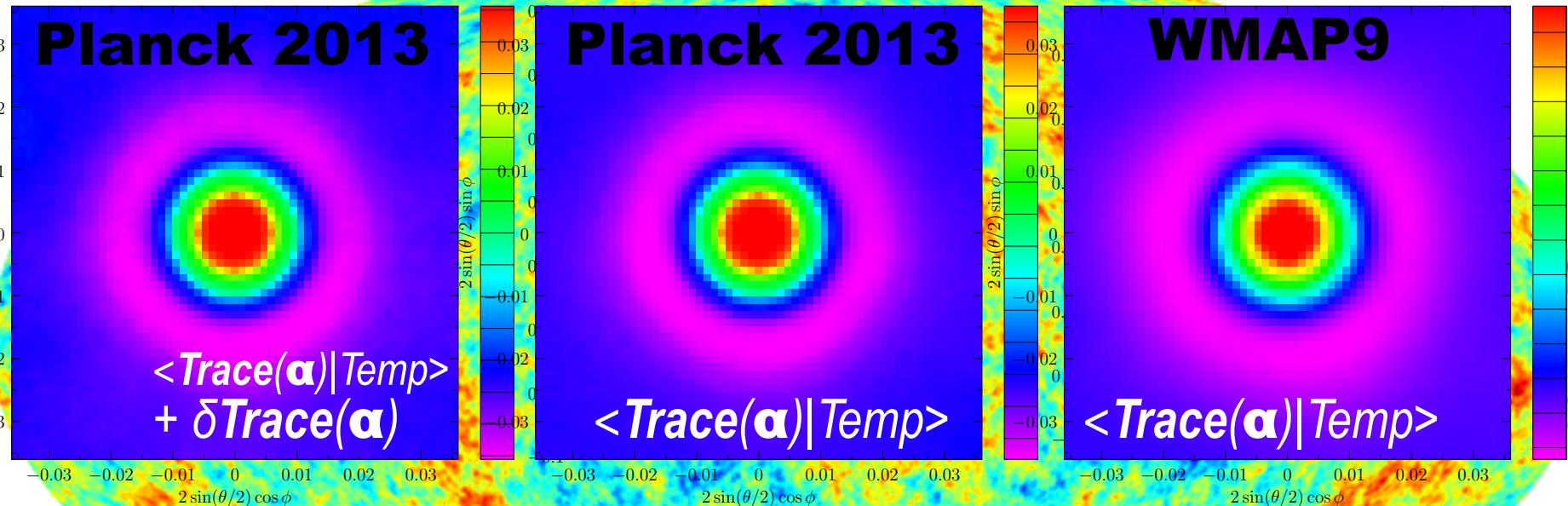
$$\text{[d} \mathbf{visibility}(distance) \text{]} <\mathbf{Trace}(\mathbf{\alpha})|Temp> + \delta\mathbf{Trace}(\mathbf{\alpha})$$

one realization of fullsky zeta, fwhm = 30 arcmin

=> but allowed fluctuations make it noisy

using a realization of ζ map, 11113 patches on T maxima, random orientation

stacking mean ζ map, 11113 patches on T maxima, random orientation



stacking damps
down fluctuations

mean-field
constrained-correlation

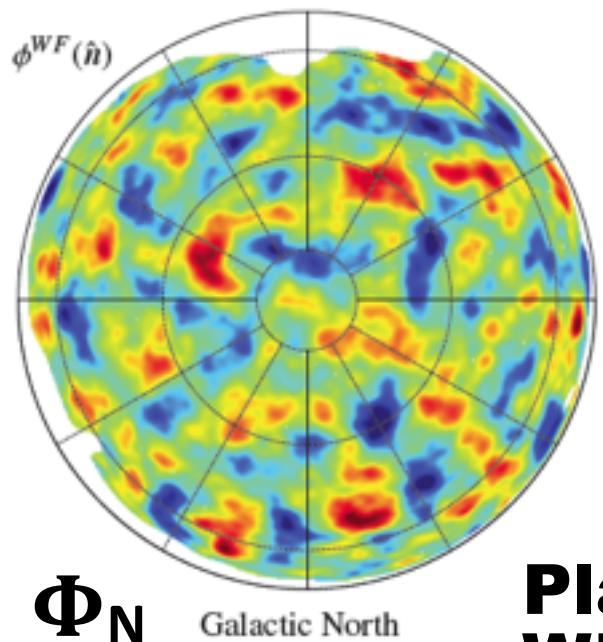
0.5 deg fwhm

-8.61 +7.54

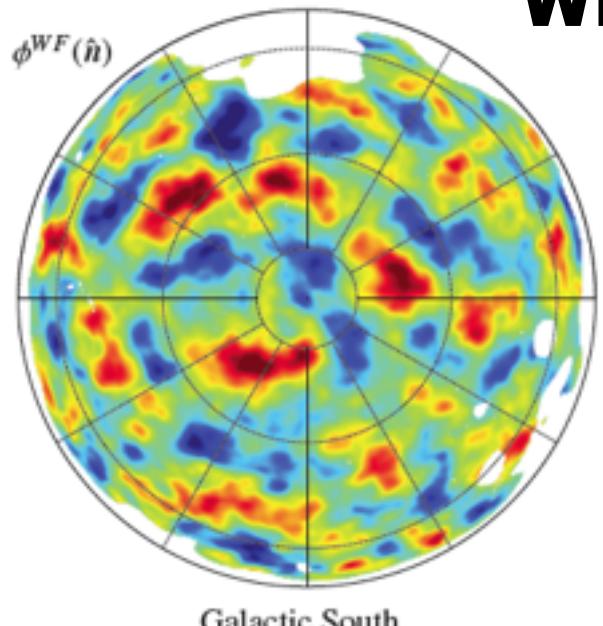
Reconstructing the Early Universe

visibility mask

*Planck13 CMB Lensing: reconstructed projected $\Phi_N = -3/5(D(t)/a(t)) \text{Tr}\alpha$ grav. potential
~ dark+baryonic matter map, mean-field map = Wiener filter (beware: fluctuations about mean-field)*



Planck 2013 Wiener-filtered



cf. primordial isotropic strain maps $\text{Tr}\alpha$

Power Deviation from fiducial $\langle \zeta | T \rangle \langle \zeta | T \rangle + \langle \delta \zeta \delta \zeta | T \rangle - \langle \zeta \zeta | \text{free} \rangle$
byproduct, cf. quadratic $P_{\zeta\zeta}$ **reconstruction, extra** C_s/C_{tot} & **regularizer** $P^{(i)}_{\zeta\zeta}$

complications: other cosmic parameters fixed at maxL value;
inhomogeneous generalized noise enters Wiener filters; is
error assessment with sims adequate?; de-lensing; ...

Quadratic expansions in mode functions: which function to expand ($\ln P_{\zeta\zeta}$),
which modes (cubic B-spline), number?, priors on amplitudes, etc.
maxL solutions with Fisher/Hessian errors are Wiener-filtered maps

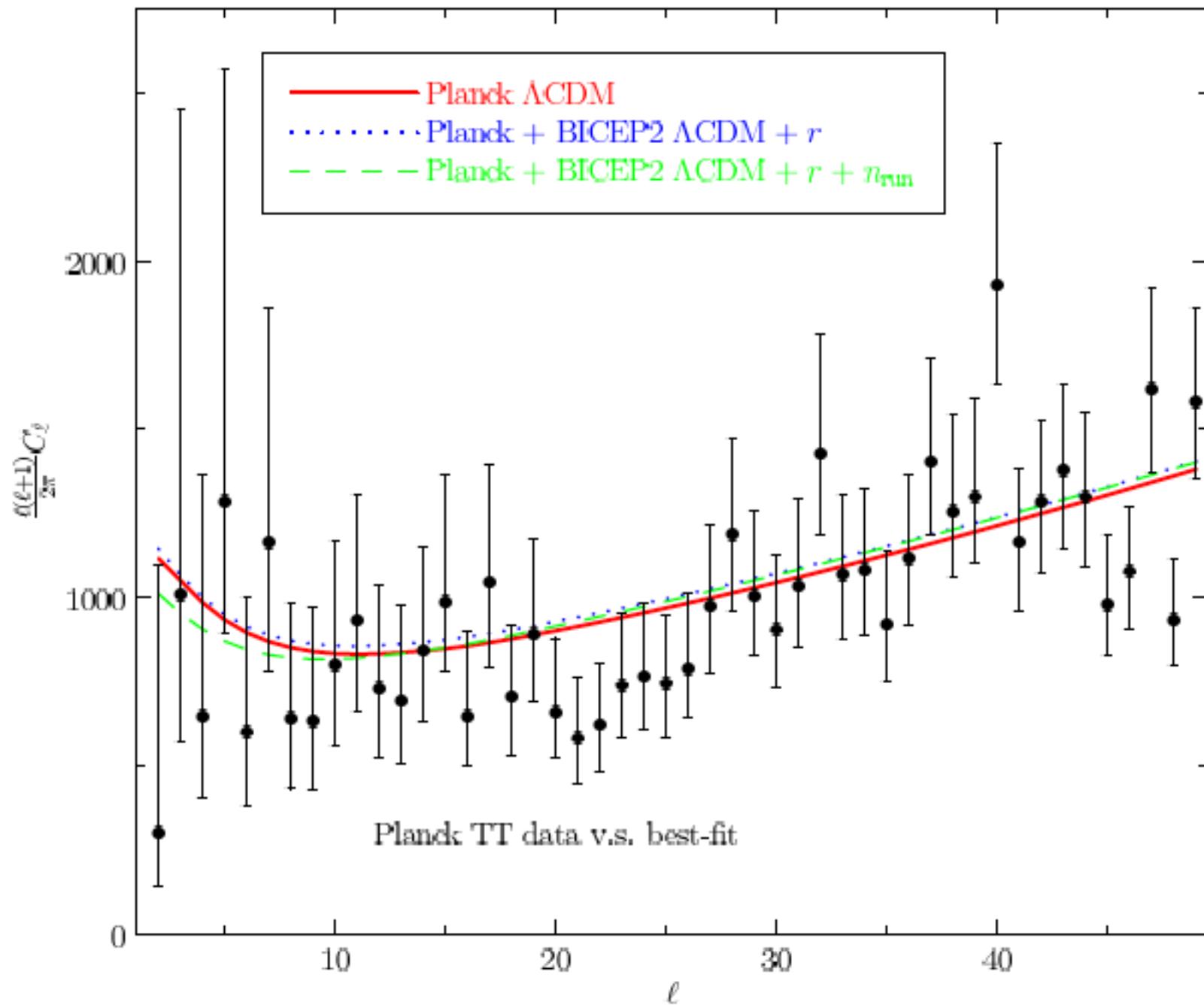
we use MCMC Bond, Braden, Huang, Frolov, Vaudrevange 2014

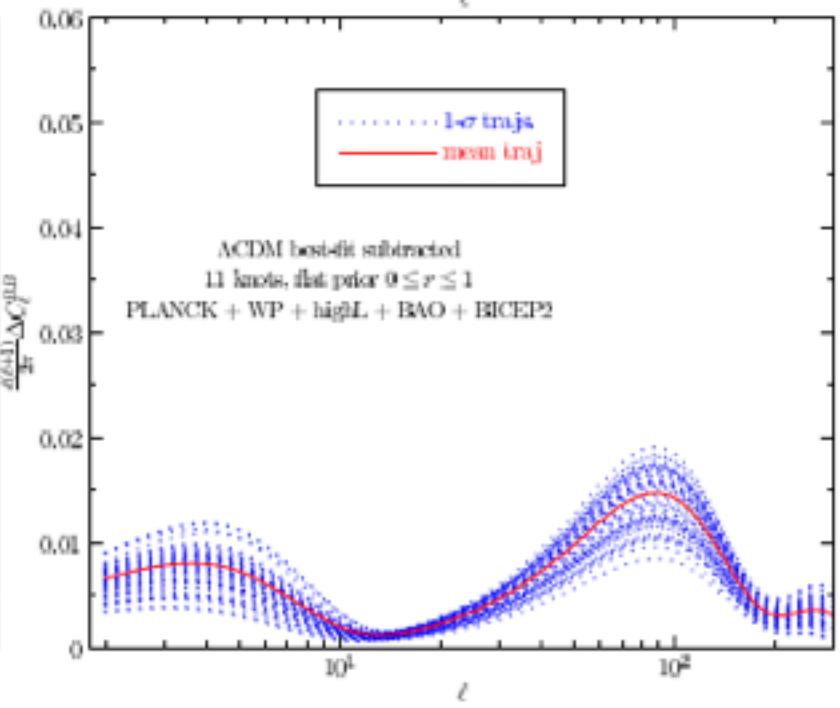
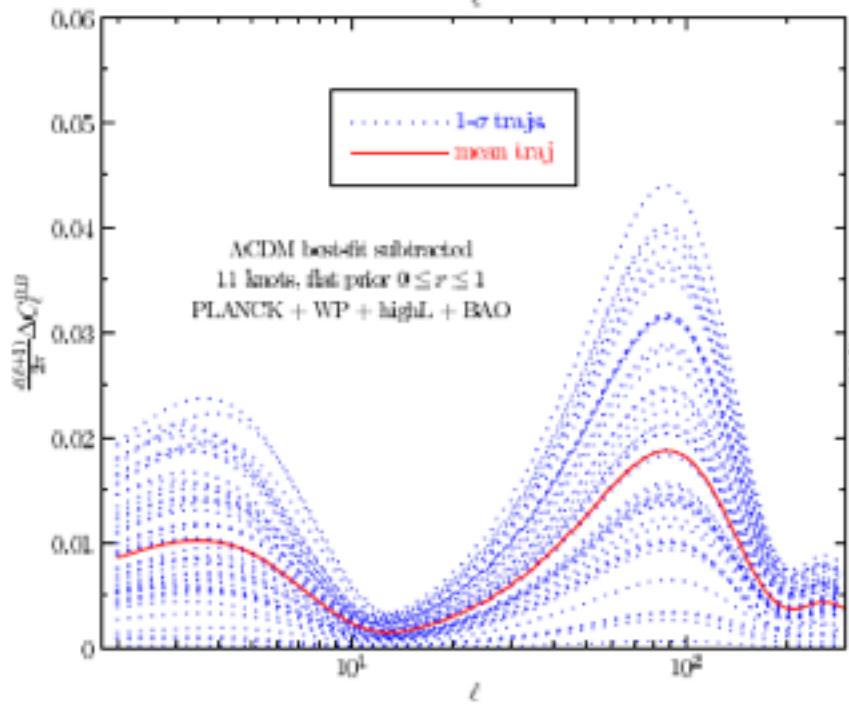
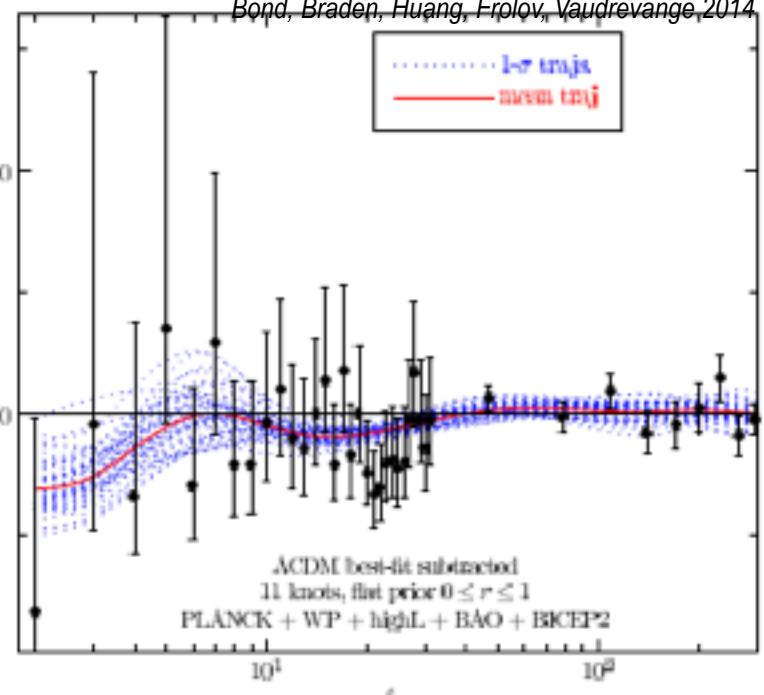
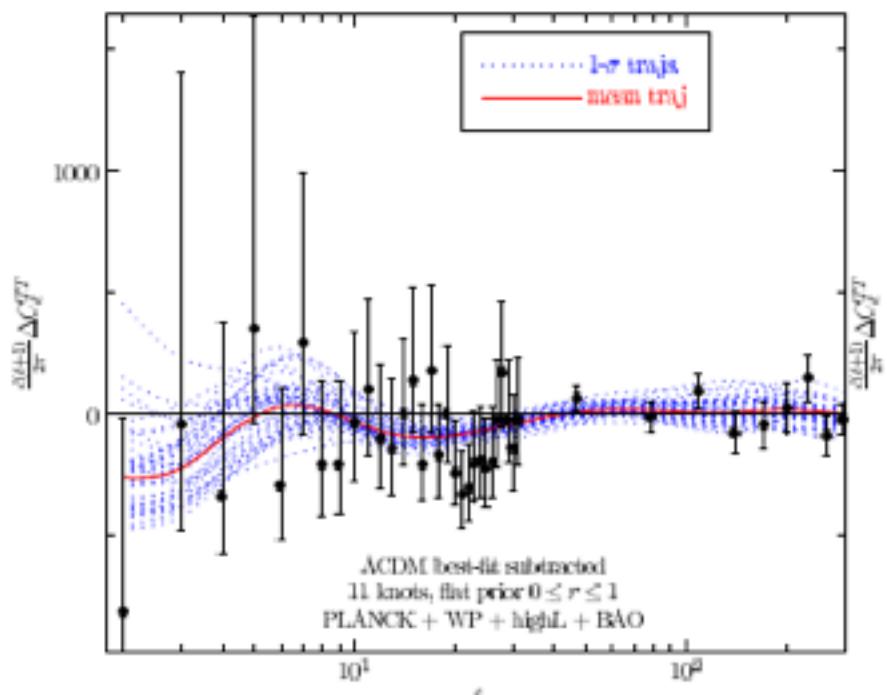
scan $\ln P_s(\ln k)/A_s$, $\ln A_s = \ln P_s(k_{\text{pivot},s})$, $r(k_{\text{pivot},t})$; consistency => reconstruct $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}(\ln H_a)$, $\mathbf{V}(\Psi)$

new parameters: trajectory probabilities for early-inflatons

over the years, b2fhv have also scanned mode expansions of $\ln P_s(\ln k)$, $n_s(\ln k)$,
 $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}(\ln H_a)$, $\ln H(\ln H_a)$, which change the prior measure, but give qualitatively similar
results in terms of features if there is an r detection (which breaks degeneracies);
 $\ln P_s(\ln k)/A_s$ relative stiffness properties, connecting the well-determined data-region
about $k_{\text{pivot},s}$ to the band in k being targeted, like a coarse-grained broad band n_s

=> **ultra-early Universe sound spectrum**





Power Deviation from fiducial $\langle \zeta | T \rangle \langle \zeta | T \rangle + \langle \delta \zeta \delta \zeta | T \rangle - \langle \zeta \zeta | \text{free} \rangle$
 byproduct, cf. quadratic $P_{\zeta\zeta}$ reconstruction, extra C_s/C_{tot} & regularizer $P^{(i)}_{\zeta\zeta}$

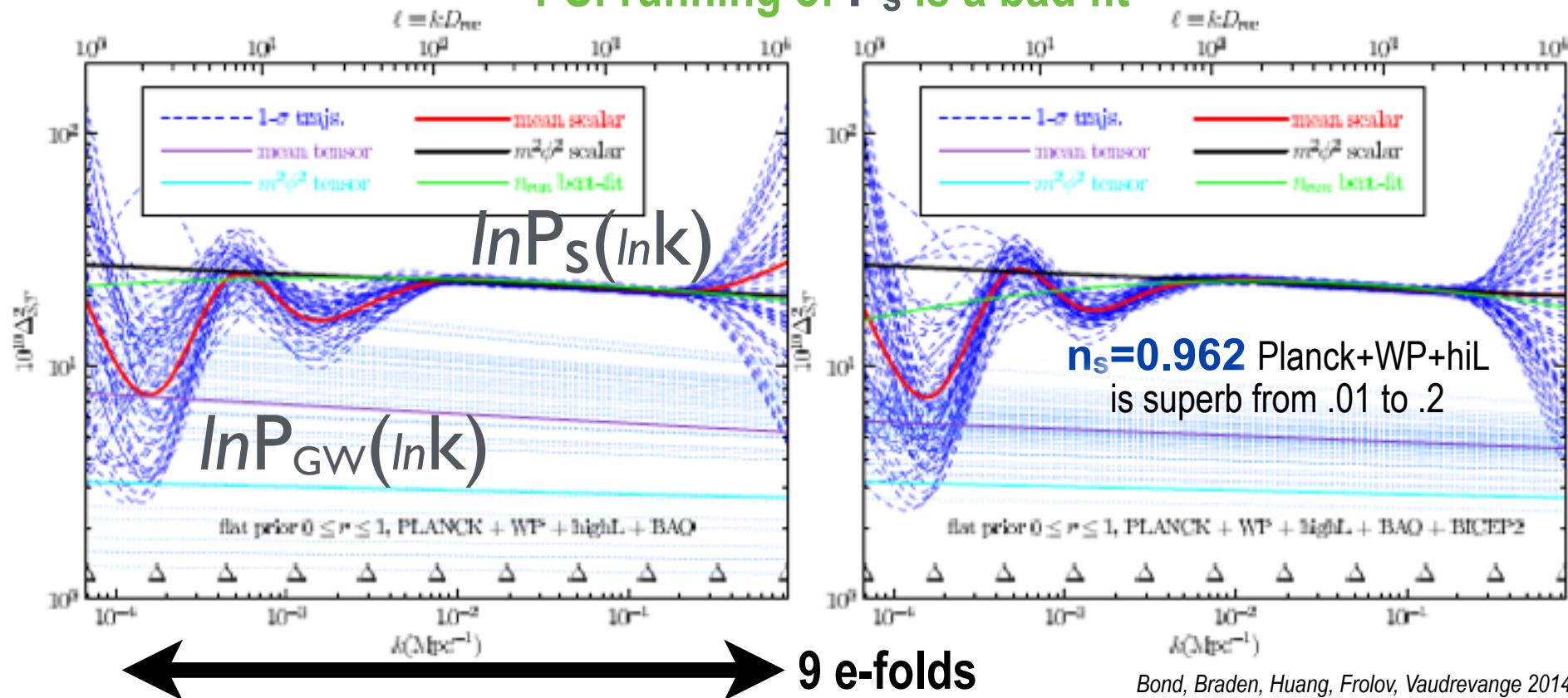
Quadratic expansions in mode functions: which function to expand ($\ln P_{\zeta\zeta}$),
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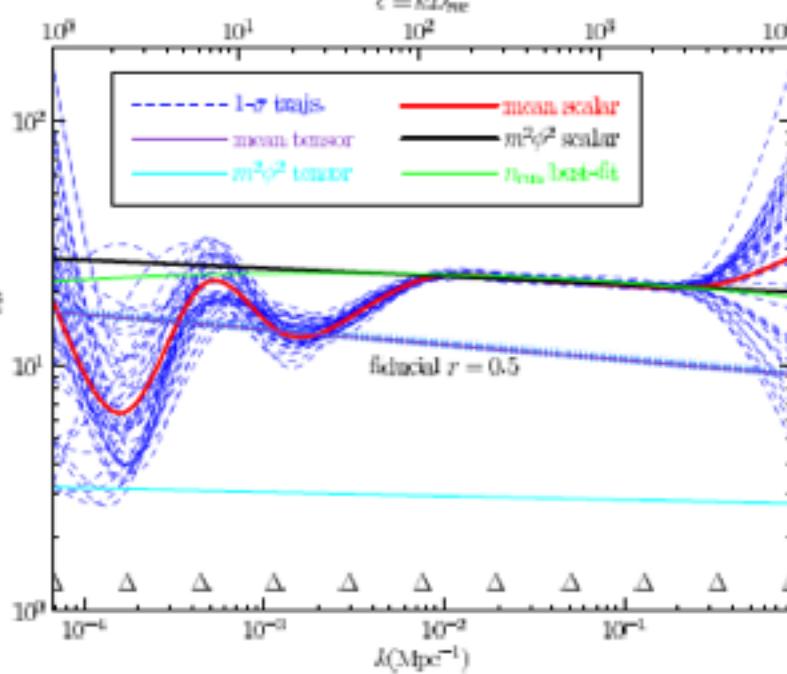
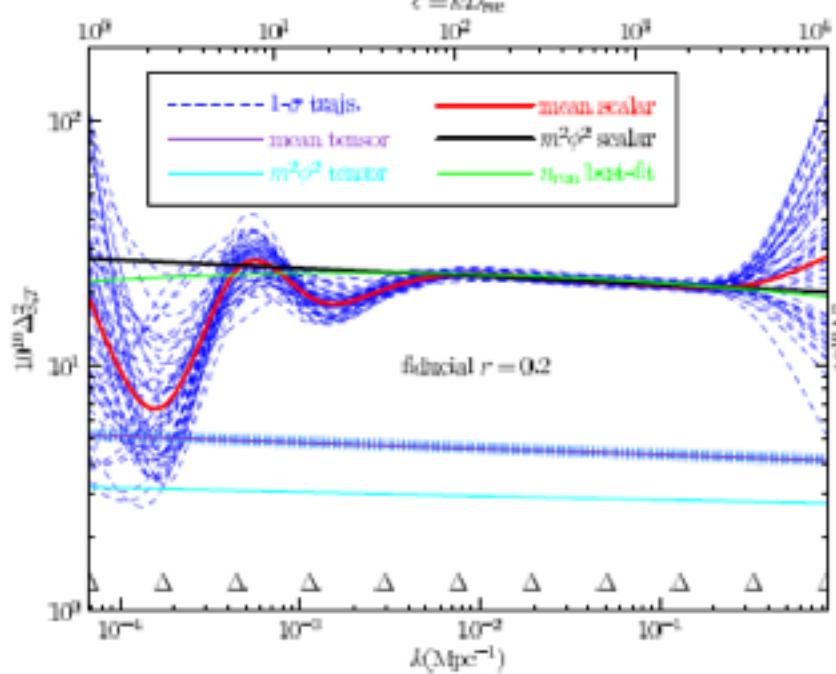
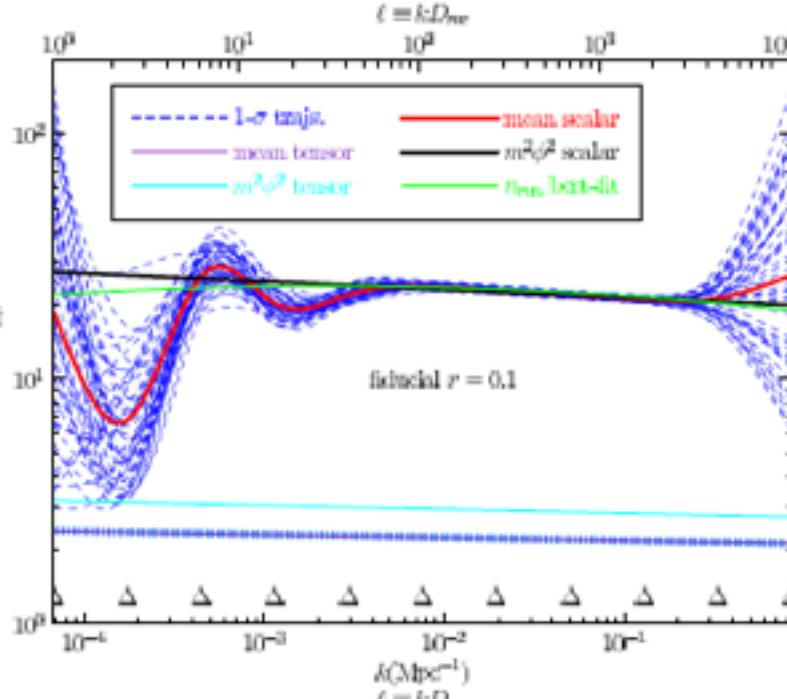
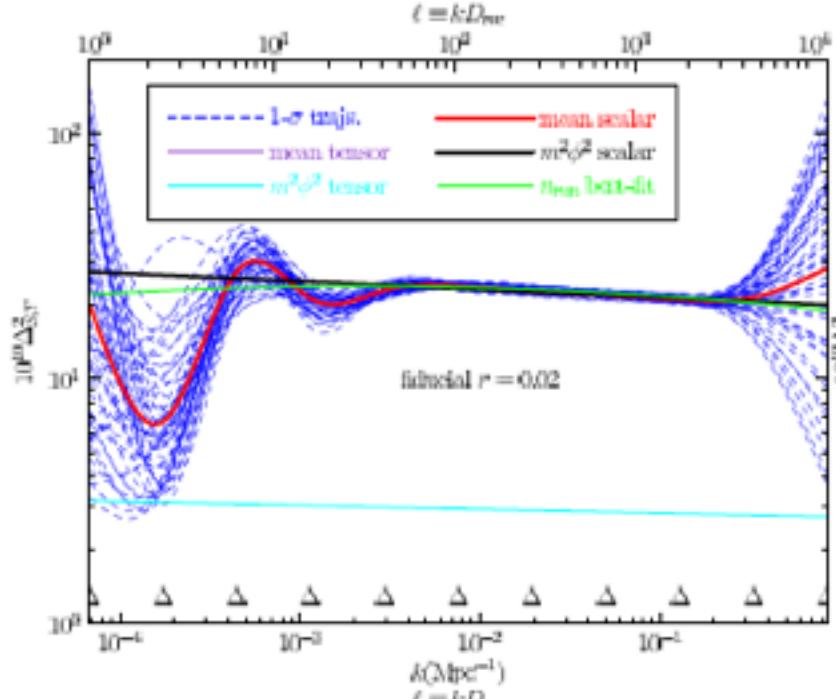
maxL solutions with Fisher/Hessian errors are Wiener-filtered maps!

here MCMC $\langle \text{power} \rangle$ trajectory, 1 sigma mean+fluctuation trajectories

no strong evidence for oscillation patterns, cutoffs, local features; a change on large $L < 100$ scales

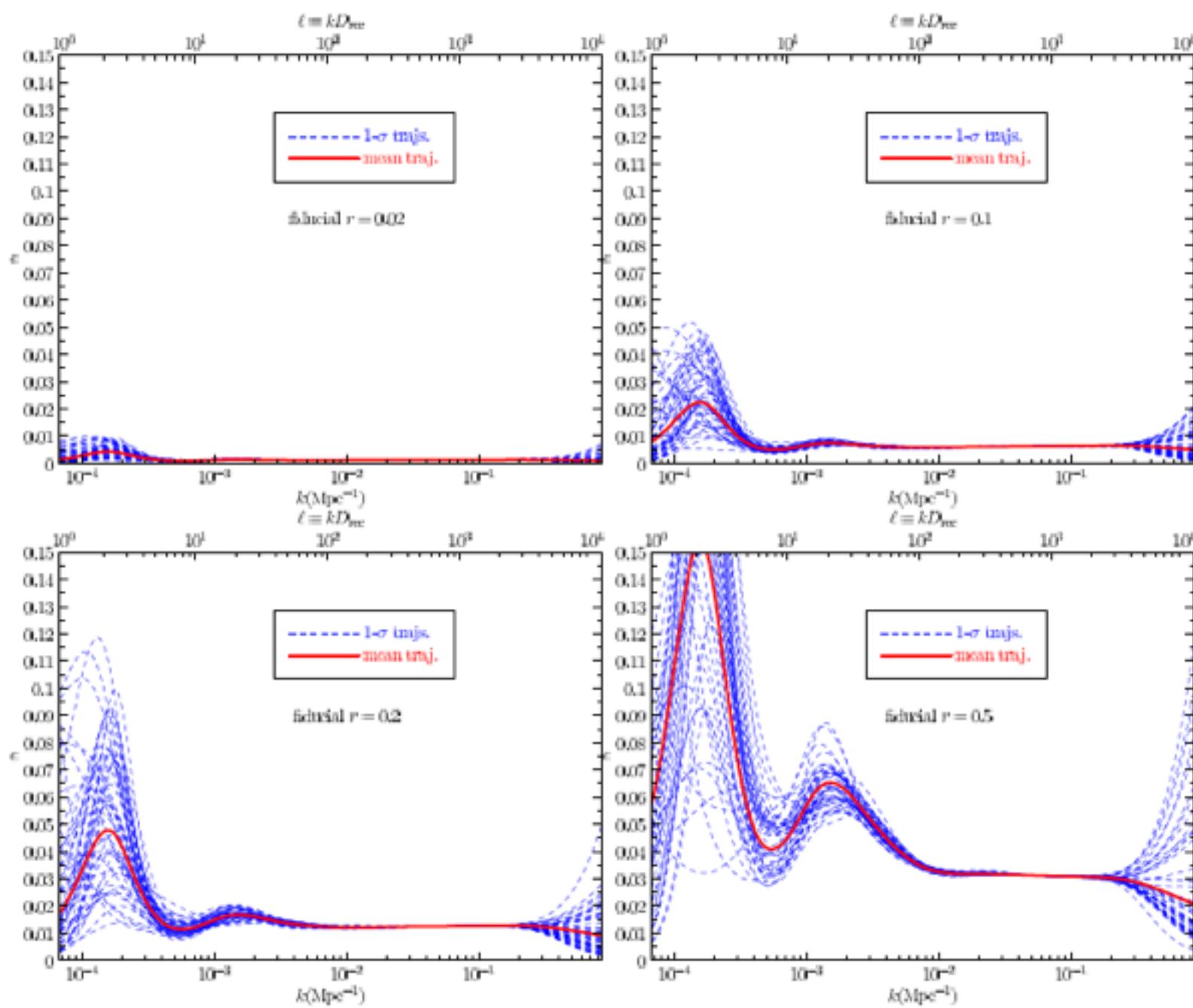
PS: running of P_s is a bad fit





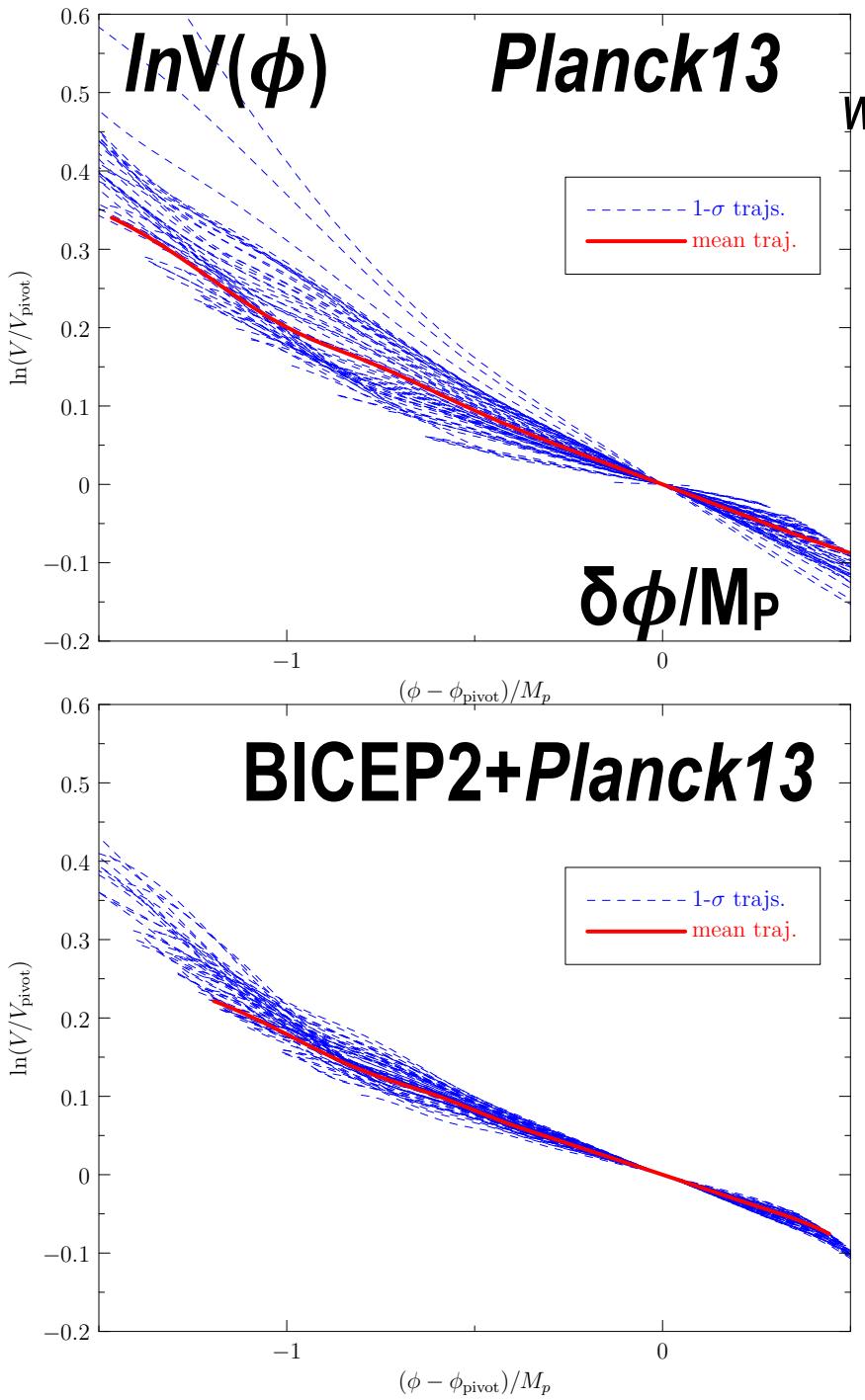
cf. $r=0.2 \pm 0.02$ Spider forecast no fgnd, better if r lower

cf. $r=0.01 \pm 0.003$ AdvACTpol forecast w/ fgnds



cf. $r=0.2+0.02$ Spider forecast no fgnd, better if r lower

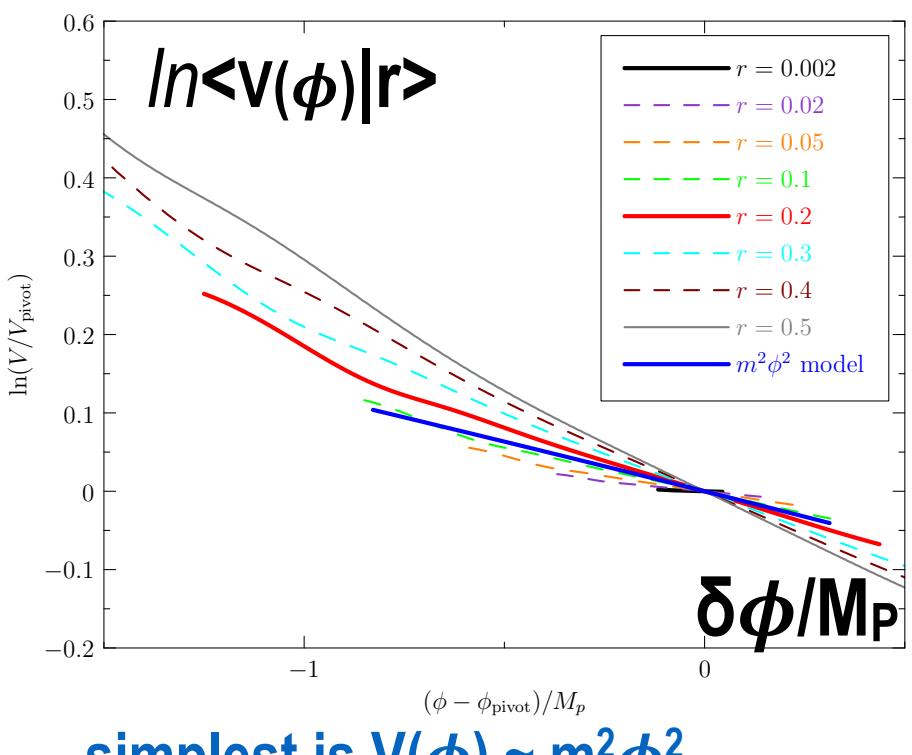
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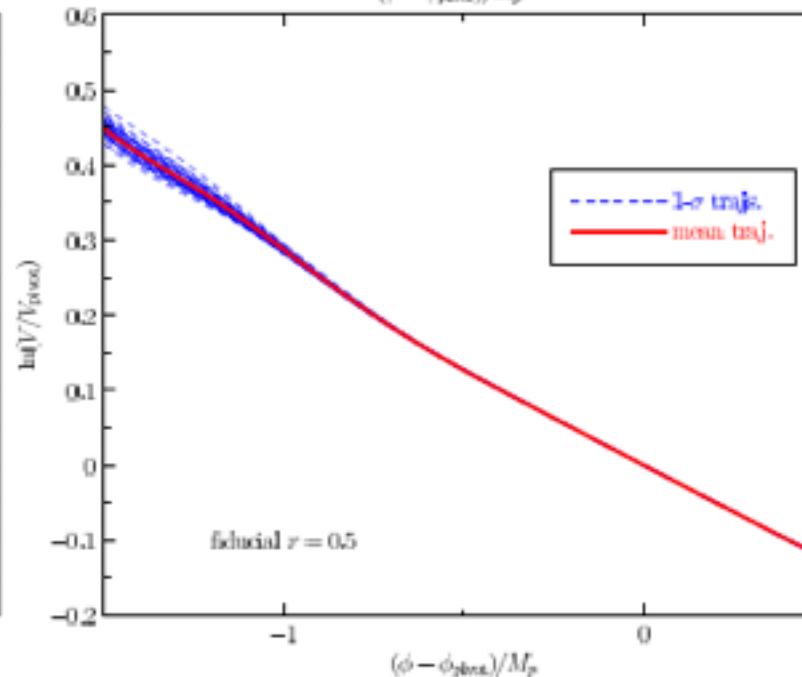
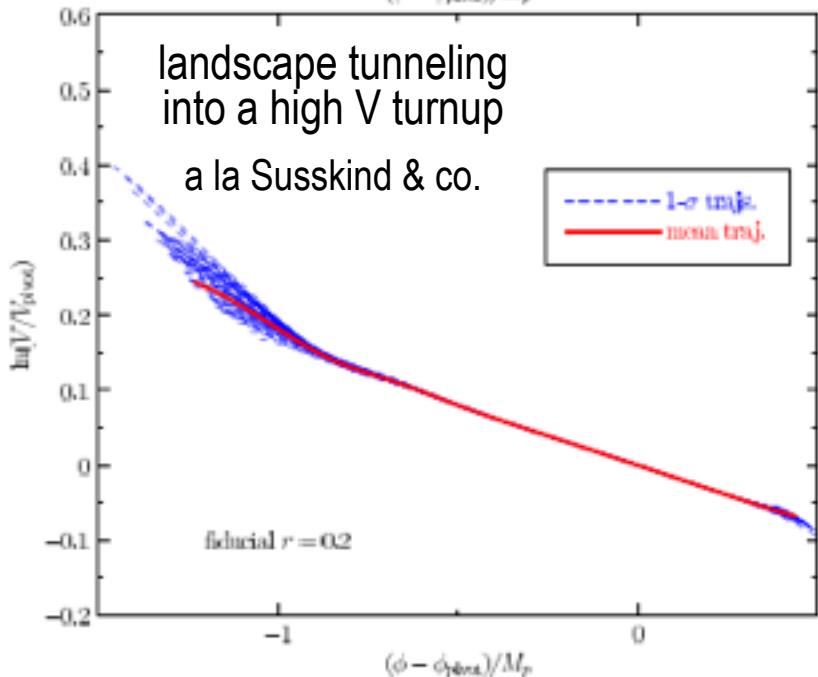
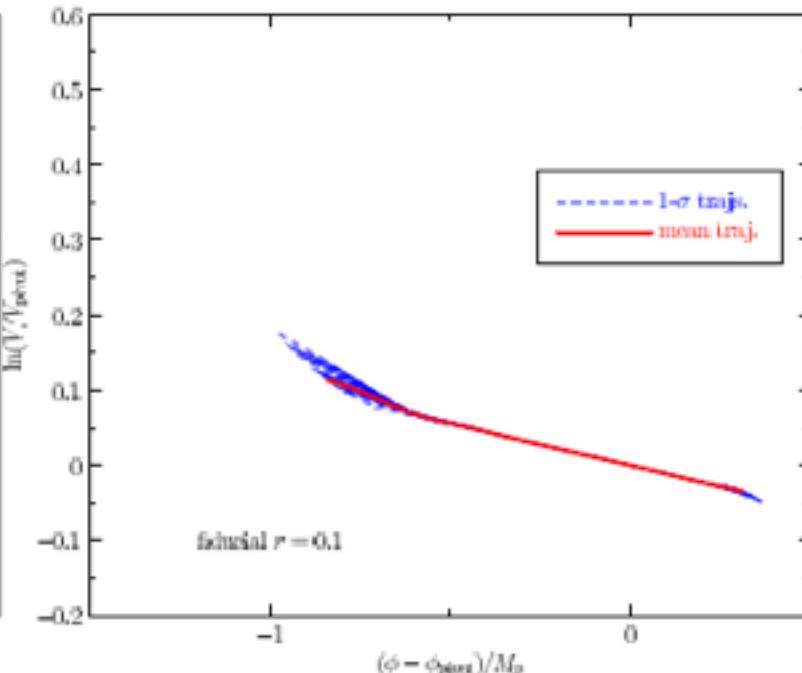
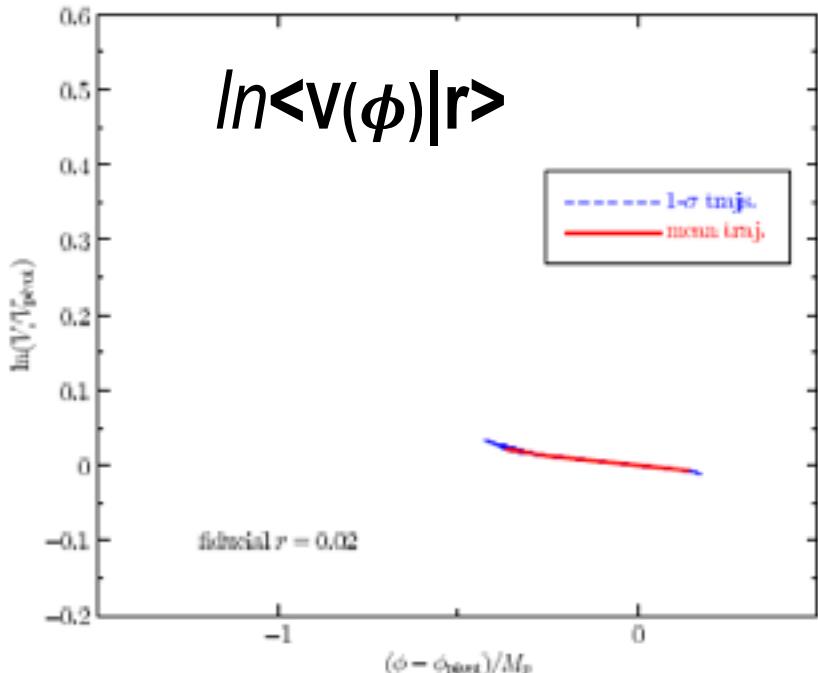
what is the inflaton's $V(\phi)$?
 we reconstruct the scalar curvature power
 (isotropic strain) & the early universe
 acceleration histories as well

detecting $r \sim 0.2 \Rightarrow$
 $V(\phi)$ shape cannot be
 too flat over the
 observable range

Reconstructed mean potential (without BICEP constraint)

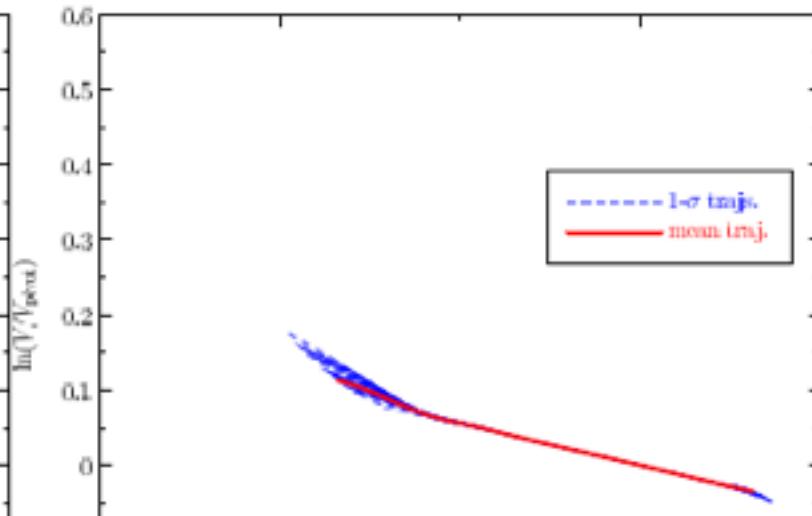
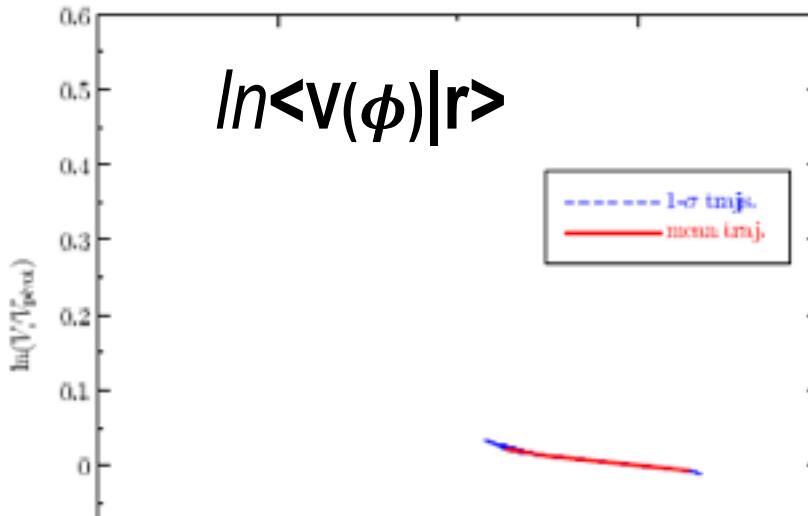


simplest is $V(\phi) \sim m^2\phi^2$



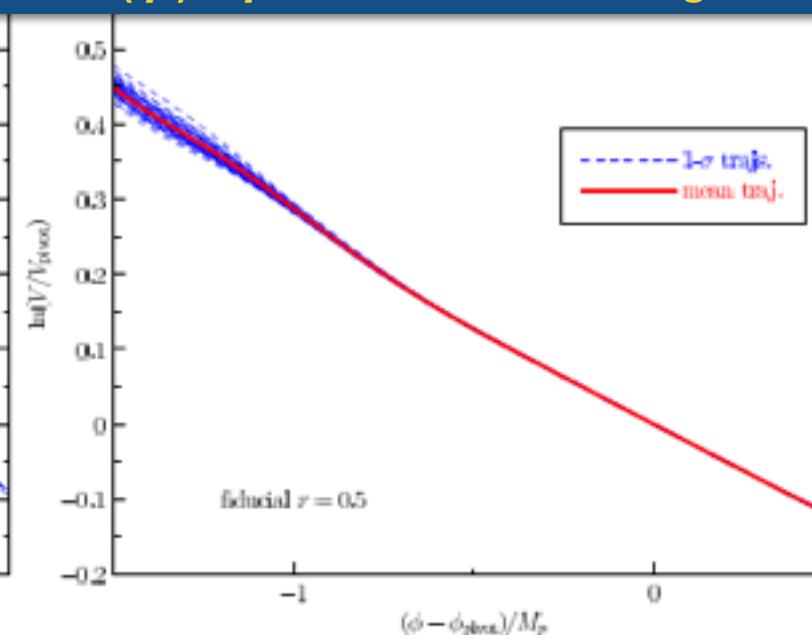
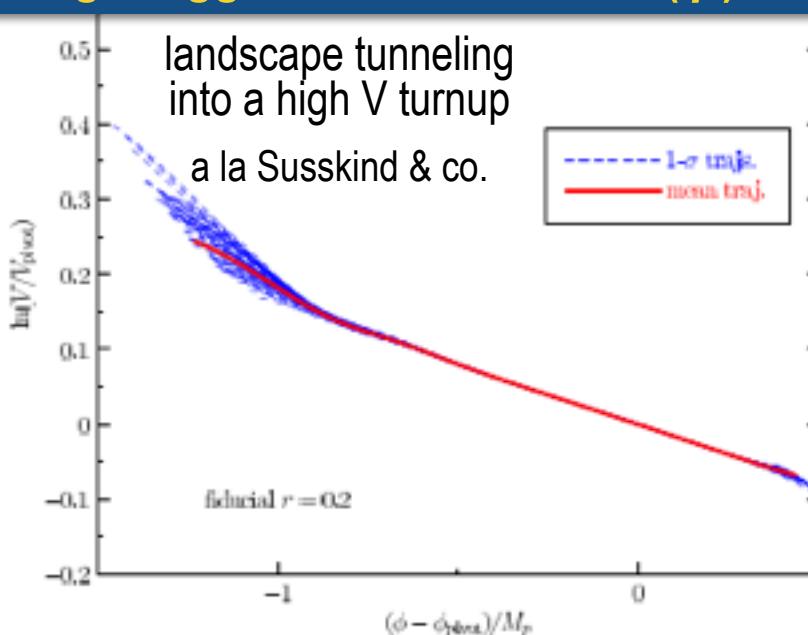
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heating region is far off \Rightarrow many ways to extrapolate $\Rightarrow ???$

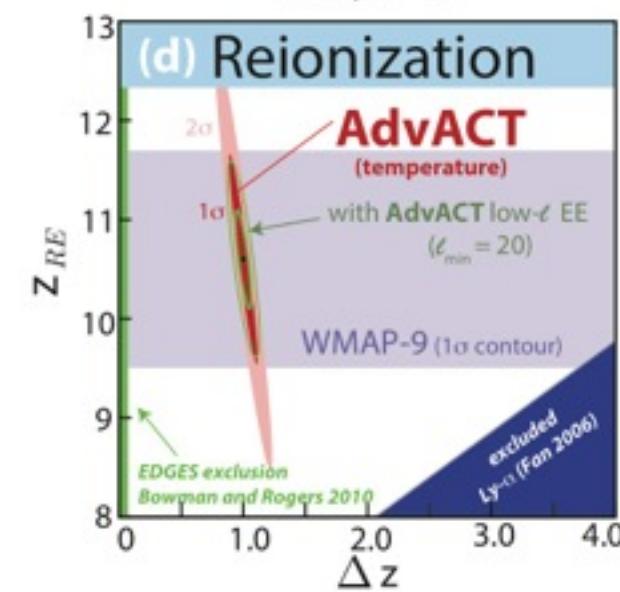
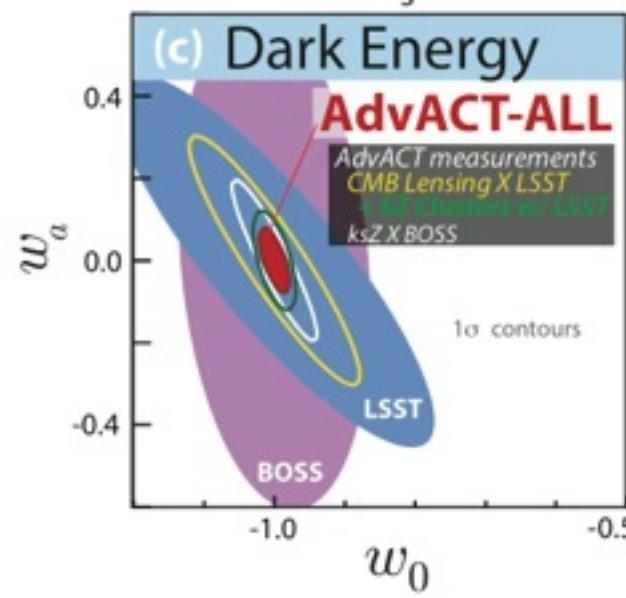
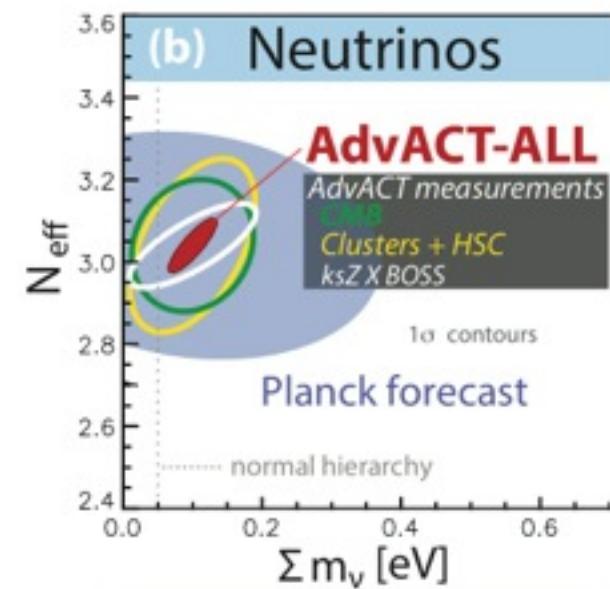
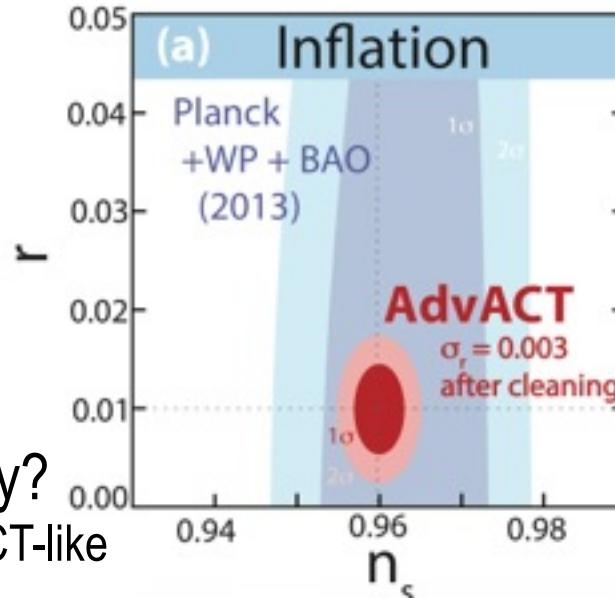
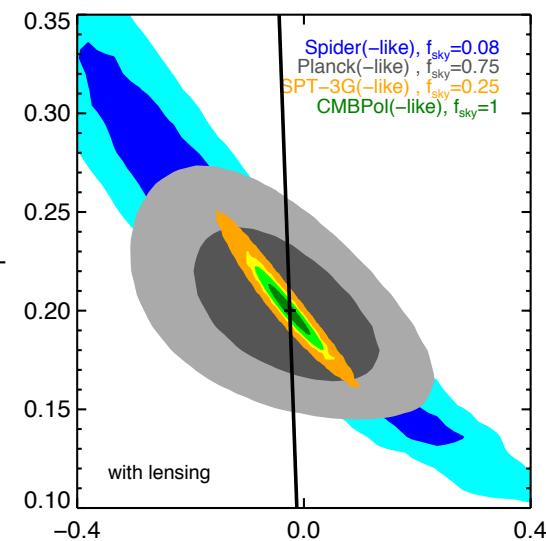
B2FH14: preheat with Einstein + canonical kinetic + $V(\phi)$ + $G(\phi)V_{\text{int}}(\chi, \dots)$ sims
e.g., Higgs inflation with $M_P^2 (\phi) R/2$ or $K(\phi) d\phi^2 /2$ difficult with high r , but sims



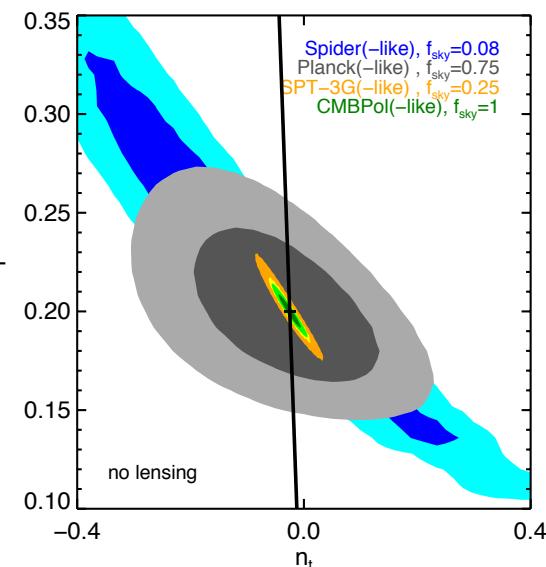
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AdvACT: Cosmological Forecasts & Planck2.5, Spider, future SPT3g, CMBpol



testing tensor consistency?
better $f_{\text{sky}}=25\%$ for spt3g/AdvACT-like
than current 6% goal for spt3g



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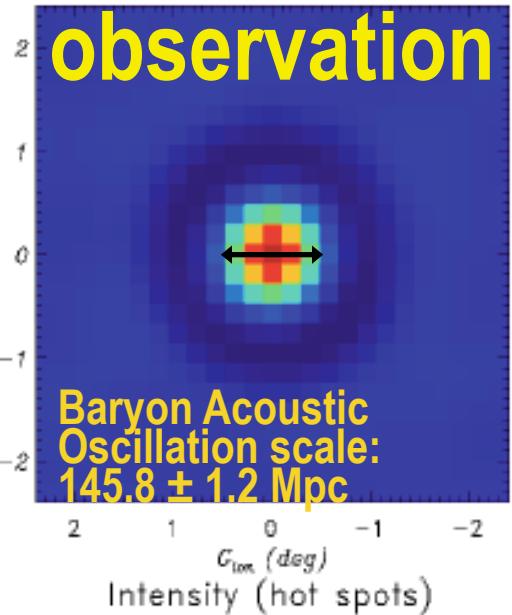
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Implications for anomalies: caustic trajectories & non-Gaussian Intermittency

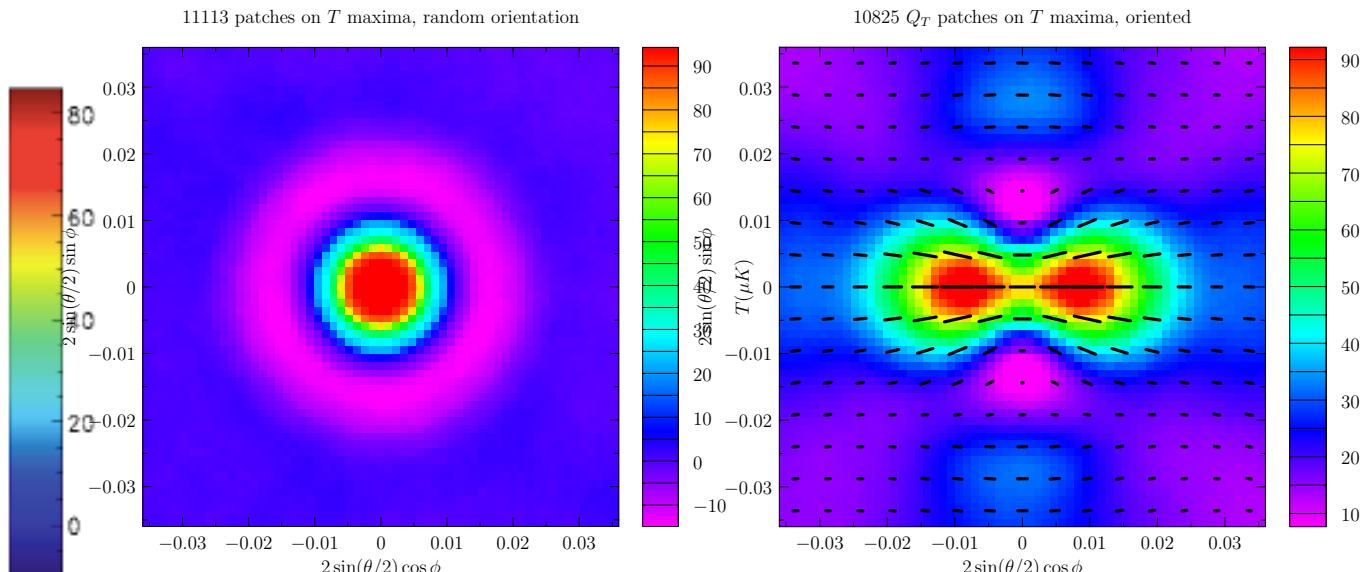
decompose T into $Q_T U_T E_T E_T P_T \Psi_T$ akin to $Q U E P \Psi$, with enhanced peak-stacking correlations, oriented stacks

CMB Polarization Q,U,E,B & Temperature Stacking maps on (oriented) T-Peaks

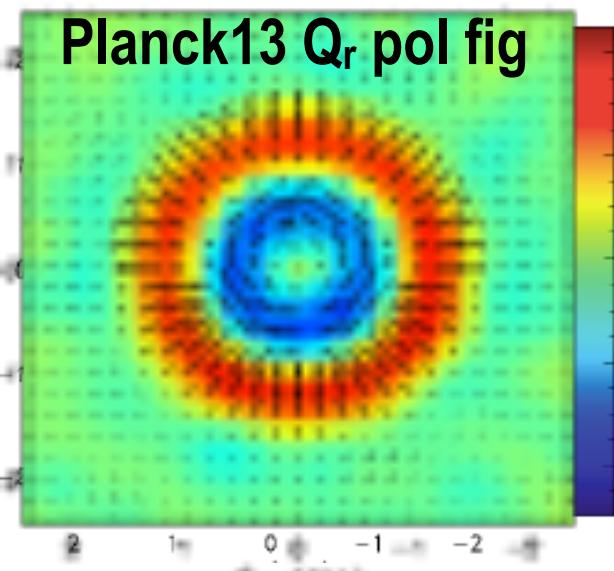
Planck13 T fig



Planck2013 data T Q_T stacked on oriented temperature Peaks



Planck13 Q_r pol fig



sims of polarization rotated & stacked on oriented temperature Peaks

